

Three-Dimensional Oral Mucosal Equivalents as Models for Transmucosal Drug Permeation Studies

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Supplementary information

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Table S1: Specification of the composition of air-liquid-interface medium (ALI) for all tissue engineered mucosa models

	Full-thickness mucosa*	Split-thickness mucosa				
		With additional Calcium*	Without supplement Calcium	Serum-free medium		
				without FBS	without FBS, with retinoic acid, linoleic acid and EGF	without FBS, with retinoic acid, linoleic acid EGF and BPE
DMEM (4.5g/L)	x3	x3	x3	x3	x3	x3
Hams F12	x1	x1	x1	x1	x1	x1
CaCl ₂ (mM)	1.25 DMEM+ HamsF12	2.25	<u>1.25</u>	2.25	2.25	2.25
FBS %	5	5	5	<u>0</u>	0	0
Insulin (ug/mL)	5	5	5	5	5	5
Hydrocortisone (µg ml)	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4
Triiodothyronine (M)	2*10 ⁻¹¹	2*10 ⁻¹¹	2*10 ⁻¹¹	2*10 ⁻¹¹	2*10 ⁻¹¹	2*10 ⁻¹¹
Transferrin (µg/ml)	5	5	5	5	5	5
Choleratoxin (M)	10 ⁻¹⁰	10 ⁻¹⁰	10 ⁻¹⁰	10 ⁻¹⁰	10 ⁻¹⁰	10 ⁻¹⁰
Adenine (M)	1.8x10 ⁻⁴	1.8x10 ⁻⁴	1.8x10 ⁻⁴	1.8x10 ⁻⁴	1.8x10 ⁻⁴	1.8x10 ⁻⁴
Glutamine (mM)	2	2	2	2	2	2
Penstrep (IU, ug/mL)	1	1	1	1	1	1
Amphotericin B (ug/ml)	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5
Retinoic acid (µM)	-	-	-		<u>10</u>	<u>10</u>
Linoleic acid (µg/mL)	-	-	-		<u>5</u>	<u>5</u>
EGF(ng/ml)	-	-	-		<u>0.2</u>	<u>0.2</u>
BPE (ug/ml)	-	-	-	-	-	<u>25</u>

* chosen composition



Figure S1. Histological image after H&E staining of EpiOral™ Mattek tissue as received and equilibrated according the supplier instructions.

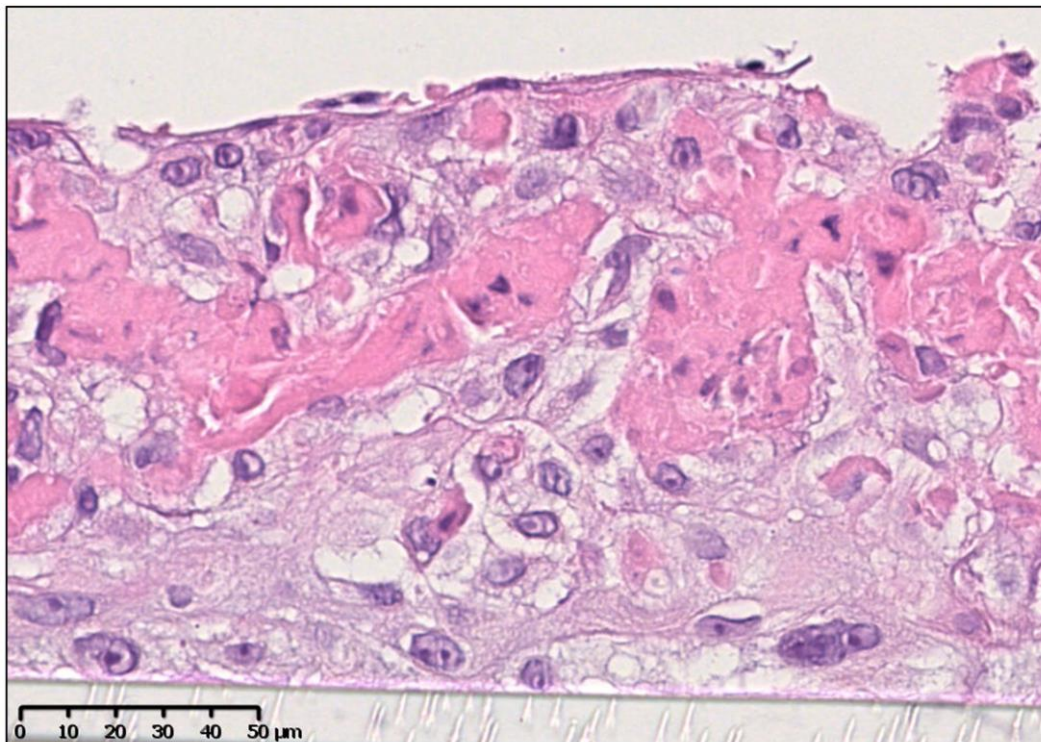


Figure S2. Histological image after H&E staining of split-thickness OME cultured for 28 days at the air liquid interface.

