

Supplementary Materials

Table S1. Inventory of raw materials for each CD under study, in which quantities are referred to 1 kg of CD.

| Ecoinvent® 3.5 database | CD-1 | CD-2 | CD-3 | CD-4 | CD-5 | CD-6 |
|---|-----------|----------|-----------|--------|--------|--------|
| Glucose {GLO} market for glucose APOS, S | 2.49 kg | | | | | |
| Sodium hydroxide, without water, in 50% solution state {GLO} market for APOS, S | 1.49 kg | | | | | |
| Hydrogen peroxide, without water, in 50% solution state {GLO} market for APOS, S | 0.239 kg | | | | | |
| Citric Acid {GLO} market for APOS, S | | 7.2 kg | 7.61 kg | 50 kg | 2.4 kg | 3 kg |
| Ethylenediamine {RER} market for APOS, S | | 7.2 kg | | | | |
| Urea, as N {GLO} market for APOS, S | | | 2.54 kg | 16 kg | 0.8 kg | 1 kg |
| Water, deionized, from tap water, at user {Europe without Switzerland} market for water, deionized, from tap water, at user APOS, S | 24.9 kg | 77.9 kg | 101.5 kg | 330 kg | 20 kg | 20 kg |
| Electricity, medium voltage {RER} market group for APOS, S | 146.8 kWh | 24.2 kWh | 46.09 kWh | 17 kWh | 12 kWh | 17 kWh |

