



Application of Remote Sensing and GIS in Agricultural Engineering

Guest Editors:

Dr. Jiang Chen

Department of Biological
Systems Engineering, University
of Wisconsin-Madison, Madison,
WI 53706, USA

Dr. Lorena Nunes Lacerda

Department of Crop & Soil
Sciences, The University of
Georgia Tifton Campus, Tifton,
GA, USA

Dr. Lirong Xiang

Department of Biological and
Agricultural Engineering, North
Carolina State University,
Raleigh, NC 27695, USA

Deadline for manuscript
submissions:

15 November 2024

Message from the Guest Editors

Dear Colleagues,

It is well recognized that the traditional means of agricultural production cannot meet the growing demand for high-quality food around the world. Fortunately, precision agriculture management and agricultural engineering applications with remote sensing and GIS provide a hopeful way of capturing crop growth. Recently, many new technologies (e.g., deep learning) and multisource satellite remote sensing data (e.g., Landsat, Sentinel-1/2, and Planet) are drawing more and more attention for practical application in agricultural engineering. This means that agriculture production is an important bridge connecting carbon and water dynamics across the agroecosystem. Therefore, to advance the understanding of the role of remote sensing and GIS in agricultural engineering, it is necessary to (1) monitor and manage agriculture production using multisource satellite remote sensing images with advanced deep learning algorithms; (2) capture and quantify the carbon and water parameters during agriculture production; and (3) evaluate the impact of different water and heat conditions on agriculture production.

