



Article Shear Transfer Resistance with Different Interface Conditions: Evaluation of Design Provisions and Proposed Equation

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Abstract: The design provisions in current codes for shear resistance of concrete-to-concrete interfaces exhibit significant differences. In this study, the accuracy of design provisions for interface shear resistance was evaluated and compared. From the literature search, a database of 458 push-off test results of interface shear resistance was created to evaluate the shear transfer provisions from the ACI 318-19, PCI Design Handbook, AASHTO LRFD Bridge Design Specifications, CSA-S6, Eurocode 2, and Fib Model Code 2010. In addition, an equation was derived based on push-off test results collected from the literature to calculate the interface shear resistance for the monolithic uncracked interface. According to many analyses and evaluations of parameters affecting the interface shear resistance, the compressive strength of concrete played an important role, especially for the monolithic uncracked interface. Therefore, the compressive strength of concrete was included in the proposed equation to calculate the interface shear resistance in this study. It is expected that this equation can be applied more accurately than the existing design provisions when high-strength concrete is used. Statistical analyses were carried out for comparison with the existing design provisions to verify the applicability of the proposed equation. The results show that the proposed equation reasonably predicted the interface shear resistance for the monolithic uncracked interface. Appropriate conclusions were also drawn for the design provisions.

Keywords: interface shear resistance; different interface conditions; design provisions; monolithic uncracked interface

1. Introduction

In concrete mechanics, interface shear transfer in reinforced concrete is probably one of the most important properties to be studied. Shear forces are transferred across an interface in many practical situations. Some typical examples of shear transfer interfaces are a potential or existing crack in a corbel, a cold joint in the shear wall, and an interface between a precast girder and cast-in-place deck in bridges. Recently, innovative off-site constructions utilizing prefabricated bridge elements have been continuously developed. The full-depth deck panel system is a typical system. In recent studies [1–3], prefabricated composite girders with precast deck panels connected to the steel girders by injecting conventional grout into a continuous channel above the steel girders have been proposed. The performance of prefabricated composite girders with such injection channel connections is greatly influenced by the details and design of connections. The design of the injection channel connection is complicated with three different types of critical interfaces including the interface shear of monolithic grout (1) (consisting of (1A), (1B), and (1C)), interface shear between the precast deck and the field-cast haunch (2), and interface shear between the steel beam and the field-cast haunch (3), as indicated in Figure 1.



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Figure 1. Interfaces of the injection channel connection: (**a**) conventional connection (shear connector and reinforcement intersect) and (**b**) novel connection (shear connector and reinforcement do not intersect).

There are two types of connection: conventional connection (shear connector and reinforcement intersect), as shown in Figure 1a, and novel connection (shear connector and reinforcement do not intersect), as shown in Figure 1b. These two cases are different in the interface shear of monolithic grout. For conventional connection, the shear strength of monolithic grout is reinforced by reinforcements (1A, 1B) or shear connectors (1C). For novel connection, the shear strength of monolithic grout includes only the shear strength of grout. The failure of the interface shear of monolithic grout is the minimum value corresponding to the interfaces (1A), (1B), and (1C). This study focuses on the interface types (1) and (2). Along with the development of prefabricated bridge elements, more different types of interfaces need to be considered. One of those categories that may be notable is the unreinforced monolithic uncracked interface, for which it is expected that the high compressive strength of concrete or grout can significantly improve the interface shear resistance. These interfaces should be designed carefully. Interface shear resistance is a research subject that has been extensively investigated in the past. For this purpose, the most typical types of specimens utilized are push-off specimens with uncracked, precracked, or cold-jointed interfaces. Most of the equations for the estimation of interface shear resistance are suggested based on the push-off test results. Many codes also suggest equations to compute the interface shear resistance for different interface types. This study evaluated the design provisions and proposed an equation that is expected to be more widely applicable to various cases for critical interfaces of prefabricated structures.

2. Background and Design Provisions of Interface Shear

Birkeland and Birkeland [4] were the first authors to propose a shear friction theory, as illustrated in Figure 2, to compute the ultimate shear resistance of concrete interfaces, which can be presented by the following equation:

$$v_u = \rho f_y \tan \varphi = \rho f_y \mu \tag{1}$$

where v_u is the ultimate interface shear resistance, ρ is the interface shear reinforcement ratio, f_y is the reinforcement yield stress, φ is the internal friction angle, μ is the friction factor, and ρf_y is known as the clamping stress.



Figure 2. Shear friction theory model [4].

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When first suggested by Birkeland and Birkeland, this equation included the following conditions:

- $f_y \leq 60 \text{ (ksi)}$
- $\rho \leq 1.5\%$

 $v_u \le 800 \text{ and } f_c' \ge 4000 \text{ (psi)}$

The shear friction theory assumes that when shear and compression forces act on concrete-to-concrete interfaces, the main load transfer mechanism is friction. The shear resistance is generated by surface roughness and a relative slippage between two concrete surfaces. A normal displacement and tensile stresses in the reinforcement crossing the interface are generated which grow clamping stress and lead to slippage resistance. From Figure 2, the normal displacement grows with the increase in slippage, and this displacement causes the yield tension of the reinforcement, which corresponds to shear resistance. After the shear friction theory was proposed, many researchers introduced different terms to develop the shear friction theory. In 1972, an equation named "modified shear friction theory" was proposed by Mattock and Hawkins [5,6]. In this equation, besides the friction mechanism related to surface roughness and clamping stress, the cohesion mechanism was also considered for the first time. Mattock et al. carried out many studies on interface shear resistance [7–10]. Then, equations were attempted to be adopted by many researchers. In 1997, a remarkable development in the design equations for shear resistance of concrete interfaces was proposed by Randl [11]. Randl considered the interface shear resistance including three load transfer mechanisms: (1) cohesion related to adhesion and aggregate interlock, (2) friction caused by surface roughness and clamping stress and/or externally applied loads, and (3) dowel action due to the deformation of the shear reinforcement. Then, to simplify Randl's equation, other researchers suggested an equation neglecting the dowel action and considering the dowel action influence as a portion of the clamping stress [12]. In 2000, Zilch and Reinecke [13] analyzed the three different load transfer mechanisms in more detail by establishing the relationship between slippage and interface shear resistance, as indicated in Figure 3. First, cohesion activates after small interface slippage caused by the loss of adhesion; then, it declines quickly with the increase in slippage. Second, friction is related to external loads perpendicular to the interface and clamping influence due to tension force when using shear reinforcement. Lastly, dowel action occurs after cohesion is broken.



Figure 3. Three load transfer mechanisms are based on slippage [13].

In 2003, surface roughness was considered directly for the first time in the equation proposed by Gohnert [14]. To emphasize the importance of surface roughness, Santos and Júlio [15] suggested an equation for interfaces with different surface roughness preparations.

Based on a great amount of past research, the codes suggest equations for predicting the interface shear resistance of concrete-to-concrete interfaces. Provisions for interface shear resistance from *ACI 318-19* [16], *PCI Design Handbook* [17], *AASHTO LRFD* [18], *CSA-S6* [19], *Eurocode 2* [20], and *Fib Model Code 2010* [21] are presented below. In order to facilitate the comparison and presentation, the form of design equations is unified to be based on stress.

ACI 318-19 [16]

ACI 318-19 [16] (Article 22.9.4) assumes a crack across the interface. Therefore, the cohesion mechanism (adhesion and aggregate interlock) is ignored. Friction due to clamping stress of reinforcement across the interface is the only load transfer mechanism considered. Moreover, the dowel action mechanism is also neglected. The friction factor based on four different interface conditions for normal weight concrete and lightweight concrete is presented. The strength reduction factor $\phi = 0.75$. According to the *ACI 318-19*, when shear friction reinforcement is perpendicular to the interface, shear resistance across the assumed interface shall be calculated by:

$$\begin{aligned}
v_n &= \mu \rho f_y \\
v_n &\leq v_{n,max}
\end{aligned} \tag{2}$$

where μ is the friction factor (see Table 1), ρ is the interface shear reinforcement ratio = A_{vf}/A_{cv} , A_{vf} is the area of shear reinforcement crossing the interface, A_{cv} is the area of the concrete section resisting shear transfer, f_y is the reinforcement yield stress (limited in design to 413.7 MPa), $v_{n,max}$ is the maximum nominal interface shear resistance (see Table 1), and v_n is the nominal interface shear resistance.

Table 1. Friction coefficients and upper limits.

Contact Surface Condition	μ	$v_{n,max}$ (MPa)
Concrete placed monolithically	1.4λ	
Concrete placed against hardened concrete that is clean and intentionally roughened to a full amplitude of approximately 6 mm	1.0λ	For normal-weight concrete (monolithic or roughened), $\begin{cases} 0.2f'_c \\ 3.31 + 0.08f' \end{cases}$
Concrete placed against hardened concrete that is clean and not intentionally roughened	0.6λ	For all other cases, lesser of
Concrete anchored to as-rolled structural steel by headed studs or by reinforcing bars where all steel in contact with concrete is clean and free of paint	0.7λ	$\left\{\begin{array}{c}0.2f_c'\\5.52\end{array}\right\}$

 $\overline{\lambda}$ = modification factor for concrete weight (λ = 1.0 for normal-weight concrete, λ = 0.85 for sand lightweight concrete, λ = 0.75 for all lightweight concrete). f_c' = compressive strength of concrete.

PCI Design Handbook, seventh edition [17]

The *PCI Design Handbook* [17] (Article 5.3.6) suggests two equations to calculate the interface shear resistance across an interface with reinforcement perpendicular to the interface:

 \overline{U}

$$p_n = \mu_e \rho f_y \tag{3a}$$

$$v_n = \mu \rho f_y \tag{3b}$$

$$\mu_e = \frac{\phi 1000\lambda\mu}{v_u} (\text{psi}) = \frac{\phi 6.895\lambda\mu}{v_u} (\text{MPa})$$

 $v_n \leq v_{n,max}$

where μ_e is the effective coefficient of friction (limited by the values given in Table 2), ϕ is the strength reduction factor, v_u is the factored shear stress demand, λ is the concrete weight reduction factor (see Table 2), μ is the friction factor (see Table 2), ρ is the interface

shear reinforcement ratio = A_{vf}/A_{cv} , A_{vf} is the area of the shear reinforcement crossing the interface, A_{cv} is the area of the concrete section resisting shear transfer, f_y is the reinforcement yield stress (limited in design to 413.7 MPa), $v_{n,max}$ is the maximum nominal interface shear resistance (see Table 2), and v_n is the nominal interface shear resistance.

Table 2. Friction coefficients and upper limits.

Contact Surface Condition	μ	$\mu_{e,max}$	$v_{n,max}$ (Psi)
Concrete placed monolithically	1.4λ	3.4	$0.3\lambda f_c{}^\prime < 1000$
Concrete to hardened concrete, with roughened surface	1.0λ	2.9	$0.25\lambda f_c{}^\prime < 1000$
Concrete placed against hardened concrete not intentionally roughened	0.6λ	n/a	$0.2\lambda f_{c}{}^{\prime} < 800$
Concrete to steel	0.7λ	n/a	$0.2\lambda f_c{}^\prime < 800$

 λ = modification factor for concrete weight (λ = 1.0 for normal-weight concrete, λ = 0.85 for sand lightweight concrete, λ = 0.75 for all lightweight concrete). f_c' = compressive strength of concrete.

Substituting v_u/ϕ by the nominal shear resistance v_n and combining Equation (3a) and the equation for the calculation of μ_e gives Equation (4):

$$v_n = \sqrt{6.895 \mu \lambda \rho f_y} \tag{4}$$

From the above equation, the shear resistance v_n is proportional to the $\sqrt{\rho f_y}$ instead of ρf_y . This increases the shear resistances at low values of clamping stress and thus has some similarities with the cohesion term addition. Monolithic interfaces and intentionally roughened cold joints are recommended using Equation (3a), while steel-to-concrete interfaces and non-roughened cold joints should utilize Equation (3b). The *PCI* uses the strength reduction factor $\phi = 0.75$.

AASHTO LRFD (2020) [18]

The AASHTO LRFD Bridge Design Specifications [18] (Article 5.7.4) suggests equations to compute the nominal shear resistance across any given plane. The AASHTO LRFD uses the modified shear friction model including the cohesion mechanism (adhesion and aggregate interlock). The strength reduction factor in the AASHTO LRFD is 0.9. The nominal interface shear resistance shall be taken as:

$$v_n = c + \mu(\rho f_y + N)$$

$$v_n \le K_1 f'_c$$

$$v_n \le K_2$$
(5)

where *c* is the cohesive factor (see Table 3), μ is the friction factor (see Table 3), ρ is the interface shear reinforcement ratio = A_{vf}/A_{cv} , A_{vf} is the area of the shear reinforcement crossing the interface, A_{cv} is the area of the concrete section resisting shear transfer, *N* is the permanent net compressive stress = P_c/A_{cv} , P_c is the permanent net compressive force, f_y is the reinforcement yield stress (limited in design to 413.7 MPa), K_1 is the fraction of concrete strength available to resist interface shear (see Table 3), K_2 is the limiting interface shear resistance (see Table 3), f_c' is the compressive strength of concrete, and v_n is the nominal interface shear resistance.

Interface Type	c (MPa)	μ	K_1	<i>K</i> ₂ (MPa)
Concrete placed monolithically For normal-weight concrete For lightweight concrete	2.8 1.7	1.4 1	0.25 0.25	10.3 6.9
Cast-in-place concrete slab on clean concrete girder surfaces, with surface roughened to an amplitude of 6 mm <i>For normal-weight concrete</i> <i>For lightweight concrete</i>	1.9 1.9	1 1	0.3 0.3	12.4 9
Concrete placed against a clean concrete surface, with surface intentionally roughened to an amplitude of 6 mm <i>For normal-weight concrete</i> <i>For lightweight concrete</i>	1.7 1.7	1 1	0.25 0.25	10.3 6.9
Concrete placed against a clean concrete surface, but not intentionally roughened	0.52	0.6	0.2	5.5
Concrete anchored to as-rolled structural steel by headed studs or by reinforcing bars where all steel in contact with concrete is clean and free of paint	0.17	0.7	0.2	5.5

Table 3. Coefficients for different interface types.

CSA-S6-06 [19]

The *Canadian Highway Bridge Design Code CSA-S6* [19] (Article 8.9.5.1) assumes that cracks occurring along with the interface and the shear resistance is constituted by two load transfer mechanisms: cohesion and friction. The strength reduction factor in the *CSA-S6* is 0.75. The interface shear resistance may be computed as:

$$v_n = \lambda [c + \mu (\rho f_y + N)]$$

$$v_n \le 0.25 f'_c$$

$$v_n \le 6.5 \text{MPa}$$
(6)

where λ is the modification factor for concrete weight (equal to 1.0 for normal-weight concrete, 0.85 for sand lightweight concrete, and 0.75 for all lightweight concrete), *c* is the cohesive factor (see Table 4), μ is the friction factor (see Table 4), ρ is the interface shear reinforcement ratio = A_{vf}/A_{cv} , A_{vf} is the area of the shear reinforcement crossing the interface, A_{cv} is the area of the concrete section resisting shear transfer, *N* is the permanent net compressive stress = P_c/A_{cv} , P_c is the permanent net compressive force, f_y is the reinforcement yield stress (limited in design to 500 MPa), f_c' is the compressive strength of concrete, and v_n is the nominal interface shear resistance.

Table 4. Coefficients for different interface types.

Contact Surface Condition	c (MPa)	μ
Concrete placed monolithically	1	1.4
Concrete placed against a clean concrete surface, with surface intentionally roughened to an amplitude of 5 mm	0.5	1
Concrete placed against a clean concrete surface, but not intentionally roughened	0.25	0.6
Concrete anchored to as-rolled structural steel by headed studs or by reinforcing bars	0	0.6

Eurocode 2 (EN 1992-1-1:2004) [20]

Eurocode 2 [20] (Article 6.2.5) suggests an equation for predicting interface shear resistance between concretes cast at different times. As indicated in Equation (7), *Eurocode*

2 considers the cohesion mechanism in relation to the lower design tensile strength of concrete and the friction mechanism related to clamping stress and externally applied stresses perpendicular to the interface. The dowel action effect is neglected. The factors of cohesion and friction are proposed for four different interface types.

$$v_{Rdi} = cf_{ctd} + \mu\sigma_n + \rho f_{yd}(\mu\sin\alpha + \cos\alpha) \le 0.5vf_{cd}$$

$$v = 0.6\left(1 - \frac{f_{ck}}{250}\right)$$
(7)

where *c* and μ are the factors which depend on the surface roughness (see Table 5), f_{ck} is the characteristic compressive cylinder strength of concrete, f_{ctd} is the design tensile strength, f_{yd} is the design yield strength of reinforcement, f_{cd} is the design value of concrete compressive strength, *v* is the strength reduction factor for concrete, ρ is the interface shear reinforcement ratio = A_{vf}/A_{cv} , A_{vf} is the area of the shear reinforcement crossing the interface, A_{cv} is the area of the concrete section resisting shear transfer, σ_n is the stress per unit area (positive for compression, such that $\sigma_n < 0.6f_{cd}$, and negative for tension; when σ_n is tensile, cf_{ctd} should be taken as 0), α is the angle of the interface shear reinforcement measured from the horizontal interface shear plane, and v_{Rdi} is the design shear strength at the interface.