ReCiPe method

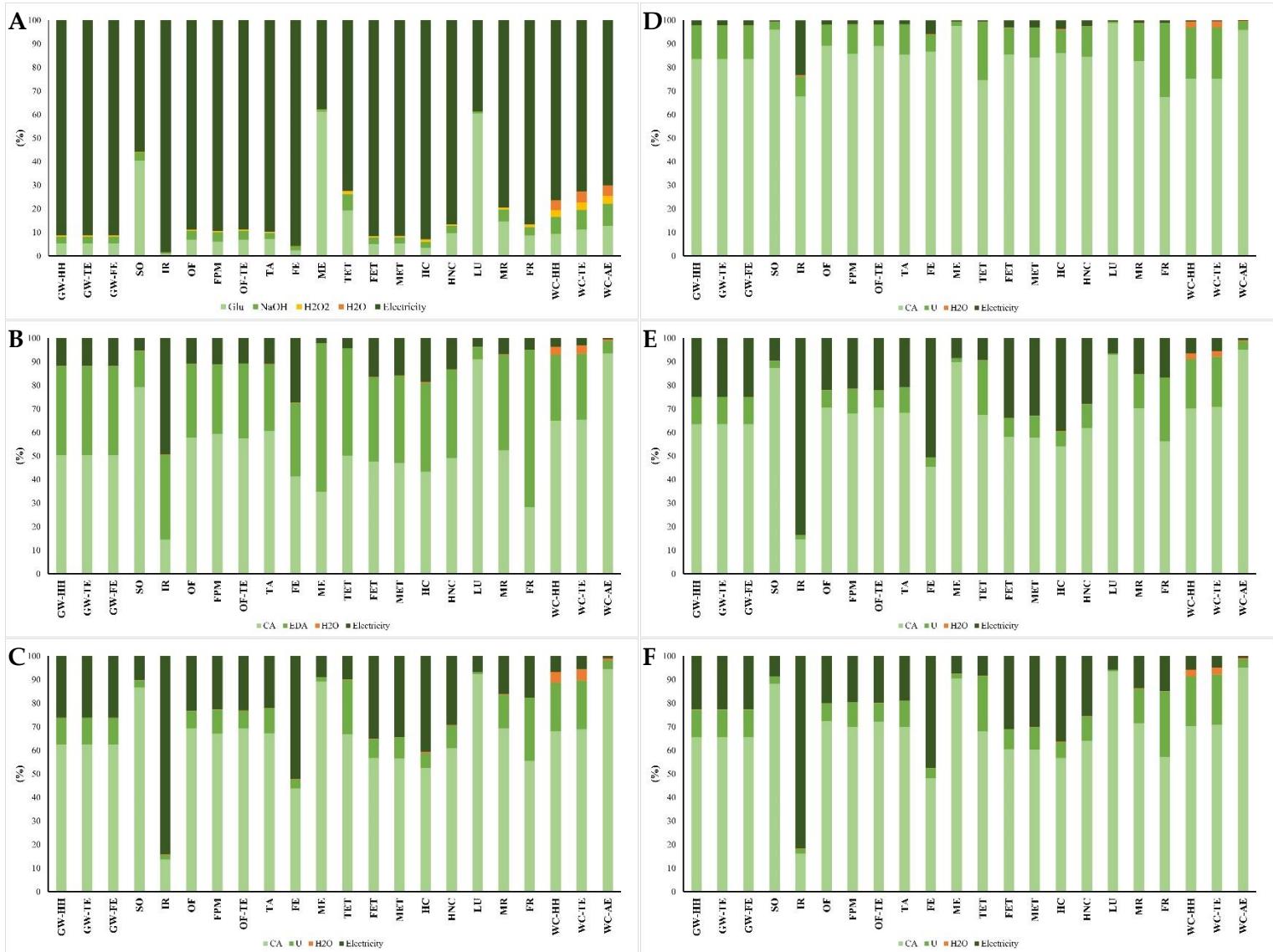


Figure S1. Relative environmental impacts of the synthesis under study applying ReCiPe endpoint method. (A) CD-1; (B) CD-2, (C) CD-3; (D) CD-4, (E) CD-5 and (F) CD-6. The abbreviations are explained in Section 2.4.

