

Supplementary Materials: Fabrication, Optimization, and Characterization of Antibacterial Electrospun Shellac Fibers Loaded with *Kaempferia parviflora* Extract

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Table S1. Experimental design matrix and corresponding responses based on experimental runs proposed by BBD design.

Run	Factor 1 (x_1)	Factor 2 (x_2)	Factor 3 (x_3)	Factor 4 (x_4)	Response 1	Response 2
	Shellac concentration (%)	Feed rate (mL/h)	Electrical voltage (kV)	Extract concentration (%)	Fiber diameters (nm), $n = 3$	Bead-to-fiber ratio, n $= 3$
	w/w			w/w	Mean \pm SD	Mean \pm SD
1	38	0.8	18	3	832 \pm 6.07	0.24 \pm 0.06
2	38	0.8	24	1	824 \pm 7.56	0.32 \pm 0.07
3	38	0.4	18	1	635 \pm 8.40	0.41 \pm 0.03
4	36	0.8	18	5	724 \pm 8.88	0.42 \pm 0.01
5	36	1.2	18	3	495 \pm 9.14	0.58 \pm 0.02
6	40	0.4	18	3	915 \pm 9.23	0.04 \pm 0.03
7	38	0.8	12	1	606 \pm 9.20	0.30 \pm 0.02
8	40	0.8	18	1	819 \pm 9.06	0.14 \pm 0.01
9	40	0.8	18	5	1149 \pm 16.65	0.07 \pm 0.01
10	40	0.8	24	3	962 \pm 9.29	0.12 \pm 0.02
11	40	0.8	12	3	864 \pm 12.72	0.10 \pm 0.01
12	38	0.4	24	3	807 \pm 5.81	0.26 \pm 0.02
13	40	1.2	18	3	878 \pm 6.92	0.08 \pm 0.00
14	38	0.8	18	3	766 \pm 8.11	0.27 \pm 0.03
15	36	0.4	18	3	475 \pm 9.12	0.42 \pm 0.06
16	38	1.2	18	1	473 \pm 3.02	0.23 \pm 0.04
17	38	1.2	24	3	788 \pm 6.94	0.11 \pm 0.02
18	38	1.2	18	5	954 \pm 12.20	0.15 \pm 0.03
19	38	1.2	12	3	728 \pm 10.21	0.25 \pm 0.04
20	38	0.4	18	5	1015 \pm 29.34	0.28 \pm 0.02
21	38	0.8	24	5	902 \pm 25.32	0.21 \pm 0.04
22	36	0.8	18	1	433 \pm 4.02	0.86 \pm 0.02
23	38	0.8	18	3	785 \pm 4.86	0.30 \pm 0.03
24	36	0.8	24	3	527 \pm 7.43	0.81 \pm 0.05
25	36	0.8	12	3	524 \pm 8.83	0.78 \pm 0.06
26	38	0.8	12	5	545 \pm 9.19	0.29 \pm 0.02
27	38	0.4	12	3	667 \pm 14.45	0.38 \pm 0.04

Table S2. ANOVA results for the prediction of fiber diameter and bead-to-fiber ratio of electrospun shellac fibers using the BBD matrix.

Source	Coefficients	<i>p</i> -value	Standard deviation	% CV	Adequate precision	R ²	F-value
Y ₁ (diameter)			89.83	12.07	18.836	0.7983	
x ₁	200.66	< 0.0001					
x ₂	72.96	0.0099					
x ₄	124.97	< 0.0001					
Intercept	744.07						
Model		< 0.0001					30.34
Lack of fit		0.1245					7.47
Y ₂ (bead-to-fiber ratio)			0.11	35.76	18.598	0.7652	
x ₁	-0.28	< 0.0001					
x ₄	-0.07	0.0408					
Intercept	0.31						
Model		< 0.0001					39.10
Lack of fit		0.0643					14.99

Table S3. Verification of experimental results in relation to the predicted values generated by the designed models.

Run	Fiber diameters (nm)			Bead-to-fiber ratios		
	Predictive value	Acceptable interval (95% confident level)	Experimental value	Predictive value	Acceptable interval (95% confident level)	Experimental value
1			582.00			0.43
2	574.71	504.83-	589.00	0.34	0.10-0.57	0.29
3		633.30	573.00			0.33

Table S4. Hot-stage microscope (HSM) images of shellac flakes and fibers at elevated temperatures.

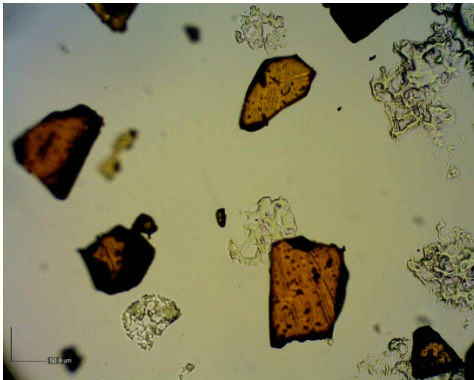
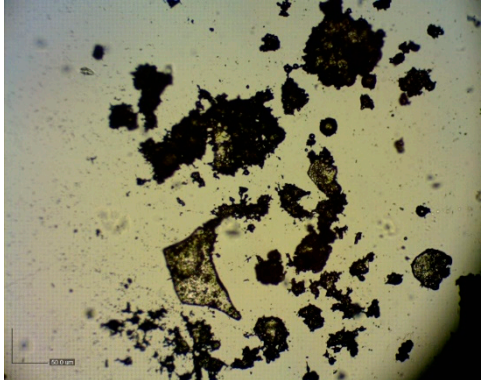
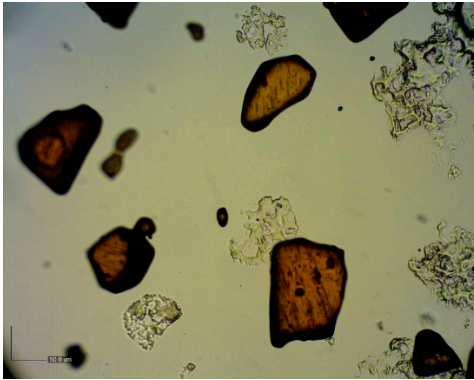
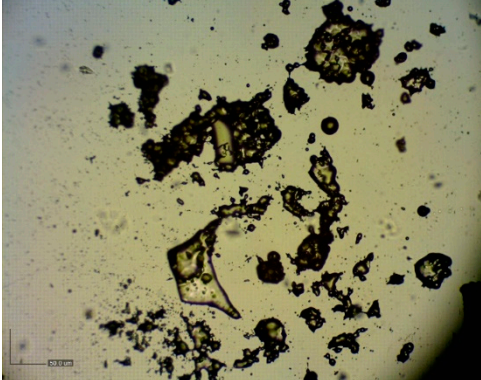
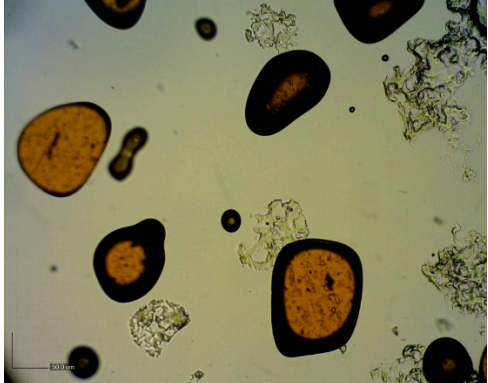
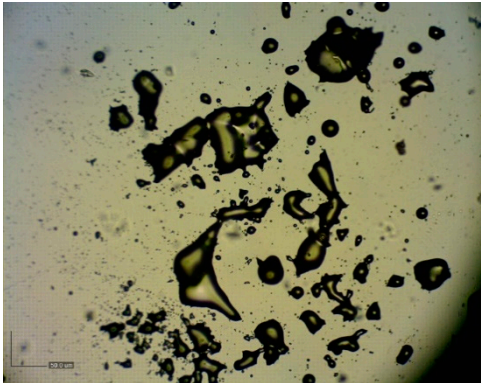
Temperature (°C)	HSM images	
	Shellac flakes	Shellac fibers
50		
60		
70		

