

Supplements

The data presented in this study are available on request from the corresponding author. The data are not publicly available due to ethical reasons.

Table S1: multivariable regression models with PR-Interval lead II

Univariable Analysis		
Variables	OR	95%-CI
PR-Interval lead II (ms)	1.01	1.00 – 1.01
Adjusted OR Model 1		
PR-Interval lead II (ms)	1.00	1.00 – 1.04
AS5F per points	1.02	1.00 – 1.04
logMR-proANP (pmol/l)	6.63	2.67 – 16.42
Adjusted OR Model 2†		
PR-Interval lead II (ms)	1.00	1.00 – 1.01
AS5F per points	1.01	1.00 – 1.04
logMR-proANP (pmol/l)	5.70	2.28 – 14.25
LAESD per cm	1.54	1.01 – 2.35
Large vessel stroke	0.15	0.05 – 0.41

† Due to missing data, we performed multiple Imputation

Table S2: univariable regression analysis with logP-terminal force as dependent variable and NDAF as independent variable. logPTFV1 did not show a significant association with NDAF in univariable regression analysis with a narrow CI, and therefore no further analysis was performed.

Univariable Analysis		
Variable	OR	95%-CI
logP-terminal force in lead V1 ($\mu\text{V} \times \text{ms}$)	1.00	1.00 – 1.00

Table S3

STROBE Statement—checklist of items that should be included in reports of observational studies

	Item No	Recommendation	Page No
Title and abstract	1	(a) Indicate the study’s design with a commonly used term in the title or the abstract	1
		(b) Provide in the abstract an informative and balanced summary of what was done and what was found	1
Introduction			
Background/rationale	2	Explain the scientific background and rationale for the investigation being reported	1, 2
Objectives	3	State specific objectives, including any prespecified hypotheses	2
Methods			
Study design	4	Present key elements of study design early in the paper	2
Setting	5	Describe the setting, locations, and relevant dates, including periods of recruitment, exposure, follow-up, and data collection	2-5
Participants	6	(a) Cohort study—Give the eligibility criteria, and the sources and methods of selection of participants. Describe methods of follow-up	2-6
		Case-control study—Give the eligibility criteria, and the sources and methods of case ascertainment and control selection. Give the rationale for the choice of cases and controls	
		Cross-sectional study—Give the eligibility criteria, and the sources and methods of selection of participants	
		(b) Cohort study—For matched studies, give matching criteria and number of exposed and unexposed	N/A
		Case-control study—For matched studies, give matching criteria and the number of controls per case	
Variables	7	Clearly define all outcomes, exposures, predictors, potential confounders, and effect modifiers. Give diagnostic criteria, if applicable	2 - 10
Data sources/measurement	8*	For each variable of interest, give sources of data and details of methods of assessment (measurement). Describe comparability of assessment methods if there is more than one group	2 - 10

Bias	9	Describe any efforts to address potential sources of bias	9
Study size	10	Explain how the study size was arrived at	5, 7
Quantitative variables	11	Explain how quantitative variables were handled in the analyses. If applicable, describe which groupings were chosen and why	6
Statistical methods	12	(a) Describe all statistical methods, including those used to control for confounding	2 - 7
		(b) Describe any methods used to examine subgroups and interactions	N/A
		(c) Explain how missing data were addressed	1, 6
		(d) <i>Cohort study</i> —If applicable, explain how loss to follow-up was addressed <i>Case-control study</i> —If applicable, explain how matching of cases and controls was addressed <i>Cross-sectional study</i> —If applicable, describe analytical methods taking account of sampling strategy	N/A
		(e) Describe any sensitivity analyses	1, 6, 7