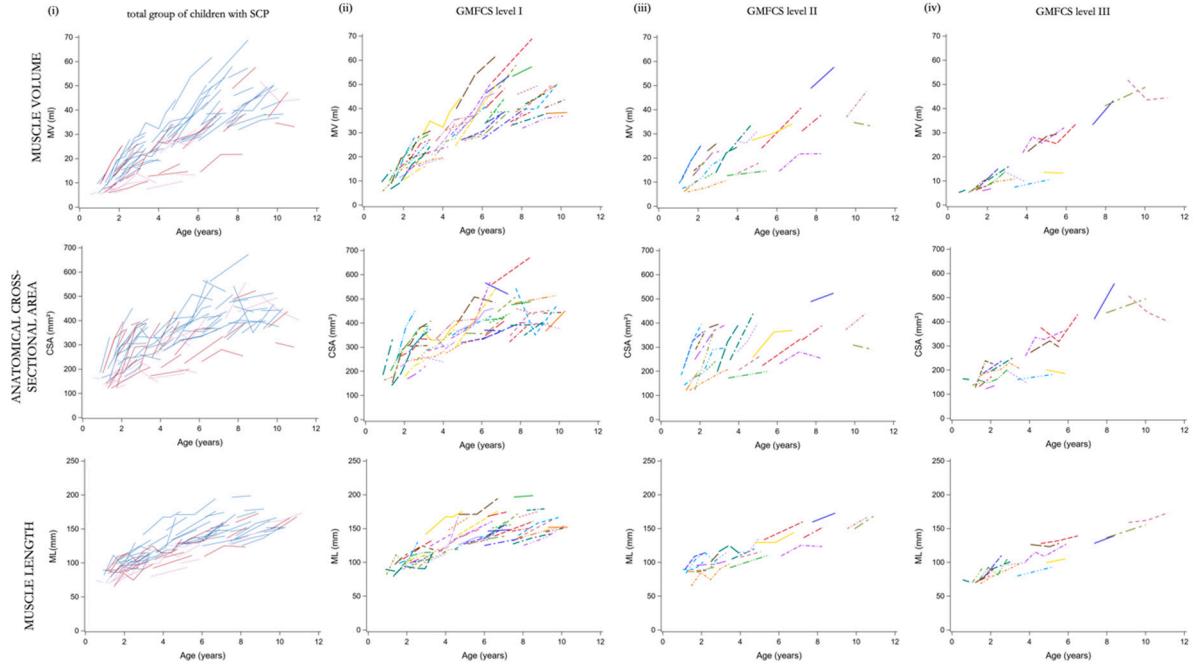


Supplementary Materials

Figure S1: Observed individual profiles for the (A) absolute and (B) normalized muscle morphology for (i) the total group of children with SCP (blue=GMFCS level I, dark red=level II and pink=level III), (ii) children with GMFCS level I, (iii) children with GMFCS level II and (iv) children with GMFCS level III. *SCP*, spastic cerebral palsy; *GMFCS*, gross motor function classification system; *MV*, muscle volume; *ml*, milliliter; *CSA*, anatomical cross-sectional area; *mm*, millimeter; *ML*, muscle belly length; *n*, normalized; *kg*, kilogram; *m*, meters.