Table S5. Total methoxyflavones release kinetics models of KP extract-loaded electrospun shellac fibers with various formulations.

Modelling	Formulation	Parameters	R ² Adjusted	AIC	MSC
Zero-order	36% (w/w) Shellac (Run 5)	$k_0 = 0.658$	0.6261	33.9314	0.5837
	38% (w/w) Shellac (Run 1)	$k_0 = 0.362$	0.8586	29.3385	1.5559
	40% (w/w) Shellac (Run 10)	$k_0 = 0.279$	0.7723	23.8660	1.0799
	1% (w/w) KP extract (Run 8)	$k_0 = 0.707$	0.7320	32.7120	0.9168
	3% (w/w) KP extract (Run 13)	$k_0 = 0.717$	0.9303	27.1213	2.2633
	5% (w/w) KP extract (Run 9)	$k_0 = 0.548$	0.1348	34.5053	-0.2552
	Run optimized	$k_0 = 0.615$	0.7643	31.5195	1.0452
First-order	36% (w/w) Shellac (Run 5)	$k_1 = 0.011$	0.8456	30.0709	1.3558
	38% (w/w) Shellac (Run 1)	$k_1 = 0.005$	0.8301	30.8168	1.2602
	40% (w/w) Shellac (Run 10)	$k_1 = 0.003$	0.8474	21.8649	1.4802
	1% (w/w) KP extract (Run 8)	$k_1 = 0.012$	0.9643	22.6377	2.9317
	3% (w/w) KP extract (Run 13)	$k_1 = 0.012$	0.9413	25.6829	2.3226
	5% (w/w) KP extract (Run 9)	$k_1 = 0.008$	0.6404	30.1149	0.6228
	Run optimized	$k_1 = 0.009$	0.9037	27.6057	1.8279
Higuchi	36% (w/w) Shellac (Run 5)	$k_H = 6.166$	0.8683	28.7122	1.6275
	38% (w/w) Shellac (Run 1)	$k_H = 3.948$	0.7251	32.6617	0.8913
	40% (w/w) Shellac (Run 10)	$k_H = 2.594$	0.8548	21.6160	1.5299
	1% (w/w) KP extract (Run 8)	$k_H = 6.605$	0.9303	25.9781	2.2336
	3% (w/w) KP extract (Run 13)	$k_H = 6.606$	0.9096	28.4231	2.0030
	5% (w/w) KP extract (Run 9)	$k_H = 5.224$	0.8553	25.5361	1.5332
	Run optimized	$k_H = 5.724$	0.8888	27.7630	1.7965
Kosmeyer-Peppas	36% (w/w) Shellac (Run 5)	$k_{KP} = 4.217$ $n = 0.698$	0.8995	27.3629	1.8974
	38% (w/w) Shellac (Run 1)	$k_{KP} = 0.830$ $n = 0.612$	0.8859	28.2652	1.7706
	40% (w/w) Shellac (Run 10)	$k_{KP} = 1.242$ $n = 0.669$	0.8684	21.6875	1.5156
	1% (w/w) KP extract (Run 8)	$k_{KP} = 4.060$ $n = 0.612$	0.9643	20.8333	3.5210
	3% (w/w) KP extract (Run 13)	$k_{KP} = 2.245$ $n = 0.747$	0.9957	13.7837	4.9309
	5% (w/w) KP extract (Run 9)	$k_{KP} = 6.387$ $n = 0.554$	0.9815	13.2558	1.1850
	Run optimized	$k_{KP} = 3.012$ $n = 0.647$	0.9519	23.5706	2.6350

Note: The significance of **bold** reveals the estimated parameters derived from the best-fit mathematical model.

Table S6. Antimicrobial activity of KP extract-loaded electrospun shellac fibers as determined by time-kill kinetics assay.