Table 5. Coefficients for different surface roughness.

Surface Roughness	С	μ
Very smooth	0.025 to 0.1	0.5
Smooth	0.2	0.6
Rough	0.4	0.7
Very rough	0.5	0.9

Fib model code 2010 [21]

The *Fib model code* 2010 (*Fib MC* 2010) [21] (Article 7.3.3.6) considers all three load transfer mechanisms, as indicated in Equation 8: The cohesion mechanism related to the lower characteristic compressive strength of concrete, the friction mechanism as a function of externally applied stresses and clamping stress, and the dowel action mechanism due to flexural deformation. It should be noted that this code is the first to consider the dowel action.

$$v_{Rdi} = c_r f_{ck}^{1/3} + \mu \sigma_n + k_1 \rho f_{yd} (\mu \sin \alpha + \cos \alpha) + k_2 \rho \sqrt{f_{yd} f_{cd}} \le \beta_c v f_{cd}$$

$$v = 0.55 \left(\frac{30}{f_{ck}}\right)^{1/3} < 0.55$$
(8)

where c_r is the coefficient for aggregate interlock effects at rough interfaces (see Table 6), f_{ck} is the characteristic compressive cylinder strength of concrete, f_{yd} is the design yield strength of reinforcement, f_{cd} is the design value of concrete compressive strength, v is the strength reduction factor for concrete, k_1 is the interaction coefficient for tensile force activated in the reinforcement or the dowels (see Table 6), k_2 is the interaction coefficient for flexural resistance (see Table 6), μ is the friction factor (see Table 6), ρ is the interface shear reinforcement ratio = A_{vf}/A_{cv} , A_{vf} is the area of the shear reinforcement crossing the interface, A_{cv} is the area of the concrete section resisting shear transfer, σ_n is the compressive stress resulting from an eventual normal force acting on the interface, α is the inclination of the reinforcement crossing the interface, β_c is the coefficient for the strength of the compression strut (see Table 6), and v_{Rdi} is the design shear strength at the interface.

Surface Roughness	C.	k	<i>k</i> ₂	β_c	μ	
	C _f	<i>k</i> ₁			$f_{ck} \ge 20$	$f_{ck} \ge$ 35
Very rough $R_t \ge 3.0 \text{ mm}$	0.2	0.5	0.9	0.5	0.8	1.0
Rough $R_t \ge 1.5 \text{ mm}$	0.1	0.5	0.9	0.5	0	.7
Smooth	0	0.5	1.1	0.4	0.6	
Very smooth	0	0	1.5	0.3	0	.5

Table 6. Coefficients for different surface roughness.

 $\overline{R_t}$ = peak-to-meanline surface roughness.

3. Database

The literature search was conducted to collect published experimental data on the shear transfer of concrete interfaces. To concentrate on the basic shear transfer for the evaluation of design provisions, the database presented in this paper addresses only direct push-off, reinforcement perpendicular to the interface, and interfaces subject to monotonic pure shear loads. The test database included 458 push-off test specimens from nineteen studies. Details of the test programs that meet the data selection criteria in this study are summarized in Table 7. The database arrangement includes the source of test data, test year, interface type, concrete type, number of specimens, compressive strength of concrete f_c' , and clamping stress ρf_y (ρf_y is calculated using the upper limit of the yield strength of the reinforcement f_y for each code). In each test program, the total number of test specimens conducted may be higher than that listed in the table (test specimens that do not satisfy the collection criteria are not included).

Table 7. Summary of database.

Researchers	Year	Interface Type	Concrete Type	Number of Specimens	<i>fc'</i> (MPa)	ρfy (MPa)
	10/0	M-U	NW	13	26.48 to 31.10	0.00 to 9.23
Hofbeck et al. [22]	1969	M-P	NW	19	16.44 to 29.92	1.54 to 9.23
Mattack at al [9]	1075	M-U	NW	2	27.82 to 27.99	3.81 to 5.65
Mattock et al. [0]	1975	M-P	NW	2	26.58 to 29.10	3.74 to 5.43
		M-P	NW	8	40.13 to 42.23	1.57 to 13.29
Mattock [9]	1976	J-R	NW	14	17.20 to 41.75	1.56 to 10.87
		J-S	NW	18	40.16 to 42.61	1.45 to 10.33
		M-U	NW	7	26.89 to 28.82	0.00 to 9.59
		M-U	SLW	7	25.79 to 29.30	0.00 to 9.43
Mattack at al [10]	1076	M-U	ALW	14	26.75 to 30.48	0.00 to 9.52
Mattock et al. [10]	1976	M-P	NW	6	26.89 to 28.82	1.54 to 9.10
		M-P	SLW	18	13.79 to 41.34	1.50 to 9.43
		M-P	ALW	14	26.75 to 30.48	1.51 to 9.68
Hoff [23]	1993	M-P	SLW	18	57.16 to 75.98	1.94 to 3.94
		M-U	NW	19	46.92 to 123.81	1.52 to 6.07
Kahn and Mitchell [24]	2002	M-P	NW	19	46.92 to 113.60	1.52 to 6.07
Kann and Mitchell [24]	2002	J-R	NW	10	80.91 to 104.93	1.52 to 6.07
		J-S	NW	2	83.11 to 98.78	1.52 to 3.03
Mansur et al. [25]	2008	M-P	NW	19	40.20 to 106.40	1.68 to 10.83
Aziz [26]	2010	M-U	NW	4	24	0.00 to 3.22
C	2010	J-R	NW	3	42.40	2.00
Scott [27]	2010	J-R	SLW	6	39.51	2.00
Harries et al. [28]	2012	J-R	NW	8	33.99	1.65 to 2.90
		J-R	NW	6	33.51 to 52.06	5.38
		J-R	SLW	6	31.58 to 49.64	5.38
Shaw and Snood [20]	2014	J-R	ALW	6	41.92 to 54.08	5.38
Shaw and Sheed [29]	2014	J-S	NW	6	33.51 to 52.06	5.38
		J-S	SLW	6	31.58 to 49.64	5.38
		J-S	ALW	6	41.92 to 54.08	5.38

Researchers	Year	Interface Type	Concrete Type	Number of Specimens	<i>fc'</i> (MPa)	$ ho f_y$ (MPa)
Rahal and Al-Khaleefi [30]	2015	M-U	NW	9	34.09 to 41.40	0.00 to 7.88
Rahal et al. [31]	2016	M-U	NW	15	34.96 to 81.20	0.93 to 7.88
Sneed et al. [32]	2016	M-U M-U M-U M-P M-P J-R J-R J-R	NW SLW ALW NW SLW ALW SLW ALW	2 2 2 2 2 2 2 12 4	33.37 32.89 32.41 33.37 32.89 32.41 31.99 to 38.41 30.20 to 30.75	5.38 5.38 5.38 5.38 5.38 5.38 5.38 3.72 to 9.10 5.38
		J-S J-S	SLW ALW		31.37 to 38.41 30.20 to 30.75	3.72 to 9.10 5.38
Waseem and Singh [33]	2016	M-U	NW	48	30.24 to 73.60	0.00 to 5.28
Xiao et al. [34]	2016	M-U	NW	19	23.43 to 33.03	3.63
Barbosa et al. [35]	2017	J-R	NW	20	28.2	1.72 to 2.67
Ahmad et al. [36]	2018	M-U	NW	12	40	0.00 to 6.65
Valikhani et al. [37]	2021	M-U	NW	3	47	0.00
Total	1969 to 2021	M-U, M-P, J-R, J-S	NW, SLW, ALW	458	13.79 to 123.81	0 to 13.29

Table 7. Cont.

All test programs that constitute the database were carried out between 1969 and 2021. The test programs in the database consisted of specimens made of four interface conditions and three concrete types. The interface conditions were monolithic uncracked (M-U), monolithic precracked (M-P), and cold joints that were intentionally roughened (J-R) and not roughened (that is, smooth) (J-S), as shown in Figure 4. The concrete types were sand lightweight (SLW), all lightweight (ALW), and normal-weight (NW). Of the 458 test specimens given in the database, the number of normal-weight concrete specimens was 315, the number of sand lightweight concrete specimens was 91, and the number of all lightweight concrete specimens was 52 (69%, 20%, and 11% of the total, respectively). Most of the available tests (approximately 67% of the total) consisted of monolithic specimens, with the majority of tests carried out on uncracked specimens. Cold joint specimens accounted for about 33% of the total specimens collected, and most were intentionally roughened cold joints. The compressive strength of concrete varied over a wide range. The compressive strength of concrete of 13.79 through 55 MPa accounted for approximately 76% of the total. Around 24% of the total had a compressive strength of concrete of 55 through 123.81 MPa. For cold joint specimens, the lower compressive strength was only reported when the two sides of the interface had different compressive strengths of concrete. The clamping stresses ranged from 0 MPa to 13.29 MPa, with the majority of them varying in the 0 MPa to 10 MPa range.



Figure 4. Direct push-off with interface conditions: (**a**) monolithic uncracked, (**b**) monolithic precracked, (**c**) intentionally roughened cold joint, and (**d**) cold joint that is not roughened.

4. Evaluation of Design Provisions

In this section, the interface shear resistance according to design codes is evaluated based on the test results in the database summarized in Section 3. The design provisions considered include six major international codes, namely, ACI 318-19; PCI Design Handbook; AASHTO LRFD; CSA-S6; Eurocode 2; and Fib Model Code 2010.

Details of test specimens and experimental and predicted results on interface shear resistance are presented in the Appendix A. Predicted interface shear resistance is compared with experimental results in original papers to evaluate the accuracy of design provisions. The columns of the Appendix A include the source of test data, specimen name, compressive strength of concrete f_c' , area of the concrete section resisting shear transfer A_{cv} , area of the shear reinforcement crossing the interface A_{vf} , reinforcement ratio ρ , yield strength of reinforcement f_{y} , clamping stress ρf_y (ρf_y is calculated using the upper limit of the yield strength of the reinforcement f_{y} for each code), peak measured shear stress v_{test} , calculated interface shear resistance v_{cal} (v_{cal} is calculated utilizing ρf_{y}), and ratio v_{test}/v_{cal} for each test specimen and each of the design provisions. In addition, the mean, maximum, and minimum values, standard deviation (STD), and coefficient of variation (COV) of v_{test}/v_{cal} are reported for each group of specimens. The peak measured shear stress v_{test} is defined as V_{test}/A_{cv} , where V_{test} is the peak measured shear force. Interface shear resistance v_{cal} is calculated with the above-mentioned design provisions and proposed equation in this study (the proposed equation is presented in Section 6). The statistical results of v_{test}/v_{cal} are not separated by concrete type, but for different concrete types (normal-weight, sand lightweight, or all lightweight concrete), appropriate equations are utilized.

From the calculation results listed in the Appendix A, ratios v_{test}/v_{cal} are plotted against the compressive strength of concrete f_c' and the clamping stress of shear reinforcement ρf_y , as shown in Figures 5–8. The vertical axis of each graph ranges from 0 to 6.0 for each of the six design provisions evaluated. Ratios v_{test}/v_{cal} greater than 6.0 are not indicated in the graphs, but they are listed in the Appendix A. These figures are plotted to compare the peak measured shear stress v_{test} with the interface shear resistance v_{cal} calculated utilizing equations from codes for specimens with different interface types (M-U, M-P, J-R, J-M) and different concrete types (NW, SLW, ALW).

From Figures 5–8, the evaluation and comparison of shear resistance for each interface had the following trends:

Monolithic uncracked: All four codes provided conservative predictions of the interface shear resistance (that is, v_{test}/v_{cal} greater than 1.0) for the entire ranges of f_c and ρf_y . The AASHTO LRFD tended to provide the most accurate overall predictions of the interface shear resistance. Larger conservative estimates were observed in all four design provisions at low values of clamping stress and high values of compressive strength of concrete.

Monolithic precracked: The ACI 318-19 strength predictions were conservative at all clamping stresses and compressive strengths of concrete. The predictions of the CSA-S6 and PCI provided some v_{test}/v_{cal} values less than 1.0. Figure 6 illustrates that for these two codes, values less than 1.0 occur for specimens made with lightweight concrete and for low clamping stress. Although the AASHTO LRFD again tended to be more accurate than other codes, the AASHTO LRFD strength estimates were unconservative.

Intentionally roughened cold joint: All six design provisions provided conservative values of interface shear resistance (that is, v_{test}/v_{cal} greater than 1.0) for the entire ranges of f_c' and ρf_y and especially for high values of f_c' . The AASHTO LRFD and Eurocode 2 tended to provide the most accurate estimates.

Cold joint that is not roughened: The effective friction approach is not applicable to this interface condition, so the *ACI 318-19* and *PCI* provided identical strength estimates. The *AASHTO LRFD, Eurocode 2*, and *Fib MC 2010* tended to be more accurate but provided some unconservative strength predictions that occur for normal-weight concrete (the mean value is still much greater than 1.0). The strength predictions of the *ACI 318-19, CSA-S6*, and *PCI* codes were conservative over the entire range of compressive strength of concrete and clamping stress, but the scatter was larger than the other codes.

The mean, maximum, and minimum values, standard deviation (STD), and coefficient of variation (COV) of v_{test}/v_{cal} for each of the specimen groups with the same interface condition are summarized in Table 8. An alternative presentation of these results is shown in Figure 9. Not all design provisions are applicable to all interface conditions. Therefore, when the results are summarized, not applicable (n/a) is shown in these cases.



Figure 5. Compressive strength of concrete f_c' and clamping stress ρf_y versus the ratio v_{test}/v_{cal} (monolithic uncracked interface).



Figure 6. Compressive strength of concrete f_c' and clamping stress ρf_y versus the ratio v_{test}/v_{cal} (monolithic precracked interface).



Figure 7. Cont.



Figure 7. Compressive strength of concrete f_c' and clamping stress ρf_y versus the ratio v_{test}/v_{cal} (interface that is intentionally roughened).



Figure 8. Cont.



Figure 8. Compressive strength of concrete f_c' and clamping stress ρf_y versus the ratio v_{test}/v_{cal} (interface that is not roughened).

Table 8. Statistical	l analysis c	of design	provisions de	pending o	on the interface conditions.
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Codes	Statistics	Monolithic Uncracked	Monolithic Precracked	Roughened	Smooth
	Average	1.65	1.08	1.49	1.57
	Maximum	3.45	1.73	3.66	2.84
AASHTO LRFD	Minimum	1.03	0.61	1.00	0.80
	STD	0.53	0.21	0.47	0.54
	COV (%)	31.87	19.29	31.75	34.10
	Average	3.18	1.59	2.44	2.32
	Maximum	11.41	2.91	6.91	4.21
CSA-S6	Minimum	1.39	0.84	1.64	1.02
	STD	2.14	0.40	0.77	0.89
	COV (%)	67.31	24.85	31.60	38.64
	Average	2.35	1.54	2.08	2.54
	Maximum	4.09	2.74	4.31	5.34
PCI	Minimum	1.37	0.72	1.26	1.07
	STD	0.70	0.37	0.57	0.99
	COV (%)	29.60	23.74	27.60	39.13

Codes	Statistics	Monolithic Uncracked	Monolithic Precracked	Roughened	Smooth
	Average	2.94	1.86	2.86	2.54
	Maximum	8.86	3.42	9.18	5.34
ACI 318-19	Minimum	1.70	1.13	1.80	1.07
	STD	1.28	0.42	1.03	0.99
	COV (%)	43.39	22.49	35.99	39.13
	Average			1.62	1.46
	Maximum			3.60	2.57
Eurocode 2	Minimum	n/a	n/a	1.11	0.74
	STD			0.44	0.50
	COV (%)			27.08	33.99
	Average			2.09	1.60
Fib MC 2010	Maximum			4.48	2.73
	Minimum	n/a	n/a	1.25	0.77
	STD			0.51	0.52
	COV (%)			24.49	32.45







Figure 9. Bar charts for statistical analysis of design provisions depending on the interface conditions.

Monolithic uncracked: mean values of v_{test}/v_{cal} summarized in Table 8 indicate that the *AASHTO LRFD* was the most accurate because the mean value is closest to 1.0, while the *CSA-S6*, *PCI*, and *ACI 318-19* provided more conservative estimates for interface shear resistance (mean v_{test}/v_{cal} of 3.18, 2.35, and 2.94, respectively). The *AASHTO LRFD* and *PCI* codes provided the most stable estimates (the lowest COV values for v_{test}/v_{cal} were 31.87% and 29.60%, respectively). In contrast, the *CSA-S6* and *ACI 318-19* provided the most scattered estimates (their COV values for v_{test}/v_{cal} were 67.31% and 43.39%, respectively).

Monolithic precracked: The AASHTO LRFD was the most accurate and consistent due to the lowest mean and COV values for v_{test}/v_{cal} (1.08 and 19.29%, respectively), but

Table 8. Cont.

there were many unconservative cases. The ACI 318-19 is secure to calculate for monolithic precracked specimens because all ratios v_{test}/v_{cal} are greater than 1.0.

