

Supplementation of antioxidants (vitamins and plant extract having antioxidant properties) scavenge ROS/RNS and are beneficial in mitigating oxidative stress in the gut. This, in turn, translates into the proper functioning of the body, reducing the risk of metabolic, inflammatory, and neurodegenerative diseases.

We encourage you to submit the results of your latest research or a review article toward updating knowledge on antioxidants of dietary origin and the key role they play in the physiology of the gastrointestinal tract, including in regulation of microbiota.

We envisage that this Special Issue, "Dietary Antioxidants and Gut Health", will help highlight the latest advances in aspects related to the interaction between these reactive species, as beneficial nutrients, and the gastrointestinal tract.