

Supporting Information: Fabrication of Highly Conductive Porous Cellulose/PEDOT:PSS Nanocomposite Paper via Post-Treatment

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Table 1. Sheet resistance, thickness, and electrical conductivity of PEDOT:PSS/cellulose-nanofiber composite paper with or without the solvent post-treatment.

Treatment agent	Sheet resistance (Ω/sq)	Thickness (μm)	Conductivity (S/cm)
Pristine	418.73 \pm 48.94	23	1.05 \pm 0.12
DMSO	5.41 \pm 0.26	15	123.37 \pm 5.87
EG	6.49 \pm 1.49	15	106.6 \pm 25.16

*DMSO- Dimethyl sulfoxide

*EG- Ethylene glycol

Table S2. A comparison of conductive polymer/cellulose nanocomposites

Serial #	Sample	Method	Conductance (S/cm)	References
1	PANi/BC	In-situ polymerization	1.4 \times 10 ⁻¹	45
2	PPy/BC	In-situ polymerization	3.39	46
3	PPy/CNF	Vacuum filtration	13.45	39
4	PPy/PEDOT:PSS/CNF	Vacuum filtration	10.55	39
5	PEDOT:PSS/BC	Ex-situ incorporation	12.17	47
6	PEDOT:PSS/Cellulose	In-situ polymerization	30	48
7	PEDOT:PSS/CNF	Vacuum filtration	2.58	39
8	PEDOT:PSS/CNF	Vacuum filtration	22.6	19
9	PEDOT:PSS/CNF	Drop-casting	45	40
10	PEDOT:PSS/CNF	Vacuum filtration	123.4	Present work

*BC- Bacterial cellulose

*PANi- Polyaniline

*PPy- Polypyrrole

*CNF- Cellulose nanofiber

*PEDOT:PSS- Poly(3,4-ethylenedioxythiophene) polystyrene sulfonate

Table S3. Sheet resistance according to the number of times DMSO filtering was conducted on the PEDOT:PSS/cellulose-nanofiber composite paper.

Number	Sheet resistance (Ω/sq)
1	5.41 ± 0.26
2	5.25 ± 0.12
3	5.09 ± 0.12

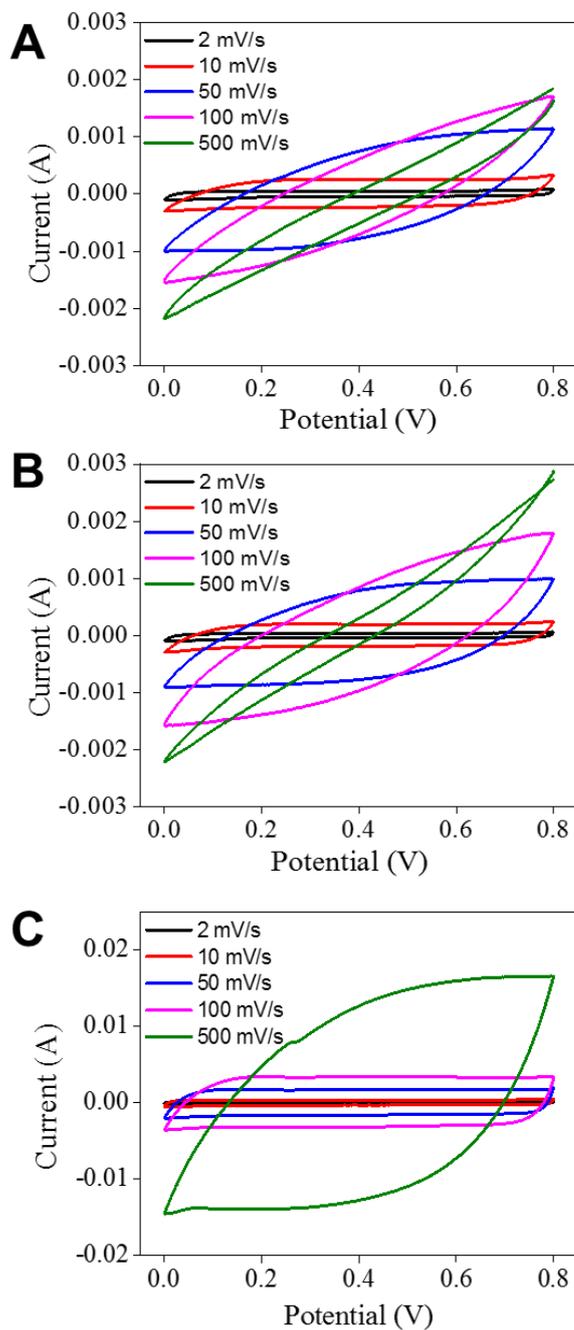


Figure S1. (A–C) Cyclic voltammetry (CV) of PEDOT:PSS/cellulose–nanofiber composite papers. (A) Pristine, (B) DMSO, and (C) EG.