

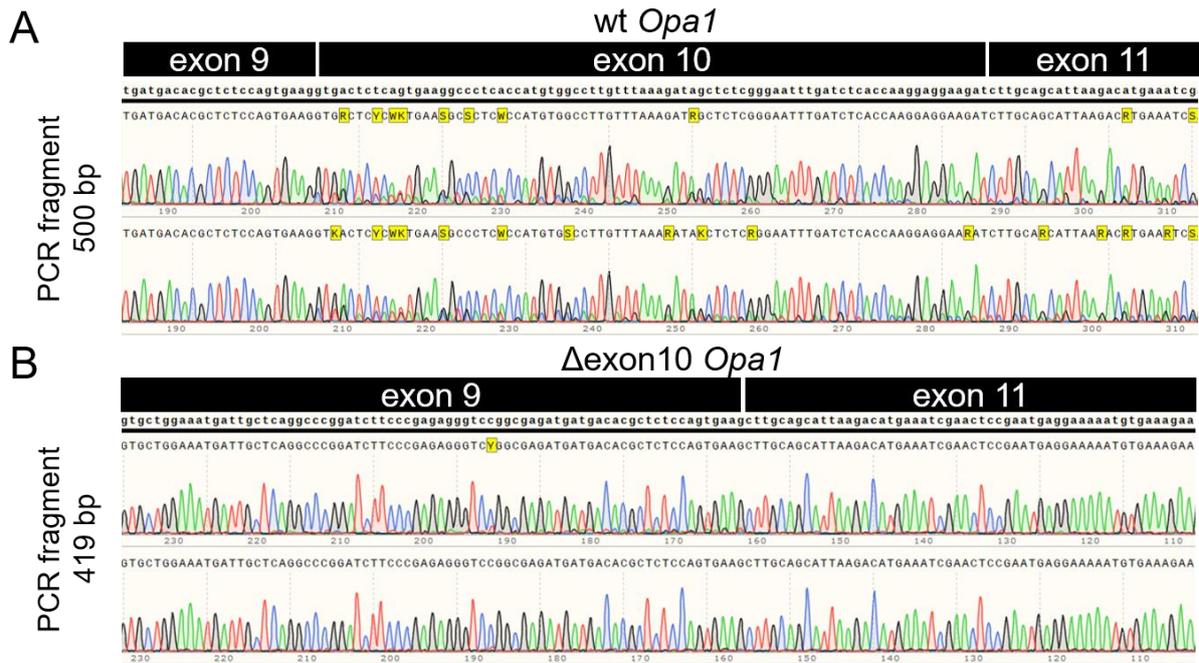
Supplementary material

Supplementary table S1: Primer sequences for off-target analyses. Overview of genes containing potential off-target sites for U1.ad binding. The binding position within each gene is indicated by the exon/intron number containing the potential off-target site. Sequences of primers used for RT-PCR amplification are listed from 5' to 3'. The PCR product sizes for the wild-type and a potentially mis-spliced transcript are given in base pairs (bp).

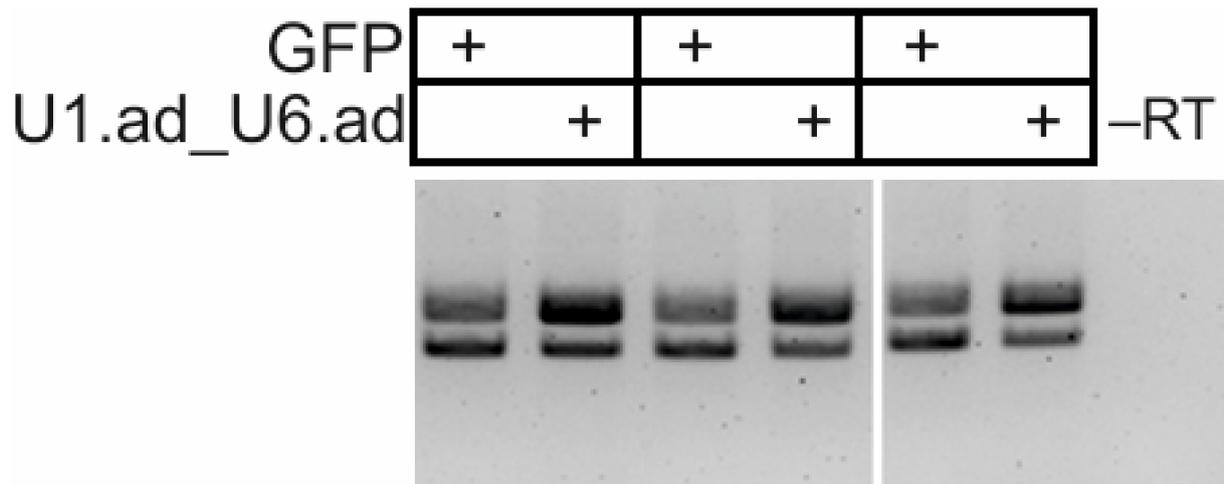
gene	potential off-target U1 binding site	forward primer	reverse primer	RT-PCR fragment size (bp) of the wild-type product	RT-PCR fragment size (bp) of the predicted off-target product
<i>Ankrd35</i>	exon 14	ctgtgtgccctcaggg	ccatctgtttctgctttatttcc	229	no band
<i>CFap54</i>	exon 3	ctgccgtccaactattacaacg	ctgcatgatgagccgaaagg	336	273
<i>Cfh</i>	exon 22	gggaaatgtgggctcc	gtatattagtcacatgcatgtgcc	436	no band
<i>Fat3</i>	exon 11	ccaccaggggaggtgg	cctggcactgaccttcagg	352	322
<i>Fat3</i>	exon 15	cttacctcatccggtctgg	gtccctatctccaccac	344	257
<i>ldh3a</i>	exon 5	ggaccaggaggaaagtgg	ctcgaaggcaaaactctgc	339	279
<i>Lrp2</i>	exon 25	gcctttcactgtcctagctc	gtgtgggcagtgatattgtcc	441	317
<i>Ahi1</i>	intron 15	cgccgtgctgggactc	gcagcttagggcaggtgc	312	327
<i>Awat2</i>	intron 3	cttactggcctgtcaccg	gcctgtgtgtcagtgcc	248	260
<i>Eif4h</i>	intron 2	cctacgacgatcgggcc	gtcagagcctcctcaggg	283	336
<i>Pex3</i>	intron 9	gtccaggtcttactgtgcc	gggtcgaagaattcggcc	217	253
<i>Raf1</i>	intron 16	gctgatggctggggagc	ctcagtgtagctgccc	277	311

