

The LiTFSI/COFs Fiber as Separator Coating with Bifunction of Inhibition of Lithium Dendrite and Shuttle Effect for Li-SeS₂ Battery

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Li^+ transfer number was calculated according to the following formula:

$$t_+ = \frac{I_s(\Delta V - I_0 R^0)}{I_0(\Delta V - I_s R^s)} \quad (1)$$

In this formula, t_+ represents the ion transfer number; I_s is the current magnitude when constant voltage polarization is stable; constant voltage polarization is stable; ΔV is the applied voltage; R^s is the interface impedance after constant voltage polarization; I_0 is the starting current of constant voltage polarization; R^0 is the interface impedance before constant voltage polarization. The Li^+ diffusion coefficient is calculated from the data provided by cyclic voltammetry. The calculation formula is as follows:

$$I_p = 2.69 \times 10^5 n^{1.5} A D_{\text{Li}^+}^{0.5} c_{\text{Li}^+} v^{0.5} \quad (2)$$

I_p is the peak current of the corresponding oxidation peak or reduction peak; n is the number of transferred electrons; A is the area of the positive electrode plate; D_{Li^+} is the diffusion coefficient of Li^+ ; c_{Li^+} is the concentration of Li^+ ; and v is the scanning speed.

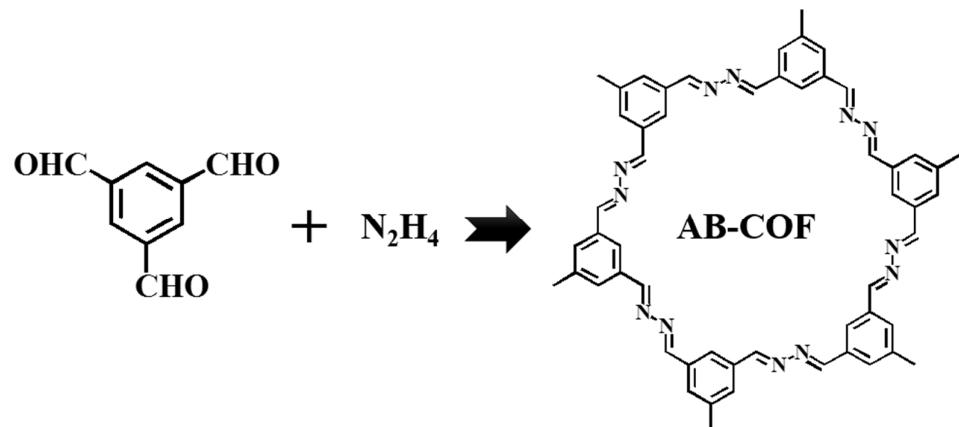


Figure S1. The structure of AB-COF.

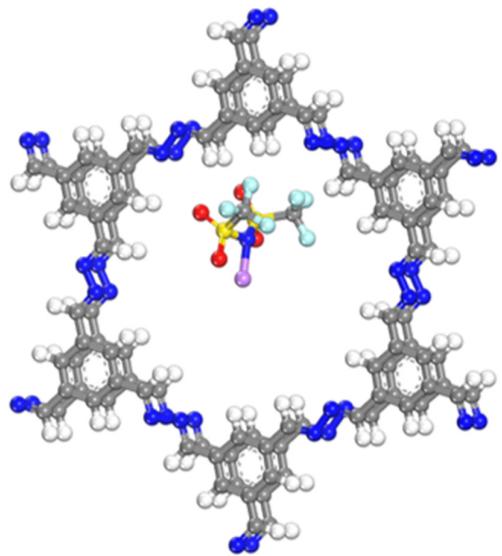


Figure S2. DFT calculation of LiTFSI/AB-COF.

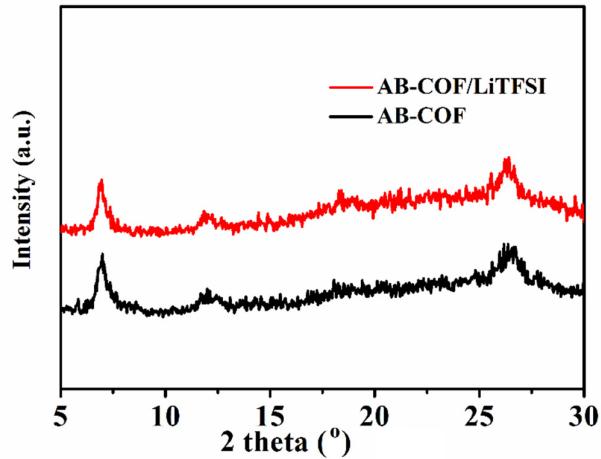


Figure S3. XRD spectrum of AB-COF and LiTFSI/AB-COF.

