

Supplementary Figure and Tables

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Location - Living In: Australia, Canada, United Kingdom, United States
Age: 18 - 65+
People Who Match: Interests: Low-Carb, So Simple, Diabetes Health, ObesityHelp.com, Healthy Low-Carb Living, Diabetes UK, Diabetes Australia, Dexcom, DiabetesCare.net, Cure for Diabetes, Living a Healthy Lifestyle, Glucose Buddy, Healthy Lifestyles, Low-carbohydrate diet, Health & wellness, Barton Center for Diabetes Education, Living Healthy, Weight Watchers, Glycemic index, Eating healthy food, Insulin-like growth factor, Sugar substitute, Healthy diet, Fitness and wellness, Joslin Diabetes Center, Diabetesforeningen, Diabetes - The Patient Experience, Glycemic load, Weight Watchers Recipes, Diabetic diet, CURE DIABETES, Healthy Life, MyFitnessPal, Diabetes Well Being, Drive to Stop Diabetes 300, Everyday Diabetic Recipes, Fooducate, Lifesum, Diabetes - Sweet & Simple, Diabetic Kitchen, Diabetes Fonds, Diabetic Connect or Ketodiet app, Employers: Medtronic
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Enter the survey and win glucometer and Amazon vouchers. Make your voice heard. Your opinion matters for generating real-world evidence supporting diabetes care 😊☀️🌷. Like our page for more diabetes-related information 😊🌷. <http://www.bips-institut.de/umfrage-tool/index.php/815683...>

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DiaAppSurvey: The role of mobile phone diabetes apps in improving glycemic control and self-care behaviour of people with diabetes

DiaAppSurvey: The first multi-country survey on the use of diabetes apps and their role in improving clinical and behavioural outcomes of diabetes.

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Figure S1: Screenshot of one of the targeted Facebook advertisements and the list of terms used for the advertisement.

Country level differences in factors associated with hyperglycaemia and hypoglycaemia among type 1 and type 2 respondents from the US, Germany and UK.

Table S1. Multinomial logistic regression model of glycemic control in type 1 DM using data from US only respondents.

Variable	Good versus Hyperglycemia in Type 1 Diabetes from US Respondents			Good Versus Hypoglycemia in Type 1 Diabetes from US Respondents				
	RRR	p-Value	95% Conf. Interval	RRR	p-Value	95% Conf. Interval	Lower Limit	Upper Limit
Educational								
Primary to secondary school	1.22	0.563	0.62	2.38	1.07	0.912	0.30	3.78
Polytechnique diploma	2.06	0.102	0.87	4.92	1.22	0.824	0.21	6.91
Sex								
Male	1.47	0.295	0.71	3.03	0.58	0.462	0.14	2.46
Age group								
41 to 60	0.60	0.111	0.32	1.12	1.43	0.554	0.44	4.61
>60	0.89	0.838	0.29	2.75	0.92	0.940	0.10	8.82
Diabetes app use								
Yes	0.90	0.763	0.44	1.83	1.29	0.675	0.39	4.29
Physical activity	0.82	0.011	0.71	0.96	1.34	0.039	1.01	1.77
Specific diet	1.09	0.339	0.91	1.31	0.88	0.422	0.64	1.21
General diet	0.85	0.057	0.72	1.00	0.89	0.476	0.65	1.22
Blood glucose monitoring	0.80	0.045	0.64	0.99	0.90	0.635	0.57	1.41
On medication								
Yes	0.58	0.661	0.05	6.55	55771.49	0.983	0.00	.
Smoking								
Yes	1.98	0.082	0.92	4.25	3.12	0.090	0.84	11.58
Diabetes Self-management Concern								
High concern	2.05	0.026	1.09	3.87	0.73	0.562	0.25	2.14
Foot care	1.02	0.764	0.89	1.17	0.90	0.388	0.70	1.15
CGM user								
Yes	1.14	0.734	0.54	2.40	0.28	0.106	0.06	1.31
_cons	4.14	0.337	0.23	75.18	0.00	0.981	0.00	.

Variables in bold are significant.

Table S2. Multinomial logistic regression model of glycemic control in type 2 DM using data from US respondents.

Variable	Good Versus Hyperglycemia in Type 2 Diabetes from US Respondents			
	RRR	p-Value	95% Conf. Interval	
Education				
Primary to secondary school	1.37	0.390	0.67	2.81
Polytechnique diploma	1.59	0.302	0.66	3.81
Sex				
Male	1.43	0.398	0.63	3.26
Age group				
41 to 60	3.19	0.049	1.00	10.16
>60	1.73	0.385	0.50	6.00
Diabetes app use				
Yes	0.61	0.164	0.30	1.23
Physical activity				
Specific diet	1.17	0.105	0.97	1.43
General diet	0.79	0.025	0.64	0.97
BG monitoring	0.89	0.137	0.77	1.04
Foot care	0.99	0.862	0.85	1.14
On Medication				
Yes	0.85	0.748	0.32	2.28
Smoking				
Yes	1.85	0.184	0.75	4.58
Diabetes Self-management				
Concern				
High Concern	2.58	0.004	1.34	4.94
CGM user				
Yes	0.50	0.555	0.05	5.10
_cons	0.65	0.661	0.10	4.41

Variables in bold are significant.

Germany

Table S3. Multinomial logistic regression model of glycemic control in type 1 DM using data from respondents only from Germany.

