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# Microbial Impact on Cholesterol and Bile Acid Metabolism

Guest Editor:

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Deadline for manuscript submissions:

closed (30 June 2021)

# Message from the Guest Editor

The metabolism of cholesterol and bile acids by the gut microbiota represent processes important in both health and disease. The conversion of cholesterol to coprostanol. by gut bacteria has been a challenging area of research for some time but promises to advance our ability to modulate serum cholesterol levels in the host. Bile acids are synthesized from cholesterol in the liver and function to solubilize cholesterol and other lipids in the small intestine. Bile acid metabolism by gut bacteria represents another microbial target for altering host cholesterol levels. In addition, bile acid biotransformations affect the microbiome structure, colonization by pathogens, host through nuclear and G-protein-coupled receptors, and the risk for chronic diseases. The objective of this Special Issue of Microorganisms is to present the current understanding of the microbial biotransformations of bile acids and cholesterol and to describe how these processes affect microbial and host physiology, chronic disease, and infection by pathogenic bacteria and viruses.













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# **Message from the Editor-in-Chief**

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