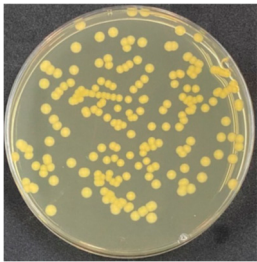
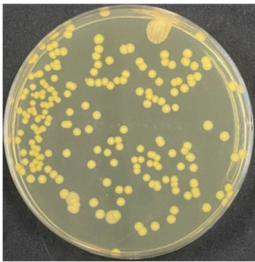
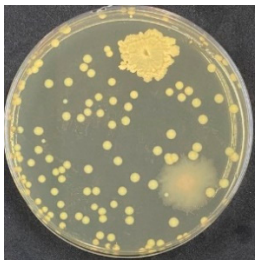
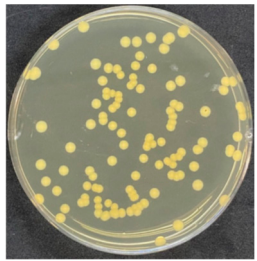
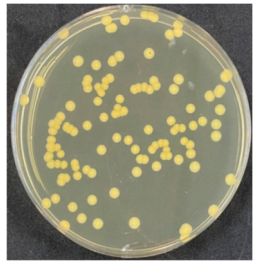
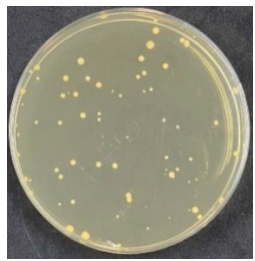
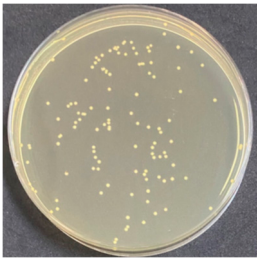
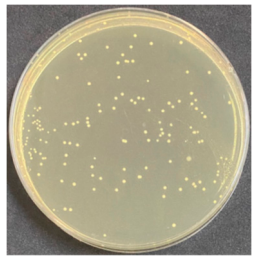
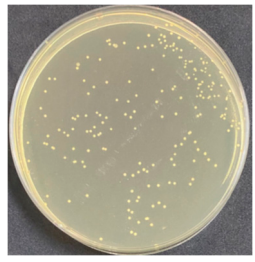
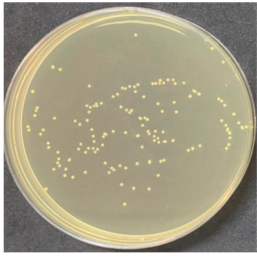
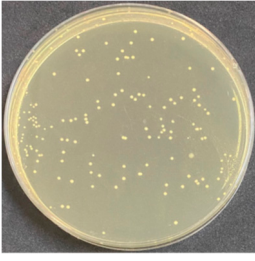
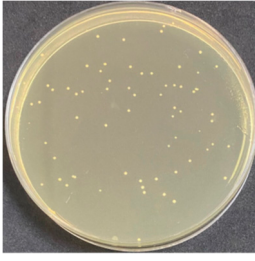
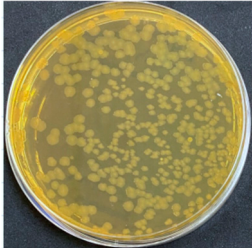
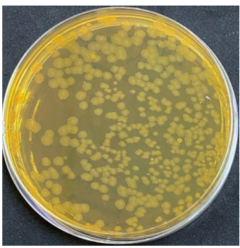
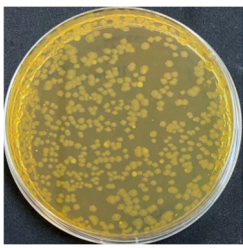
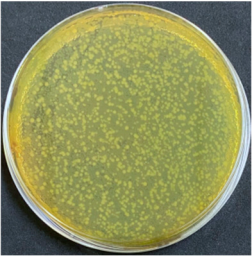
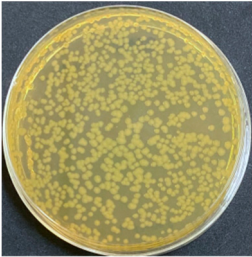
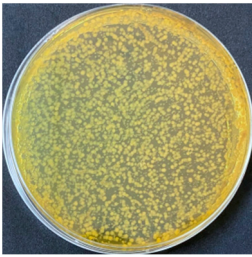
		Time (min)		
		15	30	60
<i>S. aureus</i>	Digital image			
	Microbial load (CFU/mL)	1.09×10^6	1.87×10^6	1.18×10^6
	R (%)	-	-	-
		Time (min)		
		120	240	360
	Digital image			
	Microbial load (CFU/mL)	7.80×10^5	1.60×10^5	1.30×10^5
	R (%)	28.44	85.32	88.07
		Time (min)		
		15	30	60
<i>E. coli</i>	Digital image			
	Microbial load (CFU/mL)	1.09×10^6	1.62×10^6	2.62×10^6
	R (%)	-	-	-
		Time (min)		
		120	240	360
	Digital image			
	Microbial load (CFU/mL)	1.34×10^6	9.99×10^5	8.60×10^5
	R (%)	-	9.17	21.10

Table S6 (continue). Antimicrobial activity of KP extract-loaded electrospun shellac fibers as determined by time-kill kinetics assay.

		Time (min)		
		15	30	60
<i>P. aeruginosa</i>	Digital image			
	Microbial load (CFU/mL)	3.24×10^7	3.56×10^7	3.60×10^7
	R (%)	-	-	-
		Time (min)		
		120	240	360
<i>P. aeruginosa</i>	Digital image			
	Microbial load (CFU/mL)	5.71×10^7	5.75×10^7	5.82×10^7
	R (%)	-	-	-

R, the value of antimicrobial activity (%).

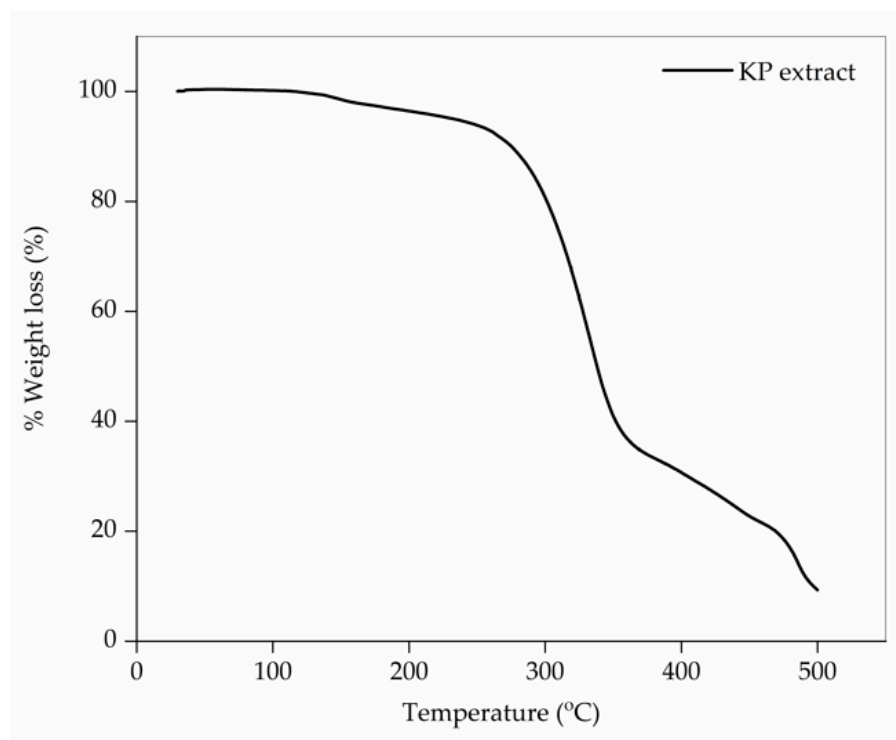


Figure S1. TGA thermogram of KP extract.

