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Hydrometallurgical Treatments of Copper Ores, By-Products and Waste

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Message from the Guest Editors

Dear Colleagues,

Mining plays a vital role in sustaining the economy while minimizing its ecological impact on the environment, and also promotes social growth. Conventional hydrometallurgy treatment comprises three main stages. The first stage is leaching, in which mineral dissolution occurs via the action of an acidic solution. Then, the solvent extraction stage generates an electrolyte solution with a high acid and copper concentration and a low presence of impurities. Finally, electrowinning, via the use of redox reactions, enables copper to be obtained as a cathode.

One of the challenges associated with hydrometallurgical processes is the treatment of refractory copper minerals under conventional leaching conditions, such as black copper oxide and sulfide ores, and chalcopyrite in particular. Furthermore, the dissolution of by-products from extractive copper metallurgy, along with the hydrometallurgical treatment of waste, presents an important alternative in the valorization of metal resources. Novel leaching media and pretreatment alternatives are also considered to be stages or processes that benefit the hydrometallurgical treatment of the copper industry.











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Message from the Editor-in-Chief

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