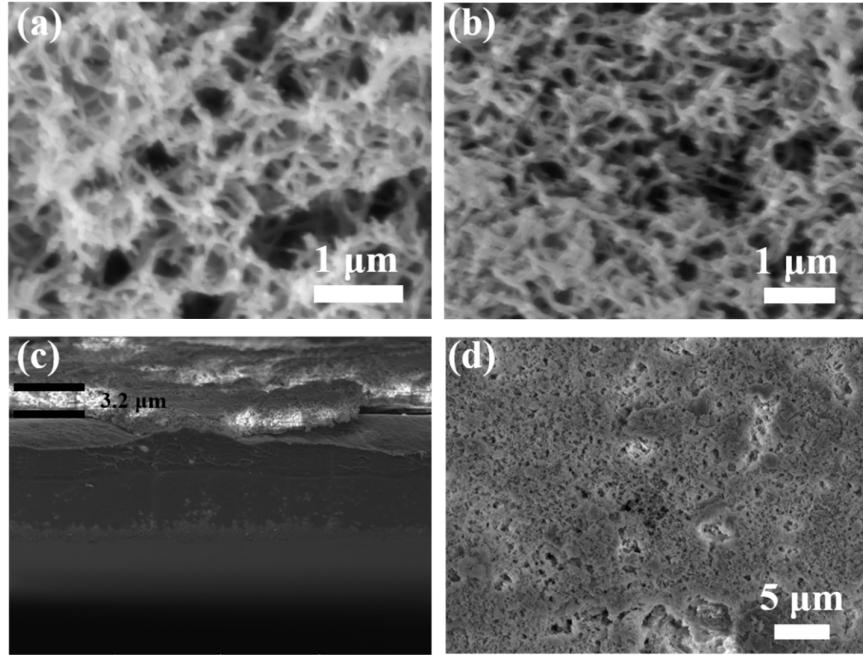


Figure S4. SEM pictures of (a) AB-COF and (b) LiTFSI/AB-COF. SEM of AB-COF/PP: (c) side view and (d) top view.

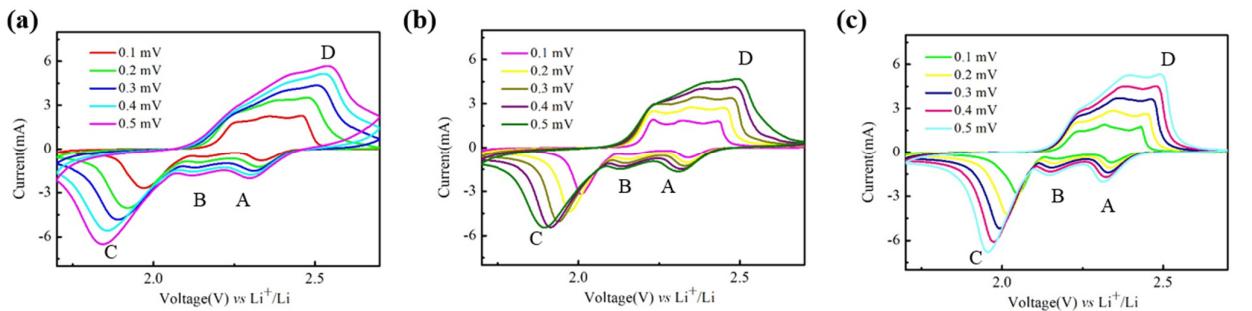


Figure S5. Cyclic voltammograms of Li-SeS₂ battery with (a) ATFG-COF/PP, (b) AB-COF/PP (c) PP separator at different sweep speeds.

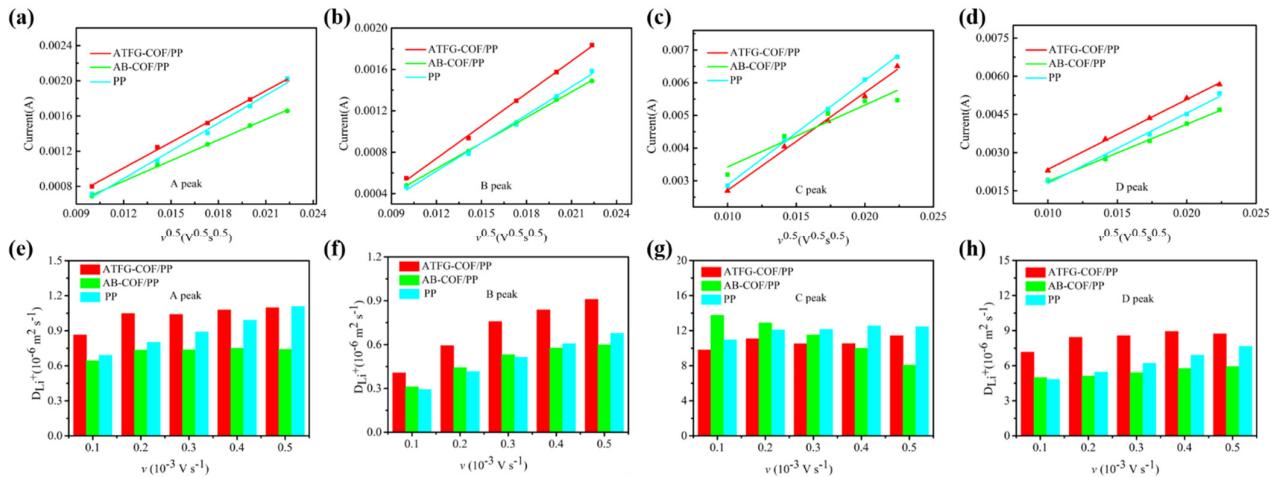


Figure S6. Graph of CV peak current versus scan rate, (a) and (b) correspond to the conversion of SeS₂ to Li₂S_n and Li₂Se_n, respectively; (c) correspond to the conversion of Li₂S_n and Li₂Se_n to Li₂S and