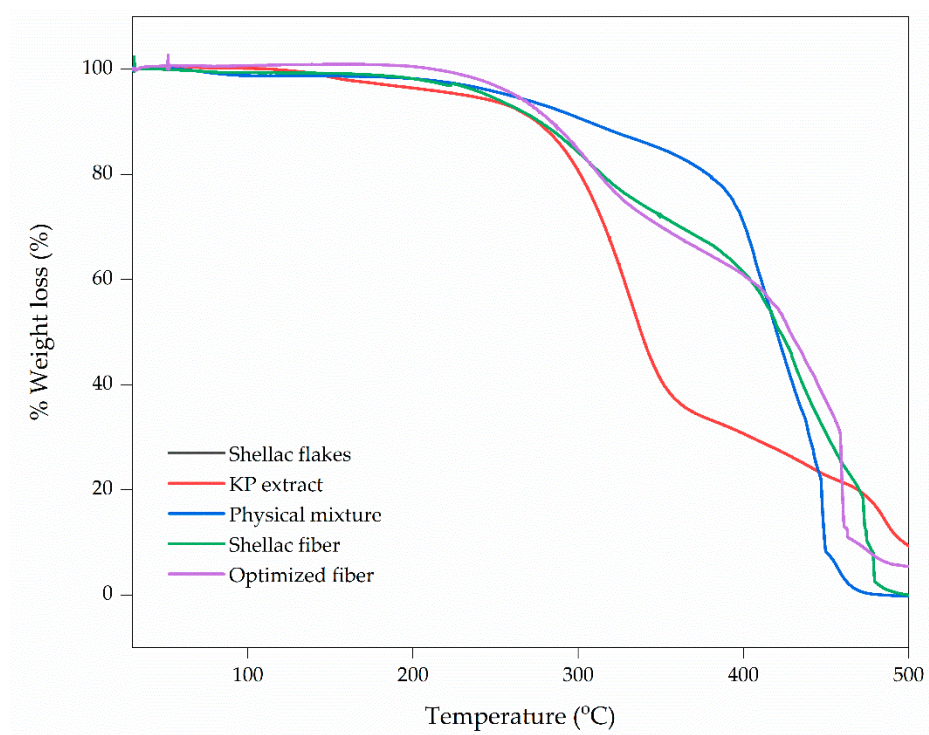


Figure S2. TGA thermograms of samples.

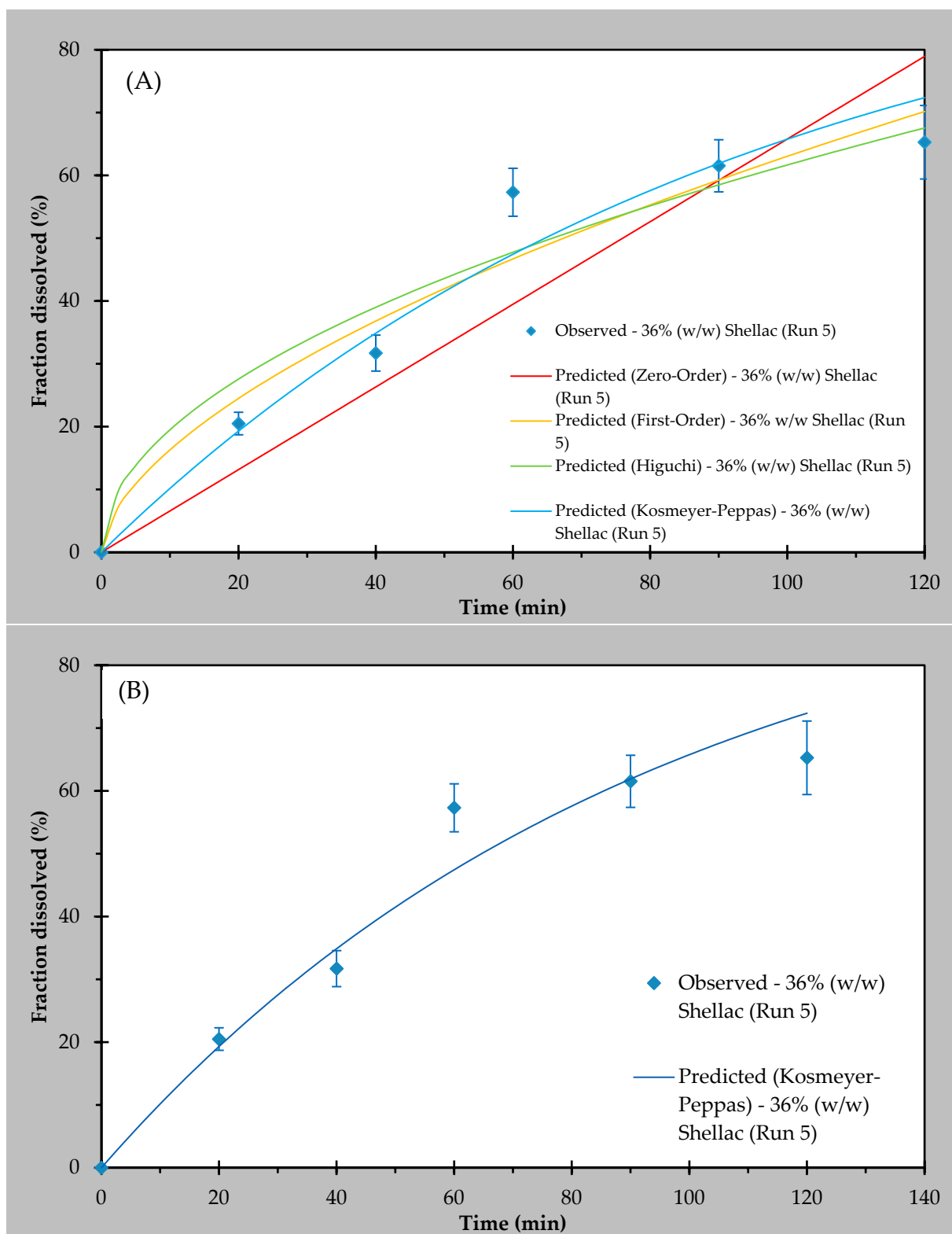


Figure S3. A mathematical model fits the KP extract release profiles of KP extract-loaded electrospun shellac fiber containing shellac and KP extract concentrations of 36% (*w/w*) and 3% (*w/w*), respectively: (A) All mathematical model fits, (B) The best fit model.