Supplementary table S2: Comparison of ONL thickness in central retinal slices by injected construct. p-values of the comparison of ONL thickness at proximal (white text on dark grey background) and distal (black text on light grey background) regions between groups (*Opa1*^{+/+}: white background, *Opa1*^{enu/+}: black background) using Mann-Whitney U test with Bonferroni correction (corrected p-values are shown).

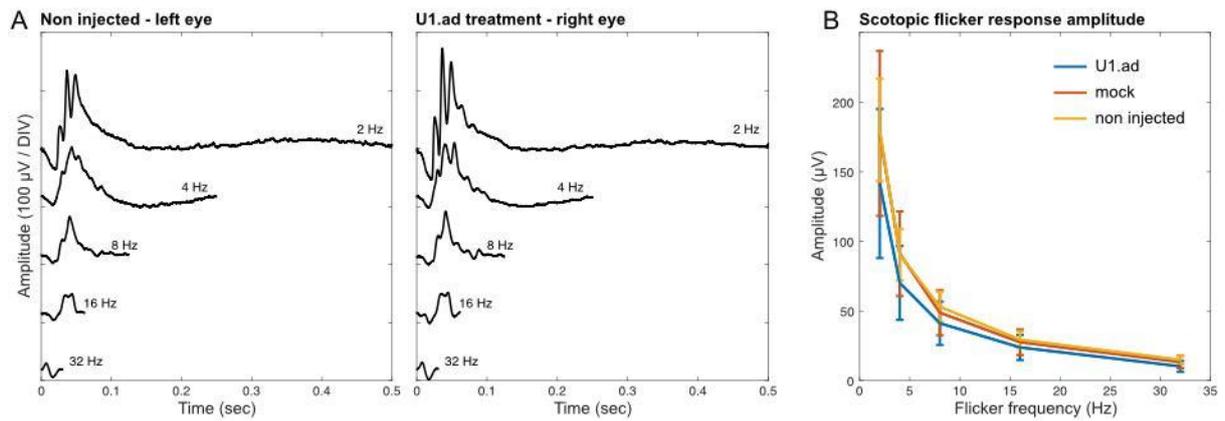
		non	U1.wt	U1.ad	non	GFP	U1.wt	U1.ad
inj. construct	non	-	1	1	0.091	1	1	1
	U1.wt	1	-	1	0.667	1	1	1
	U1.ad	1	1	-	0.252	1	1	1
	non	0.64	1	1	-	0.252	0.608	0.233
	GFP	1	1	1	0.88	-	1	1
	U1.wt	1	1	1	1	1	-	1
	U1.ad	1	1	1	1	1	1	-



Supplementary Figure S1. Sequence verification of *Opa1* wild-type and exon 10 skipping PCR fragments. **(A)** Sequencing of extracted fragments from RT-PCR gels showed inclusion of *Opa1* exon 10 in the larger fragment (500 bp). **(B)** Skipping of exon 10 during splicing in the smaller fragment (419 bp) was confirmed by Sanger sequencing. Smaller fragments showed the direct transition from exon 9 to exon 11. Notably, sequences from larger fragment showed background base calls in exon 10 which are consistent with a minor contamination by the smaller fragment.



Supplementary Figure S2. RT-PCR analyses of *Opa1* splicing after treatment with engineered U1 and U6 in three *Opa1^{enu/+}* mice. The larger RT-PCR fragment corresponds to the correctly spliced wild-type *Opa1*, the shorter corresponds to *Opa1* transcript skipping exon 10. Correctly spliced wild-type *Opa1* transcripts are increased upon injection of U1.ad_U6.ad compared to the contralateral mock control (for quantification see Figure 1F).



Supplementary Figure S3. U1-mediated side effects on retinal function were not detected by flicker electroretinography. **(A)** Representative scotopic ERG responses to flickering light of varying frequency. The intensity of the light flashes was $3 \text{ cd}^* \text{ s/m}^2$. The left eye was untreated. The right eye was injected with engineered U1 (U1.ad). The ERGs of both eyes were recorded simultaneously. **(B)** Mean scotopic flicker ERG amplitudes. Error bars represent 95% confidence intervals (U1.ad: $n=7$, mock: $n=9$, non-injected: $n=24$).