A



B

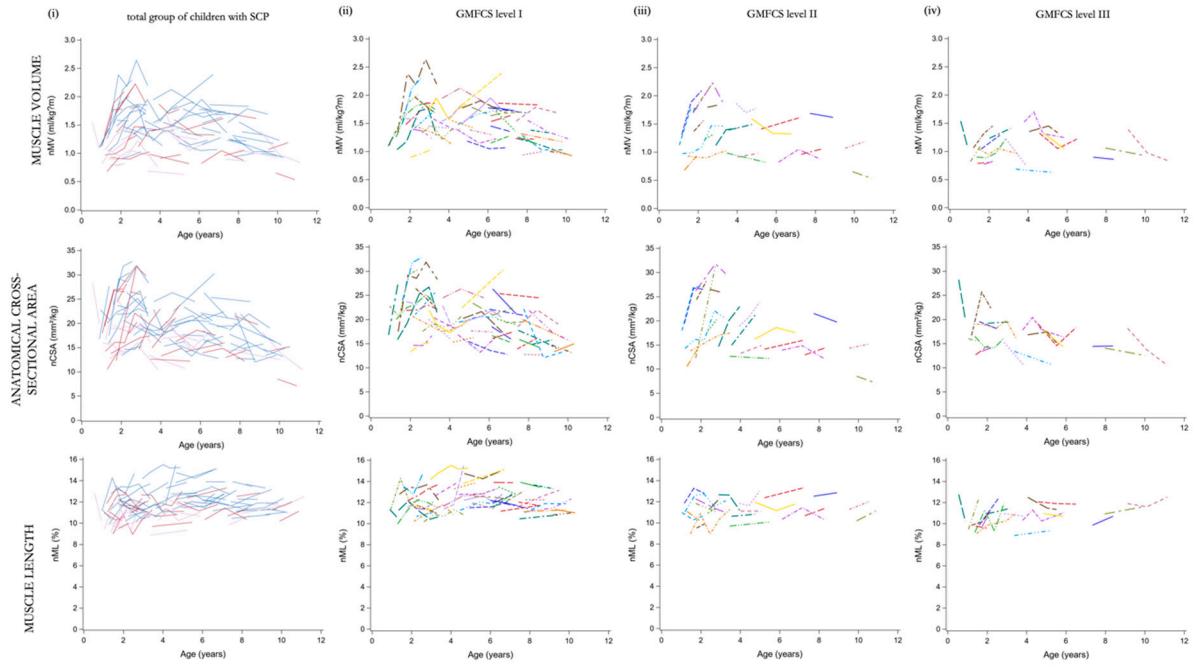


Figure S2

A: Reference dataset for absolute morphological muscle outcomes and **B:** Reference dataset for normalized morphological muscle outcomes (i) in addition to the predicted trajectories for the children with GMFCS levels I (ii) (blue) and GMFCS level II-III (iii) (red). For the TD children, the individual observed values (grey dots) and median with IQR per one year-age group (green boxplots) are presented. *TD, typically developing children; SCP, spastic cerebral palsy; GMFCS, gross motor function classification system; IQR, interquartile range; MV, muscle volume; ml, milliliter; CSA, anatomical cross-sectional area; mm, millimeter; ML, muscle belly length; n, normalized; kg, kilogram; m, meters.*