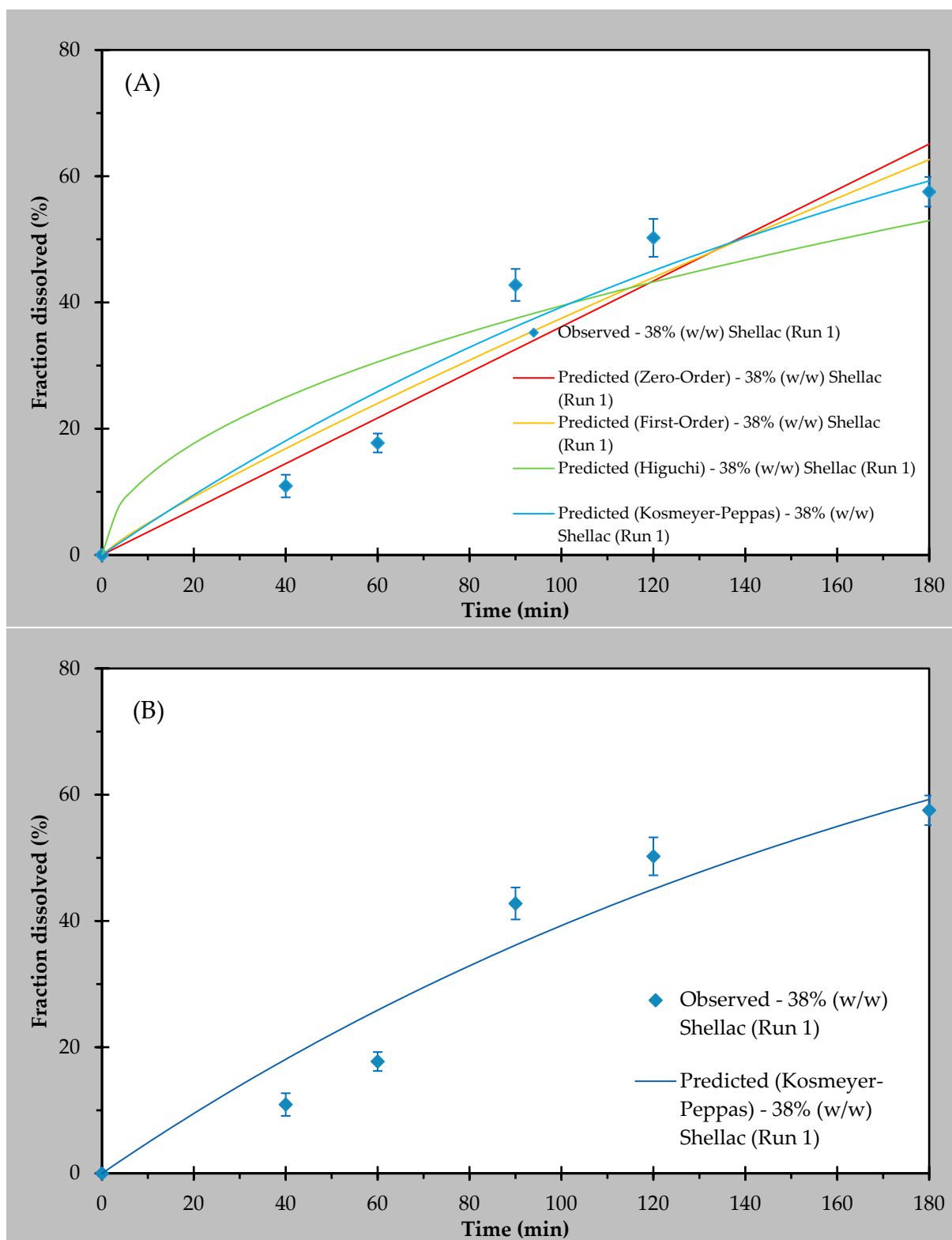


Figure S4. A mathematical model fits the KP extract release profiles of KP extract-loaded electrospun shellac fiber containing shellac and KP extract concentrations of 38% (*w/w*) and 3% (*w/w*), respectively: (A) All mathematical model fits, (B) The best fit model.