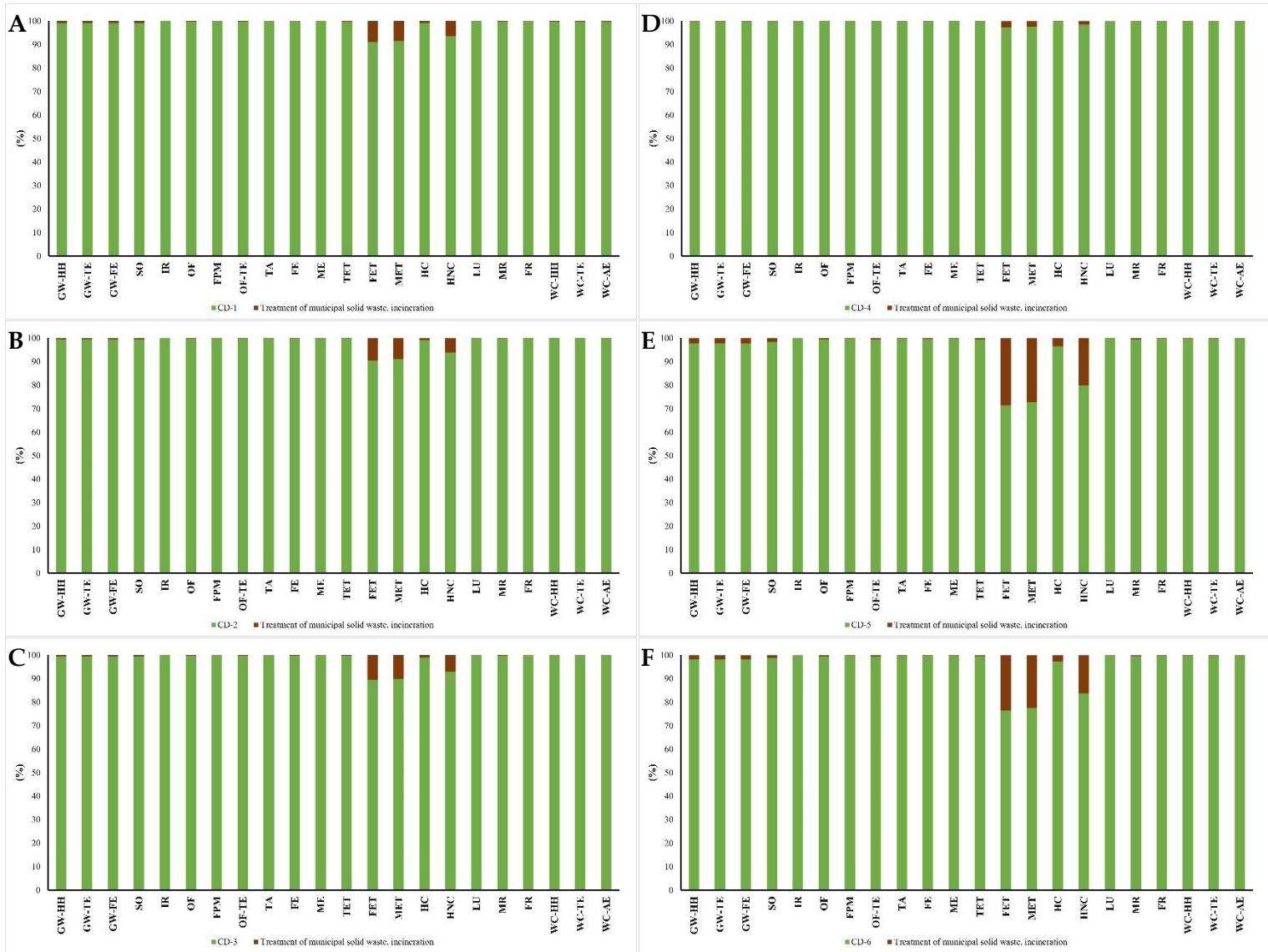


Figure S2. Relative environmental impacts of the synthesis under study and the disposal scenario of incineration, applying ReCiPe endpoint method. (A) CD-1; (B) CD-2, (C) CD-3; (D) CD-4, (E) CD-5 and (F) CD-6. The abbreviations are explained in Section 2.4.