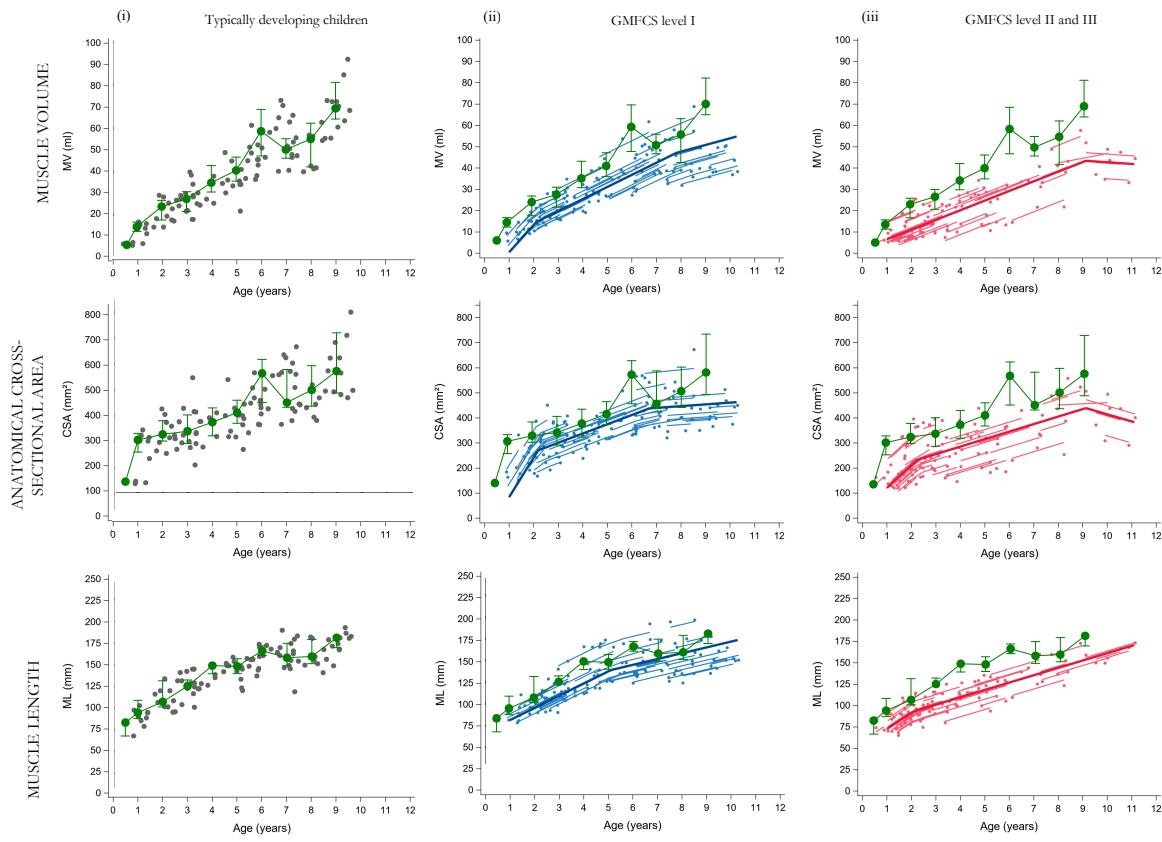
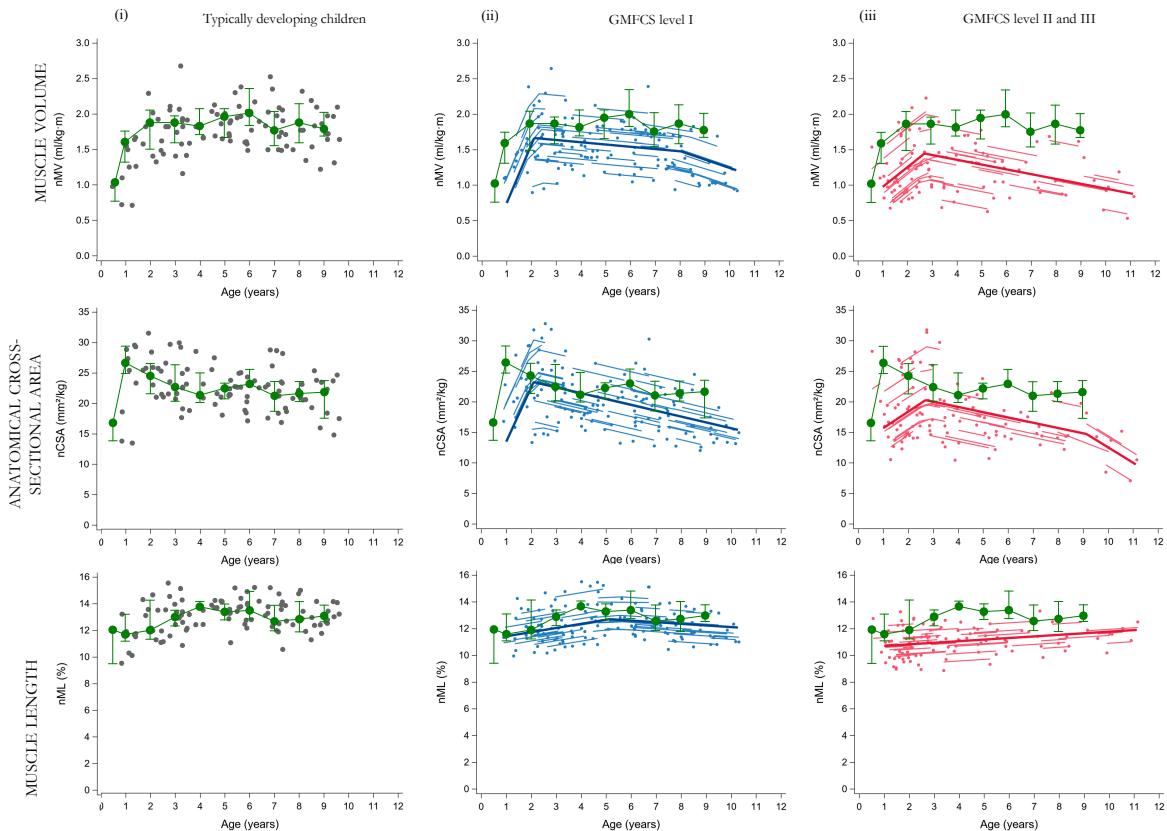
A**B**

