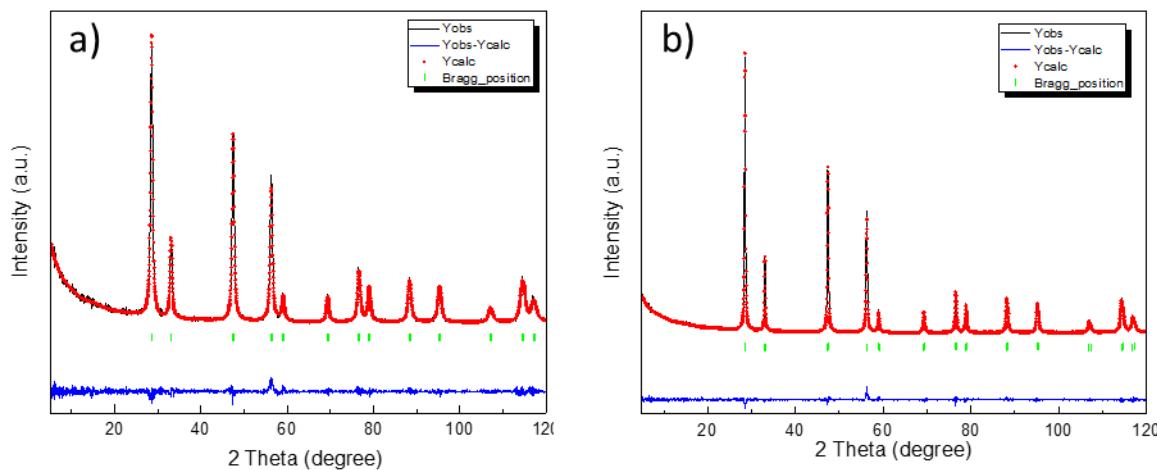


Article

# Assessing the electrochemical performance of different nanostructured CeO<sub>2</sub> samples as anodes for lithium-ion batteries

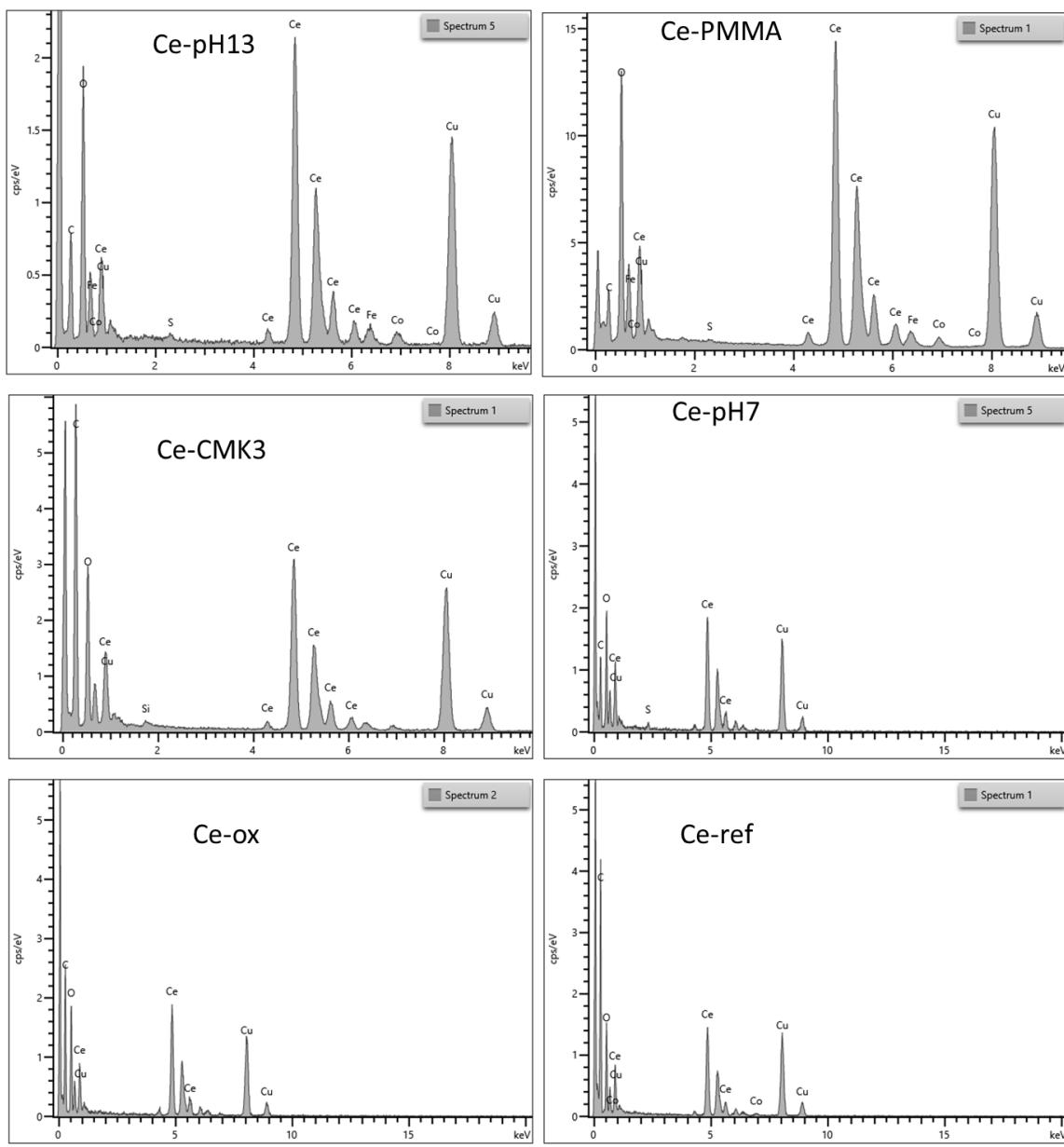
Farah Lamara, Nedjemeddine Bounar, Benjamín Solsona, Francisco J. Llopis, M.Pilar Pico, Daniel Alonso-Domínguez, M. Luisa López and Inmaculada Álvarez-Serrano