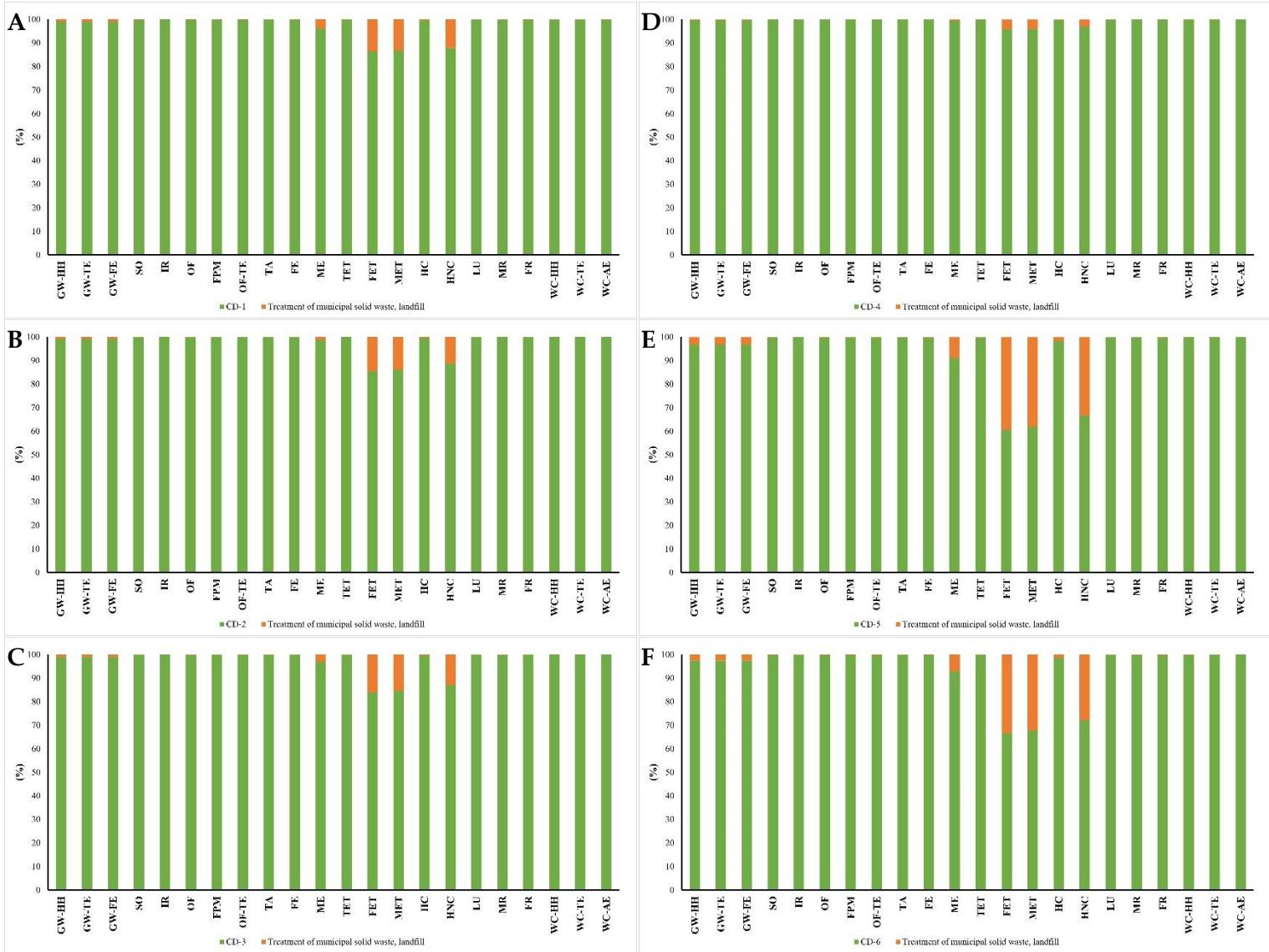


Figure S3. Relative environmental impacts of the synthesis under study and the disposal scenario of landfill, applying ReCiPe endpoint method. (A) CD-1; (B) CD-2, (C) CD-3; (D) CD-4, (E) CD-5 and (F) CD-6. The abbreviations are explained in Section 2.4

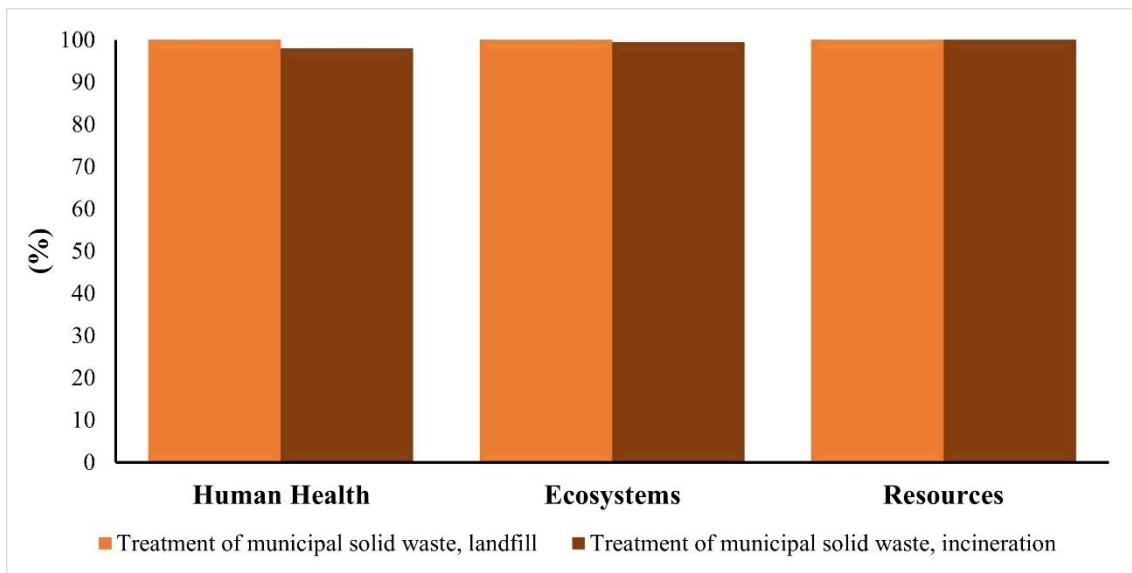


Figure S4. Relative environmental impacts of CD-5 for incineration and landfill disposal scenario, applying ReCiPe method.