Li_2Se , respectively; (d) Corresponding transformation of Li_2S and Li_2Se to SeS_2 . the relationship between Li^+ diffusion coefficient and sweep velocity V of $\text{Li}-\text{SeS}_2$ battery with ATFG-COF/PP, AB-COF/PP, PP at (e) A peak, (f) B peak, (g) C peak and (h) D peak.

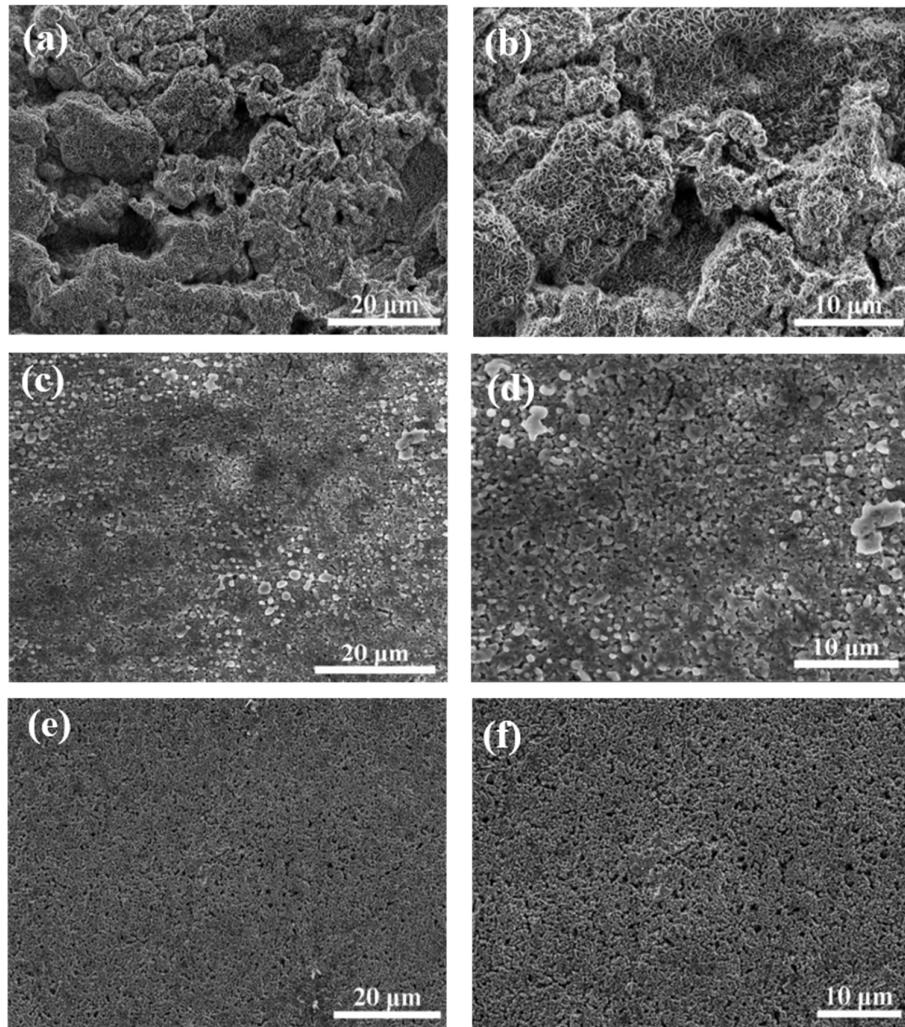


Figure S7. SEM images of lithium metal anodes of the $\text{Li}-\text{SeS}_2$ cells with different separators after cycles. (a, b) PP, (c, d) AB-COF/PP, (e, f) ATFG-COF/PP separator.

Table S1. The comparison of the performance of the ATFG-COF/PP with the reported materials in Li-SeS₂ batteries.

Materials	Application	SeS ₂ content	Current density (A g ⁻¹)	Cycle number	Specific Capacity (mAh/g)	Reference
ATFG-COF/PP separator	Separator	80 wt%	0.5C	200	509	This work
SAZ-AF Janus separator	Separator	80 wt%	1.1	200	446.4	[1]
CoS ₂ @LRC/SeS ₂	cathode	70wt%	0.5	400	470	[2]
CMK-3/SeS ₂ @PDA	cathode	70 wt%	2	500	350	[3]
TiN/GO	separator	70 wt%	1	500	511	[4]

References

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