

Indexed in: PubMed



an Open Access Journal by MDPI

The Role of Chaperone-Mediated Autophagy in Tissue Homeostasis and Disease Pathogenesis

Guest Editors:

Dr. Rut Valdor

University of Murcia-Biomedical Research Institute IMIB-Arrixaca, Murcia, Spain

Dr. Marta Martinez-Vicente

Neurodegenerative Diseases Research Group, Vall d'Hebron Research Institute-CIBERNED, Barcelona, Spain

Deadline for manuscript submissions:

closed (31 August 2023)

Message from the Guest Editors

Dear Colleagues,

Chaperone-mediated autophagy (CMA) is a selective proteolytic pathway in the lysosomes. Proteins are recognized one-by-one through the detection of a KFERQ motif or, at least, KFERO-like motif by a heat shock cognate protein 70 (Hsc70), a molecular chaperone. CMA substrates are recognized and delivered to a lysosomal CMA receptor. lysosome-associated membrane protein 2A (LAMP2A), the only limit component of this pathway, and transported to the lysosomal lumen with the help of another resident chaperone HSp90. Since approximately 75% of proteins are reported to have canonical, phosphorylation-generated, or acetylation-generated KFERQ motifs, CMA maintains intracellular protein homeostasis and regulates specific functions in the cells in different tissues. CMA also regulates physiologic functions in different organs and, then, is implicated to disease pathogenesis related to aging, cancer, and the central nervous and immune systems. This Special Issue focuses on the recent advances on the role of CMA in tissue homeostasis and the disease pathogenesis.

Dr. Rut Valdor Dr. Marta Martinez-Vicente Guest Editors







IMPACT FACTOR 4.7





an Open Access Journal by MDPI

Editor-in-Chief

Prof. Dr. Felipe Fregni

1. Neuromodulation Center and Center for Clinical Research Learning, Spaulding Rehabilitation Hospital and Massachusetts General Hospital, Harvard Medical School, Boston, MA 02114, USA 2. Department of Epidemiology, Harvard T.H. Chan School of Public Health, Boston, MA 02115, USA

Message from the Editor-in-Chief

Biomedicines (ISSN 2227-9059) is an open access journal devoted to all aspects of research on human health and disease, the discovery and characterization of new therapeutic targets, therapeutic strategies, and research of naturally driven biomedicines, pharmaceuticals, and biopharmaceutical products. Topics include pathogenesis mechanisms of diseases, translational medical research. biomaterial in biomedical research, natural bioactive molecules, biologics, vaccines, gene therapies, cell-based therapies, targeted specific antibodies, recombinant therapeutic proteins, nanobiotechnology driven products, targeted therapy, bioimaging, biosensors, biomarkers, and biosimilars. The journal is open for publication of studies conducted at the basic science and preclinical research levels. We invite you to consider submitting your work to Biomedicines, be it original research, review articles, or developing Special Issues of current key topics.

Author Benefits

Open Access: free for readers, with article processing charges (APC) paid by authors or their institutions.

High Visibility: indexed within Scopus, SCIE (Web of Science), PubMed, PMC, CAPlus / SciFinder, and other databases.

Journal Rank: JCR - Q1 (*Pharmacology & Pharmacy*) / CiteScore - Q2 (*Medicine (miscellaneous)*)

Contact Us