

## Supplementary material

# Risk Factors Associated with the Development of Hospital-Acquired Infections in Hospitalized Patients with Severe COVID-19

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**Table S1.** Bacterial isolates

<b>Infection</b>	<b>Microorganism</b>
Hospital-acquired pneumonia/Ventilator-associated pneumonia 250 isolates in 173 episodes	<i>Enterobacter</i> complex n=49
	<i>Pseudomonas aeruginosa</i> n=35
	<i>Staphylococcus aureus</i> n=32
	Escherichia coli n=29
	<i>Klebsiella pneumoniae</i> n=26
	<i>Klebsiella oxytoca</i> n=25
	<i>Pseudomonas spp</i> n=8
	<i>Stenotrophomonas maltophilia</i> n=8
	<i>Klebsiella aerogenes</i> n=5
	<i>Serratia marcescens</i> n=5
	<i>Acinetobacter spp</i> n=5
	<i>Streptococcus pneumoniae</i> n=5
	<i>Streptococcus spp</i> n=5
	<i>Klebsiella variicola</i> n=3
	<i>Citrobacter spp</i> n=3
	<i>Haemophilus influenzae</i> n=2
	<i>Proteus spp</i> n=2
	<i>Burkholderia spp</i> n=2
	<i>Morganella morganii</i> n=1
	<i>Raoutella spp</i> n=1
<i>Enterococcus spp</i> n=1	
Primary bloodstream infections 66 isolates in 66 episodes	Coagulase-negative <i>Staphylococcus</i> n=26
	<i>Enterococcus spp</i> n=12
	<i>Enterobacter</i> complex n=9
	<i>Streptococcus spp</i> n=5
	<i>Staphylococcus aureus</i> n=3
	<i>Escherichia coli</i> n=3
	<i>Klebsiella oxytoca</i> n=2
	<i>Klebsiella aerogenes</i> n=1

	n=2
	<i>Pseudomonas aeruginosa</i> n=2
	<i>Pseudomonas spp</i> n=1
	<i>Klebsiella pneumoniae</i> n=1
	<i>Stenotrophomonas maltophilia</i> n=1
	<i>Mycobacterium chelonae</i> n=1
Bone, joint and skin and soft tissues infections 11 isolates in 4 episodes	<i>Escherichia coli</i> n=3
	<i>Enterococcus spp</i> n=3
	<i>Morganella morganii</i> n=2
	<i>Enterobacter complex</i> n=1
	<i>Klebsiella pneumoniae</i> n=1
	<i>Pseudomonas aeruginosa</i> n=1
Abdominal infections 3 isolates in 1 episode	<i>Escherichia coli</i> n=1
	<i>Enterococcus faecalis</i> n=1
	<i>Pseudomonas aeruginosa</i> n=1
Urinary tract infection 2 isolates in 2 episodes	<i>Escherichia coli</i> n=2
<i>Clostridioides difficile</i> diarrhea 1 episode	NA

**Table S2.** Fungal isolates

<b>Infection</b>	<b>Microorganism</b>
Probable/proven COVID-19 associated pulmonary aspergillosis 28 isolates in 29 episodes	<i>Aspergillus fumigatus</i> n=11
	<i>Aspergillus spp</i> n=6
	<i>Aspergillus niger</i> n=5
	<i>Aspergillus flavus</i> n=4
	<i>Aspergillus lentulus</i> n=1
	<i>Aspergillus terreus</i> n=1
	Positive <i>Galactomannan</i> antigen n=2
Candidemia 23 isolates in 17 episodes	<i>Candida parapsilosis</i> n=12
	<i>Candida albicans</i> n=9
	<i>Candida tropicalis</i> n=1
	<i>Candida glabrata</i> n=1
Mucormycosis 6 isolates in 3 episodes	<i>Mucor spp</i> n=4
	<i>Rhizopus spp</i> n=1
	<i>Conidiobolus</i> n=1

**Table S3.** Antimicrobial susceptibility

<b>Gram negative rods</b>	<b>Third generation cephalosporin resistant</b>	<b>Carbapenem resistant</b>
<i>Enterobacter</i> complex n=62	62	0
<i>Escherichia coli</i> n=46	23	4
<i>Klebsiella pneumoniae</i> n=31	7	0
<i>Klebsiella oxytoca</i> n=27	1	0
<i>Klebsiella aerogenes</i> n=7	7	0
<b>Non fermentative Gram-negative rods</b>	<b>Piperacillin tazobactam resistance resistant</b>	<b>Carbapenem resistant</b>
<i>Pseudomonas aeruginosa</i> n=40	9	5
<i>Acinetobacter spp</i> n=5	5	0
<b>Gram positive cocci</b>	<b>Methicillin resistant</b>	<b>Ampicillin resistant</b>
<i>Staphylococcus aureus</i> n=35	5	-
Coagulase-negative <i>Staphylococcus spp</i> n=26	0	-
<i>Enterococcus spp</i> n=17	-	0
<b>Yeasts</b>	<b>Azole resistant</b>	<b>Echinocandin resistant</b>
<i>Candida spp</i> n=23	6	0

**Table S4.** Risk-factors associated with the development of hospital acquired infections according to bivariate analysis

	RR (CI 95%) p
Male sex	<b>1.63 (1.24 -2.15) p=0.0004</b>
Age >60 years	1.13 (0.88-1.45) p=0.3361
Obesity	<b>1.49 (1.16-1.90) p=0.0012</b>
Diabetes mellitus	1.11 (0.85-1.44) p=0.4385
Hypertension	0.87 (0.67-1.13) p=0.2963
Chronic obstructive pulmonary disease	0.31 (0.05-2.14) p=0.1861
Immunosuppression	1.05 (0.62-1.76) p=0.8610
Cardiovascular disease	1.15 (0.70-1.88) p=0.5903
Chronic kidney disease	1.10 (0.57-2.10) p=0.7836
Liver cirrhosis	0.63 (0.10-4.10) p=0.6154
Charlson's score >2 points	1.02 (0.78-1.32) p=0.8965
Oxygen saturation <90%	2.19 (0.93-5.17) p=0.0547
Lymphocyte count, <800 cells/uL	<b>1.46 (1.12-1.89) p=0.0039</b>
C reactive protein ≥10 mg/dL	<b>2.93 (2.01-4.27) p&lt;0.0001</b>
Ferritin >500 ng/mL	<b>2.07 (1.56-2.76) p&lt;0.0001</b>
Lactic dehydrogenase ≥246 U/L	<b>2.35 (1.42-3.90) p=0.004</b>
D Dimer >500 ng/mL	<b>1.45 (1.14-1.86) p=0.0030</b>
Use of IMV in the first 24 hours after admission	<b>8.29 (6.50-10.57) p&lt;0.0001</b>
Empirical antibiotic-therapy	1.10 (0.85-1.41) p=0.474
Corticosteroid treatment	<b>2.10 (1.63-2.71) p&lt;0.0001</b>
Tocilizumab treatment	<b>1.56 (1.05-2.33) p=0.03542</b>
Enrollment in a clinical trial	<b>0.51 (0.34-0.75) p=0.004</b>
<i>CI</i> confidence interval, <i>dl</i> deciliter, <i>IMV</i> invasive mechanical ventilation, <i>IQR</i> interquartile range, <i>L</i> liters, <i>mg</i> milligrams, <i>ml</i> milliliter, <i>ng</i> nanograms, <i>RR</i> relative risk, <i>U</i> units, <i>uL</i> microliter	