Intentionally roughened cold joint: Values of v_{test}/v_{cal} summarized in Table 8 indicate that the *AASHTO LRFD* and *Eurocode* 2 were the most accurate because the mean value is closest to 1.0 and it is stable due to low COV values, while the *CSA-S6*, *PCI*, and *Fib MC* 2010 provided more conservative predictions for interface shear resistance (mean v_{test}/v_{cal} of 2.44, 2.08, and 2.09, respectively). The *ACI* 318-19 provided the most conservative and scattered estimates as their mean and COV for v_{test}/v_{cal} were 2.86 and 35.99%, respectively.

Cold joint that is not roughened: The AASHTO LRFD, Eurocode 2, and Fib MC 2010 were the most accurate and consistent due to the lowest mean and COV values for v_{test}/v_{cal} , but there were many unconservative cases. The CSA-S6, PCI, and ACI 318-19 are secure to calculate for cold joint specimens that are not roughened because all ratios v_{test}/v_{cal} are greater than 1.0.

5. Effect of Key Parameters

Figure 10 indicates the peak measured shear stress as a function of the clamping stress for all four interface conditions. In each interface type, the peak measured shear stress is grouped by concrete type. Moreover, for the monolithic uncracked interface, the peak measured shear stress is further grouped by the compressive strength of concrete. Trends were detected from Figure 10: The peak measured shear stress v_{test} generally increased with growth in clamping stress ρf_y for all four interface types. This trend indicated a positive friction factor in the context of shear friction. The specimens with lightweight concrete tended to fail at lower shear stresses than specimens using normal-weight concrete, except for the interface that was not roughened. The interface shear stress was not zero when $\rho f_y = 0$ for monolithic uncracked specimens, suggesting that there was an existence of some cohesive component of shear resistance. Although no monolithic precracked specimens with $\rho f_y = 0$ were available, it is expected that, for monolithic precracked specimens, no cohesion could exist. This is consistent with the idea that the cohesion component would not appear across an open crack. Also, no cold joint specimens with $\rho f_y = 0$ were available and reported in this study.





(**d**) Interface that is not roughened.

Figure 10. Effect of clamping stress ρf_y on ultimate interface shear stress v_{test} .

Figure 11 illustrates the peak measured shear stress as a function of the compressive strength of concrete f_c' for all four interface types. In each interface type, the peak measured

shear stress is grouped by concrete type. Moreover, for the monolithic uncracked interface, the peak measured shear stress is further grouped by the clamping stress. Although the clamping stress is the core factor influencing the interface shear resistance, the compressive strength of concrete played a crucial role as well. This section presents the effect of this

strength of concrete played a crucial role as well. This section presents the effect of this parameter on the shear resistance for different interface conditions. The interface shear resistance generally increased with the growth in compressive strength of concrete f_c' for monolithic uncracked specimens. For monolithic precracked specimens, the compressive strength of concrete f_c' did not appear to influence the interface shear resistance. The interface shear resistance tended to rise with growing compressive strength of concrete f_c' for cold joints that were intentionally roughened. The higher shear resistance was recorded for specimens that utilized high-strength concrete. For the interface shear resistance of cold joints that were not roughened, no appropriate trends were seen with respect to the effect of the compressive strength of concrete f_c' .



(c) Interface that is intentionally roughened.

(**d**) Interface that is not roughened.

Figure 11. Effect of compressive strength of concrete f_c on ultimate interface shear stress v_{test} .

6. Proposal of the Design Equation

As analyzed in the previous section, the compressive strength of concrete played a crucial role as well, especially for the monolithic uncracked interface. However, codes that can apply to the monolithic uncracked interface such as the *ACI 318-19*, *PCI*, *AASHTO LRFD*, and *CSA-S6* do not include the compressive strength of concrete in the equations. The *Eurocode 2* and *Fib MC 2010* consider the compressive strength of concrete in the equations but do not apply to the monolithic uncracked interface. Therefore, the equation to determine the interface shear resistance for the monolithic uncracked interface is proposed in this section with consideration of the compressive strength of concrete directly in the equation.

In the case of the monolithic uncracked interface, the applied shear is subjected partly by cohesion provided by the concrete and partly by the friction offered by the reinforcement crossing the interface. The dowel action is neglected. Therefore, the general equation is proposed as follows (this is also a general form that often appears in the literature):

$$v_u = c + \mu \rho f_y \tag{9}$$

where v_u is the ultimate interface shear resistance, c is the cohesion, ρf_y is the clamping stress, and μ is the friction factor. To propose the equation, cohesion c and friction factor μ should be determined based on push-off test results collected from the literature.

First, the experimental results with $\rho f_y = 0$ are chosen to determine cohesion *c* (these results are highlighted in the gray background in the Appendix A). Now, the shear resistance includes only cohesion *c* so the shear resistance $v_u = c$. Cohesion *c* is governed by the concrete, in particular the compressive strength of concrete. Therefore, the relationship between cohesion *c* and compressive strength of concrete f_c' is plotted to determine the correlation coefficients between *c* and f_c' , as shown in Figure 12. From Figure 12, the trend line indicates a good correlation between cohesion *c* and compressive strength of safer for design purposes, the equation for calculating cohesion c is suggested as follows (it is also illustrated in Figure 12):

$$c = 0.14 (f_c')^{0.85} \tag{10}$$



Figure 12. Relationship between cohesion and compressive strength of concrete.

1

To determine friction factor μ , the remaining experimental results with non-zero ρf_y are selected. Friction factors are obtained from these test results by utilizing the following equation:

$$u = \frac{v_{test} - c}{\rho f_y} \tag{11}$$

Friction factors obtained experimentally are plotted as a function of clamping stress ρf_y , as shown in Figure 13. Therefore, the following equation is proposed to express the friction factor as a function of clamping stress. This equation is conservative and can be used for design purposes.

$$\mu = 2.0 \left(\rho f_{y}\right)^{-0.5} \tag{12}$$



Figure 13. Relationship between friction factor and clamping stress.

Substituting Equations (10) and (12) into Equation (9), the equation for predicting interface shear resistance is as follows:

$$v_u = 0.14 (f_c')^{0.85} + 2.0 \sqrt{\rho f_y} \le 0.3 f_c'$$
⁽¹³⁾

Ultimate interface shear resistance is limited to a value of $0.3f_c'$ in the above equation because interface shear resistance does not increase considerably in over-reinforced

specimens. The compressive strength of concrete governs the failure in such specimens, as indicated in studies [22,24,38].

Equation (13) is established from experimental results for normal-weight concrete. Referring to the modification factor for concrete weight according to the *ACI 318-19*, *PCI*, and *CSA-S6*, the final equation to predict the interface shear resistance is taken as follows:

$$v_u = \lambda \left(0.14 (f_c')^{0.85} + 2.0 \sqrt{\rho f_y} \right) \le 0.3 \lambda f_c'$$
 (14)

 λ is the modification factor for concrete weight. $\lambda = 1$ for normal-weight concrete, 0.85 for sand lightweight concrete, and 0.75 for all lightweight concrete.

It should be noted that reinforcement yield strength is also limited in design to 413.7 MPa like the *AASHTO LRFD*, *PCI*, and *ACI 318-19*.

7. Evaluation of the Proposed Equation

Statistical analysis of design provisions and a proposal for the monolithic uncracked interface are presented in Table 9. It can be seen that the proposed equation in this study provided more accurate and stable estimates than the mentioned design provisions (the lowest mean and COV values for v_{test}/v_{cal} , 1.42 and 18.87%, respectively). These design provisions gave over-conservative and scattered predictions of the interface shear resistance for the monolithic uncracked interface. The ratios v_{test}/v_{cal} are plotted against the compressive strength of concrete and clamping stress, as shown in Figure 14. The limit of the vertical axes in Figure 14 is kept the same as that in Figure 5 to make comparisons easily. It may be noticed that the design provisions gave over-conservative predictions of the interface shear resistance for high values of compressive strength of concrete and low clamping stress values (referring to Section 4 and Figure 5). Moreover, all the design provisions indicated the nearly linear trend of increasing ratios v_{test}/v_{cal} with rising compressive strength of concrete and uniform predictions over the entire range of compressive strength of concrete and uniform predictions over the entire range of compressive strength of concrete and clamping stress are produced for the proposed equation in this study.

Codes	AASHTO LRFD	CSA-S6	PCI	ACI 318-19	PROPOSAL
Average	1.65	3.18	2.35	2.94	1.42
Maximum	3.45	11.41	4.09	8.86	2.32
Minimum	1.03	1.39	1.37	1.70	1.00
STD	0.53	2.14	0.70	1.28	0.27
COV (%)	31.87	67.31	29.60	43.39	18.87

Table 9. Statistical analysis of design provisions and proposal for monolithic uncracked interface.



Figure 14. Compressive strength of concrete f_c' and clamping stress ρf_y versus the ratio v_{test}/v_{cal} (proposal).

8. Conclusions

The major conclusions of the study can be summarized as follows:

- (1) For the monolithic uncracked or roughened interfaces, all mentioned codes provided conservative predictions of the interface shear resistance. The *AASHTO LRFD* tended to provide the most accurate predictions of the interface shear resistance for the monolithic uncracked interface. The most precise shear resistance was found for the roughened interface when calculated using the *AASHTO LRFD* or *Eurocode 2*. It should be noted that *Eurocode 2* is not applicable to the monolithic uncracked interface.
- (2) For the monolithic precracked interface, only the *ACI 318-19* gave conservative estimates, while the other codes gave more or less unconservative cases. It proves that the pure friction approach is more suitable when calculating shear resistance for this interface type.
- (3) For the smooth interface, the *ACI 318-19*, *PCI*, and *CSA-S6* were conservative for all collected experimental data. But it should be noted that this interface condition has fewer data and high scatter in the tests.
- (4) The proposed equation for predicting the shear resistance for the monolithic uncracked interface is more accurate than the equations that are provided from the mentioned codes. Also, the proposed equation produced conservative and uniform predictions over the entire range of compressive strength of concrete and clamping stress. It is expected that this equation can be applied more accurately than the existing design provisions when high-strength concrete or grout is used for prefabricated structures.

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Conflicts of Interest: The authors declare no conflict of interest.

Appendix A

Table 1. Monolithic uncracked.

			4	Ant		f	of	71	AASHT	O LRFD	CS.	A-S6	P	CI	ACI	318-19	Pro	posal
Researcher(s)	Specimen	f_c' (MPa)	(mm ²)	(mm ²)	ρ	(MPa)	(MPa)	(MPa)	v _{cal} (MPa)	v _{test} /v _{cal}	v _{cal} (MPa)	v_{test}/v_{cal}						
I			1	1				Normalw	eight concre	te		1	1	1	1		I	
	1	27.58	32258.0	0.00	0.000	0.0	0.00	3.38	2.48	1.36	0.75	4.50					2.35	1.44
	1.1A	27.03	32258.0	141.94	0.004	349.6	1.54	5.17	4.42	1.17	2.36	2.19	2.89	1.79	1.61	3.20	4.79	1.08
	1.1B	29.92	32258.0	141.94	0.004	331.0	1.45	5.82	4.32	1.35	2.28	2.56	2.81	2.07	1.53	3.81	4.93	1.18
	1.2A	26.48	32258.0	283.87	0.009	349.6	3.08	6.90	5.96	1.16	3.98	1.73	4.09	1.69	3.23	2.14	5.77	1.19
	1.2B	28.82	32258.0	283.87	0.009	331.0	2.91	6.76	6.15	1.10	3.81	1.78	3.97	1.70	3.06	2.21	5.85	1.16
	1.3A	26.48	32258.0	425.81	0.013	349.6	4.61	7.58	5.96	1.27	4.88	1.56	5.00	1.52	3.97	1.91	6.56	1.16
Hofbeck et al. (1969)	1.3B	27.03	32258.0	425.81	0.013	331.0	4.37	7.38	6.08	1.21	4.88	1.51	4.87	1.51	4.05	1.82	6.49	1.14
	1.4A	31.10	32258.0	567.74	0.018	349.6	6.15	9.38	7.00	1.34	4.88	1.92	5.17	1.81	4.35	2.16	7.56	1.24
	1.4B	26.58	32258.0	567.74	0.018	331.0	5.83	8.83	5.98	1.48	4.88	1.81	5.17	1.71	3.99	2.21	7.10	1.24
	1.5A	31.10	32258.0	709.68	0.022	349.6	7.69	9.65	7.00	1.38	4.88	1.98	5.17	1.87	4.35	2.22	8.15	1.19
	1.5D	28.03	32258.0	709.68 951.61	0.022	240.6	7.28	9.54	6.31	1.51	4.88	1.96	5.17	1.85	4.16	2.29	7.78	1.23
	1.0A	29.72	32236.0	851.61	0.026	221.0	9.23	9.67	6.09	1.40	4.00	2.03	5.17	1.91	4.27	2.31	0.30	1.15
	E1U	27.92	54102.4	551.01	0.020	262.4	0.74	9.79 7.51	6.20	1.30	4.00	2.01	3.17	1.09	4.10	2.33	6.20	1.10
Mattock et al. (1975)	EIU	27.99	54195.4	951.61	0.010	363.4	5.61	0.44	6.30	1.19	4.75	1.30	4.33	1.03	4.00	1.00	0.20	1.20
	M0	27.02	22258.0	0.00	0.010	339.9	0.00	9.44	0.20	1.51	4.00	5.42	5.17	1.05	4.15	2.27	2.22	1.33
	M1	27.13	32258.0	1/1.00	0.000	351.0	1.54	5.24	2.40	1.04	2.37	2.21	2.90	1.81	1.62	3.23	2.32	1.70
Mattlock et al. (1976)	M2	26.89	32258.0	283.87	0.004	363.4	3 20	6.76	6.05	1.10	4.11	1.64	4.17	1.01	3.36	2.01	5.87	1.00
	M3	27.55	32258.0	425.81	0.009	360.6	4.76	7.65	6.00	1.12	4.88	1.04	5.08	1.02	4 13	1.85	6.71	1.15
Mattioek et al. (1976)	M4	28.61	32258.0	567.74	0.013	351.0	6.18	7.05	6.44	1.23	4.88	1.57	5.00	1.51	4 20	1.03	7 39	1.14
	M5	27.13	32258.0	709.68	0.010	363.4	7 99	8.83	6.10	1.22	4.88	1.01	5.17	1.02	4.07	2.17	7.05	1.00
	M6	28.41	32258.0	851.61	0.022	363.4	9.59	9.10	6.39	1.13	4.88	1.01	5.17	1.71	4 19	2.17	8.52	1.11
	SF-4-1-U	46.92	38709.6	141.94	0.004	479.2	1.52	6.65	4.39	1.51	2.34	2.84	2.87	2.32	1.59	4 18	6.15	1.08
	SF4-2-U	46.92	38709.6	283.87	0.007	479.2	3.03	9.20	6.30	1.46	3.94	2.34	4.06	2.27	3.19	2.89	7.17	1.28
	SF-4-3-U	46.92	38709.6	425.81	0.011	479.2	4.55	9.87	8.22	1.20	4.88	2.02	4.97	1.98	4.78	2.06	7.95	1.24
	SF-7-1-U	80.91	38709.6	141.94	0.004	572.3	1.52	10.06	4.39	2.29	2.34	4.29	2.87	3.51	1.59	6.32	8.32	1.21
	SF-7-2-U	85.57	38709.6	283.87	0.007	572.3	3.03	13.58	6.30	2.15	3.94	3.45	4.06	3.34	3.19	4.26	9.63	1.41
	SF-7-3-U	90.35	38709.6	425.81	0.011	572.3	4.55	15.91	8.22	1.94	4.88	3.26	4.97	3.20	4.78	3.33	10.70	1.49
	SF-7-4-U	85.99	38709.6	567.74	0.015	572.3	6.07	17.13	9.31	1.84	4.88	3.51	5.17	3.31	6.37	2.69	11.10	1.54
	SF-10-1-U-a	83.11	38709.6	141.94	0.004	572.3	1.52	11.50	4.39	2.62	2.34	4.91	2.87	4.01	1.59	7.22	8.46	1.36
Kabn and	SF-10-1-U-b	98.78	38709.6	141.94	0.004	572.3	1.52	10.56	4.39	2.40	2.34	4.51	2.87	3.68	1.59	6.63	9.41	1.12
Mitchell (2002)	SF-10-2-U-a	101.88	38709.6	283.87	0.007	572.3	3.03	15.02	6.30	2.38	3.94	3.82	4.06	3.70	3.19	4.71	10.61	1.42
Millerien (2002)	SF-10-2-U-b	102.07	38709.6	283.87	0.007	572.3	3.03	14.26	6.30	2.26	3.94	3.62	4.06	3.51	3.19	4.48	10.62	1.34
	SF-10-3-U-a	111.49	38709.6	425.81	0.011	572.3	4.55	16.64	8.22	2.03	4.88	3.41	4.97	3.35	4.78	3.48	11.96	1.39
	SF-10-3-U-b	96.07	38709.6	425.81	0.011	572.3	4.55	17.00	8.22	2.07	4.88	3.49	4.97	3.42	4.78	3.56	11.05	1.54
	SF-10-4-U-a	106.65	38709.6	567.74	0.015	572.3	6.07	17.93	9.31	1.93	4.88	3.68	5.17	3.47	6.37	2.81	12.34	1.45
	SF-10-4-U-b	113.60	38709.6	567.74	0.015	572.3	6.07	18.39	9.31	1.98	4.88	3.77	5.17	3.56	6.37	2.89	12.75	1.44
-	SF-14-1-U	123.81	38709.6	141.94	0.004	572.3	1.52	11.24	4.39	2.56	2.34	4.80	2.87	3.92	1.59	7.06	10.88	1.03
	SF-14-2-U	119.71	38709.6	283.87	0.007	572.3	3.03	12.47	6.30	1.98	3.94	3.17	4.06	3.07	3.19	3.91	11.66	1.07
	SF-14-3-U	112.08	38709.6	425.81	0.011	572.3	4.55	16.80	8.22	2.05	4.88	3.45	4.97	3.38	4.78	3.52	12.00	1.40
	SF-14-4-U	110.73	38/09.6	567.74	0.015	572.3	6.07	17.93	9.31	1.93	4.88	3.68	5.17	3.47	6.37	2.81	12.58	1.43
Aziz (2010)	SI	24.00	60000.0	0.00	0.000	0.0	0.00	4.83	2.48	1.95	0.75	6.44					2.09	2.32

Table 1. Cont.

