



an Open Access Journal by MDPI

Antibiotic Use in *Clostridioides difficile* Infection, Mechanisms of Resistance and Alternative Treatments

Guest Editors:

Dr. Eliane De Oliveira Ferreira

Departamento de Microbiologia Médica, Instituto de Microbiologia Paulo de Góes, Universidade Federal do Rio de Janeiro (UFRJ), Rio de Janeiro-RJ, Brazil

Dr. Guido Granata

Clinical and Research Department, National Institute for Infectious Diseases "L. Spallanzani" IRCCS, Rome, Italy

Deadline for manuscript submissions: 15 October 2024

Message from the Guest Editors

Clostridioides difficile is the most common pathogen for hospital-associated diarrhea. responsible with recurrence becoming a serious issue in healthcare institutions due to its evasion of existing treatment strategies. Undoubtedly, the evolution of antimicrobials has altered the epidemiology of *C. difficile*, which is currently regarded as one of the top five urgent antibiotic resistance problems in the United States. C. difficile antibiotic resistance mechanisms are constantly changing and influencing the fitness of the pathogen. The mechanisms involved in *C. difficile* resistance to antimicrobials are crucial for changing antibiotic directrices in hospitals, as well identifying alternative treatments and searching for new therapeutic targets to prevent *C. difficile* infection (CDI). So far, various antimicrobial resistance mechanisms have been described in C. difficile, which have been associated to metronidazole and vancomycin resistance. This Special Issue welcomes manuscript contributions that advance our understanding of antibiotic resistance in *C. difficile* and alternative CDI therapies.



mdpi.com/si/167090







an Open Access Journal by MDPI

Editor-in-Chief

Prof. Dr. Nicholas Dixon

School of Chemistry and Molecular Bioscience, University of Wollongong, Wollongong, NSW 2522, Australia

Message from the Editor-in-Chief

There are very few fields that attract as much attention as scientific endeavor related to antibiotic discovery, use and preservation. The public, patients, scientists, clinicians, policy-makers, NGOs, governments, and supragovernmental organizations are all focusing intensively on it: all are concerned that we use our existing agents more effectively, and develop and evaluate new interventions in time to face emerging challenges for the benefit of present and future generations. We need every discipline to contribute and collaborate: molecular, microbiological, clinical, epidemiological, geographic, economic, social scientific and policy disciples are all key. Antibiotics is a nimble, inclusive and rigorous indexed journal as an enabling platform for all who can contribute to solving the greatest broad concerns of the modern world.

Author Benefits

Open Access: free for readers, with article processing charges (APC) paid by authors or their institutions.

High Visibility: indexed within Scopus, SCIE (Web of Science), PubMed, PMC, Embase, CAPlus / SciFinder, and other databases.

Journal Rank: JCR - Q1 (*Pharmacology & Pharmacy*) / CiteScore - Q1 (*General Pharmacology, Toxicology and Pharmaceutics*)

Contact Us

Antibiotics Editorial Office MDPI, St. Alban-Anlage 66 4052 Basel, Switzerland Tel: +41 61 683 77 34 www.mdpi.com mdpi.com/journal/antibiotics antibiotics@mdpi.com X@antibioticsmdpi