

Supplementary materials

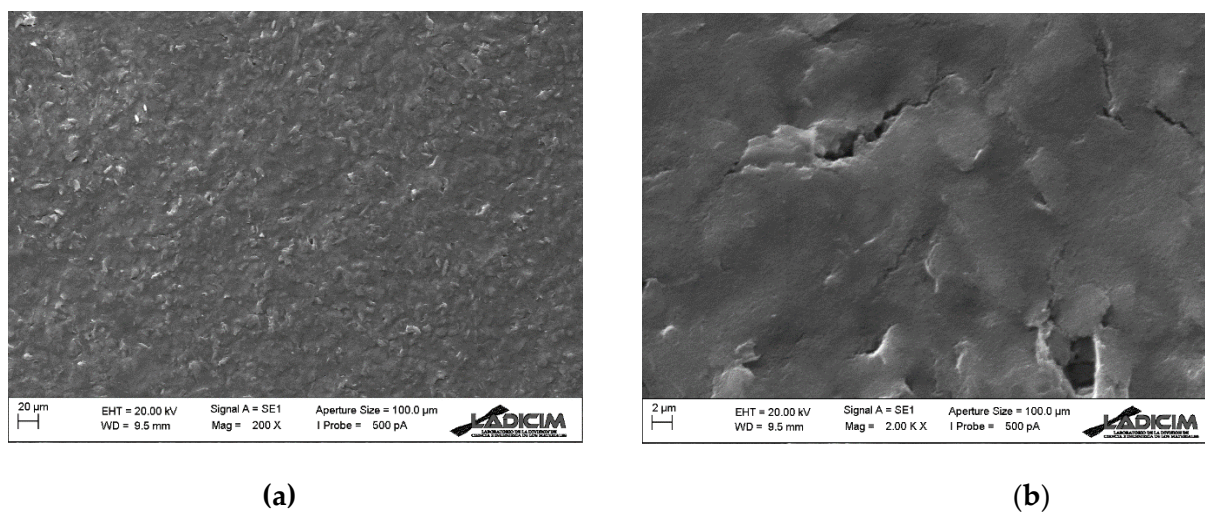


Figure S1. SEM image of carbon screen printed microelectrodes. (a) 200x. (b) 2000x

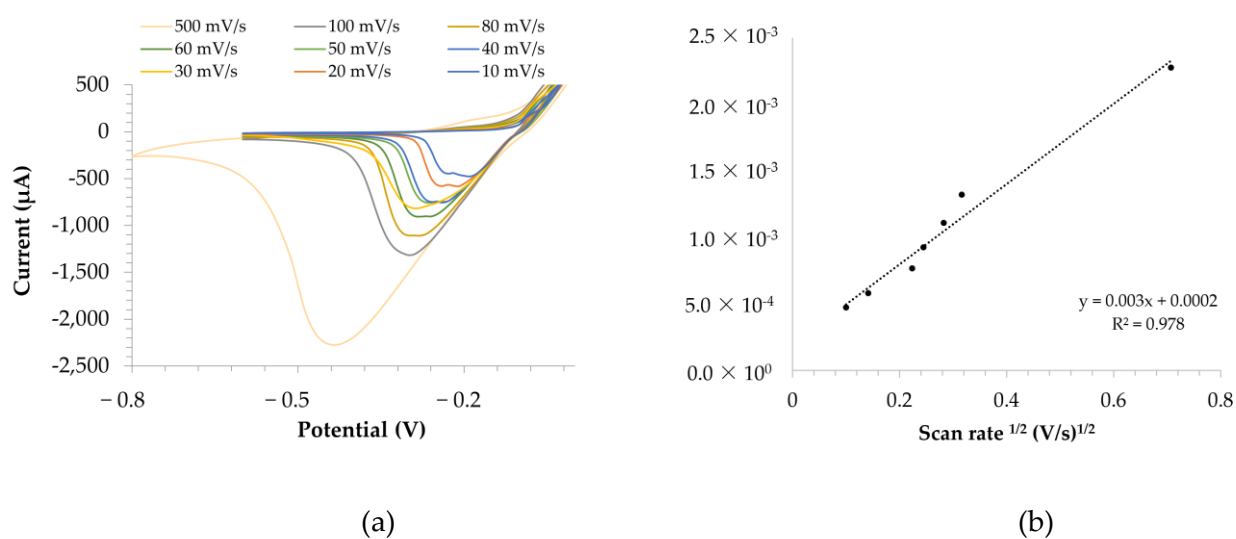


Figure S2. Active area calculation for copper based electrode (a) Cyclic voltammetry with 5 mM $\text{Cl}_3[\text{Ru}(\text{NH}_3)_6]$ in 0.1 M KCl with a scan rate from 500 to 10 mV s^{-1} . (b) Randles-Equation linear regression.

