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# The Epicardium: Development, Pathology, and Regeneration

Guest Editors:

#### Prof. Dr. Diego Franco Jaime

Departamento de Biología Experimental, Universidad de Jaen, 23071 Jaen, Spain

#### Dr. Rita Carmona

Department of Human Anatomy and Embryology, Legal Medicine and History of Medicine, Faculty of Medicine, University of Málaga, 29071 Malaga, Spain

### Dr. Carmen Lopez-Sanchez

Department of Human Anatomy and Embryology, Faculty of Medicine, Institute of Molecular Pathology Biomarkers, University of Extremadura, 06006 Badajoz, Spain

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## **Message from the Guest Editors**

Dear Colleagues,

Over the last few decades, we have witnessed a tremendous effort to understand the molecular and morphogenetic mechanisms driving cardiovascular development. At early developmental stages, the cardiac tube is constituted by two layers: the endocardium and the myocardium. Soon after cardiac looping, a third layer is formed, the epicardium, establishing critical contribution and crosstalk with the primordial cardiac layers, which might compromise coronary vascular formation and myocardial thickening if impaired. Therefore, the epicardium, besides just externally covering the naked myocardium, is primordial in disease progression, including those apparently further apart pathologies such as atrial fibrillation. More recently, a role in cardiac regeneration has also been widely acclaimed in distinct experimental models.

This Special Issue aims to cover studies on the molecular and functional roles of the epicardium in the cardiovascular system, spanning from the early stages of development to the adult heart, including cardiovascular physiopathological conditions and cardiac regeneration.



