

# Supplemental Materials

**Table S1.** Results of soil microbial functional diversity (Shannon index) for descriptive statistics and Kolmogorov-Smirnov test.

Shannon	No. of samples	Min.	Max.	Mean	Standard variance	CV/%	Skew	Kurtosis	K-S test	Distribution type
Raw data	185	0.99	3.38	3.03	0.33	11.01	-3.21	7.59	0.000	#
Outliers removed	179	2.03	3.38	3.04	0.27	9.04	-2.26	5.44	0.000	#
Box-Cox	185	6.63	88.15	55.10	17.30	31.40	-1.03	1.06	0.164	N

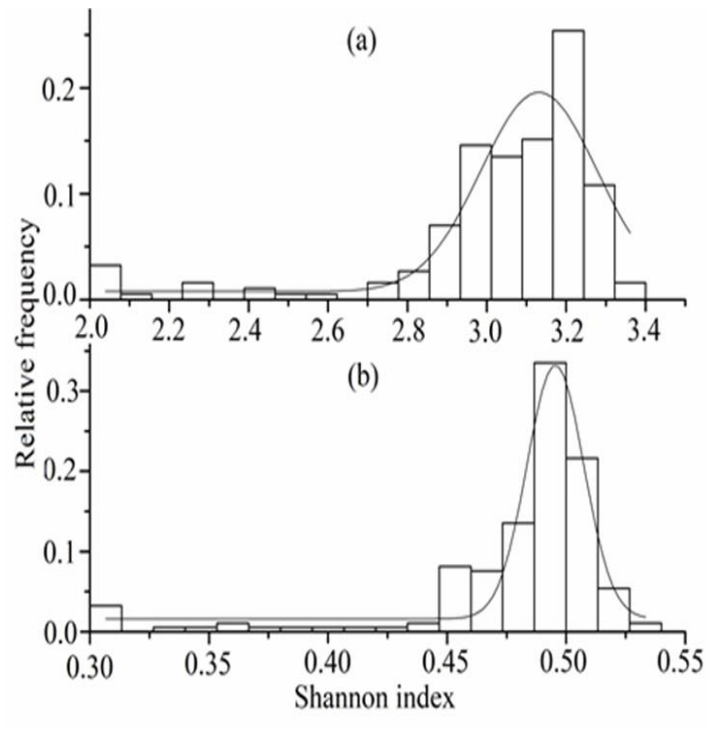
Box-Cox, the raw data after Box-Cox transformation; #, non-normal distribution; N, Normal distribution; Shannon, Shannon index. CV, coefficient of variation; Skew, degree of skewed distribution; K-S test, Kolmogorov-Smirnov test. Outliers indicated the value of the variable was out of the range [3\*mean - standard error, 3\*mean + standard error].

**Table S2.** Semivariance analysis of spatial structure of soil microbial functional diversity.

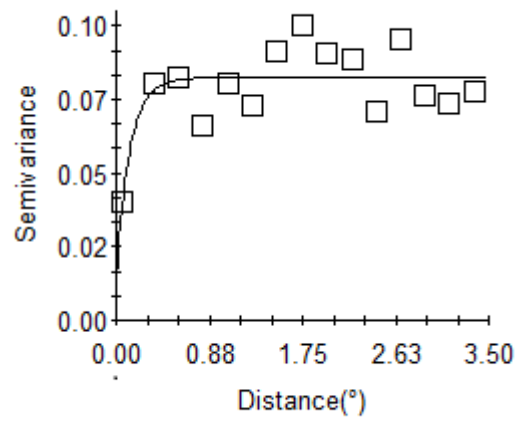
	Model	C <sub>0</sub>	Sill (C+C <sub>0</sub> )	C <sub>0</sub> /(C+C <sub>0</sub> )	R <sup>2</sup>	Rang (°)
Shannon index	Exponential	49.2	312.1	0.16	0.69	0.32