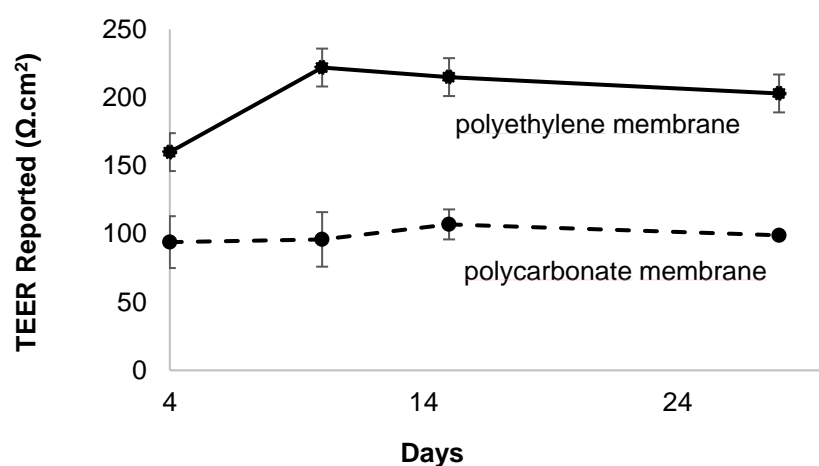


Figure S3. TEER values for split-thickness mucosa models grown on polycarbonate membrane (PC) or polyethylene derivative insert membranes (PE or PET). Data are presented as means \pm SD (n=3).

Table S2: Specification for the lipid extractions

Tissue	Tissue (g)	Solvent volume (mL)	Extracted lipids (mg)	Extracted lipids (dry mass)*
Porcine esophageal mucosa (250 μm thickness)	0.50	500	29	5.8%
Keratinocyte monolayer	0.01	50	1	10%
3D full-thickness OME	0.01	50	<1	<10%

* lipids weight/tissue weight dried

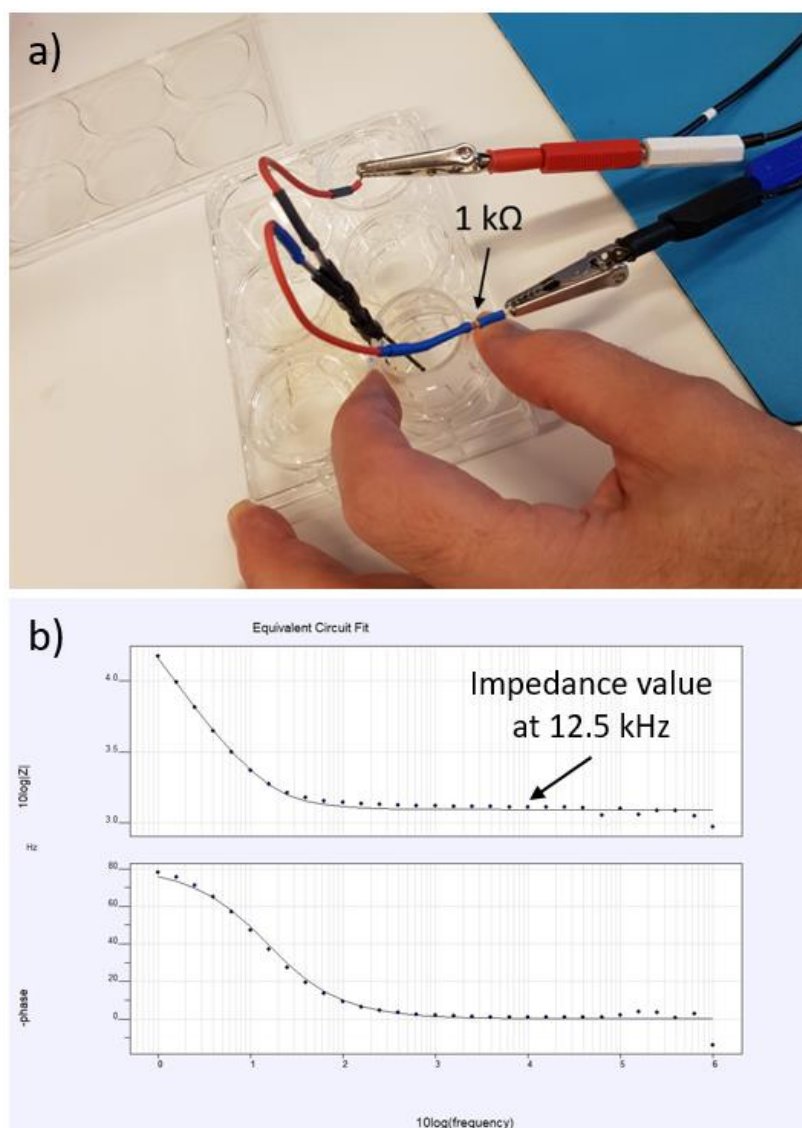


Figure S4. Electrodes and example of recorded impedance spectrum used in TEER determination

(a) Chop-stick electrodes used to determine TEER values of OME. The electrodes were made of two 1 mm diameter glassy carbon rods wound with 0.2 mm diameter Pt wire. The Pt was used to increase the area of the electrodes. The picture shows a connection of 1 k Ω resistor for limiting a current flowing through OME to maximum of 10 μ A.

(b) An example of an impedance spectrum recorded for an insert membrane before OME was cultivated. Amplitude of applied AC voltage was 10 mV. The impedance value at 12.5 kHz was used for TEER calculation as described in the main text.