



Editorial

Special Issue “Anaerobes in Biogeochemical Cycles”

Caroline M. Plugge * and Diana Z. Sousa

Laboratory of Microbiology, Wageningen University & Research, Stippeneng 4,
6708 WE Wageningen, The Netherlands; diana.sousa@wur.nl

* Correspondence: caroline.plugge@wur.nl

Anaerobic microorganisms, Bacteria and Archaea, have an essential role in global biogeochemical cycles. Anaerobes are redox specialists and are responsible for the natural recycling of redox-active chemical elements which are abundant in the biosphere (carbon, nitrogen, sulphur, iron, and phosphorus) as well as of various other elements present in small amounts, such as manganese [1–3]. Biogeochemical cycles influence our climate, wastewater treatment, biofuels production, are essential for food production, and contribute to important processes in our intestinal tract.

The anaerobic cycling of nutrients requires complex microbiome interactions. An exceptionally diverse world of microorganisms inhabits the anaerobic environments on earth. These microorganisms obtain their energy by fermentation and anaerobic respiration; in addition, some phototrophic and chemoautotrophic processes operate in the absence of oxygen. Despite the fundamental importance of anaerobes, many uncertainties remain about their diversity and physiology and the processes in which they are involved [1].

This Special Issue gathers seven articles on anaerobes with roles in several biogeochemical cycles. One article involves the inorganic carbon cycle [4], two describe the relationship between predominant physiological types of prokaryotes in marine sediments and propionate and butyrate degradation through sulphate reduction, fermentation, and methanogenesis in marine sediments [5,6], two involve the discovery of novel biodiversity involved in the sulphur cycle [7,8], and two focus on the role of iron in anaerobic methane oxidation [9] and in the facilitation of anaerobic long chain fatty acid degradation [10].

Funding: This research received no external funding.

Acknowledgments: We would like to thank all authors who contributed their excellent papers to this Special Issue. We thank all reviewers for their help in improving the papers to the highest standard of quality. We are also grateful to all members of the Microorganisms Editorial Office for giving this opportunity, and for continuous support in managing and organizing this Special Issue.

Conflicts of Interest: The authors declare no conflict of interest.



Citation: Plugge, C.M.; Sousa, D.Z. Special Issue “Anaerobes in Biogeochemical Cycles”. *Microorganisms* **2021**, *9*, 23. <https://dx.doi.org/10.3390/microorganisms9010023>

Received: 16 November 2020

Accepted: 3 December 2020

Published: 23 December 2020

Publisher’s Note: MDPI stays neutral with regard to jurisdictional claims in published maps and institutional affiliations.



Copyright: © 2020 by the authors. Licensee MDPI, Basel, Switzerland. This article is an open access article distributed under the terms and conditions of the Creative Commons Attribution (CC BY) license (<https://creativecommons.org/licenses/by/4.0/>).

References

1. Dontsova, K.; Balogh-Brunstad, Z.; Le Roux, G. Chapter 15 Ecological Drivers and Environmental Impacts of Biogeochemical Cycles: Challenges and Opportunities. In *Biogeochemical Cycles: Ecological Drivers and Environmental Impact*; Wiley: Hoboken, NJ, USA, 2020; pp. 301–306.
2. Bryce, C.; Blackwell, N.; Schmidt, C.; Otte, J.; Huang, Y.M.; Kleindienst, S.; Tomaszewski, E.; Schad, M.; Warter, V.; Peng, C.; et al. Microbial anaerobic Fe(II) oxidation—Ecology, mechanisms and environmental implications. *Environ. Microbiol.* **2018**, *20*, 3462–3483. [[CrossRef](#)] [[PubMed](#)]
3. Jørgensen, B.B.; Findlay, A.J.; Pellerin, A. The Biogeochemical Sulfur Cycle of Marine Sediments. *Front. Microbiol.* **2019**, *10*, 849. [[CrossRef](#)] [[PubMed](#)]
4. Lakhssassi, N.; Baharlouei, A.; Meksem, J.; Hamilton-Brehm, S.D.; Lightfoot, D.A.; Meksem, K.; Liang, Y. EMS-Induced Mutagenesis of *Clostridium carboxidivorans* for Increased Atmospheric CO₂ Reduction Efficiency and Solvent Production. *Microorganisms* **2020**, *8*, 1239. [[CrossRef](#)] [[PubMed](#)]
5. Ozuolmez, D.; Stams, A.J.M.; Plugge, C.M. Propionate Converting Anaerobic Microbial Communities Enriched from Distinct Biogeochemical Zones of Aarhus Bay, Denmark under Sulfidogenic and Methanogenic Conditions. *Microorganisms* **2020**, *8*, 394. [[CrossRef](#)] [[PubMed](#)]
6. Ozuolmez, D.; Moore, E.K.; Hopmans, E.C.; Sinninghe Damsté, J.S.; Stams, A.J.M.; Plugge, C.M. Butyrate Conversion by Sulfate-Reducing and Methanogenic Communities from Anoxic Sediments of Aarhus Bay, Denmark. *Microorganisms* **2020**, *8*, 606. [[CrossRef](#)] [[PubMed](#)]
7. Van Vliet, D.M.; Lin, Y.; Bale, N.L.; Koenen, M.; Villanueva, L.; Stams, A.J.M.; Sánchez-Andrea, I. *Pontiella desulfatans* gen. nov., sp. nov., and *Pontiella sulfatireligans* sp. nov., Two Marine Anaerobes of the Pontellaceae fam. nov. Producing Sulfated Glycosaminoglycan-like Exopolymers. *Microorganisms* **2020**, *8*, 920. [[CrossRef](#)] [[PubMed](#)]
8. Alliou, M.; Yvenou, S.; Slobodkina, G.; Slobodkin, A.; Shao, Z.; Jebbar, M.; Alain, K. Genomic Characterization and Environmental Distribution of a Thermophilic Anaerobe *Dissulfurirhabdus thermomarina* SH388T Involved in Disproportionation of Sulfur Compounds in Shallow Sea Hydrothermal Vents. *Microorganisms* **2020**, *8*, 1132. [[CrossRef](#)] [[PubMed](#)]
9. Van Grinsven, S.; Sinninghe Damsté, J.S.; Villanueva, L. Assessing the Effect of Humic Substances and Fe(III) as Potential Electron Acceptors for Anaerobic Methane Oxidation in a Marine Anoxic System. *Microorganisms* **2020**, *8*, 1288. [[CrossRef](#)] [[PubMed](#)]
10. Cavaleiro, A.J.; Guedes, A.P.; Silva, S.A.; Arantes, A.L.; Sequeira, J.C.; Salvador, A.F.; Sousa, D.Z.; Stams, A.J.M.; Alves, M.M. Effect of Sub-Stoichiometric Fe(III) Amounts on LCFA Degradation by Methanogenic Communities. *Microorganisms* **2020**, *8*, 1375. [[CrossRef](#)] [[PubMed](#)]