			4	A c		£	of		AASHT	O LRFD	CS.	A-S6	P	CI	ACI 3	318-19	Pro	posal
Researcher(s)	Specimen	f_c' (MPa)	(mm^2)	(mm ²)	ρ	(MPa)	ρ _{Jy} (MPa)	(MPa)	v _{cal} (MPa)	v_{test}/v_{cal}	v _{cal} (MPa)	v _{test} /v _{cal}	v _{cal} (MPa)	v_{test}/v_{cal}	v _{cal} (MPa)	v _{test} /v _{cal}	v _{cal} (MPa)	v_{test}/v_{cal}
	S2	24.00	60000.0	0.00	0.000	0.0	0.00	2.67	2.48	1.07	0.75	3.56					2.09	1.28
Aziz (2010)	S3	24.00	60000.0	471.24	0.008	410.0	3.22	7.73	5.40	1.43	4.13	1.87	4.18	1.85	3.38	2.29	5.67	1.36
	S4	24.00	60000.0	471.24	0.008	410.0	3.22	5.73	5.40	1.06	4.13	1.39	4.18	1.37	3.38	1.70	5.67	1.01
	35-2T6-0	36.89	31250.0	113.10	0.004	258.0	0.93	5.55	3.66	1.52	1.73	3.21	2.25	2.46	0.98	5.66	4.94	1.12
	35-2T8-0	36.89	31250.0	201.06	0.006	408.0	2.63	7.94	5.79	1.37	3.51	2.26	3.78	2.10	2.76	2.88	6.25	1.27
	35-3T8-0	36.89	31250.0	301.59	0.010	408.0	3.94	8.68	7.44	1.17	4.88	1.78	4.62	1.88	4.13	2.10	6.97	1.24
Rahal and	35-0T-100	34.09	31250.0	0.00	0.000	0.0	0.00	4.68	2.48	1.89	0.75	6.24					2.81	1.67
Al-Khaleefi (2015)	35-216-100	41.40	31250.0	113.10	0.004	258.0	0.93	5.63	3.66	1.54	1.73	3.25	2.25	2.50	0.98	5.74	5.25	1.07
. ,	35-218-100	41.40	31250.0	201.06	0.006	408.0	2.63	7.54	5.79	1.30	3.51	2.15	3.78	2.00	2.76	2.74	6.56	1.15
	35-318-100	41.40	31250.0	301.59	0.010	408.0	3.94	8.71	7.44	1.17	4.88	1.79	4.62	1.88	4.13	2.11	7.28	1.20
	35-418-100 25 CT 9 100	41.40	31250.0	402.12	0.013	408.0	3.23	9.36	9.10	1.03	4.88	1.92	5.17	1.81	4.97	1.88	7.90	1.19
	55-616-100 NIMO II 1	41.40	31230.0	425.91	0.019	400.0	7.00	10.60	9.51	1.10	4.00	2.22	5.17	2.09	4.97	2.17	7.40	1.21
Sneed et al. (2016)	N-MO-U-1	33.37	31935.4	425.01	0.013	497.0	5.38	0.03 8.67	7.51	1.10	4.00	1.01	5.17	1.71	4.40	1.97	7.40	1.19
	35-276-SCC	34.96	31250.0	423.81	0.013	258.0	0.93	6.07	3.66	1.15	4.00	3.53	2.25	2.71	0.98	6.22	1.40	1.17
	35-210-5CC	34.90	31250.0	201.06	0.004	408.0	2.63	7 33	5.00	1.07	3.51	2.09	3.78	2.71	2.76	2.66	4.00	1.2/
	35-3T8-SCC	34.96	31250.0	301 59	0.000	408.0	3.94	7.33	7 44	1.27	4.88	1.58	4.62	1.94	4.13	1.86	6.84	1.20
	35-3T8-SCCrb	34.96	31250.0	301.59	0.010	408.0	3.94	8.79	7.11	1.00	4.88	1.80	4.62	1.00	4 13	2.13	6.84	1.10
Rahal et al. (2016)	35-4T8-SCC	34.96	31250.0	402.12	0.013	408.0	5.25	9.70	7.87	1.23	4.88	1.99	5.17	1.88	4.58	2.12	7.45	1.30
	35-6T8-SCC	34.96	31250.0	603.19	0.019	408.0	7.88	11.10	7.87	1.41	4.88	2.28	5.17	2.15	4.58	2.42	8.48	1.31
	70-2T6-SCC	81.20	31250.0	113.10	0.004	258.0	0.93	8.69	3.66	2.38	1.73	5.02	2.25	3.86	0.98	8.86	7.81	1.11
	70-2T8-SCC	81.20	31250.0	201.06	0.006	408.0	2.63	11.50	5.79	1.99	3.51	3.28	3.78	3.05	2.76	4.17	9.12	1.26
	70-3T8-SCC	81.20	31250.0	301.59	0.010	408.0	3.94	12.57	7.44	1.69	4.88	2.58	4.62	2.72	4.13	3.04	9.85	1.28
	70-3T8-SCCrb	81.20	31250.0	301.59	0.010	408.0	3.94	12.30	7.44	1.65	4.88	2.52	4.62	2.66	4.13	2.97	9.85	1.25
	70-4T8-SCC	81.20	31250.0	402.12	0.013	408.0	5.25	12.77	9.10	1.40	4.88	2.62	5.17	2.47	5.51	2.32	10.46	1.22
	70-6T8-SCC	81.20	31250.0	603.19	0.019	408.0	7.88	15.85	9.31	1.70	4.88	3.25	5.17	3.07	7.35	2.16	11.49	1.38
	35-216-0	41.80	31250.0	113.10	0.004	258.0	0.93	5.55	3.66	1.52	1.73	3.21	2.25	2.46	0.98	5.66	5.28	1.05
	35-218-0	41.80	31250.0	201.06	0.006	408.0	2.63	7.94	5.79	1.37	3.51	2.26	3.78	2.10	2.76	2.88	6.58	1.21
	35-318-0	41.80	31250.0	301.59	0.010	408.0	3.94	8.68	7.44	1.17	4.88	1.78	4.62	1.88	4.13	2.10	7.31	1.19
	N-00-0-A	38.24	31500.0	0.00	0.000	0.0	0.00	6.29	2.48	2.53	0.75	8.39					3.10	2.03
	N-00-0-B	38.24	31500.0	0.00	0.000	0.0	0.00	6.16	2.48	2.48	0.75	8.21	2.70	2.20	0.77	2.22	3.10	1.99
	N-00-2-A	38.24	31500.0	201.06	0.006	525.0	2.64	8.92	5.81	1.54	3.52	2.55	3.79	2.30	2.77	3.22	6.35	1.40
	N-00-2-D	38.24	31500.0	201.00	0.000	525.0	2.04	11.00	7.47	1.04	1.88	3.03	3.79	2.62	4.16	2.84	7.08	1.00
	N-00-3-R	38.24	31500.0	301.59	0.010	525.0	3.96	10.17	7.47	1.36	4.88	2.42	4.64	2.00	4.10	2.04	7.08	1.07
	N-00-4-A	38.24	31500.0	402.12	0.010	525.0	5.28	11.17	8.60	1.30	4.88	2.07	5.17	2.19	4.10	2.45	7.00	1.11
	N-00-4-B	38.24	31500.0	402.12	0.013	525.0	5.28	12.44	8.60	1.07	4.88	2.55	5.17	2.20	4 78	2.10	7.70	1.60
Waseem and Singh	N-50-0-A	34.40	31500.0	0.00	0.000	525.0	0.00	5.56	2.48	2.24	0.75	7.41					2.83	1.96
(2016)	N-50-0-B	34.40	31500.0	0.00	0.000	525.0	0.00	5 40	2 48	2.18	0.75	7 20					2.83	1 91
(=010)	N-50-2-A	34.40	31500.0	201.06	0.006	525.0	2.64	9.88	5.81	1.70	3.52	2.80	3.79	2.61	2.77	3.56	6.08	1.62
	N-50-2-B	34.40	31500.0	201.06	0.006	525.0	2.64	8.11	5.81	1.40	3.52	2.30	3.79	2.14	2.77	2.93	6.08	1.33
	N-50-3-A	34.40	31500.0	301.59	0.010	525.0	3.96	9.46	7.47	1.27	4.88	1.94	4.64	2.04	4.16	2.27	6.81	1.39
	N-50-3-B	34.40	31500.0	301.59	0.010	525.0	3.96	10.61	7.47	1.42	4.88	2.18	4.64	2.29	4.16	2.55	6.81	1.56
	N-50-4-A	34.40	31500.0	402.12	0.013	525.0	5.28	11.14	7.74	1.44	4.88	2.29	5.17	2.15	4.55	2.45	7.43	1.50
	N-50-4-B	34.40	31500.0	402.12	0.013	525.0	5.28	10.14	7.74	1.31	4.88	2.08	5.17	1.96	4.55	2.23	7.43	1.36
	N-100-0-A	30.24	31500.0	0.00	0.000	525.0	0.00	5.37	2.48	2.16	0.75	7.16					2.54	2.12
	N-100-0-B	30.24	31500.0	0.00	0.000	525.0	0.00	5.47	2.48	2.20	0.75	7.29					2.54	2.15

Table 1. Cont.

			4	A		£	of		AASHT	O LRFD	CS.	A-S6	P	CI	ACI	318-19	Pro	posal
Researcher(s)	Specimen	f_c' (MPa)	(mm ²)	(mm ²)	ρ	(MPa)	<i>рЈу</i> (MPa)	(MPa)	v _{cal} (MPa)	v _{test} /v _{cal}	v _{cal} (MPa)	v_{test}/v_{cal}	v _{cal} (MPa)	v_{test}/v_{cal}	v _{cal} (MPa)	v_{test}/v_{cal}	v _{cal} (MPa)	v _{test} /v _{cal}
	N-100-2-A	30.24	31500.0	201.06	0.006	525.0	2.64	9.80	5.81	1.69	3.52	2.78	3.79	2.59	2.77	3.53	5.79	1.69
	N-100-2-B	30.24	31500.0	201.06	0.006	525.0	2.64	7.28	5.81	1.25	3.52	2.07	3.79	1.92	2.77	2.63	5.79	1.26
	N-100-3-A	30.24	31500.0	301.59	0.010	525.0	3.96	9.75	6.80	1.43	4.88	2.00	4.64	2.10	4.16	2.34	6.52	1.50
	N-100-3-B	30.24	31500.0	301.59	0.010	525.0	3.96	9.86	6.80	1.45	4.88	2.02	4.64	2.13	4.16	2.37	6.52	1.51
	N-100-4-A	30.24	31500.0	402.12	0.013	525.0	5.28	10.13	6.80	1.49	4.88	2.08	5.17	1.96	4.30	2.36	7.13	1.42
	N-100-4-B	30.24	31500.0	402.12	0.013	525.0	5.28	10.38	6.80	1.53	4.88	2.13	5.17	2.01	4.30	2.42	7.13	1.45
	H-00-0-A	73.60	31500.0	0.00	0.000	525.0	0.00	8.17	2.48	3.29	0.75	10.89					5.41	1.51
	H-00-0-B	73.60	31500.0	0.00	0.000	525.0	0.00	8.44	2.48	3.40	0.75	11.25					5.41	1.56
	H-00-2-A	73.60	31500.0	201.06	0.006	525.0	2.64	13.78	5.81	2.37	3.52	3.91	3.79	3.64	2.77	4.97	8.66	1.59
	H-00-2-B	73.60	31500.0	201.06	0.006	525.0	2.64	15.49	5.81	2.67	3.52	4.40	3.79	4.09	2.77	5.59	8.66	1.79
	H-00-3-A	73.60	31500.0	301.59	0.010	525.0	3.96	15.29	7.47	2.05	4.88	3.14	4.64	3.30	4.16	3.68	9.39	1.63
	H-00-3-B	73.60	31500.0	301.59	0.010	525.0	3.96	18.04	7.47	2.41	4.88	3.70	4.64	3.89	4.16	4.34	9.39	1.92
	H-00-4-A	73.60	31500.0	402.12	0.013	525.0	5.28	18.70	9.14	2.05	4.88	3.84	5.17	3.62	5.55	3.37	10.00	1.87
Waseem and Singh	H-00-4-B	73.60	31500.0	402.12	0.013	525.0	5.28	16.09	9.14	1.76	4.88	3.30	5.17	3.11	5.55	2.90	10.00	1.61
(2016)	H-50-0-A	67.60	31500.0	0.00	0.000	525.0	0.00	7.86	2.48	3.17	0.75	10.48					5.03	1.56
	H-50-0-B	67.60	31500.0	0.00	0.000	525.0	0.00	7.66	2.48	3.09	0.75	10.21	0.50	0.51	0.77	E 0 E	5.03	1.52
	H-50-2-A	67.60	31500.0	201.06	0.006	525.0	2.64	14.06	5.81	2.42	3.52	3.99	3.79	3.71	2.77	5.07	8.28	1.70
	H-50-2-B	67.60	31500.0	201.06	0.006	525.0	2.64	13.88	5.81	2.39	3.52	3.94	3.79	3.67	2.77	5.01	8.28	1.68
	H-30-3-A	67.60	31500.0	301.59	0.010	525.0	3.96	15.08	7.47	2.15	4.88	3.30	4.64	3.47	4.16	3.8/	9.01	1.78
E	H-30-3-D	67.60	31500.0	301.39	0.010	525.0	5.96	15.39	7.4/	2.06	4.88	3.16	4.64	3.32	4.16	3.70	9.01	1./1
	H 50.4 B	67.60	31500.0	402.12	0.013	525.0	5.20	16.55	9.14	2.01	4.00	3.70	5.17	3.33	5.55	2.51	9.63	1.91
	H_100-0-A	64.40	31500.0	402.12	0.013	525.0	0.00	7 29	2.14	2.94	4.00	9.72	5.17	5.09	5.55	2.00	4.83	1.00
	H 100 0 B	64.40	31500.0	0.00	0.000	525.0	0.00	7.29	2.40	2.94	0.75	10.05					4.83	1.51
-	H-100-2-4	64.40	31500.0	201.06	0.000	525.0	2.64	13.41	5.81	2 31	3.52	3.81	3 79	3 54	2 77	4.84	8.08	1.50
	H-100-2-R	64.40	31500.0	201.00	0.000	525.0	2.64	13.90	5.81	2.31	3.52	3.01	3.79	3.67	2.77	5.01	8.08	1.00
	H-100-3-A	64.40	31500.0	301.59	0.000	525.0	3.96	15.57	7 47	2.09	4.88	3.19	4 64	3.36	4 16	3.74	8.81	1.72
	H-100-3-B	64.40	31500.0	301.59	0.010	525.0	3.96	15.28	7.47	2.04	4.88	3.13	4.64	3.29	4.16	3.67	8.81	1.73
-	H-100-4-A	64.40	31500.0	402.12	0.013	525.0	5.28	16.29	9.14	1.78	4.88	3.34	5.17	3.15	5.55	2.94	9.42	1.73
	H-100-4-B	64.40	31500.0	402.12	0.013	525.0	5.28	15.92	9.14	1.74	4.88	3.27	5.17	3.08	5.55	2.87	9.42	1.69
	NC-1-U-A	30.94	36000.0	402.12	0.011	325.0	3.63	8.45	6.96	1.21	4.56	1.85	4.44	1.90	3.81	2.22	6.40	1.32
-	NC-1-U-B	30.94	36000.0	402.12	0.011	325.0	3.63	9.05	6.96	1.30	4.56	1.98	4.44	2.04	3.81	2.37	6.40	1.41
	NC-1-U-C	30.94	36000.0	402.12	0.011	325.0	3.63	8.65	6.96	1.24	4.56	1.90	4.44	1.95	3.81	2.27	6.40	1.35
	NC-1-U-D	30.94	36000.0	402.12	0.011	325.0	3.63	8.01	6.96	1.15	4.56	1.76	4.44	1.80	3.81	2.10	6.40	1.25
	NC-1-U-E	30.94	36000.0	402.12	0.011	325.0	3.63	8.65	6.96	1.24	4.56	1.90	4.44	1.95	3.81	2.27	6.40	1.35
	RC-2-U	31.41	36000.0	402.12	0.011	325.0	3.63	7.84	7.06	1.11	4.56	1.72	4.44	1.77	3.81	2.06	6.43	1.22
	RC-3-U-A	25.64	36000.0	402.12	0.011	325.0	3.63	7.86	5.77	1.36	4.56	1.72	4.44	1.77	3.81	2.06	6.02	1.31
	RC-3-U-B	25.64	36000.0	402.12	0.011	325.0	3.63	7.86	5.77	1.36	4.56	1.72	4.44	1.77	3.81	2.06	6.02	1.31
Xiao et al. (2016)	RC-3-U-C	25.64	36000.0	402.12	0.011	325.0	3.63	7.50	5.77	1.30	4.56	1.64	4.44	1.69	3.81	1.97	6.02	1.25
(2010)	RC-3-U-D	25.64	36000.0	402.12	0.011	325.0	3.63	7.75	5.77	1.34	4.56	1.70	4.44	1.75	3.81	2.03	6.02	1.29
	RC-3-U-E	25.64	36000.0	402.12	0.011	325.0	3.63	7.82	5.77	1.36	4.56	1.71	4.44	1.76	3.81	2.05	6.02	1.30
-	RC-4-U	30.06	36000.0	402.12	0.011	325.0	3.63	8.73	6.76	1.29	4.56	1.91	4.44	1.97	3.81	2.29	6.34	1.38
	RC-5-U-A	30.76	36000.0	402.12	0.011	325.0	3.63	7.43	6.92	1.07	4.56	1.63	4.44	1.67	3.81	1.95	6.39	1.16
	KC-5-U-B	30.76	36000.0	402.12	0.011	325.0	3.63	7.92	6.92	1.14	4.56	1.74	4.44	1.78	3.81	2.08	6.39	1.24
	RC-5-U-C	30.76	36000.0	402.12	0.011	325.0	3.63	7.20	6.92	1.04	4.56	1.58	4.44	1.62	3.81	1.89	6.39	1.13
		30.76	26000.0	402.12	0.011	325.0	3.03	7.43 9.21	6.92	1.07	4.30	1.03	4.44	1.0/	3.81	1.95	6.39	1.10
	RC-3-U-E	30.76	36000.0	402.12	0.011	325.0	3.03	0.21	5.92	1.19	4.30	1.80	4.44	1.85	3.81	2.15	0.39 5.05	1.29
	NC-0-U	23.43	30000.0	402.12	0.011	525.0	5.05	0.12	5.27	1.34	4.39	1.00	4.44	1.05	5.51	2.31	5.65	1.39