Greenhouse Gas Protocol method

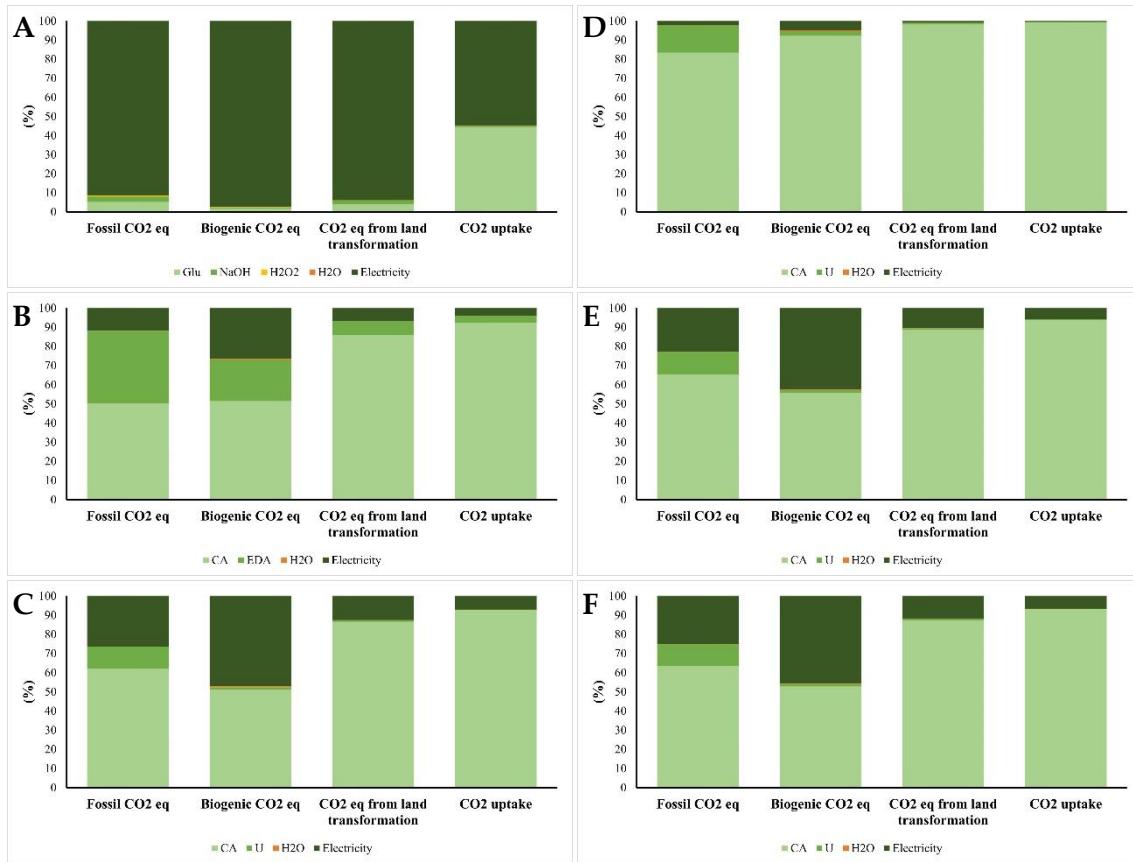


Figure S5. Relative environmental impacts of syntheses under study, applying Greenhouse Gas Protocol method. (A) CD-1; (B) CD-2, (C) CD-3; (D) CD-4, (E) CD-5 and (F) CD-6.

