

<i>Fresh fruit</i>	<i>Gender</i>	<i>Father's education</i>	<i>Mother's education</i>	<i>Residence</i>	<i>Type of city</i>
<i>Pearson Correlation</i>	.068	.064	.036	-.036	.012
<i>Sig. (2-tailed)</i>	.058	.074	.309	.307	.741
<i>N</i>	779	777	781	786	786

**Table S1.** *Correlation between fresh fruit consumption and children's demographics*

<i>Biscuits, cookies, creme, sweet pies, sweet buns</i>	<i>Gender</i>	<i>Father's education</i>	<i>Mother's education</i>	<i>Residence</i>	<i>Type of city</i>
<i>Pearson Correlation</i>	-.029	<b>-.179**</b>	<b>-.191**</b>	<b>-.096**</b>	-.064
<i>Sig. (2-tailed)</i>	.415	<b>.000</b>	<b>.000</b>	<b>.007</b>	.073
<i>N</i>	775	773	777	782	782

**Table S2.** *Correlation between the consumption of biscuits, cakes, cream, sweet pies, buns and children's demographics*

<i>Sweetened drinks</i>	<i>Gender</i>	<i>Father's education</i>	<i>Mother's education</i>	<i>Residence</i>	<i>Type of city</i>
<i>Pearson Correlation</i>	-.026	<b>-.321**</b>	<b>-.414**</b>	<b>-.244**</b>	<b>-.156**</b>
<i>Sig. (2-tailed)</i>	.476	<b>.000</b>	<b>.000</b>	<b>.000</b>	<b>.000</b>
<i>N</i>	775	773	777	782	782

**Table S3.** *Correlation between the consumption of sweetened soft drinks and the demographic data of children*

<i>Chewing gum with sugar</i>	<i>Gender</i>	<i>Father's education</i>	<i>Mother's education</i>	<i>Residence</i>	<i>Type of city</i>
<i>Pearson Correlation</i>	-.030	<b>-.312**</b>	<b>-.402**</b>	<b>-.269**</b>	<b>-.223**</b>
<i>Sig. (2-tailed)</i>	.403	<b>.000</b>	<b>.000</b>	<b>.000</b>	<b>.000</b>
<i>N</i>	765	763	767	772	772

**Table S4.** Correlation between sugar consumption of chewing gum and children's demographics

<i>Sweets/ candies</i>	<i>Gender</i>	<i>Father's education</i>	<i>Mother's education</i>	<i>Residence</i>	<i>Type of city</i>
<i>Pearson Correlation</i>	.019	<b>-.206**</b>	<b>-.223**</b>	<b>-.103**</b>	<b>-.106**</b>
<i>Sig. (2-tailed)</i>	.605	<b>.000</b>	<b>.000</b>	<b>.004</b>	<b>.003</b>
<i>N</i>	774	772	776	781	781

**Table S5.** Correlation between the consumption of sweets / candies and the demographic data of children

<i>Sweetened milk with sugar/honey</i>	<i>Gender</i>	<i>Father's education</i>	<i>Mother's education</i>	<i>Residence</i>	<i>Type of city</i>
<i>Pearson Correlation</i>	.039	<b>-.216**</b>	<b>-.240**</b>	<b>-.141**</b>	<b>-.100**</b>
<i>Sig. (2-tailed)</i>	.280	<b>.000</b>	<b>.000</b>	<b>.000</b>	<b>.005</b>
<i>N</i>	768	767	770	774	774

**Table S6.** Correlation between milk / sugar / honey consumption and child demographics