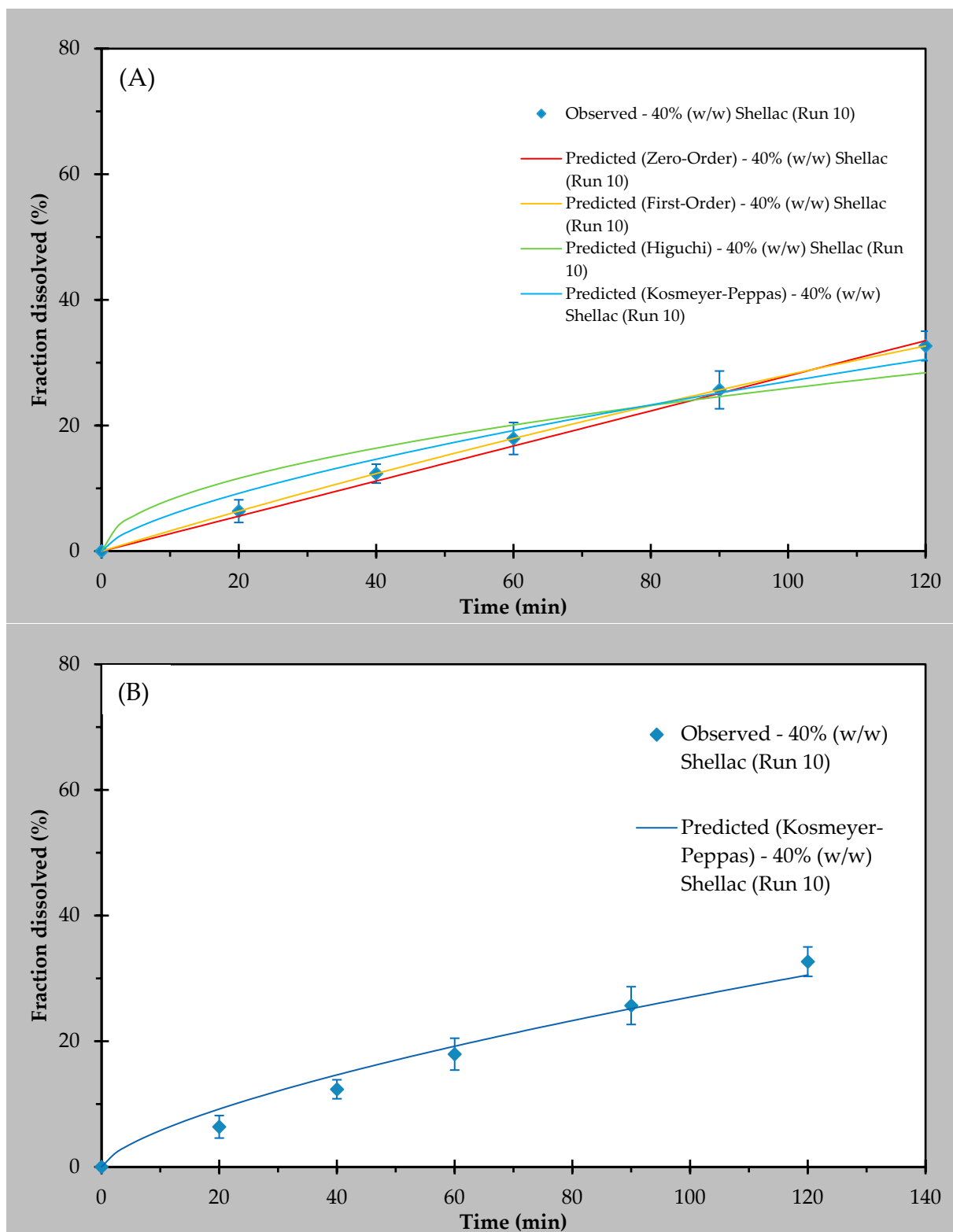


Figure S5. A mathematical model fits the KP extract release profiles of KP extract-loaded electrospun shellac fiber containing shellac and KP extract concentrations of 40% (w/w) and 3% (w/w), respectively: (A) All mathematical model fits, (B) The best fit model.

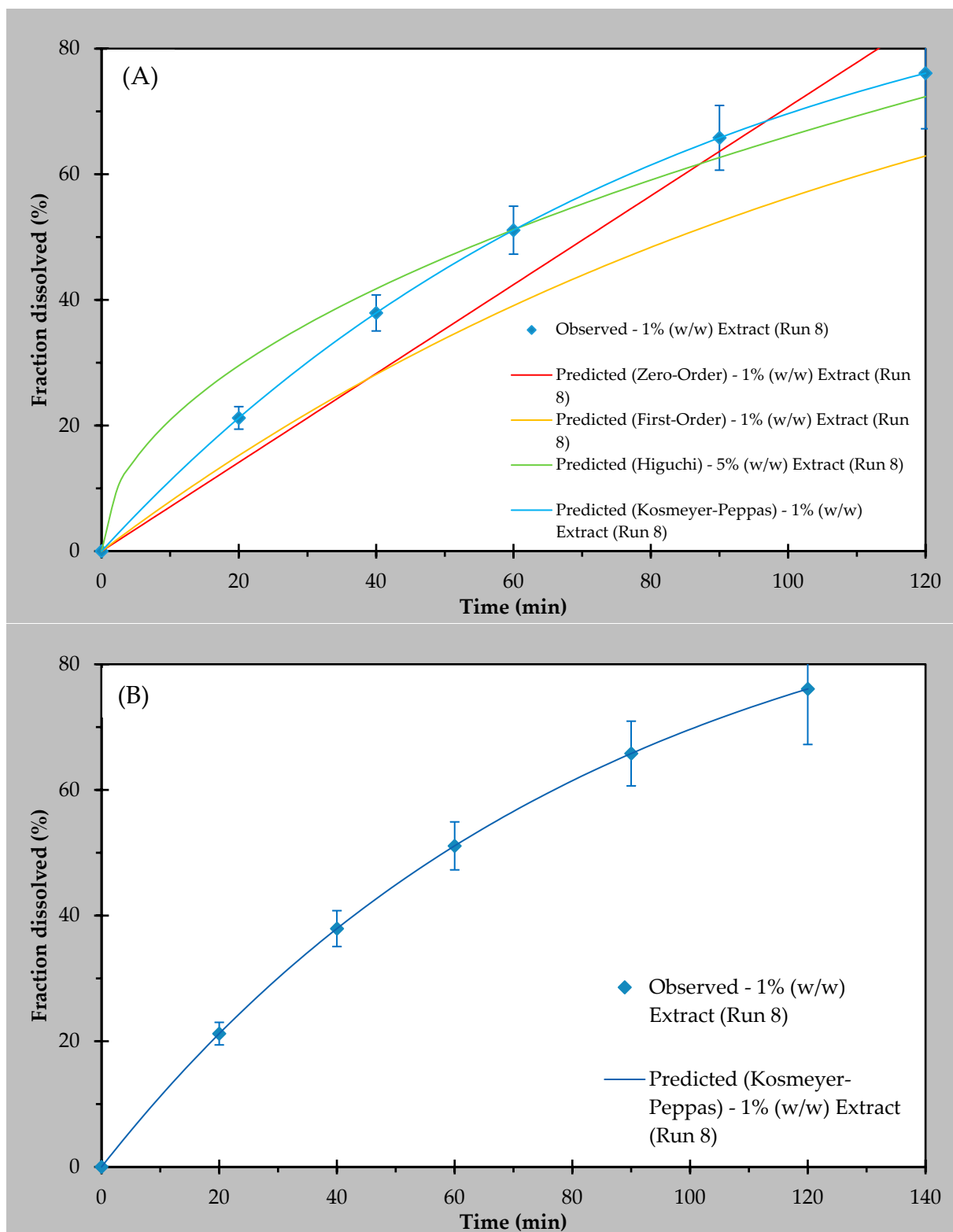


Figure S6. A mathematical model fits the KP extract release profiles of KP extract-loaded electrospun shellac fiber containing shellac and KP extract concentrations of 40% (w/w) and 1% (w/w), respectively: (A) All mathematical model fits, (B) The best fit model.