Table S1

Muscle morphology of retrospective cross-sectional dataset with TD children.

Outcome	Number of children	Median (IQ1-IQ3)
Age (y)	102	5.2 (3.0-7.3)
Body mass (kg)	102	18.7 (14.5-23.0)
Body length (cm)	102	110.3 (93.4-123.3)
MV (mL)	102	38.7 (24.7-123.3)
nMV (mL/kg·m)	102	1.8 (1.6-2.0)
CSA (mm ²)	100	409.3 (327.1-501.2)
nCSA (mm ² /kg)	100	22.6 (20.6-25.2)
ML (mm)	102	145.4 (121.9-161.2)
nML (%)	102	13.0 (12.0-13.8)

Anthropometric and muscle data are presented as median (interquartile 1- interquartile 3). *TD*, typical developing children; IQ, interquartile; *y*, years; *kg*, kilogram; *cm*, centimeter; *MV*, muscle volume; *mL*, milliliter; *n*, normalized; *CSA*, anatomical cross-sectional area; *ML*, muscle belly length; *kg*, kilogram; *m*, meters.

Table S2 Standard clinical care of all SCP participants.

	GMFCS level I group	GMFCS level II-III group
Participants (n)	47	40
Use of orthoses during the day	Frequently used, n = 25 Not frequently used, n = 12 Insoles, n=2 Not used, n = 8	Frequently used, n = 22 Not frequently used, n = 11 Not used, n = 7
Use of orthoses during the night	Frequently used, n = 5 Not frequently used, n = 3 Not used, n = 39	Frequently used, n = 5 Not frequently used, n = 1 Not used, n = 34
Physiotherapy, min per week	75 (15 to 300)	120 (15 to 300)
Oral medication	Tone reduction, n = 3 Anti-epileptics, n = 3 Others, n = 6 Vitamin D-supplement, n= 7 Not used, n = 29	Tone reduction, n = 9 Anti-epileptics, n = 6 Others, n = 14 Vitamin D-supplement, n= 11 Not used, n = 12
BoNT-A treatment in the MG muscle during follow-up (n)	13	11
Serial casting during follow-up (n)	6	1

Frequently used indicated ≥ 50% of the day or night whereas not frequently used indicated <50% of the day or night. The amount of physiotherapy is shown as median (minimum to maximum values). GMFCS, Gross Motor Function Classification System; n, number of children; BoNT-A, botulinum neurotoxin type A; MG, medial gastrocnemius.

Table S3

Fixed and random effects of the piecewise regressions for muscle morphology (GMFCS I n=47 and GMFCS II-III n=40).

