



Plant Powdery Mildews: Host-Pathogen Interactions, Co-evolution, and Disease Control

Guest Editors:

Prof. Tzion Fahima

Department of Evolutionary and
Environmental Biology,
University of Haifa, Haifa
3498838, Israel

Dr. Yinghui Li

Department of Evolutionary and
Environmental Biology,
University of Haifa, Haifa
3498838, Israel

Deadline for manuscript
submissions:

closed (30 December 2023)

Message from the Guest Editors

Powdery mildew diseases are caused by many different species of fungi in the order Erysiphales. These pathogens can infect a wide range of plants that display white powdery spots on the surface of leaves, buds, young shoots, fruits, and flowers. Powdery mildews are among the most destructive plant diseases and can cause significant yield losses in agricultural fields. Deployment of effective powdery mildew resistance (Pm) genes in plant varieties is an important approach to reduce disease losses. Furthermore, regulation of resistance pathways by certain compounds (e.g. BTH and glycerol) was also shown to improve resistance to powdery mildew in several plant species.

Plants developed multifaceted innate immunity systems during their long co-evolution alongside their pathogens. Various plant resistance mechanisms have been demonstrated to be activated by specific surface-localized or cytoplasmic receptors in response to infection by powdery mildew. Original research and review articles are welcome.





an Open Access Journal by MDPI

Editor-in-Chief

Prof. Dr. Lawrence S. Young

Warwick Medical School,
University of Warwick, Coventry
CV4 7AL, UK

Message from the Editor-in-Chief

The worldwide impact of infectious disease is incalculable. The consequences for human health in terms of morbidity and mortality are obvious and vast but, when infections of animals and plants are also taken into account, it is hard to imagine any other disease that has such a significant impact on our lives—on healthcare systems, on agriculture and on world economics. *Pathogens* is proud to continue to serve the international community by publishing high quality studies that further our understanding of infection and have meaningful consequences for disease intervention.

Author Benefits

Open Access: free for readers, with article processing charges (APC) paid by authors or their institutions.

High Visibility: indexed within Scopus, SCIE (Web of Science), PubMed, PMC, Embase, PubAg, CaPlus / SciFinder, AGRIS, and other databases.

Journal Rank: JCR - Q2 (*Microbiology*) / CiteScore - Q2 (*General Immunology and Microbiology*)

Contact Us

Pathogens Editorial Office
MDPI, St. Alban-Anlage 66
4052 Basel, Switzerland

Tel: +41 61 683 77 34
www.mdpi.com

mdpi.com/journal/pathogens
pathogens@mdpi.com
[X@Pathogens_MDPI](#)