Variable	Good Versus Hyperglycemia in Type 1 Diabetes Respondents from Germany			Good versus Hypoglycemia in Type 1 Diabetes Respondents from Germany				
	RRR	p-Value	95% Conf. Interval	RRR	p-value	95% Conf. Interval		
					Lower Limit	Upper Limit		
Educ								
Primary to secondary school	1.48	0.384	0.61	3.61	0.12	0.055	0.01	1.04
Polytechnique diploma	0.58	0.414	0.16	2.15	0.24	0.284	0.02	3.26
Sex								
Male	0.95	0.902	0.42	2.16	1.11	0.935	0.09	13.28
Age group								
41 to 60	0.96	0.925	0.43	2.15	0.81	0.863	0.08	8.32
>60	0.24	0.241	0.02	2.58	0.00	0.998	0.00	.
Diabetes app use								
Yes	0.57	0.167	0.26	1.26	0.30	0.268	0.03	2.55
Physical activity	1.07	0.455	0.89	1.30	1.64	0.086	0.93	2.90
Specific diet	1.04	0.739	0.84	1.29	0.68	0.235	0.36	1.29
General diet	0.92	0.425	0.74	1.13	0.88	0.673	0.50	1.56
Blood glucose monitoring	0.71	0.020	0.54	0.95	0.39	0.000	0.23	0.65
Foot care	0.93	0.536	0.74	1.17	1.29	0.382	0.73	2.28
On medication								
Yes	2.01	0.250	0.61	6.58	0.81	0.873	0.06	10.97
Smoking								
Yes	2.33	0.020	1.14	4.74	0.76	0.787	0.10	5.80
Diabetes self-management concern								
High concern	4.55	0.000	2.08	9.95	2.98	0.312	0.36	24.65
CGM user								
Yes	0.60	0.251	0.25	1.44	0.00	0.989	0.00	.
_cons	0.91	0.940	0.07	11.96	92.18	0.086	0.53	16072.83

Variables in bold are significant.

Table S4. Multinomial logistic regression model of glycemic control in type 2 DM using data from respondents only from Germany.

Variable	Good Versus Hyperglycemia in Type 2 Diabetes Respondents from Germany			Good Versus Hypoglycemia in Type 2 Diabetes Respondents from Germany			95% Conf. Interval Lower Limit	95% Conf. Interval Upper Limit
	RRR	p-value	95% Conf. Interval	RRR	p-value	95% Conf. Interval		
Education								
Primary to secondary school	0.87	0.864	0.18	4.26	0.11	0.189	0.00	2.95
Polytechnique diploma	0.30	0.226	0.04	2.12	0.82	0.908	0.03	24.41
Sex								
Male	0.67	0.383	0.27	1.66	0.51	0.550	0.06	4.58
Age group								
41 to 60	1.34	0.636	0.40	4.52	937,282.50	0.988	0.00	.
>60	5.20	0.025	1.23	21.96	6,485,043.00	0.986	0.00	.
Diabetes app use								
Yes	0.60	0.395	0.19	1.93	0.51	0.661	0.03	10.20
Physical Activity	0.72	0.026	0.55	0.96	0.71	0.318	0.37	1.38
Specific diet	1.03	0.862	0.76	1.39	1.10	0.761	0.59	2.07
General diet	0.69	0.029	0.50	0.96	0.68	0.290	0.34	1.38
Blood glucose monitoring	1.09	0.334	0.92	1.29	1.04	0.881	0.66	1.63
Foot care	0.87	0.192	0.71	1.07	1.28	0.250	0.84	1.97
On medication								
Yes	1.12	0.889	0.24	5.21	0.07	0.042	0.00	0.91
Smoking								
Yes	0.80	0.678	0.29	2.26	0.77	0.844	0.06	10.64
Diabetes self management concern								
High concern CGM user	6.42	0.000	2.35	17.55	1.22	0.881	0.09	16.93
Yes	2.08	0.578	0.16	27.32	0.00	0.991	0.00	.
_cons	3.52	0.361	0.24	52.04	0.00	0.990	0.00	.

Variables in bold are significant.

United Kingdom

Table S5. Multinomial logistic regression model of glycemic control in type 1 DM using data from UK respondents.

Variable	Good versus Hyperglycemia in Type 1 Diabetes Respondents from UK			Good Versus Hypoglycemia in Type 1 Diabetes Respondents from UK				
	RRR	P-value	95% Conf. Interval	RRR	p-Value	95% Conf. Interval		
					Lower Limit	Upper Limit		
Education								
Primary to secondary school	6.83	0.000	2.37	19.71	6.03	0.065	0.89	40.73
Polytechnique diploma	1.94	0.255	0.62	6.04	2.22	0.466	0.26	19.06
Sex								
Male	0.23	0.005	0.08	0.64	1.80	0.484	0.35	9.43
Age group								
41 to 60	1.08	0.874	0.42	2.76	0.15	0.066	0.02	1.13
>60	2.13	0.435	0.32	14.27	2.05	0.626	0.11	36.69
Diabetes app use								
Yes	1.33	0.569	0.50	3.52	8.60	0.059	0.92	80.13
Physical activity	0.89	0.282	0.71	1.10	0.88	0.540	0.59	1.31
Specific diet	0.70	0.015	0.52	0.93	1.81	0.065	0.96	3.41
General diet	1.06	0.611	0.84	1.35	0.79	0.280	0.51	1.21
Blood glucose monitoring	1.26	0.142	0.93	1.72	5.16	0.281	0.26	101.54
Foot care	0.97	0.839	0.75	1.27	1.11	0.604	0.74	1.66
On medication								
Yes	0.09	0.134	0.00	2.08	.27	0.504	0.01	12.21
Smoking								
Yes	2.86	0.065	0.94	8.70	.98	0.992	0.08	11.96
Diabetes self-management concern								
High concern CGM user	2.41	0.083	0.89	6.51	1.85	0.471	0.35	9.93
Yes	0.08	0.004	0.01	0.46	0.22	0.147	0.03	1.70
_cons	1.18	0.929	0.03	42.59	0.00	0.157	0.00	394.23

Variables in bold are significant.