Table 1. Cont.

			Δ	A_c		£	of		AASHT	O LRFD	CS.	A-S6	P	CI	ACI	318-19	Pro	posal
Researcher(s)	Specimen	f_c' (MPa)	(mm ²)	(mm ²)	ρ	(MPa)	(MPa)	(MPa)	v _{cal} (MPa)	v_{test}/v_{cal}	v _{cal} (MPa)	v _{test} /v _{cal}	v _{cal} (MPa)	v_{test}/v_{cal}	v _{cal} (MPa)	v_{test}/v_{cal}	v _{cal} (MPa)	v _{test} /v _{cal}
Xiao et al. (2016)	RC-7-U	33.03	36000.0	402.12	0.011	325.0	3.63	7.99	7.06	1.13	4.56	1.75	4.44	1.80	3.81	2.10	6.55	1.22
	N-0a	40.00	31250.0	0.00	0.000	0.0	0.00	4.10	2.48	1.65	0.75	5.47					3.22	1.27
	N-0b	40.00	31250.0	0.00	0.000	0.0	0.00	4.28	2.48	1.72	0.75	5.71					3.22	1.33
	N-1a	40.00	31250.0	100.53	0.003	567.2	1.33	5.54	4.16	1.33	2.15	2.58	2.69	2.06	1.40	3.96	5.53	1.00
	N-1b	40.00	31250.0	100.53	0.003	567.2	1.33	6.02	4.16	1.45	2.15	2.80	2.69	2.24	1.40	4.31	5.53	1.09
	N-2a	40.00	31250.0	201.06	0.006	567.2	2.66	8.98	5.84	1.54	3.54	2.53	3.80	2.36	2.79	3.21	6.48	1.39
Alternation of (2018)	N-2b	40.00	31250.0	201.06	0.006	567.2	2.66	8.35	5.84	1.43	3.54	2.36	3.80	2.20	2.79	2.99	6.48	1.29
Affiliad et al. (2018)	N-3a	40.00	31250.0	301.59	0.010	567.2	3.99	9.30	7.51	1.24	4.88	1.91	4.66	2.00	4.19	2.22	7.22	1.29
	N-3b	40.00	31250.0	301.59	0.010	567.2	3.99	10.10	7.51	1.34	4.88	2.07	4.66	2.17	4.19	2.41	7.22	1.40
	N-4a	40.00	31250.0	402.12	0.013	567.2	5.32	11.30	9.00	1.26	4.88	2.32	5.17	2.19	4.88	2.31	7.83	1.44
	N-4b	40.00	31250.0	402.12	0.013	567.2	5.32	10.97	9.00	1.22	4.88	2.25	5.17	2.12	4.88	2.25	7.83	1.40
	N-5a	40.00	31250.0	502.65	0.016	567.2	6.65	11.98	9.00	1.33	4.88	2.46	5.17	2.32	4.88	2.45	8.38	1.43
	N-5b	40.00	31250.0	502.65	0.016	567.2	6.65	12.30	9.00	1.37	4.88	2.52	5.17	2.38	4.88	2.52	8.38	1.47
	Ref.1	47.00	93330.0	0.00	0.000	0.0	0.00	8.56	2.48	3.45	0.75	11.41					3.69	2.32
Valikhani et al. (2021)	Ref.2	47.00	93330.0	0.00	0.000	0.0	0.00	6.62	2.48	2.67	0.75	8.83					3.69	1.79
	Ref.3	47.00	93330.0	0.00	0.000	0.0	0.00	5.43	2.48	2.19	0.75	7.24					3.69	1.47
	1.0	a o 47						Sand-light	weight conci	rete								
	A0	29.17	32258.0	0.00	0.000	0.0	0.00	3.45	1.49	2.31	0.64	5.41		. 10	1.00		2.09	1.65
	Al	25.79	32258.0	141.94	0.004	328.9	1.45	5.23	2.79	1.87	1.93	2.71	2.38	2.19	1.29	4.04	3.93	1.33
	A2	28.24	32258.0	283.87	0.009	369.6	3.25	6.30	4.42	1.43	3.54	1.78	3.57	1.76	2.90	2.17	5.10	1.24
Mattock et al. (1976)	A3	26.96	32258.0	425.81	0.013	366.8	4.84	7.03	5.85	1.20	4.88	1.44	4.36	1.61	4.04	1.74	5.70	1.23
	A4	28.27	32258.0	567.74	0.018	351.0	6.18	7.58	6.21	1.22	4.88	1.56	4.40	1.73	4.14	1.83	6.13	1.24
	AS	27.30	32258.0	709.68	0.022	351.0	7.72	8.21	6.14	1.34	4.88	1.68	4.40	1.8/	4.10	2.00	5.92	1.39
	A6	29.30	32258.0	851.61	0.026	357.2	9.43	9.27	6.21	1.49	4.88	1.90	4.40	2.11	4.14	2.24	6.35	1.46
Sneed et al. (2016)	5-5H-MO-U-1	32.89	31935.4	425.81	0.013	497.8	5.38	7.72	6.21	1.24	4.88	1.58	4.40	1.76	4.14	1.8/	6.26	1.23
	5-5H-MO-0-2	32.69	51955.4	423.61	0.015	497.0	5.50	7.00	0.21	1.2/	4.00	1.02	4.40	1.79	4.14	1.91	0.20	1.20
	EO	27.20	22258.0	0.00	0.000	0.0	0.00	All-lightw	1 40	2 50	0 56	6.96	1			1	1.75	2.21
	EU E1	27.30	32258.0	141.04	0.000	260.6	0.00	5.00	1.49	2.39	1.36	0.00	2 20	2.44	1.25	4.21	2.71	2.21
	E1 F2	27.79	32258.0	283.87	0.004	360.6	3.17	6.01	4.34	1.04	3.06	1.97	2.20	1.93	2.50	2.41	3.71	1.45
	E2 F3	28.03	32258.0	425.81	0.009	360.6	4.76	6.62	5.77	1.50	4 31	1.50	3.81	1.75	2.50	1.77	4.73	1.55
	EJ F4	20.05	32258.0	567.74	0.013	366.8	6.45	7.93	6.21	1.13	4.88	1.54	3.88	2.04	4.14	1.77	4.70	1.40
	E5	28.37	32258.0	709.68	0.010	348.2	7.66	8.27	6.21	1.20	4.88	1.00	3.88	2.04	4 14	2.00	4.70	1.09
	E6	27.92	32258.0	851.61	0.022	360.6	9.52	8.62	6.21	1.39	4.88	1.70	3.88	2.10	4 14	2.00	4 71	1.83
Mattock et al. (1976)	G0	27.72	32258.0	0.00	0.000	0.0	0.00	3.65	1 49	2 45	0.56	6.50	0.00	2.22	1.11	2.00	1.71	2.06
	Gl	28.58	32258.0	141 94	0.004	360.6	1.59	5.65	2.92	1 94	1.81	3.12	2 20	2.57	1 25	4.53	3.70	1.53
	G2	26.75	32258.0	283.87	0.009	348.2	3.06	5.83	4.24	1.37	2.97	1.96	3.06	1.91	2.41	2.42	4.34	1.34
	G3	28.27	32258.0	425.81	0.013	357.2	4.72	7.31	5.73	1.27	4.28	1.71	3.80	1.93	3.71	1.97	4.77	1.53
	G4	30.48	32258.0	567.74	0.018	366.8	6.45	7.93	6.21	1.28	4.88	1.63	3.88	2.04	4.14	1.92	5.14	1.54
	G5	27.61	32258.0	709.68	0.022	357.2	7.86	7.86	6.21	1.27	4.88	1.61	3.88	2.03	4.14	1.90	4.66	1.69
	G6	27.61	32258.0	851.61	0.026	357.2	9.43	8.21	6.21	1.32	4.88	1.68	3.88	2.12	4.14	1.98	4.66	1.76
	A-SH-MO-U-1	32.41	31935.4	425.81	0.013	497.8	5.38	7.25	6.21	1.17	4.80	1.51	3.88	1.87	4.14	1.75	5.47	1.33
Sneed et al. (2016)	A-SH-MO-U-2	32.41	31935.4	425.81	0.013	497.8	5.38	7.32	6.21	1.18	4.80	1.53	3.88	1.89	4.14	1.77	5.47	1.34
									Average	1.65		3.18		2.35		2.94		1.42
									Maximum	3.45		11.41		4.09		8.86		2.32
									Minimum	1.03		1.39		1.37		1.70		1.00
									STD	0.53		2.14		0.70		1.28		0.27
									COV	31.87		67.31		29.60		43.39		18.87

Table 2. Monolithic precracked.

		f'	Δ	4		f	of	71	AASHT	O LRFD	CS	A-S6	F	PCI	ACI	318-19
Researcher(s)	Specimen	(MPa)	(mm^2)	(mm^2)	ρ)y (MPa)	<i>рју</i> (MPa)	(MPa)	v _{cal} (MPa)	v _{test} /v _{cal}	v _{cal} (MPa)	v _{test} /v _{cal}	v _{cal} (MPa)	v _{test} /v _{cal}	v _{cal} (MPa)	v_{test}/v_{cal}
]	Normalwei	ght concr	ete							
	2.1	21.37	32258.0	141.94	0.004	349.6	1.54	4.07	4.42	0.92	2.36	1.72	2.89	1.41	1.61	2.52
	2.2	21.37	32258.0	283.87	0.009	349.6	3.08	4.69	4.81	0.97	3.98	1.18	4.09	1.15	3.21	1.46
	2.3	26.89	32258.0	425.81	0.013	349.6	4.61	5.79	6.05	0.96	4.88	1.19	5.00	1.16	4.03	1.44
	2.4	26.89	32258.0	567.74	0.018	349.6	6.15	6.90	6.05	1.14	4.88	1.41	5.17	1.33	4.03	1.71
	2.5	28.82	32258.0	709.68	0.022	349.6	7.69	8.96	6.48	1.38	4.88	1.84	5.17	1.73	4.21	2.13
	2.6	28.82	32258.0	851.61	0.026	349.6	9.23	9.55	6.48	1.47	4.88	1.96	5.17	1.85	4.21	2.27
	3.3	21.37	32258.0	283.77	0.009	349.6	3.08	4.69	4.81	0.97	3.98	1.18	4.09	1.15	3.21	1.46
	3.4	27.86	32258.0	506.42	0.016	325.4	5.11	7.09	6.27	1.13	4.88	1.45	5.17	1.37	4.15	1.71
Hofbeck et al	3.5	27.86	32258.0	790.47	0.025	292.3	7.16	7.94	6.27	1.27	4.88	1.63	5.17	1.54	4.15	1.91
(1969)	4.1	28.06	32258.0	141.94	0.004	455.8	1.82	4.85	4.78	1.02	2.66	1.82	3.14	1.54	1.91	2.54
(1)0))	4.2	28.06	32258.0	283.87	0.009	455.8	3.64	6.76	6.31	1.07	4.57	1.48	4.45	1.52	3.82	1.77
	4.3	29.92	32258.0	425.81	0.013	455.8	5.46	8.14	6.73	1.21	4.88	1.67	5.17	1.57	4.28	1.90
	4.4	29.92	32258.0	567.74	0.018	455.8	7.28	9.65	6.73	1.43	4.88	1.98	5.17	1.87	4.28	2.26
	4.5	23.37	32258.0	709.68	0.022	455.8	9.10	9.10	5.26	1.73	4.38	2.08	5.17	1.76	3.51	2.60
	5.1	16.89	32258.0	141.94	0.004	349.6	1.54	3.52	3.80	0.93	2.36	1.49	2.89	1.22	1.61	2.18
	5.2	18.06	32258.0	283.87	0.009	349.6	3.08	4.83	4.06	1.19	3.39	1.42	4.06	1.19	2.71	1.78
	5.3	16.44	32258.0	425.81	0.013	349.6	4.61	5.58	3.70	1.51	3.08	1.81	3.70	1.51	2.47	2.26
	5.4	17.79	32258.0	567.74	0.018	349.6	6.15	5.48	4.00	1.37	3.34	1.64	4.00	1.37	2.67	2.05
	5.5	18.06	32258.0	709.68	0.022	349.6	7.69	6.96	4.06	1.71	3.39	2.06	4.06	1.71	2.71	2.57
Mattock et al.	E1C	26.58	54193.4	567.74	0.010	357.2	3.74	6.07	5.98	1.02	4.68	1.30	4.51	1.35	3.93	1.55
(1975)	F1C	29.10	54193.4	851.61	0.016	345.4	5.43	6.81	6.55	1.04	4.88	1.40	5.17	1.32	4.23	1.61
	A1	41.51	32258.0	141.94	0.004	356.1	1.57	5.24	4.45	1.18	2.39	2.19	2.92	1.80	1.64	3.19
	A2	41.51	32258.0	283.87	0.009	356.1	3.13	5.52	6.43	0.86	4.04	1.37	4.12	1.34	3.29	1.68
	A3	40.13	32258.0	425.81	0.013	382.3	5.05	7.93	8.84	0.90	4.88	1.63	5.17	1.53	4.89	1.62
Mattack (1076)	A4	40.54	32258.0	567.74	0.018	382.3	6.73	9.79	9.12	1.07	4.88	2.01	5.17	1.89	4.91	1.99
Mattock (1976)	A5	42.23	32258.0	709.68	0.022	353.5	7.78	10.34	9.31	1.11	4.88	2.12	5.17	2.00	5.02	2.06
	A6	40.68	32258.0	1032.26	0.032	331.0	10.59	12.14	9.15	1.33	4.88	2.49	5.17	2.35	4.92	2.46
	A6A	41.16	32258.0	1032.26	0.032	331.0	10.59	12.82	9.26	1.38	4.88	2.63	5.17	2.48	4.95	2.59
	A7	41.16	32258.0	1290.32	0.040	332.3	13.29	13.38	9.26	1.44	4.88	2.74	5.17	2.59	4.95	2.70
	N1	28.82	32258.0	141.94	0.004	351.0	1.54	3.17	4.43	0.72	2.37	1.34	2.90	1.10	1.62	1.96
	N2	26.89	32258.0	283.87	0.009	363.4	3.20	5.38	6.05	0.89	4.11	1.31	4.17	1.29	3.36	1.60
Mattock et al.	N3	27.55	32258.0	425.81	0.013	360.6	4.76	6.62	6.20	1.07	4.88	1.36	5.08	1.30	4.13	1.60
(1976)	N4	28.61	32258.0	567.74	0.018	351.0	6.18	7.93	6.44	1.23	4.88	1.63	5.17	1.53	4.20	1.89
	N5	27.13	32258.0	709.68	0.022	351.0	7.72	8.10	6.10	1.33	4.88	1.66	5.17	1.57	4.07	1.99

Table 2. Cont.