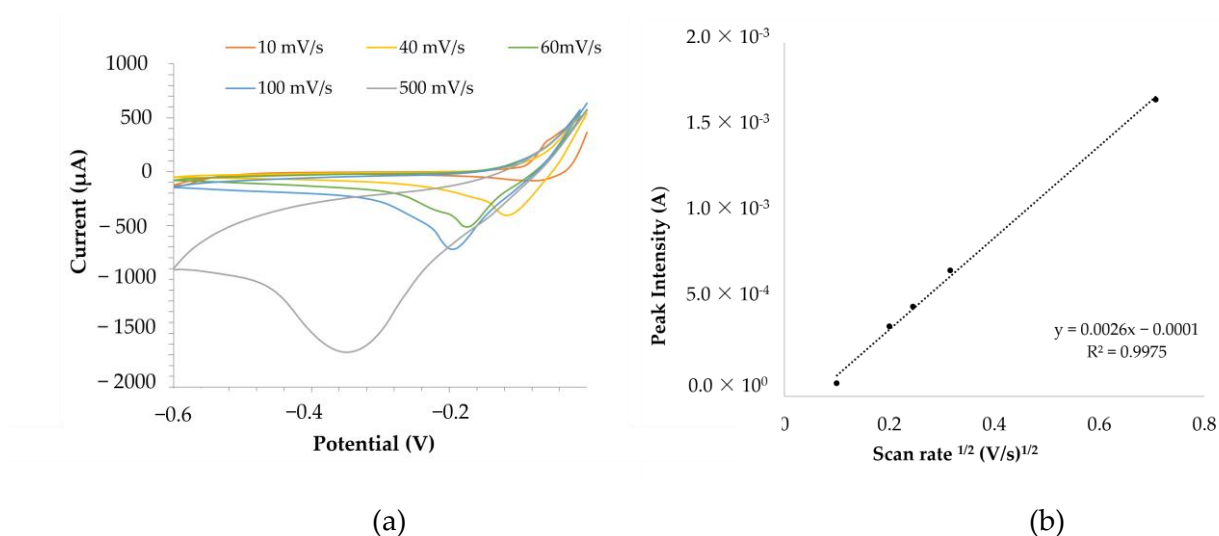


Figure S3. Active area calculation for copper oxide based electrode (a) Cyclic voltammetry with 5 mM $\text{Cl}_3[\text{Ru}(\text{NH}_3)_6]$ in 0.1 M KCl with a scan rate from 500 to 10 mV s^{-1} . (b) Randles-Equation linear regression.

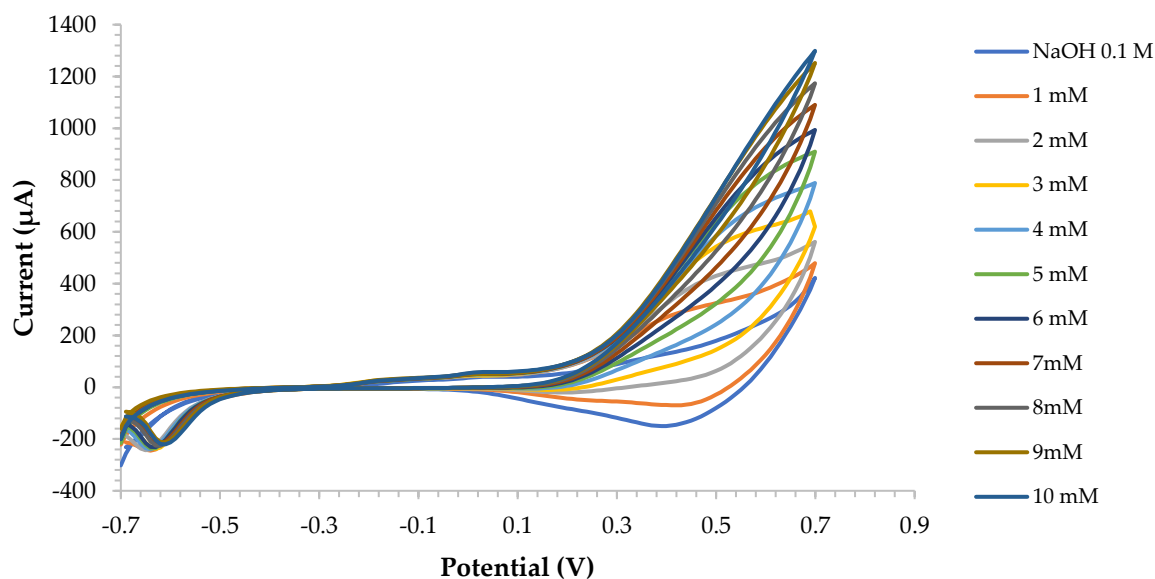


Figure S4. Copper oxide electrode cyclic voltammetry curves (1 cycle, -0.7 to +0.7 V vs Ag/AgCl) with different glucose concentrations in 0.1M NaOH.