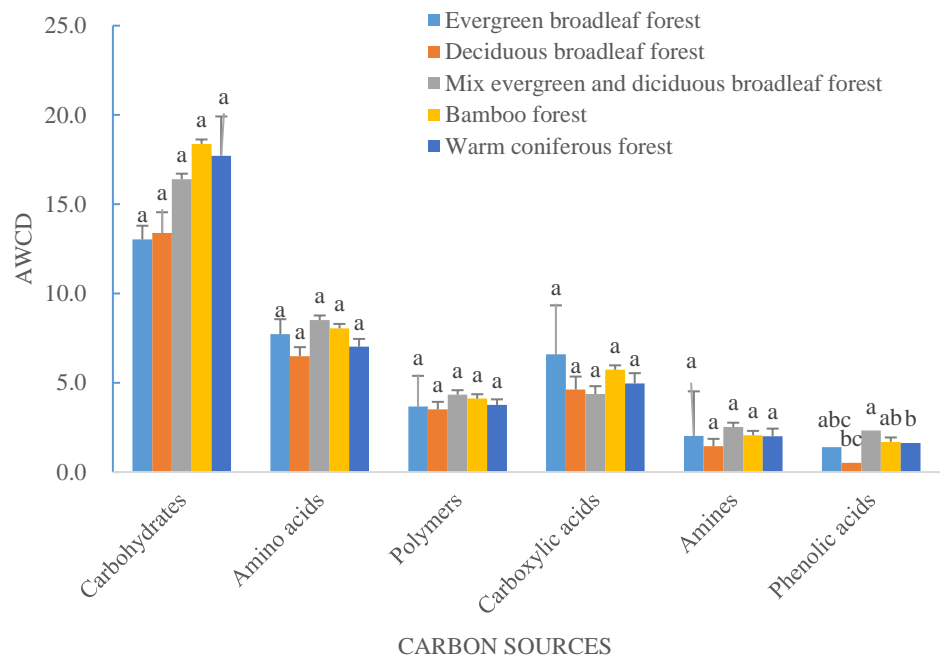
**Figure S1** Photos of sampling plots.



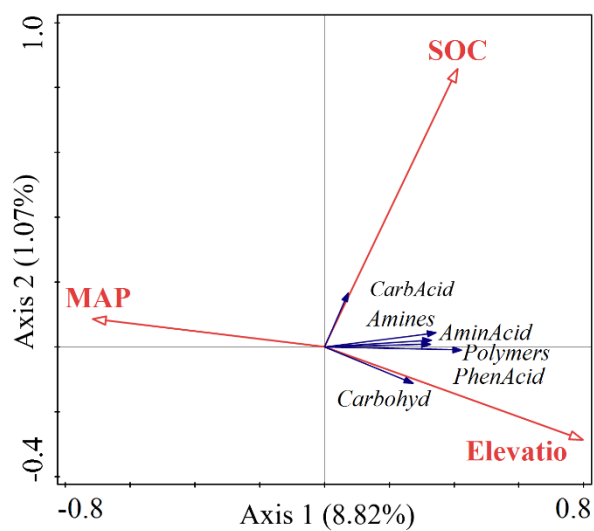
**Figure S2** Frequency distribution of Shannon-Wiener diversity index for the investigated forest soils. The curves correspond to simulation of normal distribution (a) with raw data or lognormal distribution (b) with the data after Box-Cox transformation.



**Figure S3** Robust variograms ( $\square$ ) of microbial functional diversity for the investigated forest soils.



**Figure S4** Use efficiency of carbon sources by the soil microbial communities from the different forest types.



**Figure S5** Redundancy analysis (RDA) of carbon resources utilization and environmental factors in forest plots. Carbohyd, Carbohydrates; AminAcid, Amino acids; Polymers, Polymers; CarbAcid, Carboxylic acids; Amines, Amines; PhenAcid, Phenolic acids; MAP, Mean annual precipitation; Elevatio, Elevation; SOC, Soil organic carbon.