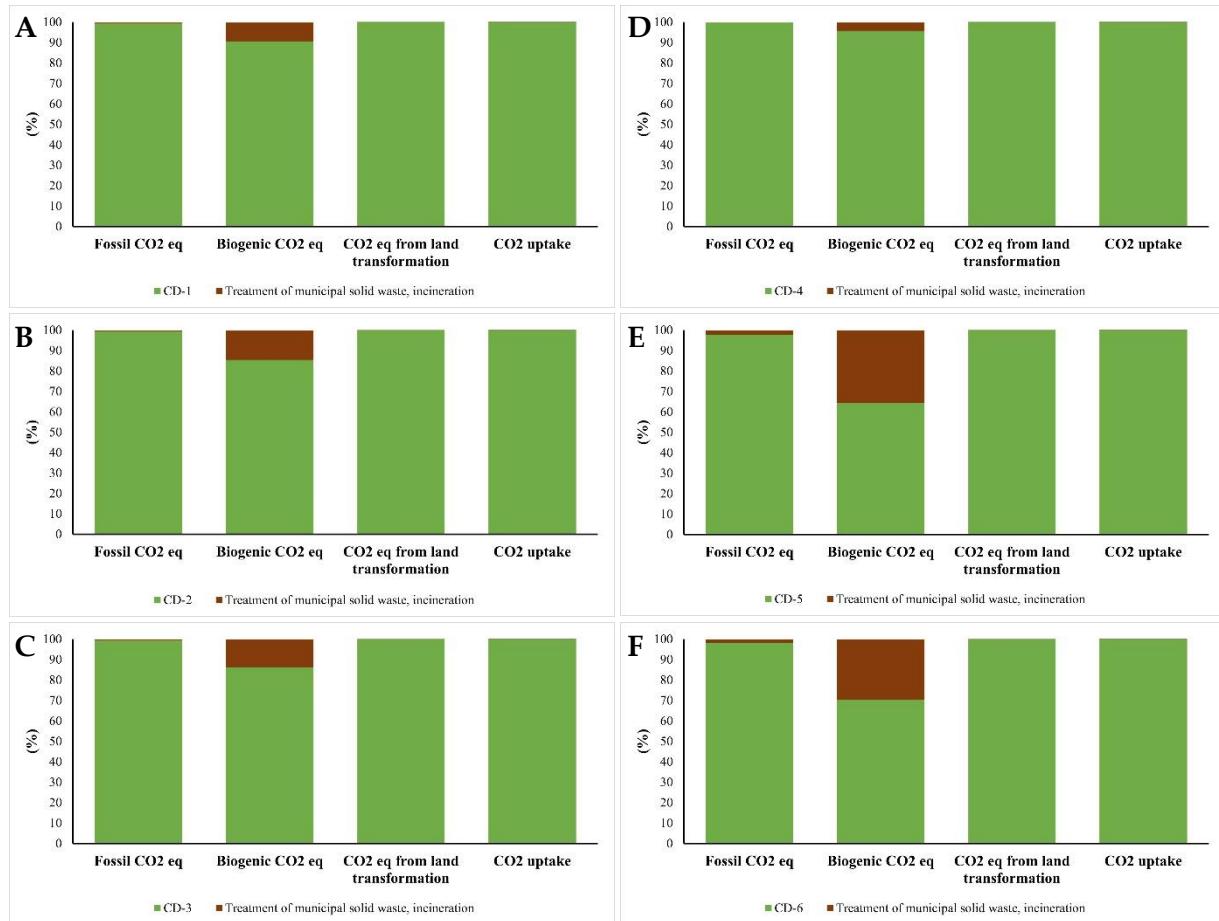


Figure S6. Relative environmental impacts of syntheses under study for incineration disposal scenario, applying Greenhouse Gas Protocol method. (A) CD-1; (B) CD-2, (C) CD-3; (D) CD-4, (E) CD-5 and (F) CD-6.

