

Supplementary Information

Enhanced visible light photocatalytic reduction of Cr(VI) over a novel square nanotube poly(triazine imide)/TiO₂ heterojunction

Xin Yan, Guotao Ning* and Peng Zhao*

School of Materials Science and Engineering, Chang'an University, Xi'an, 710064, P.R. China; xinyan@chd.edu.cn

* Correspondence: gtningchd@outlook.com (G. Ning), zyzhaop@chd.edu.cn (P. Zhao); Tel.: +86-(0)29-8233-7245 (G.N.); +86-(0)29-8233-7340 (P.Z.)

Experimental Details

In order to get the exact quantity of TiO₂ in PTI/TiO₂ heterojunction, the real TiO₂ mass contents was determined by thermogravimetry method. In a typical procedure, 100mg obtained PTI hollow tube/TiO₂ heterojunction photocatalyst with different TiO₂ mass contents was placed in a muffle furnace and heated to 700°C for 2h. After cooling to room temperature, the powder obtained was weighed by precision electronic balance. Hence, the real TiO₂ mass contents in heterojunction was determined.

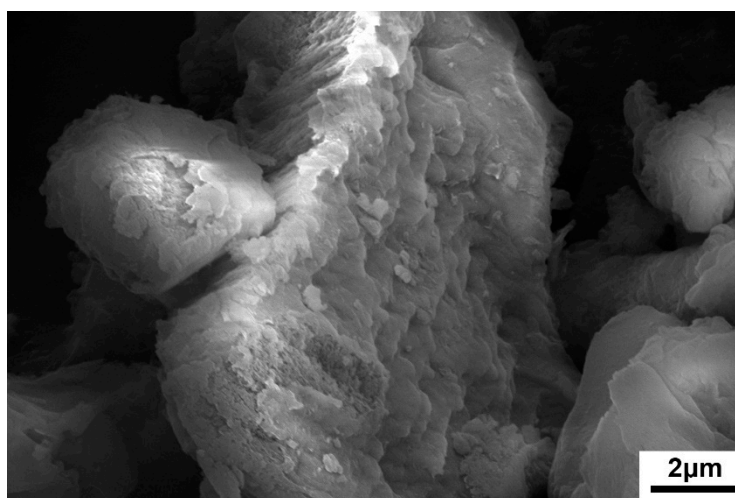


Fig. S1 SEM image of heptazine-based g-C₃N₄

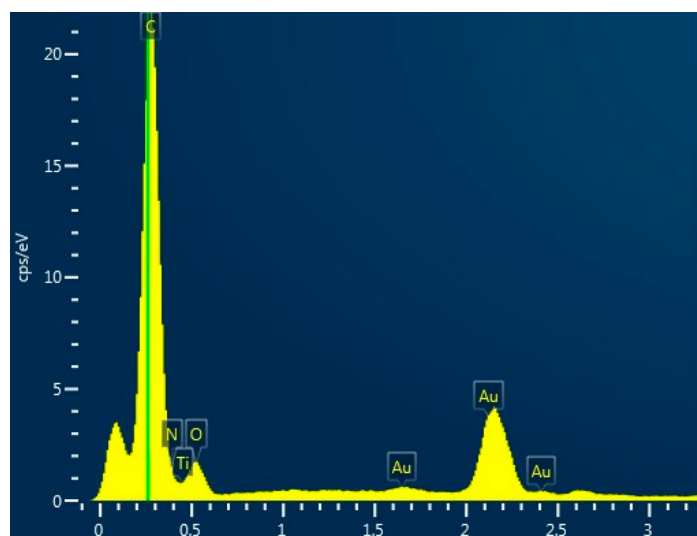


Fig. S2 EDS spectra of PTI/TiO₂-7wt% heterojunction

Table S1 BET surface area of the as-prepared samples

samples	g-C ₃ N ₄	PTI	PTI/TiO ₂ -3 wt%	PTI/TiO ₂ -5 wt%	PTI/TiO ₂ -7 wt%	PTI/TiO ₂ -10 wt%
BET surface area (m ² g ⁻¹)	22.24	140.37	144.64	155.72	160.09	157.29