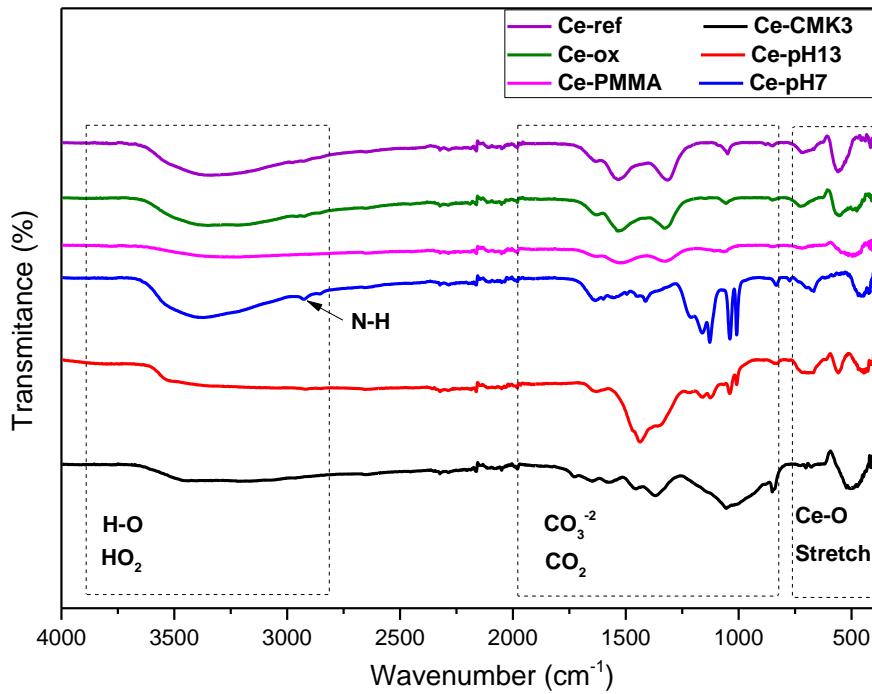
**Figure S1.** Rietveld profiles for a) Ce-pH7 and b) Ce-pH-13. Red points refer to the experimental data, black lines to the calculated profile, blue line indicate the difference between them and vertical green lines indicate the Bragg reflections.

**Table S1.** Rietveld factors from the refinements for the ceria anodes.

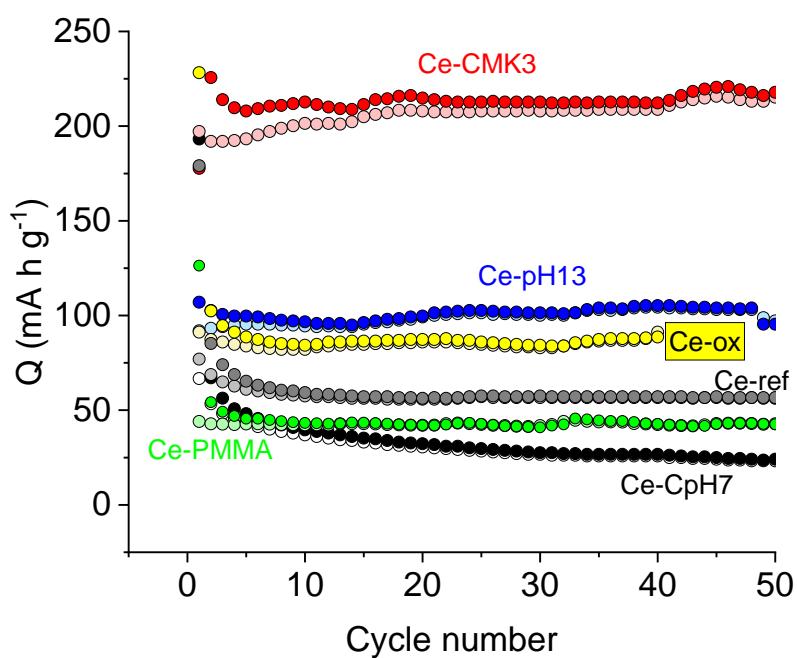
Notation	R <sub>p</sub>	R <sub>wp</sub>	R <sub>B</sub>
Ce-pH13	7.18	11.2	1.86
Ce-pH7	7.80	11.5	1.14
Ce-ox	6.65	8.72	1.33
Ce-PMMA	3.90	5.94	1.15
Ce-CMK3	5.74	7.86	2.69
Ce-Ref	3.32	5.46	1.72



**Figure S2.** Representative EDX spectra for the ceria anodes.



**Figure S3.** Representative FTIR spectra for the ceria anodes.



**Figure S4.** Comparative of charge (pale color) and discharge (intense color) capacity values during the first 50 cycles at 0.155 A g<sup>-1</sup> current rate for all the ceria anodes.