Outcome	Participants	Intercept	Breakpoints (c)		Variance random intercept	Variance residual
		α_0 (CI) <i>p-value</i>	c_1 (CI) <i>p-value</i>	c_2 (CI) <i>p-value</i>	$\sigma^2 (=a_{11})$ (CI) <i>p-value</i>	$\sigma^2 (=e_{(1)ij})$ (CI) <i>p-value</i>
MV	GMFCS I	13.2 (10.6-15.7) <0.0001	2.1 (1.8-2.5) <0.0001	7.8 (6.6-9.0) <0.0001	6.7 (5.4-7.9) <0.0001	2.8 (2.5-3.2) <0.0001
	GMFCS	11.1 (9.7-12.5)	9.1 (9.1-9.1)			
	II-III	<0.0001	<0.0001			
nMV	GMFCS I	1.57 (1.39-1.75) <0.0001	2.1 (2.0-2.6) <0.0001	8.0 (8.0-8.0) <0.0001	0.3 (0.3-0.3) <0.0001	0.1 (0.1-0.2) <0.0001
	GMFCS	1.25 (1.12-1.39)	2.7 (2.3-3.1)			
	II-III	<0.0001	<0.0001			
CSA	GMFCS I	241.1 (209.2-273.0) <0.0001	2.2 (2.0-2.4) <0.0001	6.7 (5.6-7.8) <0.0001	62.0 (50.6-73.3) <0.0001	39.3 (32.6-46.0) <0.0001
	GMFCS	209.5 (172.7-246.2)	2.7 (1.5-3.0)	9.1 (8.0-10.3)		
	II-III	<0.0001	<0.0001	<0.0001		
nCSA	GMFCS I	22.4 (20.3-24.4) <0.0001	2.1 (2.1-2.1) <0.0001	9.1 (7.7-10.6) <0.0001	3.7 (3.0-4.4) <0.0001	2.4 (2.0-2.9) <0.0001
	GMFCS	18.4 (16.4-20.4)	2.7 (2.0-3.5)			
	II-III	<0.0001	<0.0001			
ML	GMFCS I	95.9 (92.2-99.6) <0.0001	5.1 (4.5-5.8) <0.0001		12.9 (10.1-15.7) <0.0001	6.3 (5.1-7.5) <0.0001
	GMFCS	91.3 (86.2-96.4)	2.1 (1.6-2.6)			
	II-III	<0.0001	<0.0001			
nML	GMFCS I	11.7 (11.3-12.2) <0.0001	5.1 (4.0-6.2) <0.0001		0.8 (0.7-1.1) <0.0001	0.7 (0.6-0.8) <0.0001
	GMFCS	10.8 (10.5-11.2)				
	II-III	<0.0001				

Results of the differences between slopes and breakpoints (GMFCS, I n=47, and GMFCS II-III n=40).

Outcome	GMFCS I	Δ	p-value	GMFCS II-III	Δ	p-value
MV	$\beta_{1,1}$ vs. $\beta_{2,1}$	7.08	0.0021	$\beta_{1,II-III}$ vs. $\beta_{2,II-III}$	5.32	0.0255
	$\beta_{2,1}$ vs. $\beta_{3,1}$	2.57	0.0278			
	$\beta_{1,1}$ vs. $\beta_{3,1}$	9.65	0.0001			
nMV	$\beta_{1,1}$ vs. $\beta_{2,1}$	0.86	<0.0001	$\beta_{1,II-III}$ vs. $\beta_{2,II-III}$	0.35	<0.0001
	$\beta_{2,1}$ vs. $\beta_{3,1}$	0.09	0.0222			
	$\beta_{1,1}$ vs. $\beta_{3,1}$	0.95	<0.0001			
CSA	$\beta_{1,1}$ vs. $\beta_{2,1}$	121.4	<0.0001	$\beta_{1,II-III}$ vs. $\beta_{2,II-III}$	58.8	0.0050
	$\beta_{2,1}$ vs. $\beta_{3,1}$	30.0	0.0095			
	$\beta_{1,1}$ vs. $\beta_{3,1}$	151.4	<0.0001			
nCSA	$\beta_{1,1}$ vs. $\beta_{2,1}$	9.83	<0.0001	$\beta_{1,II-III}$ vs. $\beta_{2,II-III}$	3.57	0.0106
ML	$\beta_{1,1}$ vs. $\beta_{2,1}$	7.43	<0.0001	$\beta_{1,II-III}$ vs. $\beta_{2,II-III}$	10.3	0.0089
nML	$\beta_{1,1}$ vs. $\beta_{2,1}$	0.43	0.0117	NA		

P-values in bold indicate significance level at p<0.05. The following symbols represent: α = response at the age of 2 years, CI= 95% confidence interval, c = age (years) of the breakpoint, $\sigma^2(a_{1i})$ = variance of random intercept and $\sigma^2(\varepsilon_{(1)ij})$ = variance of residual, β = change in outcome per year and Δ = difference score. GMFCS, gross motor function classification system; n, number; MV, muscle volume; n, normalized; CSA, anatomical cross-sectional area; ML, muscle belly length; NA, not applicable.

