

Recovery of Haemal Lordosis in European Seabass *Dicentrarchus labrax* (Linnaeus 1758)[†]

Stephanos Fragkoulis ^{1,†}, Chara Kourkouta ^{1,†}, George Geladakis ^{1,†}, Alice Printzi ^{1,†,§}, Alexis Glaropoulos ² and George Koumoundouros ^{1,*}

¹ Biology Department, University of Crete, 70013 Heraklion, Greece;
stefanos_fragkoulis@hotmail.com (S.F.); xarakourkouta@hotmail.com (C.K.);
georgiosgeladakis90@gmail.com (G.G.); alikipr95@gmail.com (A.P.)

² AVRAMAR S.A., PEO Patron—Athinon 55, Agios Vasilios, 26500 Rion, Greece;
a.glaropoulos@avramar.eu

* Correspondence: gkoumound@uoc.gr

† This paper is dedicated to the memory of Dr. Pascal Divanach, an outstanding researcher and mentor who has made pioneering contributions to the science of Aquaculture. He was the first who conceived and tested the hypothesis of exercised-induced (haemal) lordosis in fish.

‡ These authors contributed equally to this work.

§ Current address: IFREMER (Institut Français de Recherche pour l'Exploitation de la Mer), Marine & Coastal Sciences Doctoral School, University of Brest, CNRS, IRD, LEMAR, 29280 Brest, Plouzané, France.

Table S1. Lordosis rates, sample and expected for the population, at 111 and 150 dph. N, fish with normal external morphology. L, fish with lordotic external morphology.

Age (dph)	External morphology	Lordosis % in the sample	Fish number in the population	No of lordotic fish in the population (expected)	Lordosis rate – (population, expected)
111	N	16.5 (33/200)	400	66	44.3
	L	100 (100/100)	200	200	
150	N+L	46.2 (43/93)			46.2

Table S2. Cumulative frequency of fish with lordotic (L), recovered (N-Rec) and normal (N) external morphology based on the degrees of the PrAn_I index. At the juvenile stage, the N-Rec group consists of the lordotic juveniles that presented recovered external morphology at the adult stage.

Juveniles (150 dph)				Adults (502 dph)			
Angle (°)	L	N-Rec	N	Angle (°)	L	N-Rec	N
				129	3		
				130	3		
				131	3		
				132	3		
				133	3		
				134	6		
				135	10		
				136	10		
				137	13		
				138	13		
				139	19		
				140	26		
				141	29		0
				142	32	0	1
				143	48	2	2
				144	65	9	7
				145	81	13	14
				146	81	26	19
				147	90	37	31
				148	94	54	48
				149	100	72	61
				150		85	79
				151		91	89
				152		100	94
				153			96
				154			98
				155			100

Table S3. Cumulative frequency of fish with lordotic (L), recovered (N-Rec) and normal (N) external morphology based on the degrees of the PrAn₂ index. At the juvenile stage, the N-Rec group consists of the lordotic juveniles that presented recovered external morphology at the adult stage.

Juveniles (150 dph)				Adults (502 dph)			
Angle (°)	L	N-Rec	N	Angle (°)	L	N-Rec	N
251	3			253	3		
250	3			252	3		
249	3			251	3		
248	3			250	3		
247	3			249	3		
246	3			248	3		
245	3			247	3		
244	3			246	3		
243	3			245	3		
242	3			244	3		
241	10			243	3		
240	10			242	3		
239	10			241	3		
238	13			240	3		
237	13			239	6		
236	13			238	6		
235	19			237	6		
234	26			236	6		
233	26			235	10		
232	29	0		234	10		
231	29	2		233	13		
230	29	2		232	13		
229	29	4		231	13		
228	29	7		230	13		
227	29	7		229	13		
226	35	9		228	19		
225	35	9		227	23		
224	39	13		226	26		
223	42	13		225	26		
222	48	20		224	26		0
221	52	22		223	26		1
220	65	30	0	222	26		1
219	68	35	1	221	32		2
218	68	39	2	220	39	0	2
217	77	50	3	219	48	2	4
216	81	57	7	218	55	4	5
215	81	65	11	217	55	4	7
214	81	72	13	216	65	7	11
213	84	76	17	215	74	9	11
212	90	83	20	214	77	13	14
211	94	89	26	213	81	17	17
				212	84	24	19
				211	84	26	22

210	94	89	33	210	84	30	25
209	94	91	43	209	90	37	31
208	94	96	49	208	90	39	37
207	94	100	61	207	94	46	42
206	94		65	206	94	59	47
205	97		73	205	97	61	53
204	97		79	204	97	67	60
203	97		83	203	100	72	66
202	97		87	202		76	73
201	97		92	201		85	77
200	100		94	200		87	80
199			96	199		91	86
198			96	198		93	88
197			97	197		96	92
196			98	196		96	94
195			98	195		100	94
194			99	194			95
193			99	193			96
192			100	192			98
				191			98
				190			99
				189			99
				188			100
