

**Supplementary Table S1.** The assessment of health factors in tilapia (Pedrazzani et al., 2020).

Indicators	Score	Descriptions or Reference Values
Eyes	1	Apparently functional and healthy
	2	Haemorrhage, exophthalmos, traumatic injury; Unilateral
	3	Haemorrhage, exophthalmos, traumatic injury; Bilateral
	4	Bilateral cataract, chronic condition, impaired vision
Jaws	1	Normal aspect, healthy
	2	Light to moderate superior or inferior deformity
	3	Severe superior or inferior deformity (affecting feeding)
Operculum	1	Normal aspect, healthy
	2	Partially covering the gills ( $\geq 75\%$ covered)
	3	Partially covering the gills ( $< 75\%$ covered)
	4	Unilateral or bilateral absence
Skin	1	Normal aspect, healthy
	2	Scar tissue, scale loss, ulcers, or superficial injuries $< 1 \text{ cm}^2$
	3	Ulcers or superficial injuries $> 1 \text{ cm}^2$ , redness, light necrosis
	4	Severe necrosis, darkening, bleeding, inflammation
Fins	1	Normal, healthy appearance
	2	Scarred or slightly necrotic tissue
	3	Moderate injury or necrosis (thickening/splitting)
	4	Severe necrosis, bleeding, inflammation, exposure of the rays
Gills	1	Normal aspect, healthy
	2	Light injury or necrosis, thickening or splitting
	3	Moderate injury or necrosis, thickening or splitting
	4	Severe necrosis, bleeding, inflammation, pallor or darkening
Spine	1	Normal structure
	2	Lordosis or scoliosis, normal weight
	3	Lordosis or scoliosis, weight loss
Ectoparasite	1	No infestation
	2	Moderate infestation ( $\leq 5$ parasites)
	3	Intense infestation ( $> 5$ parasites)
Mortality (%)	1	$\leq 10\%$
	2	$\leq 25\%$
	3	$\leq 50\%$
	4	$> 50\%$

**Supplementary Table S2.** The assessment of environmental factors in tilapia (Pedrazzani et al., 2020).

Indicators	Score	Descriptions or reference values
Temperature (°C)	1	25 – 32
	2	20 – 24
	3	33 – 37
	4	<20 or >37
pH	1	6.0 – 8.5
	2	5.5 – 5.9 or 8.6 – 8.9
	3	9.0 – 10.0
	4	<5.5 or >10.0
Transparency (cm)	1	25 – 40
	2	41 – 65
	3	<25 or >65
Oxygen saturation (mg/L)	1	5.29 – 7.18
	2	3.78 – 5.21
	3	2.27 – 3.7
	4	<2.27 or >7.18
Non-ionized ammonia ( $NH_3$ ; mg/L)	1	0.00 – 0.05
	2	0.05 – 0.10
	3	>0.10
Nitrite ( $NO_2^-$ ; mg/L)	1	0.00 – 0.50
	2	0.51 – 1.00
	3	>1.00
Alkalinity (mg/L of $CaCO_3$ )	1	30 – 100
	2	20 – 30 or 100 – 200
	3	<20 or >200
Shading (%)	1	Homogeneous shading; 20 – 30
	2	Homogeneous shading; 31 – 40
	3	Homogeneous shading; <20 or >40 or heterogeneous shading
Predators	1	Absence
	2	Controlled presence
	3	Uncontrolled presence
Interspecific inhabitants	1	Absence
	2	Controlled presence
	3	Uncontrolled presence
Stocking density*	1	Ideal to 10% overpopulation
	2	10 – 20% overpopulation
	3	> 20% overpopulation

The optimal stocking density for earthen ponds without aeration is 1–3 fish/m<sup>2</sup> for fish weighing 1–300 g, while aeration is 5 fish/m<sup>2</sup>. For cages culture, the optimal stocking density are: 2,000–3,000 fish/m<sup>2</sup> for fish weighing 1–30 g, 1,000–1,500 fish/m<sup>2</sup> for fish weighing 30–300 g, and less than 1,000 fish/m<sup>2</sup> for fish weighing > 300–1,000 g.

**Supplementary Table S3.** The assessment of behavioural factors in tilapia (Pedrazzani et al., 2020)

Management	Score	Criteria
Feeding duration	1	Apprehension of all food in 180 to 360 second
	2	Apprehension of all food in 120 to 179 second
	3	Apprehension of all food in < 120 second
	4	No apprehension of all food or ≥ 360 second
Capture period	1	Normal swimming, no or low dorsal fins or body parts on surface
	2	Excited swimming behaviour, >20 dorsal fins or low body parts on surface
	3	Swimming in different directions or decreasing activity, fish stuck against net
	4	Many fish floating on side, explosion of body to air, exhaustion

**Supplementary Table S4.** The assessment of nutrition factors in tilapia between raising systems, adapted from previous study (Pedrazzani et al., 2020)

Raising system	Weight (g)	Age (days)	Stock density (fish/m <sup>2</sup> )		FCR	CP (%)
			No aeration or renew	Aeration or renew		
Earthen pond	1–30	40–80	20–30	40–50	0.8–1.0	36–40
	30–200	80–120	4–5	6–10	1.2–1.3	28–32
	200–1,000	>120	0.8–1.2	2–3	1.4–1.6	28–32
Cage	1–30	40–90	1,200–1,500		0.8–1.0	40
	30–200	90–120	450–500		1.2–1.4	32
	200–1,000	>120	100–150		1.6–2.0	32

**Figure S1.** Score distribution of eyes, jaw, operculum, skin, fins, gills and spine among eight farms. Score 1; green, score 2; yellow, score 3; orange and score 4; red