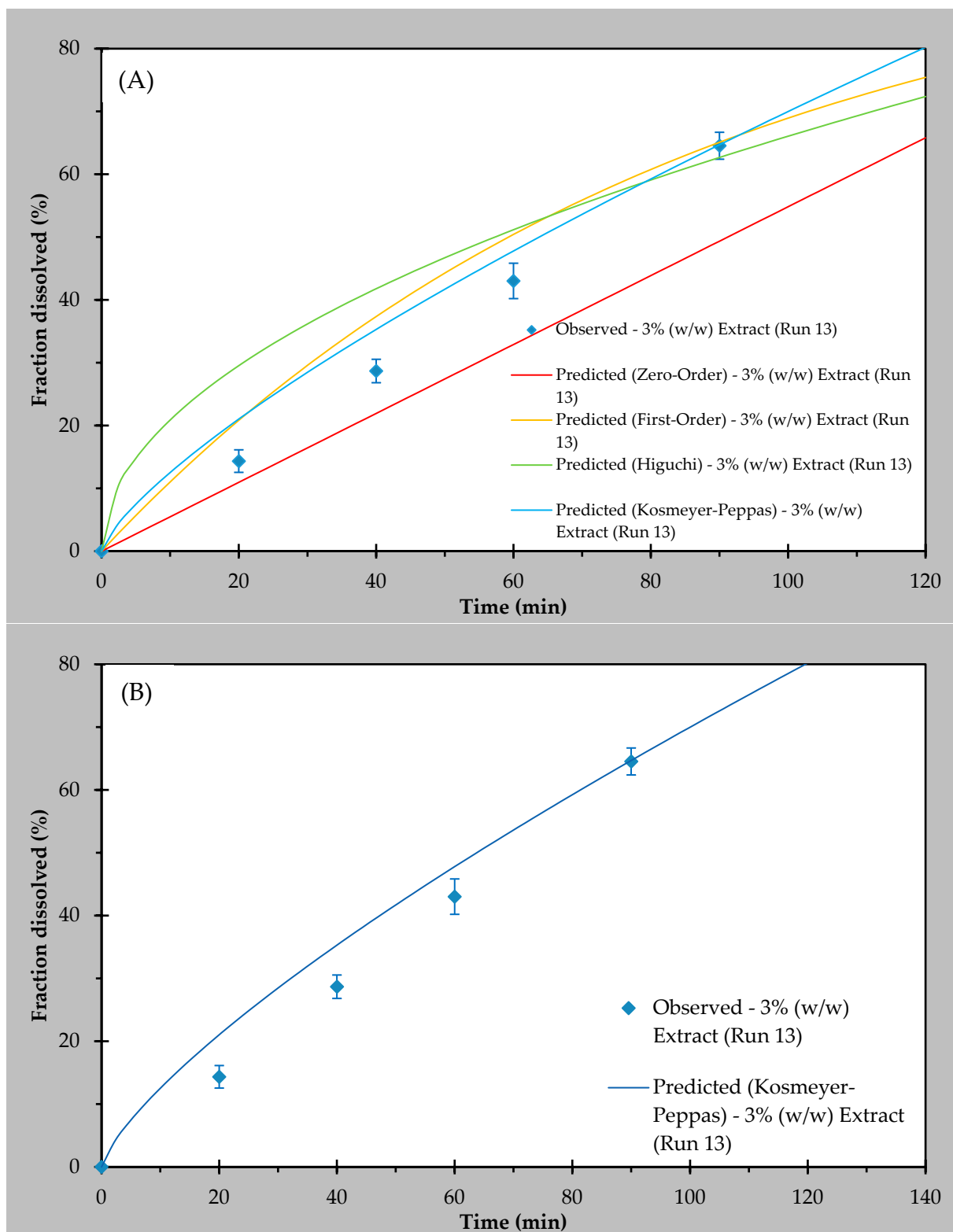


Figure S7. A mathematical model fits the KP extract release profiles of KP extract-loaded electrospun shellac fiber containing shellac and KP extract concentrations of 40% (*w/w*) and 3% (*w/w*), respectively: (A) All mathematical model fits, (B) The best fit model.

