

First-Principles Computation of Microscopic Mechanical Properties and Atomic Migration Behavior for Al4Si Aluminum Alloy

Jingtao Huang ^{1,†}, Jingteng Xue ^{1,†}, Mingwei Li ², Yuan Cheng ³, Zhonghong Lai ⁴, Jin Hu ¹, Fei Zhou ⁵, Nan Qu ^{1,*}, Yong Liu ^{1,2,*} and Jingchuan Zhu ^{1,*}

¹ School of Materials Science and Engineering, Harbin Institute of Technology, Harbin 150001, China; 20b909032@stu.hit.edu.cn (J.H.); xuejingteng@stu.hit.edu.cn (J.X.); hujin@hit.edu.cn (J.H.)

² National Key Laboratory for Precision Hot Processing of Metals, Harbin Institute of Technology, Harbin 150001, China; limingwei@hit.edu.cn

³ National Key Laboratory of Science and Technology on Advanced Composites in Special Environments, Harbin Institute of Technology, Harbin 150001, China; cy6810@hit.edu.cn

⁴ Center for Analysis, Measurement and Computing, Harbin Institute of Technology, Harbin 150001, China; zhhlai@hit.edu.cn

⁵ State Key Laboratory for Environment-Friendly Energy Materials, School of Materials Science and Engineering, Southwest University of Science and Technology, Mianyang 621010, China; feizhou@swust.edu.cn

* Correspondence: 18b909065@stu.hit.edu.cn (N.Q.); lyonghit@hit.edu.cn (Y.L.); fgms@hit.edu.cn (J.Z.); Tel.: +86-0451-86413792 (J.Z.)

† These authors contributed equally to this work.

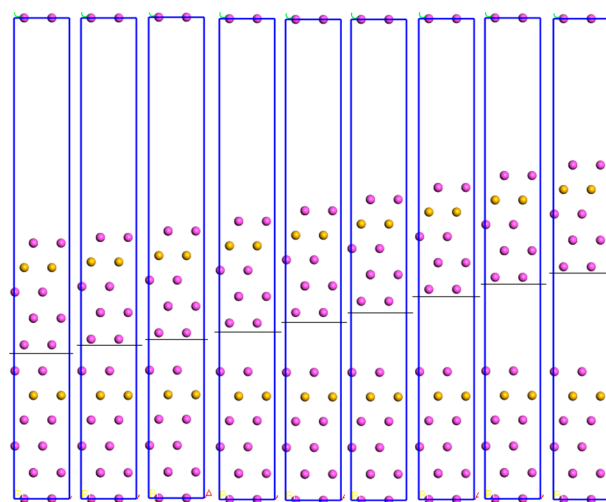


Figure S1. Schematic diagram of the Al4Si tensile fracture process.

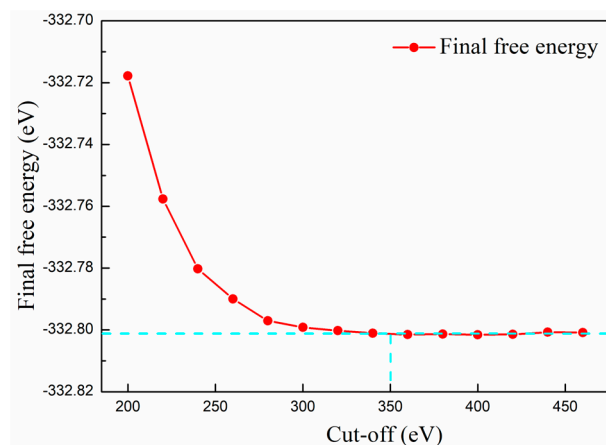


Figure S2. Cutoff energy convergence test result curve.

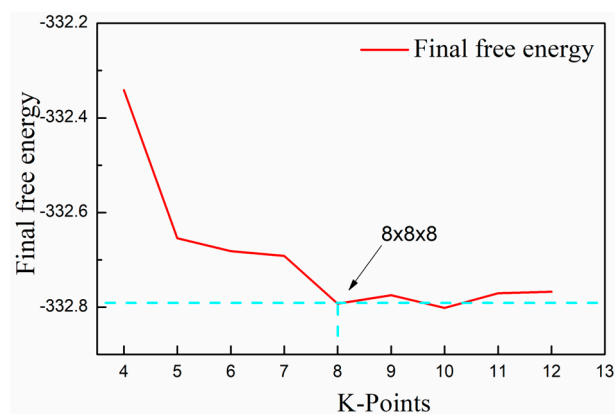


Figure S3. K-points energy convergence test result curve.

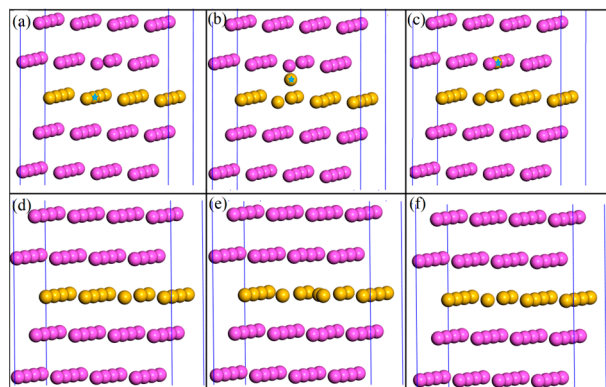


Figure S4. Schematic diagram of diffusive transport pathways.