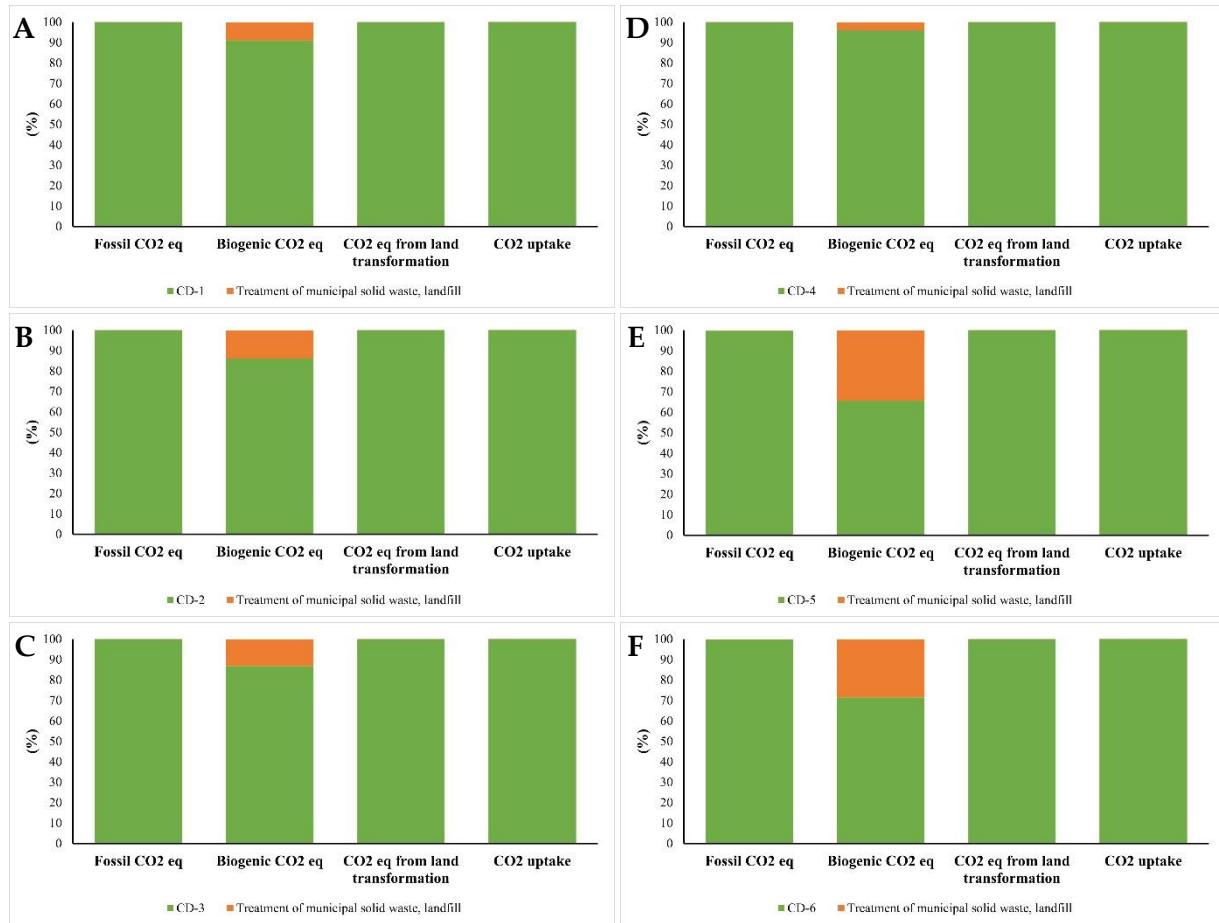


Figure S7. Relative environmental impacts of syntheses under study for landfill disposal scenario, applying Greenhouse Gas Protocol method. (A) CD-1; (B) CD-2, (C) CD-3; (D) CD-4, (E) CD-5 and (F) CD-6.