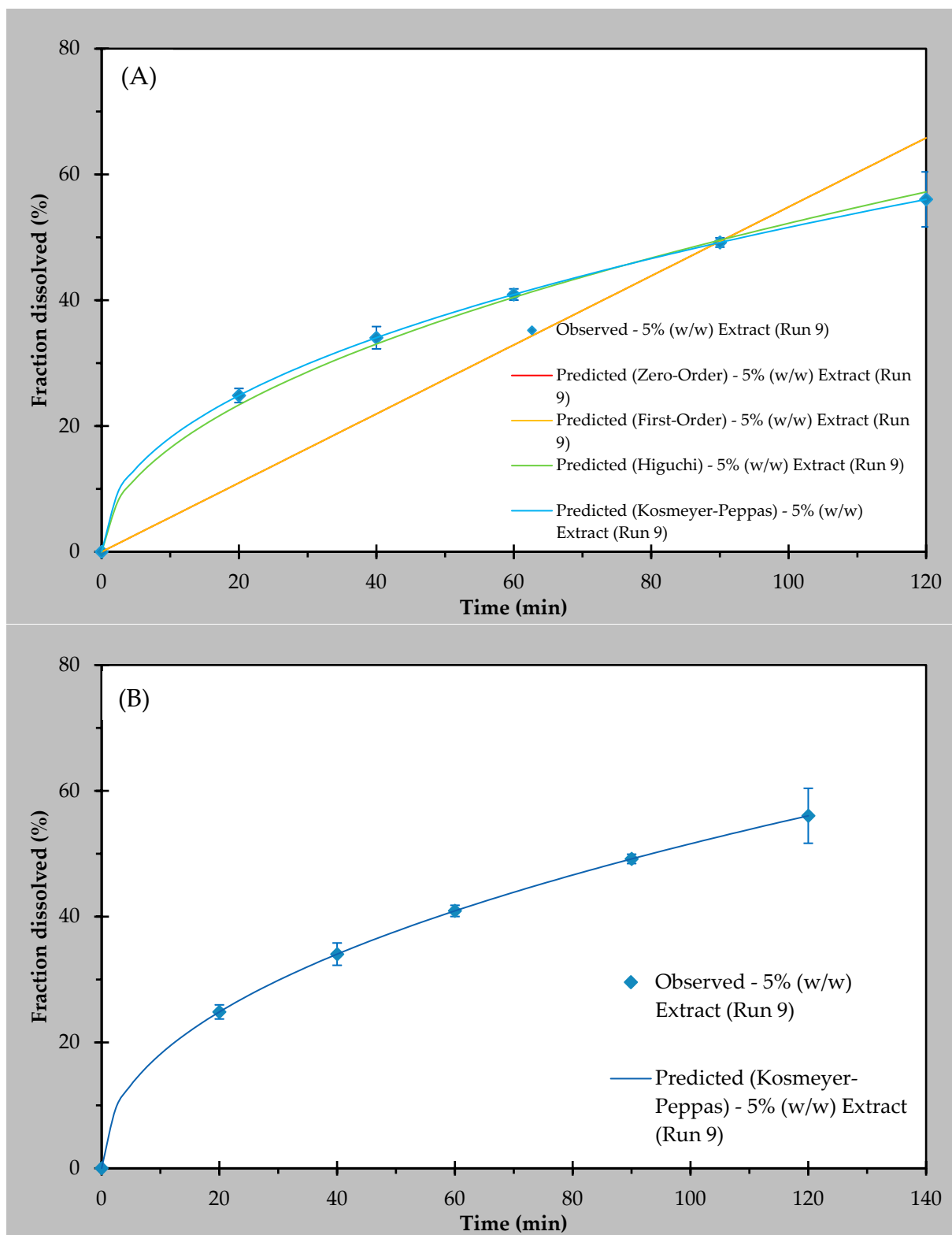


Figure S8. A mathematical model fits the KP extract release profiles of KP extract-loaded electrospun shellac fiber containing shellac and KP extract concentrations of 40% (*w/w*) and 5% (*w/w*), respectively: (A) All mathematical model fits, (B) The best fit model.

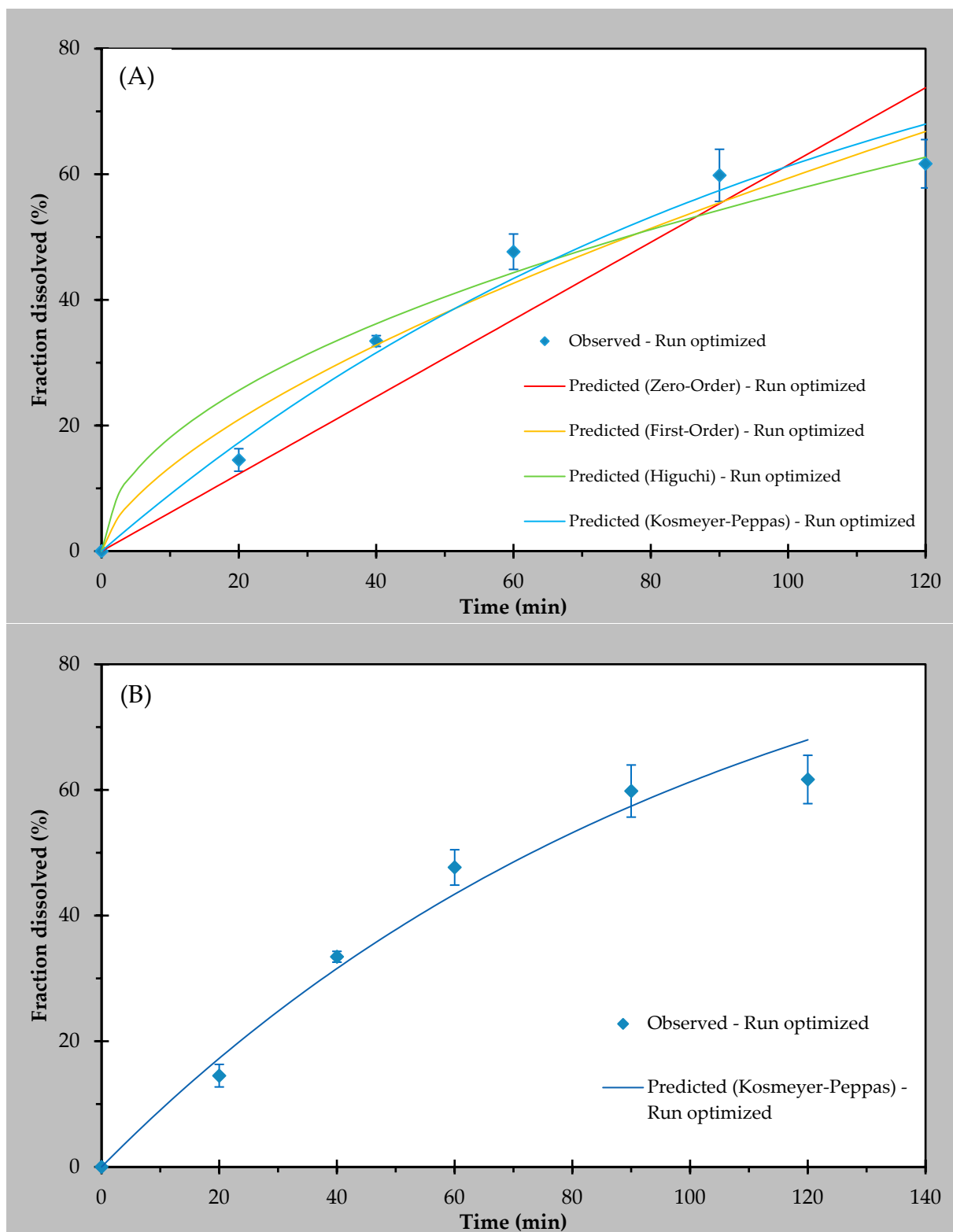


Figure S9. A mathematical model fits the KP extract release profiles of optimized KP extract-loaded electrospun shellac fiber containing shellac and KP extract concentrations of 37.25% (*w/w*) and 1.50% (*w/w*), respectively: (A) All mathematical model fits, (B) The best fit model.