		£ /	Δ	4 .		£	of	71.	AASHT	O LRFD	CS	A-S6	F	PCI	ACI	318-19
Researcher(s)	Specimen	(MPa)	(mm^2)	(mm^2)	ρ	Jy (MPa)	<i>μJy</i> (MPa)	(MPa)	v _{cal} (MPa)	v _{test} /v _{cal}						
Mattock et al. (1976)	N6	28.41	32258.0	851.61	0.026	344.8	9.10	8.21	6.39	1.28	4.88	1.68	5.17	1.59	4.19	1.96
	SF-4-1-C	46.92	38709.6	141.94	0.004	479.2	1.52	4.02	4.39	0.91	2.34	1.72	2.87	1.40	1.59	2.52
	SF-4-2-C	46.92	38709.6	283.87	0.007	479.2	3.03	6.40	6.30	1.01	3.94	1.63	4.06	1.58	3.19	2.01
	SF-4-3-C	46.92	38709.6	425.81	0.011	479.2	4.55	8.18	8.22	1.00	4.88	1.68	4.97	1.65	4.78	1.71
	SF-7-1-C	80.91	38709.6	141.94	0.004	572.3	1.52	4.79	4.39	1.09	2.34	2.05	2.87	1.67	1.59	3.01
	SF-7-2-C	85.57	38709.6	283.87	0.007	572.3	3.03	5.94	6.30	0.94	3.94	1.51	4.06	1.46	3.19	1.87
	SF-7-3-C	90.35	38709.6	425.81	0.011	572.3	4.55	8.22	8.22	1.00	4.88	1.69	4.97	1.65	4.78	1.72
	SF-7-4-C	85.99	38709.6	567.74	0.015	572.3	6.07	7.21	9.31	0.77	4.88	1.48	5.17	1.39	6.37	1.13
	SF-10-1-C-a	83.11	38709.6	141.94	0.004	572.3	1.52	2.96	4.39	0.67	2.34	1.27	2.87	1.03	1.59	1.86
Kahn and	SF-10-1-C-b	98.78	38709.6	141.94	0.004	572.3	1.52	3.45	4.39	0.78	2.34	1.47	2.87	1.20	1.59	2.16
Mitchell (2002)	SF-10-2-C-a	101.19	38709.6	283.87	0.007	572.3	3.03	5.83	6.30	0.93	3.94	1.48	4.06	1.44	3.19	1.83
. ,	SF-10-2-C-b	102.07	38709.6	283.87	0.007	572.3	3.03	5.53	6.30	0.88	3.94	1.41	4.06	1.36	3.19	1.74
	SF-10-3-C-a	111.49	38709.6	425.81	0.011	572.3	4.55	7.43	8.22	0.90	4.88	1.52	4.97	1.50	4.78	1.56
	SF-10-3-C-b	96.01	38709.6	425.81	0.011	572.3	4.55	7.28	8.22	0.89	4.88	1.49	4.97	1.46	4.78	1.52
	SF-10-4-C-a	106.65	38709.6	567.74	0.015	572.3	6.07	8.52	9.31	0.92	4.88	1.75	5.17	1.65	6.37	1.34
	SF-10-4-C-b	113.60	38709.6	567.74	0.015	572.3	6.07	8.76	9.31	0.94	4.88	1.80	5.17	1.69	6.37	1.38
	SF-14-1-C	110.42	38709.6	141.94	0.004	572.3	1.52	2.86	4.39	0.65	2.34	1.22	2.87	1.00	1.59	1.80
	SF-14-2-C	106.84	38709.6	283.87	0.007	572.3	3.03	4.62	6.30	0.73	3.94	1.17	4.06	1.14	3.19	1.45
	SF-14-3-C	106.13	38709.6	425.81	0.011	572.3	4.55	6.38	8.22	0.78	4.88	1.31	4.97	1.28	4.78	1.33
	SF-14-4-C	110.20	38709.6	567.74	0.015	572.3	6.07	8.42	9.31	0.90	4.88	1.73	5.17	1.63	6.37	1.32
	AN-2	40.20	35999.9	314.16	0.009	530.0	3.61	8.18	7.03	1.16	4.54	1.80	4.43	1.85	3.79	2.16
	AN-4	40.20	35999.9	628.32	0.017	530.0	7.21	10.17	9.05	1.12	4.88	2.09	5.17	1.97	4.89	2.08
	AN-6	40.20	35999.9	942.48	0.026	530.0	10.83	12.92	9.05	1.43	4.88	2.65	5.17	2.50	4.89	2.64
	AM-2	69.01	35999.9	314.16	0.009	530.0	3.61	7.50	7.03	1.07	4.54	1.65	4.43	1.70	3.79	1.98
	AM-3	69.01	35999.9	471.24	0.013	530.0	5.41	11.50	9.30	1.24	4.88	2.36	5.17	2.22	5.68	2.02
	AM-4	69.01	35999.9	628.32	0.017	530.0	7.21	14.03	9.31	1.51	4.88	2.88	5.17	2.71	6.62	2.12
Mansur et al. (2008)	AH-2	87.00	35999.9	314.16	0.009	530.0	3.61	7.78	7.03	1.11	4.54	1.71	4.43	1.76	3.79	2.05
Wallouf et al. (2000)	AH-3	87.00	35999.9	471.24	0.013	530.0	5.41	12.36	9.30	1.33	4.88	2.54	5.17	2.39	5.68	2.18
	AH-4	87.00	35999.9	628.32	0.017	530.0	7.21	14.17	9.31	1.52	4.88	2.91	5.17	2.74	7.57	1.87
	B1-4	73.21	35999.9	402.12	0.011	300.0	3.35	6.73	6.70	1.00	4.27	1.58	4.27	1.58	3.52	1.91
	B2-2	84.91	35999.9	201.06	0.006	300.0	1.68	5.17	4.59	1.13	2.51	2.06	3.02	1.71	1.76	2.94
	B2-4	84.91	35999.9	402.12	0.011	300.0	3.35	7.32	6.70	1.09	4.27	1.72	4.27	1.72	3.52	2.08
	B2-5	84.91	35999.9	502.65	0.014	300.0	4.19	8.21	7.76	1.06	4.88	1.68	4.77	1.72	4.40	1.87
	B2-6	84.91	35999.9	603.19	0.017	300.0	5.03	9.17	8.82	1.04	4.88	1.88	5.17	1.77	5.29	1.74

Table 2. Cont.

		£ /	Δ	Δ.		£	of	71	AASHT	O LRFD	CS	A-S6	F	PCI	ACI	318-19
Researcher(s)	Specimen	(MPa)	(mm^2)	(mm^2)	ρ	(MPa)	<i>рЈу</i> (MPa)	(MPa)	v _{cal} (MPa)	v _{test} /v _{cal}						
	B3-4	95.21	35999.9	402.12	0.011	300.0	3.35	7.97	6.70	1.19	4.27	1.87	4.27	1.87	3.52	2.27
	B4-2	106.40	35999.9	201.06	0.006	300.0	1.68	6.01	4.59	1.31	2.51	2.40	3.02	1.99	1.76	3.42
Mansur et al. (2008)	B4-4	106.40	35999.9	402.12	0.011	300.0	3.35	8.43	6.70	1.26	4.27	1.98	4.27	1.98	3.52	2.40
	B4-5	106.40	35999.9	502.65	0.014	300.0	4.19	9.24	7.76	1.19	4.88	1.90	4.77	1.94	4.40	2.10
	B4-6	106.40	35999.9	603.19	0.017	300.0	5.03	9.96	8.82	1.13	4.88	2.04	5.17	1.93	5.29	1.89
Speed at al. (2016)	N-MO-P-1	33.37	31935.4	425.81	0.013	497.8	5.38	8.51	7.51	1.13	4.88	1.75	5.17	1.65	4.48	1.90
Sheed et al. (2016)	N-MO-P-2	33.37	31935.4	425.81	0.013	497.8	5.38	7.94	7.51	1.06	4.88	1.63	5.17	1.53	4.48	1.77
						Sa	and-lightwo	eight cond	crete	•						
	B1	25.79	32258.0	141.94	0.004	342.0	1.50	3.10	2.84	1.09	1.98	1.57	2.43	1.28	1.34	2.31
	B2	23.17	32258.0	283.87	0.009	351.0	3.09	4.50	4.27	1.05	3.39	1.32	3.48	1.29	2.76	1.63
	B3	26.96	32258.0	425.81	0.013	351.0	4.63	5.79	5.66	1.02	4.77	1.21	4.26	1.36	4.04	1.43
	B4	28.27	32258.0	567.74	0.018	338.5	5.96	6.48	6.21	1.04	4.88	1.33	4.40	1.47	4.14	1.57
	B5	27.30	32258.0	709.68	0.022	348.2	7.66	6.90	6.14	1.12	4.88	1.41	4.40	1.57	4.10	1.68
	B6	29.30	32258.0	851.61	0.026	357.2	9.43	7.96	6.21	1.28	4.88	1.63	4.40	1.81	4.14	1.92
	C1	16.07	32258.0	141.94	0.004	342.0	1.50	2.51	2.84	0.88	1.98	1.27	2.43	1.03	1.34	1.87
	C2	16.07	32258.0	283.87	0.009	369.6	3.25	3.54	3.61	0.98	3.01	1.18	3.07	1.15	2.41	1.47
Mattock et al.	C3	13.79	32258.0	425.81	0.013	351.0	4.63	3.63	3.10	1.17	2.59	1.40	2.64	1.38	2.07	1.75
(1976)	C4	14.13	32258.0	567.74	0.018	360.6	6.34	3.86	3.18	1.21	2.65	1.46	2.70	1.43	2.12	1.82
	C5	16.07	32258.0	709.68	0.022	369.6	8.13	4.41	3.61	1.22	3.01	1.46	3.07	1.44	2.41	1.83
	C6	16.07	32258.0	851.61	0.026	342.0	9.03	5.10	3.61	1.41	3.01	1.69	3.07	1.66	2.41	2.12
	D1	41.34	32258.0	141.94	0.004	357.2	1.57	2.55	2.90	0.88	2.04	1.25	2.48	1.03	1.40	1.82
	D2	41.34	32258.0	283.87	0.009	360.6	3.17	4.61	4.34	1.06	3.47	1.33	3.53	1.31	2.83	1.63
	D3	39.37	32258.0	425.81	0.013	360.6	4.76	5.32	5.77	0.92	4.88	1.09	4.32	1.23	4.14	1.29
	D4	39.37	32258.0	567.74	0.018	360.6	6.34	7.05	6.21	1.14	4.88	1.45	4.40	1.60	4.14	1.70
	D5	38.61	32258.0	709.68	0.022	360.6	7.94	7.46	6.21	1.20	4.88	1.53	4.40	1.70	4.14	1.80
	D6	38.61	32258.0	851.61	0.026	357.2	9.43	8.41	6.21	1.36	4.88	1.73	4.40	1.91	4.14	2.03
	1 LWC1	58.54	54193.4	283.87	0.005	369.6	1.94	1.98	3.23	0.61	2.37	0.84	2.76	0.72	1.73	1.14
	2 LWC1	58.68	54193.4	283.87	0.005	369.6	1.94	2.52	3.23	0.78	2.37	1.06	2.76	0.91	1.73	1.46
	3 LWC1	57.16	54193.4	283.87	0.005	369.6	1.94	2.85	3.23	0.88	2.37	1.20	2.76	1.03	1.73	1.65
Hoff (1002)	4 LWC1	58.54	54193.4	567.74	0.01	468.9	3.94	5.25	5.03	1.04	4.15	1.26	3.93	1.34	3.51	1.49
FIOII (1993)	5 LWC1	58.68	54193.4	567.74	0.01	475.8	3.94	4.69	5.03	0.93	4.15	1.13	3.93	1.19	3.51	1.33
	6 LWC1	57.16	54193.4	567.74	0.01	468.9	3.94	5.01	5.03	1.00	4.15	1.21	3.93	1.28	3.51	1.43
_	1 LWC2	63.92	54193.4	283.87	0.005	369.6	1.94	3.37	3.23	1.04	2.37	1.42	2.76	1.22	1.73	1.95
	2 LWC2	60.40	54193.4	283.87	0.005	369.6	1.94	2.31	3.23	0.71	2.37	0.98	2.76	0.84	1.73	1.34

Table 2. Cont.

		f /	Δ	A .		f	of	71.	AASHT) LRFD	CS	A-S6	F	PCI	ACI	318-19
Researcher(s)	Specimen) <i>c</i> (MPa)	(mm^2)	(mm^2)	ρ)y (MPa)	<i>рЈу</i> (MPa)	(MPa)	v _{cal} (MPa)	v _{test} /v _{cal}						
	3 LWC2	60.19	54193.4	283.87	0.005	369.6	1.94	2.06	3.23	0.64	2.37	0.87	2.76	0.75	1.73	1.19
	4 LWC2	63.92	54193.4	567.74	0.01	468.9	3.94	5.10	5.03	1.01	4.15	1.23	3.93	1.30	3.51	1.45
	5 LWC2	60.40	54193.4	567.74	0.01	472.3	3.94	4.77	5.03	0.95	4.15	1.15	3.93	1.21	3.51	1.36
	6 LWC2	60.19	54193.4	567.74	0.01	472.3	3.94	4.69	5.03	0.93	4.15	1.13	3.93	1.19	3.51	1.33
Hoff (1993)	1 HSLWC	71.09	54193.4	283.87	0.005	497.1	2.17	4.61	3.44	1.34	2.57	1.79	2.91	1.58	1.93	2.38
11011 (1990)	2 HSLWC	75.22	54193.4	283.87	0.005	497.1	2.17	3.78	3.44	1.10	2.57	1.47	2.91	1.30	1.93	1.96
	3 HSLWC	75.98	54193.4	283.87	0.005	497.1	2.17	4.03	3.44	1.17	2.57	1.57	2.91	1.38	1.93	2.09
	4 HSLWC	71.09	54193.4	567.74	0.01	460.6	3.94	6.00	5.03	1.19	4.15	1.45	3.93	1.53	3.51	1.71
	5 HSLWC	75.22	54193.4	567.74	0.01	460.6	3.94	6.00	5.03	1.19	4.15	1.45	3.93	1.53	3.51	1.71
	6 HSLWC	75.98	54193.4	567.74	0.01	460.6	3.94	6.16	5.03	1.22	4.15	1.48	3.93	1.57	3.51	1.75
	S-SH-MO-P-1	32.89	31935.4	425.81	0.013	497.8	5.38	7.05	6.21	1.14	4.88	1.45	4.40	1.60	4.14	1.70
Sneed et al. (2016)	S-SH-MO-P-2	32.89	31935.4	425.81	0.013	497.8	5.38	7.23	6.21	1.16	4.88	1.48	4.40	1.64	4.14	1.75
	,					A	ll-lightwei	ight conc	rete							
	F1	28.61	32258.0	141.94	0.004	366.8	1.61	3.10	2.94	1.05	1.83	1.69	2.22	1.40	1.27	2.44
	F2	27.79	32258.0	283.87	0.009	360.6	3.17	3.65	4.34	0.84	3.06	1.19	3.11	1.17	2.50	1.46
	F2A	27.37	32258.0	283.87	0.009	351.0	3.09	4.27	4.27	1.00	3.00	1.43	3.07	1.39	2.43	1.76
	F3	28.03	32258.0	425.81	0.013	360.6	4.76	5.06	5.77	0.88	4.31	1.17	3.81	1.33	3.75	1.35
	F3A	27.37	32258.0	425.81	0.013	354.4	4.67	4.84	5.70	0.85	4.24	1.14	3.78	1.28	3.68	1.31
	F4	27.86	32258.0	567.74	0.018	351.0	6.18	6.00	6.21	0.97	4.88	1.23	3.88	1.55	4.14	1.45
Mattock et al.	F5	28.37	32258.0	709.68	0.022	357.2	7.86	6.34	6.21	1.02	4.88	1.30	3.88	1.64	4.14	1.53
(1976)	F6	27.92	32258.0	851.61	0.026	366.8	9.68	6.77	6.21	1.09	4.88	1.39	3.88	1.75	4.14	1.64
	H1	28.58	32258.0	141.94	0.004	343.4	1.51	2.76	2.85	0.97	1.75	1.57	2.15	1.28	1.19	2.32
	H2	26.75	32258.0	283.87	0.009	357.2	3.14	4.27	4.32	0.99	3.04	1.41	3.10	1.38	2.48	1.73
	H3	28.27	32258.0	425.81	0.013	357.2	4.72	5.97	5.73	1.04	4.28	1.40	3.80	1.57	3.71	1.61
	H4	30.48	32258.0	567.74	0.018	357.2	6.29	6.48	6.21	1.04	4.88	1.33	3.88	1.67	4.14	1.57
	H5	27.24	32258.0	709.68	0.022	348.2	7.66	6.83	6.13	1.11	4.88	1.40	3.88	1.76	4.09	1.67
	H6	28.13	32258.0	851.61	0.026	343.4	9.07	7.18	6.21	1.16	4.88	1.47	3.88	1.85	4.14	1.74
Speed at al. (2016)	A-SH-MO-P-1	32.41	31935.4	425.81	0.013	497.8	5.38	6.43	6.21	1.04	4.80	1.34	3.88	1.66	4.14	1.55
Sileeu et al. (2010)	A-SH-MO-P-2	32.41	31935.4	425.81	0.013	497.8	5.38	7.34	6.21	1.18	4.80	1.53	3.88	1.89	4.14	1.77
									Average	1.08		1.59		1.54		1.86
									Maximum	1.73		2.91		2.74		3.42
									Minimum	0.61		0.84		0.72		1.13
									STD	0.21		0.40		0.37		0.42
									COV	19.29		24.85		23.74		22.49

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Table 3. Intentionally roughened cold joint.

