## **Supporting Information**

## Silicone-thioxanthone: A multifunctionalized visible light photoinitiator with an ability to modify the cured polymers

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Figure S1. <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectra of PSO-Cl (CDCl<sub>3</sub>), TX-HB (DMSO) and STX (CDCl<sub>3</sub>).



Figure S2. <sup>13</sup>C NMR spectra of PSO-Cl (CDCl<sub>3</sub>), TX-HB (DMSO) and STX (CDCl<sub>3</sub>).



Figure S3. FTIR spectra of TX-B and STX.

STX (0.0074 g) was dissolved in THF and diluted to 50.00 mL. Then the UV-vis spectrum of STX was measured to determine the content of ATX moiety (Fig. S5). It is calculated according to Lambert-Beer law:

$$A = \varepsilon bC = \frac{\varepsilon bn}{V} \tag{1}$$

where molar extinction coefficient of TX-B ( $\epsilon = 4848 \text{ L} \cdot \text{mol}^{-1} \cdot \text{cm}^{-1}$ ) is used as a standard of thioxanthone group, b is optical path length, which is 1 cm, and V is 50

mL. The number mole of thioxanthone group in STX is  $8.37 \times 10^{-6}$ . The average number of ATX moiety in STX is calculated to be about 3.3.



Figure S4. UV-vis of STX in THF.



**Figure S5.** Conversion-time and rate-time for polymerization of TMPTA in THF (THF % = 25 wt%) in laminate initiated by TX-B in different concentrations.



**Figure S6.** The contact angle images of the polymer film initiated by photoinitiator; (a): TX-B (81.8°); (b): STX, [STX] =  $6 \times 10^{-5}$  mol/g, (102.3°).



Figure S7. TGA curves of polymer films initiated by TX-B and STX.

PI	Temperature		Char (%)
	T <sub>5</sub> (°C)	T <sub>50</sub> (°C)	-
ТХ-В	273	326	0.01
STX	229	373	1.29

Table S1. The thermal data of TX-B and STX.



Figure S8. TGA curves of TX-B and STX.



**Figure S9.** DSC curves of cured PUA films initiated by TX-B and STX ( $[TX-B] = 3 \times 10^{-5} \text{ mol g}^{-1}$ ,  $[STX] = 3 \times 10^{-5} \text{ mol g}^{-1}$ ). [STX] refers to the molar concentration of the ATX moiety.