

Supplementary Material

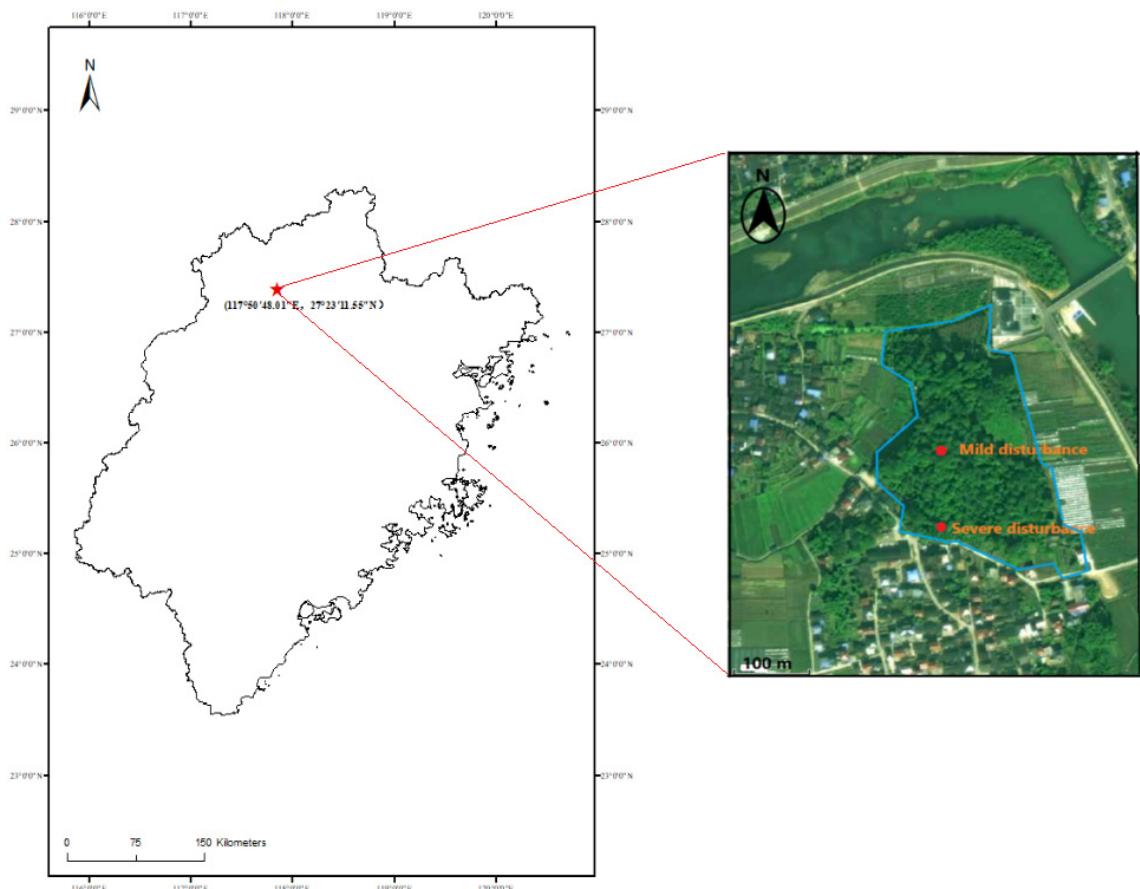


Figure S1. Schematic diagram of sampling sites under different disturbances in the *Phoebe bournei* forest.

Table S1. The basic information of species under different disturbances types of the *Phoebe bournei* forest.

Disturbance type	Main species	Canopy density	Height (m) of tree layer	DBH (cm) of tree layer
Mild	<i>Phoebe bournei</i> , <i>Machilus pauhoi</i> , <i>Photinia serratifolia</i> (Chinese Photinia), <i>Castanopsis sclerophylla</i> (Chinquapin), <i>Phyllostachys heterocycle</i> (Moso Bamboo), <i>Diplazium subsinuatum</i> , <i>Ardisia japonica</i> , <i>Chimonanthus praecox</i>	0.70-0.80	8.74±2.5	12.47±0.64
Severe	<i>Phoebe bournei</i> , <i>Machilus pauhoi</i> ,	0.50-0.65	7.31±1.9	11.83±0.64

Ligustrum lucidum,
Camellia-Oilfera
Abel, Liquidambar
formosana,
Osmanthus fragrans,
Phyllanthus glaucus,
Diplazium
subsinuatum, Ardisia
japonica,
Chimonanthus
praecox

Note: DBH: diameter at breast height. The values of height and DBH: Mean± Standard Deviation (SD).

Table S2. Coefficient of variation of nutrient resorption efficiencies under different disturbances.

Type	CV (%)		
	NRE	PRE	KRE
Mild disturbance	25.46	9.13	3.32
Severe disturbance	20.11	13.46	8.64

Note:NRE: nitrogen resorption efficiencies. PRE: phosphorus resorption efficiencies. KRE: potassium resorption efficiencies.