		£1	Δ	4 .		f	of	71	AASHT	O LRFD	CS	A-S6	1	PCI	ACI	318-19	Euro	Code 2	CEB-H	FIP 2010
Researcher(s)	Specimen	(MPa)	(mm^2)	(mm^2)	ρ	(MPa)	(MPa)	(MPa)	v _{cal}	vtest/vcal	v _{cal}	v_{test}/v_{cal}	v _{cal}	v_{test}/v_{cal}	v _{cal}	vtest/vcal	v _{cal}	Vtest/Vcal	v _{cal}	v _{test} /v _{cal}
			,	(11111)					(MPa)	icht con sucto	(MPa)	nor car	(MPa)	1057 Cur	(MPa)		(MPa)		(MPa)	
	R1	40.27	22258.0	141.04	0.004	252.5	1 56	2.26	1N0FIIIalwe		1.54	2.18	2.46	1 27	1 17	2.87	2.42	1 29	1 70	1.07
	B2	40.27	32258.0	283.87	0.004	348.5	3.07	4.83	4 25	1.10	2.68	1.80	3.45	1.37	2 30	2.07	3.79	1.38	2.79	1.97
	B2 B3	41.75	32258.0	425.81	0.009	353.5	4.67	7.27	5.69	1.14	3.88	1.00	4 25	1.40	3.50	2.10	5.25	1.27	3.86	1.73
	B4	41.75	32258.0	567.74	0.018	371.1	6.53	8.80	7.37	1.19	4.88	1.80	5.03	1.75	4.90	1.80	6.93	1.00	5.15	1.71
	B5	40.65	32258.0	800.00	0.025	339.6	8.70	10.83	9.15	1 18	4.88	2 22	5.17	2.09	4 92	2 20	8.51	1.27	6.58	1.64
	B6	40.65	32258.0	1032.26	0.032	339.6	10.87	11.72	9.15	1.28	4.88	2.40	5.17	2.27	4.92	2.38	8.51	1.38	8.12	1.44
Mattock	D1	25.99	32258.0	141.94	0.004	353.5	1.56	4.07	2.89	1.41	1.54	2.64	2.46	1.65	1.17	3.48	2.17	1.87	1.53	2.66
(1976)	D2	25.99	32258.0	283.87	0.009	353.5	3.11	6.34	4.29	1.48	2.71	2.34	3.47	1.83	2.33	2.72	3.57	1.78	2.55	2.49
	D3	20.27	32258.0	425.81	0.013	386.1	5.10	6.96	4.56	1.53	3.80	1.83	3.80	1.83	3.04	2.29	4.66	1.50	3.53	1.97
	D4	20.27	32258.0	567.74	0.018	386.1	6.80	6.91	4.56	1.51	3.80	1.82	3.80	1.82	3.04	2.27	4.66	1.48	4.57	1.51
	D4A	17.20	32258.0	567.74	0.018	372.3	6.55	6.85	3.87	1.77	3.23	2.12	3.23	2.12	2.58	2.66	4.00	1.71	3.94	1.74
	D5	20.37	32258.0	800.00	0.025	319.7	7.93	8.34	4.58	1.82	3.82	2.18	3.82	2.18	3.06	2.73	4.68	1.78	4.67	1.79
	D5A	19.27	32258.0	800.00	0.025	318.5	7.90	8.62	4.34	1.99	3.61	2.39	3.61	2.39	2.89	2.98	4.45	1.94	4.42	1.95
	D6	20.37	32258.0	1032.26	0.032	334.4	10.70	10.14	4.58	2.21	3.82	2.65	3.82	2.65	3.06	3.32	4.68	2.17	4.67	2.17
	SF-7-1-CJ	80.91	38709.6	141.94	0.004	572.3	1.52	6.21	2.85	2.17	1.51	4.10	2.43	2.56	1.14	5.45	2.78	2.23	2.18	2.85
	SF-7-2-CJ	80.91	38709.6	283.87	0.007	572.3	3.03	9.43	4.22	2.24	2.65	3.56	3.43	2.75	2.28	4.15	4.15	2.27	3.32	2.84
	SF-7-3-CJ	85.99	38709.6	425.81	0.011	572.3	4.55	12.67	5.59	2.27	3.79	3.35	4.20	3.02	3.41	3.71	5.54	2.29	4.71	2.69
	SF-7-4-CJ	85.99	38709.6	567.74	0.015	572.3	6.07	15.24	6.95	2.19	4.88	3.13	4.85	3.14	4.55	3.35	6.91	2.21	6.04	2.52
Kahn and	SF-10-3-CJ	89.31	38709.6	425.81	0.011	572.3	4.55	13.09	5.59	2.34	3.79	3.46	4.20	3.12	3.41	3.84	5.56	2.35	4.76	2.75
Mitchell (2002)	SF-10-4-CJ	89.31	38709.6	567.74	0.015	572.3	6.07	14.49	6.95	2.08	4.88	2.97	4.85	2.99	4.55	3.18	6.93	2.09	6.11	2.37
	SF-14-1-CJ	101.74	38709.6	141.94	0.004	572.3	1.52	10.45	2.85	3.66	1.51	6.91	2.43	4.31	1.14	9.18	2.90	3.60	2.33	4.48
	SF-14-2-CJ	101.74	38709.6	283.87	0.007	572.3	3.03	11.40	4.22	2.70	2.65	4.30	3.43	3.32	2.28	5.01	4.27	2.67	3.53	3.22
	SF-14-3-CJ	104.93	38709.6	425.81	0.011	572.3	4.55	15.48	5.59	2.77	3.79	4.09	4.20	3.68	3.41	4.54	5.65	2.74	4.98	3.11
	SF-14-4-CJ	104.93	38709.6	567.74	0.015	572.3	6.07	17.60	6.95	2.53	4.88	3.61	4.85	3.63	4.55	3.87	7.01	2.51	6.39	2.75
	NN-3-A	42.40	247741.4	1200.00	0.005	413.7	2.00	3.50	3.33	1.05	1.92	1.83	2.79	1.26	1.50	2.33	2.91	1.20	2.07	1.69
Scott (2010)	NN-3-B	42.40	247741.4	1200.00	0.005	413.7	2.00	3.91	3.33	1.17	1.92	2.04	2.79	1.40	1.50	2.60	2.91	1.34	2.07	1.89
	NN-3-C	42.40	247741.4	1200.00	0.005	413.7	2.00	4.11	3.33	1.23	1.92	2.15	2.79	1.47	1.50	2.74	2.91	1.41	2.07	1.99
	615-3A	39.99	103225.6	425.81	0.004	464.0	1.65	4.83	2.98	1.62	1.62	2.99	2.53	1.91	1.24	3.89	2.51	1.92	1.79	2.69
	615-3B	39.99	103225.6	425.81	0.004	464.0	1.65	4.07	2.98	1.37	1.62	2.52	2.53	1.61	1.24	3.28	2.51	1.62	1.79	2.27
	615-4A	39.99	103225.6	722.58	0.007	424.0	2.90	4.79	4.10	1.17	2.55	1.88	3.35	1.43	2.17	2.20	3.63	1.32	2.59	1.85
Harries et al.	615-4B	39.99	103225.6	722.58	0.007	424.0	2.90	5.47	4.10	1.34	2.55	2.15	3.35	1.63	2.17	2.52	3.63	1.51	2.59	2.11
(2012)	1035-3A	39.99	103225.6	425.81	0.004	896.4	1.65	3.94	2.98	1.32	1.62	2.44	2.53	1.55	1.24	3.17	2.51	1.57	1.97	2.00
	1035-3B	39.99	103225.6	425.81	0.004	868.8	1.65	4.50	2.98	1.51	1.62	2.79	2.53	1.78	1.24	3.63	2.51	1.79	1.96	2.30
	1035-4A	39.99	103225.6	722.58	0.007	965.3	2.90	5.76	4.10	1.41	2.55	2.26	3.35	1.72	2.17	2.65	3.63	1.59	2.97	1.94
	1035-4B	39.99	103225.6	722.58	0.007	905.3	2.90	4.87	4.10	1.19	2.55	1.91	3.35	1.45	2.17	2.24	3.63	1.34	2.94	1.66
	N-5-R-4	33.51	31935.4	425.81	0.013	456.4	5.38	8.23	6.33	1.30	4.41	1.87	4.57	1.80	4.03	2.04	5.75	1.43	4.12	2.00
Shaw and	N-5-R-5	33.51	31935.4	425.81	0.013	456.4	5.38	7.44	6.33	1.18	4.41	1.69	4.57	1.63	4.03	1.84	5.75	1.29	4.12	1.81
Sneed	N-5-R-6	33.51	31935.4	425.81	0.013	456.4	5.38	7.45	6.33	1.18	4.41	1.69	4.57	1.63	4.03	1.85	5.75	1.30	4.12	1.81
(2014)	N-8-R-1	52.06	31935.4	425.81	0.013	456.4	5.38	10.31	6.33	1.63	4.41	2.34	4.57	2.26	4.03	2.56	6.04	1.71	4.54	2.27
(2017)	N-8-R-2	52.06	31935.4	425.81	0.013	456.4	5.38	7.81	6.33	1.23	4.41	1.77	4.57	1.71	4.03	1.94	6.04	1.29	4.54	1.72
	N-8-R-3	52.06	31935.4	425.81	0.013	456.4	5.38	8.94	6.33	1.41	4.41	2.03	4.57	1.96	4.03	2.22	6.04	1.48	4.54	1.97
	4G60	28.2	247660	1032.00	0.0042	473	1.72	4.72	3.04	1.55	1.67	2.83	2.59	1.82	1.29	3.65	2.36	2.00	1.69	2.79
Barbosa et al.	4G80	28.2	247660	1032.00	0.0042	591	1.72	4.71	3.04	1.55	1.67	2.82	2.59	1.82	1.29	3.64	2.36	1.99	1.74	2.71
(2017)	5G60	28.2	186050	1200.00	0.0064	443	2.67	6.59	3.89	1.69	2.38	2.77	3.22	2.05	2.00	3.29	3.21	2.05	2.27	2.90
	5G80	28.2	186050	1200.00	0.0064	589	2.67	7.17	3.89	1.84	2.38	3.02	3.22	2.23	2.00	3.58	3.21	2.23	2.36	3.04

Table 3. Cont.

		£ 1	Δ	4 .		£	of	71.	AASHTO) LRFD	CS	A-S6]	PCI	ACI	318-19	Euro	Code 2	CEB-	FIP 2010
Researcher(s)	Specimen	(MPa)	(mm ²)	(mm ²)	ρ	(MPa)	(MPa)	(MPa)	(MPa)	v_{test}/v_{cal}	v _{cal} (MPa)	v_{test}/v_{cal}								
									Sand-lightwe	ight concre	te									
	LL-3-A	39.51	247741.4	1200.00	0.005	413.7	2.00	3.61	3.33	1.08	1.63	2.22	2.37	1.52	1.28	2.83	2.71	1.33	1.99	1.81
	LL-3-B	39.51	247741.4	1200.00	0.005	413.7	2.00	4.00	3.33	1.20	1.63	2.46	2.37	1.69	1.28	3.13	2.71	1.48	1.99	2.01
Scott (2010)	LL-3-C	39.51	247741.4	1200.00	0.005	413.7	2.00	4.13	3.33	1.24	1.63	2.54	2.37	1.74	1.28	3.23	2.71	1.52	1.99	2.07
30011 (2010)	NL-3-A	39.51	247741.4	1200.00	0.005	413.7	2.00	4.35	3.33	1.30	1.63	2.67	2.37	1.83	1.28	3.40	2.71	1.60	1.99	2.18
	NL-3-B	39.51	247741.4	1200.00	0.005	413.7	2.00	4.27	3.33	1.28	1.63	2.62	2.37	1.80	1.28	3.35	2.71	1.58	1.99	2.15
	NL-3-C	39.51	247741.4	1200.00	0.005	413.7	2.00	3.34	3.33	1.00	1.63	2.05	2.37	1.41	1.28	2.61	2.71	1.23	1.99	1.67
	S-5-R-1	31.58	31935.4	425.81	0.013	456.4	5.38	7.16	6.21	1.15	3.75	1.91	3.88	1.85	3.43	2.09	5.58	1.28	3.97	1.81
Shaw and	S-5-R-2	31.58	31935.4	425.81	0.013	456.4	5.38	7.02	6.21	1.13	3.75	1.87	3.88	1.81	3.43	2.05	5.58	1.26	3.97	1.77
Sneed	S-5-R-3	31.58	31935.4	425.81	0.013	456.4	5.38	8.90	6.21	1.43	3.75	2.38	3.88	2.29	3.43	2.60	5.58	1.59	3.97	2.24
(2014)	S-8-R-1	49.64	31935.4	425.81	0.013	456.4	5.38	10.03	6.21	1.62	3.75	2.68	3.88	2.58	3.43	2.93	5.84	1.72	4.37	2.30
(2011)	S-8-R-2	49.64	31935.4	425.81	0.013	456.4	5.38	9.38	6.21	1.51	3.75	2.50	3.88	2.42	3.43	2.74	5.84	1.61	4.37	2.15
	S-8-R-3	49.64	31935.4	425.81	0.013	456.4	5.38	9.29	6.21	1.50	3.75	2.48	3.88	2.39	3.43	2.71	5.84	1.59	4.37	2.13
	S-SL-CJ-09-R-1	37.10	31935.4	283.87	0.009	497.8	3.72	6.87	4.84	1.42	2.69	2.55	3.23	2.13	2.37	2.90	4.18	1.65	3.08	2.23
	S-SL-CJ-09-R-2	37.10	31935.4	283.87	0.009	497.8	3.72	7.03	4.84	1.45	2.69	2.61	3.23	2.18	2.37	2.96	4.18	1.68	3.08	2.28
	S-SL-CJ-13-R-1	38.41	31935.4	425.81	0.013	497.8	5.38	8.80	6.21	1.42	3.75	2.35	3.88	2.27	3.43	2.57	5.69	1.55	4.19	2.10
	S-SL-CJ-13-R-2	38.41	31935.4	425.81	0.013	497.8	5.38	8.27	6.21	1.33	3.75	2.21	3.88	2.13	3.43	2.41	5.69	1.45	4.19	1.97
	S-SL-CJ-17-R-1	34.13	31935.4	567.74	0.017	497.8	7.03	8.69	6.21	1.40	4.80	1.81	4.40	1.98	4.14	2.10	6.26	1.39	5.14	1.69
Sneed et al.	S-SL-CJ-17-R-2	34.13	31935.4	567.74	0.017	497.8	7.03	9.07	6.21	1.46	4.80	1.89	4.40	2.06	4.14	2.19	6.26	1.45	5.14	1.77
(2016)	S-SL-CJ-22-R-1	34.48	31935.4	709.68	0.022	497.8	9.10	8.98	6.21	1.45	4.88	1.84	4.40	2.04	4.14	2.17	6.32	1.42	6.41	1.40
	S-SL-CJ-22-R-2	34.48	31935.4	709.68	0.022	497.8	9.10	8.02	6.21	1.29	4.88	1.64	4.40	1.82	4.14	1.94	6.32	1.27	6.41	1.25
	S-CL-CJ-9-R-1	32.89	31935.4	283.87	0.009	497.8	3.72	5.16	4.84	1.07	2.69	1.92	3.23	1.60	2.37	2.18	4.11	1.26	3.00	1.72
	S-CL-CJ-9-R-2	32.89	31935.4	283.87	0.009	497.8	3.72	5.98	4.84	1.23	2.69	2.22	3.23	1.85	2.37	2.52	4.11	1.45	3.00	1.99
	S-CL-CJ-13-R-1	31.99	31935.4	425.81	0.013	497.8	5.38	7.07	6.21	1.14	3.75	1.89	3.88	1.82	3.43	2.06	5.59	1.27	4.03	1.76
	S-CL-CJ-13-R-2	31.99	31935.4	425.81	0.013	497.8	5.38	6.53	6.21	1.05	3.75	1.74	3.88	1.68	3.43	1.90	5.59	1.17	4.03	1.62
		41.02	01005 4	105 01	0.010	454	= 00	. ==	All-lightwei	ght concrete	2.01	2.04	0.10	1.07	2.02			110	1.01	1.0
	A-5-R-1	41.92	31935.4	425.81	0.013	456.4	5.38	6.75	6.21	1.09	3.31	2.04	3.43	1.97	3.03	2.23	5.74	1.18	4.21	1.60
Shaw and	A-5-R-2	41.92	31935.4	425.81	0.013	456.4	5.38	7.36	6.21	1.19	3.31	2.23	3.43	2.15	3.03	2.43	5.74	1.28	4.21	1.75
Sneed	A-5-R-3	41.92	31935.4	425.81	0.013	456.4	5.38	7.16	6.21	1.15	3.31	2.17	3.43	2.09	3.03	2.37	5.74	1.25	4.21	1.70
(2014)	A-8-K-1	54.08	31935.4	425.81	0.013	456.4	5.38	8.60	6.21	1.39	3.31	2.60	3.43	2.51	3.03	2.84	5.88	1.46	4.45	1.93
	A-8-R-2	54.08	31935.4	425.81	0.013	456.4	5.38	8.91	6.21	1.44	3.31	2.69	3.43	2.60	3.03	2.94	5.88	1.52	4.45	2.00
	A-8-R-3	54.08	31935.4	425.81	0.013	456.4	5.38	8.93	6.21	1.44	3.31	2.70	3.43	2.61	3.03	2.95	5.88	1.52	4.45	2.00
	A-SL-CJ-13-R-1	30.20	31935.4	425.81	0.013	497.8	5.38	6.47	6.21	1.04	3.31	1.96	3.43	1.89	3.03	2.14	5.56	1.16	3.98	1.63
Sneed et al.	A-SL-CJ-13-R-2	30.20	31935.4	425.81	0.013	497.8	5.38	6.53	6.21	1.05	3.31	1.97	3.43	1.91	3.03	2.16	5.56	1.17	3.98	1.64
(2016)	A-CL-CJ-13-R-1	30.75	31935.4	425.81	0.013	497.8	5.38	6.20	6.21	1.00	3.31	1.88	3.43	1.81	3.03	2.05	5.57	1.11	4.00	1.55
	A-CL-CJ-13-R-2	30.75	31935.4	425.81	0.013	497.8	5.38	6.28	6.21	1.01	3.31	1.90	3.43	1.83	3.03	2.08	5.57	1.13	4.00	1.57
									Average	1.49		2.44		2.08		2.86		1.62		2.09
									Maximum	3.66		6.91		4.31		9.18		3.60		4.48
									Minimum	1.00		1.64		1.26		1.80		1.11		1.25
									STD	0.47		0.77		0.57		1.03		0.44		0.51
									COV	31.75		31.60	[27.60		35.99		27.08		24.49

Table 4. Cold joint that is not roughened.

		£ 1	4	4 .		f	of	71	AASHT	O LRFD	CS	A-S6]]	PCI	ACI	318-19	Euro	Code 2	CEB-	FIP 2010
Researcher(s)	Specimen	(MPa)	(mm^2)	(mm^2)	ρ	$\int y$ (MPa)	(MPa)	(MPa)	v _{cal}	Vtact/Vcal	vcal	Vtact/Vcal	vcal	Vtact/Vcal	vcal	Vtact/Vcal	vcal	Vtact/Vcal	v _{cal}	Vtact/Vcal
		((/	(iiiii)		(((MPa)	-1-1	(MPa)	itest cui	(MPa)	iest cui	(MPa)	- iest - tui	(MPa)	iest cut	(MPa)	1051 - 641
	C1	40.47	22258.0	141.04	0.004	251.0	1 5 4	1.45	Normalwei	gnt concrete	0.00	1.(4	0.70	2.00	0.70	2.00	1.24	1.00	0.04	1 54
		40.47	32258.0	141.94	0.004	351.0	1.54	1.45	1.30	1.11	0.88	1.64	0.70	2.08	0.70	2.08	1.34	1.08	0.94	1.54
	C2	40.47	32236.0	425.07	0.009	248.5	3.09	2.40	2.15	1.10	2.26	1.37	2.07	1.79	1.39	1.79	2.27	1.10	2.00	1.24
		41.23	32236.0	423.01	0.013	256.1	4.00	2.95	2.93	1.00	2.20	1.51	2.07	1.45	2.07	1.43	3.10	0.93	2.94	1.00
	C4	41.23	32238.0	700.68	0.010	262.6	0.27	4.14 E 20	3.65	1.07	2.70	1.30	2.62	1.47	2.62	1.47	4.10	0.99	4.07 E 1 E	1.02
	<u>C5</u>	42.51	32236.0	1022.26	0.022	212.0	0.00	6.09	4.70	1.12	3.79	1.42	3.00	1.49	3.60	1.49	5.25	1.03	6.70	1.05
		42.51	32258.0	1032.20	0.032	251.0	9.90	1.10	4.90	0.85	4.00	1.30	4.14	1.47	4.14	1.47	1.24	0.93	0.70	0.91
	<u> </u>	40.47	32258.0	283.87	0.004	351.0	3.36	1.10	2.28	0.80	1.70	1.23	1.51	1.09	1.51	1.39	2.43	0.32	2.09	0.87
Mattock	C3	41.23	32258.0	425.81	0.009	348.5	5.05	2.65	3.10	0.80	2.46	1.07	2.27	1.20	2.27	1.20	3.45	0.73	3.08	0.87
(1076)	G3 C4	41.23	32258.0	567.74	0.013	356.1	6.51	3.45	3.08	0.87	2.40	1.00	2.27	1.17	2.27	1.17	4.32	0.80	1 14	0.80
(1970)	C5	42.51	32258.0	800.00	0.010	363.6	8 38	4.04	1.96	0.81	3.06	1.11	2.95	1.10	3.77	1.10	5.46	0.30	5.26	0.03
	<u> </u>	42.51	32258.0	1032.26	0.022	312.0	10.33	5.36	4.96	1.08	1.84	1.02	4.14	1.07	4.14	1.07	6.62	0.74	6.80	0.77
	U U U U U U U	40.16	32258.0	1/1 9/	0.002	382.3	1.35	1 30	1.25	1.00	0.84	1.11	0.65	1.00	0.65	1.50	1.28	1.01	0.00	1 30
	H2	41.92	32258.0	283.87	0.004	382.3	3 31	2.22	2.25	0.99	1.68	1.34	1.49	1.79	1.49	1.99	2.41	0.92	2 14	1.04
	H3	41.92	32258.0	425.81	0.007	382.3	4 96	3.17	3.15	1.01	2.42	1.32	2.23	1.42	2.23	1.42	3.40	0.92	3.14	1.04
	H4	41.92	32258.0	567.74	0.013	369.8	6.62	3.52	4 04	0.87	3.17	1.01	2.23	1.42	2.23	1.42	4 39	0.95	4 24	0.83
	H5	42.61	32258.0	800.00	0.025	322.7	7.98	4 51	4.77	0.07	3.78	1.11	3.59	1.10	3 59	1.10	5.21	0.86	5 34	0.84
	H6	40.68	32258.0	1032.26	0.032	322.7	10.26	5.24	4 96	1.06	4 80	1.09	4 14	1.20	4 14	1.20	6.57	0.80	674	0.01
Kahn and	SE-10-1-CI+	98.78	38709.6	141 94	0.002	572.3	1 52	3.65	1.28	2.84	0.87	4 19	0.68	5 34	0.68	5 34	1.52	2.40	1 41	2 59
Mitchell (2002)	SF-10-2-CI+	83.11	38709.6	283.87	0.004	572.3	3.03	5.67	2.10	2.04	1.55	3.65	1.37	4 15	1.37	4 15	2 39	2.40	2 44	2.32
Witchen (2002)	N-5-S-4	33.51	31935.4	425.81	0.007	456.4	5.38	4 30	3 37	1.07	2.61	1.65	2.42	1.15	2.42	1.13	3.59	1.20	3.23	1.32
	N-5-S-5	33.51	31935.4	425.81	0.013	456.4	5.38	4.30	3.37	1.27	2.01	1.05	2.42	2.00	2.42	2.00	3 59	1.20	3.23	1.50
Shaw and	N-5-S-6	33.51	31935.4	425.81	0.013	456.4	5 38	5.45	3.37	1.43	2.01	2.09	2.42	2.00	2.42	2.00	3 59	1.55	3.23	1.50
Sneed (2014)	N-8-S-1	52.06	31935.4	425.81	0.013	456.4	5.38	913	3.37	2.71	2.01	3.50	2.42	3.77	2.42	3.77	3.71	2.46	3.63	2.52
011000 (2011)	N-8-S-2	52.00	31935.4	425.81	0.013	456.4	5 38	7.43	3 37	2.71	2.01	2.85	2.12	3.07	2.12	3.07	3.71	2.10	3.63	2.02
	N-8-5-3	52.00	31935.4	425.81	0.013	456.4	5.38	7.10	3.37	2.20	2.61	2.00	2.12	3.19	2.12	3.19	3.71	2.00	3.63	2.00
		02.00	0170011		01010		0.00		Sand-lightw	eight concre	te			0.127					0.00	
	S-5-S-1	31.58	31935.4	425.81	0.013	456.4	5 38	5.36	3.37	1.59	2 22	2 42	2.06	2.61	2.06	2.61	3.52	1.52	3.06	1 75
	S-5-S-2	31.58	31935.4	425.81	0.013	456.4	5.38	4.75	3.37	1.41	2.22	2.14	2.06	2.31	2.06	2.31	3.52	1.35	3.06	1.55
Shaw and	S-5-S-3	31.58	31935.4	425.81	0.013	456.4	5.38	5.54	3.37	1.65	2.22	2.50	2.06	2.69	2.06	2.69	3.52	1.57	3.06	1.81
Sneed (2014)	S-8-S-1	49.64	31935.4	425.81	0.013	456.4	5.38	9.34	3.37	2 77	2.22	4 21	2.06	4.54	2.06	4.54	3.63	2.57	3 43	2 73
	S-8-S-2	49.64	31935.4	425.81	0.013	456.4	5.38	8.06	3.37	2.39	2.22	3.64	2.06	3.92	2.06	3.92	3.63	2.22	3.43	2.35
	S-8-S-3	49.64	31935.4	425.81	0.013	456.4	5.38	8.20	3.37	2.43	2.22	3.70	2.06	3.99	2.06	3.99	3.63	2.26	3.43	2.39
	S-SL-CI-09-S-1	37.10	31935.4	283.87	0.009	497.8	3.72	3.75	2.48	1.51	1.58	2.37	1.42	2.63	1.42	2.63	2.56	1.46	2.25	1.67
	S-SL-CI-09-S-2	37.10	31935.4	283.87	0.009	497.8	3.72	4.54	2.48	1.83	1.58	2.87	1.42	3.19	1.42	3.19	2.56	1.77	2.25	2.02
	S-SL-CI-13-S-1	38.41	31935.4	425.81	0.013	497.8	5.38	5.50	3.37	1.63	2.22	2.48	2.06	2.67	2.06	2.67	3.57	1.54	3.28	1.68
	S-SL-CJ-13-S-2	38.41	31935.4	425.81	0.013	497.8	5.38	6.79	3.37	2.02	2.22	3.06	2.06	3.30	2.06	3.30	3.57	1.90	3.28	2.07
	S-SL-CI-17-S-1	34.13	31935.4	567.74	0.017	497.8	7.03	6.94	4.26	1.63	2.85	2.43	2.69	2.58	2.69	2.58	4.53	1.53	4.16	1.67
	S-SL-CI-17-S-2	34.13	31935.4	567.74	0.017	497.8	7.03	7.87	4.26	1.85	2.85	2.76	2.69	2.93	2.69	2.93	4.53	1.74	4.16	1.89
Sneed et al.	S-SL-CJ-22-S-1	34.48	31935.4	709.68	0.022	497.8	9.10	6.94	4.96	1.40	3.64	1.91	3.48	1.99	3.48	1.99	5.78	1.20	5.13	1.35
(2016)	S-SL-CJ-22-S-2	34.48	31935.4	709.68	0.022	497.8	9.10	7.87	4.96	1.59	3.64	2.16	3.48	2.26	3.48	2.26	5.78	1.36	5.13	1.54
(S-CL-CJ-9-S-1	32.89	31935.4	283.87	0.009	497.8	3.72	4.44	2.48	1.79	1.58	2.80	1.42	3.12	1.42	3.12	2.54	1.75	2.18	2.03
	S-CL-CJ-9-S-2	32.89	31935.4	283.87	0.009	497.8	3.72	5.28	2.48	2.13	1.58	3.34	1.42	3.71	1.42	3.71	2.54	2.08	2.18	2.42
	S-CL-CJ-13-S-1	31.99	31935.4	425.81	0.013	497.8	5.38	5.71	3.37	1.69	2.22	2.58	2.06	2.78	2.06	2.78	3.53	1.62	3.13	1.82
	S-CL-CJ-13-S-2	31.99	31935.4	425.81	0.013	497.8	5.38	5.63	3.37	1.67	2.22	2.54	2.06	2.74	2.06	2.74	3.53	1.60	3.13	1.80
	S-CL-CJ-17-S-1	31.37	31935.4	567.74	0.017	497.8	7.03	6.01	4.26	1.41	2.85	2.11	2.69	2.23	2.69	2.23	4.52	1.33	4.08	1.47
	S-CL-CJ-17-S-2	31.37	31935.4	567.74	0.017	497.8	7.03	6.81	4.26	1.60	2.85	2.39	2.69	2.53	2.69	2.53	4.52	1.51	4.08	1.67

Researcher(s)	Specimen	<i>f_c'</i> (MPa)	A _{cv} (mm ²)	A _{vf} (mm ²)	ρ	<i>f</i> _y (MPa)	ρf _y (MPa)	v _{test} (MPa)	AASHTO LRFD		CSA-S6		PCI		ACI 318-19		EuroCode 2		CEB-FIP 2010	
									v _{cal} (MPa)	v_{test}/v_{cal}	v _{cal} (MPa)	v_{test}/v_{cal}	v _{cal} (MPa)	v_{test}/v_{cal}	v _{cal} (MPa)	v _{test} /v _{cal}	v _{cal} (MPa)	v _{test} /v _{cal}	(MPa)	v _{test} /v _{cal}
				All-lightwei	ght concret	e														
Shaw and Sneed (2014)	A-5-S-1	41.92	31935.4	425.81	0.013	456.4	5.38	5.78	3.37	1.71	1.96	2.95	1.82	3.18	1.82	3.18	3.59	1.61	3.28	1.76
	A-5-S-2	41.92	31935.4	425.81	0.013	456.4	5.38	5.58	3.37	1.66	1.96	2.86	1.82	3.08	1.82	3.08	3.59	1.56	3.28	1.70
	A-5-S-3	41.92	31935.4	425.81	0.013	456.4	5.38	5.47	3.37	1.62	1.96	2.80	1.82	3.01	1.82	3.01	3.59	1.52	3.28	1.67
	A-8-S-1	54.08	31935.4	425.81	0.013	456.4	5.38	6.42	3.37	1.91	1.96	3.28	1.82	3.54	1.82	3.54	3.64	1.76	3.50	1.83
	A-8-S-2	54.08	31935.4	425.81	0.013	456.4	5.38	6.69	3.37	1.98	1.96	3.42	1.82	3.68	1.82	3.68	3.64	1.84	3.50	1.91
	A-8-S-3	54.08	31935.4	425.81	0.013	456.4	5.38	7.21	3.37	2.14	1.96	3.68	1.82	3.97	1.82	3.97	3.64	1.98	3.50	2.06
Sneed et al. (2016)	A-SL-CJ-13-S-1	30.20	31935.4	425.81	0.013	497.8	5.38	5.27	3.37	1.56	1.96	2.69	1.82	2.90	1.82	2.90	3.52	1.50	3.09	1.71
	A-SL-CJ-13-S-2	30.20	31935.4	425.81	0.013	497.8	5.38	5.41	3.37	1.60	1.96	2.76	1.82	2.98	1.82	2.98	3.52	1.54	3.09	1.75
	A-CL-CJ-13-S-1	30.75	31935.4	425.81	0.013	497.8	5.38	5.14	3.37	1.52	1.96	2.63	1.82	2.83	1.82	2.83	3.52	1.46	3.10	1.66
	A-CL-CJ-13-S-2	30.75	31935.4	425.81	0.013	497.8	5.38	5.20	3.37	1.54	1.96	2.66	1.82	2.86	1.82	2.86	3.52	1.48	3.10	1.68
									Average	1.57		2.32		2.54		2.54		1.46		1.60
									Maximum	2.84		4.21		5.34		5.34		2.57		2.73
									Minimum	0.80		1.02		1.07		1.07		0.74		0.77
									STD	0.54		0.89		0.99		0.99		0.50		0.52
									COV	34.10		38.64		39.13		39.13		33.99		32.45

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