AWARE method

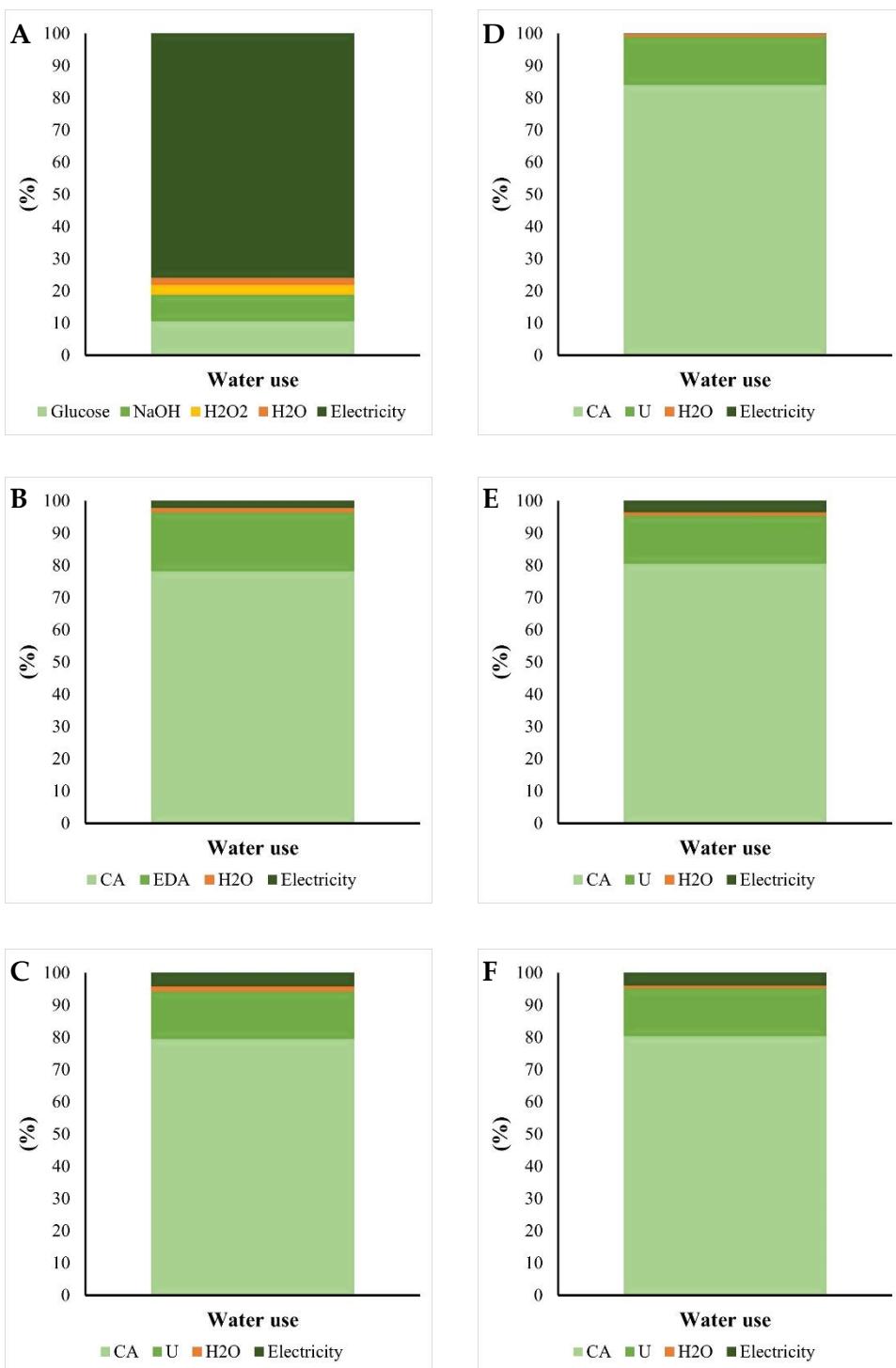


Figure S8. Relative environmental impacts of syntheses under, applying AWARE method. (A) CD-1; (B) CD-2, (C) CD-3; (D) CD-4, (E) CD-5 and (F) CD-6.

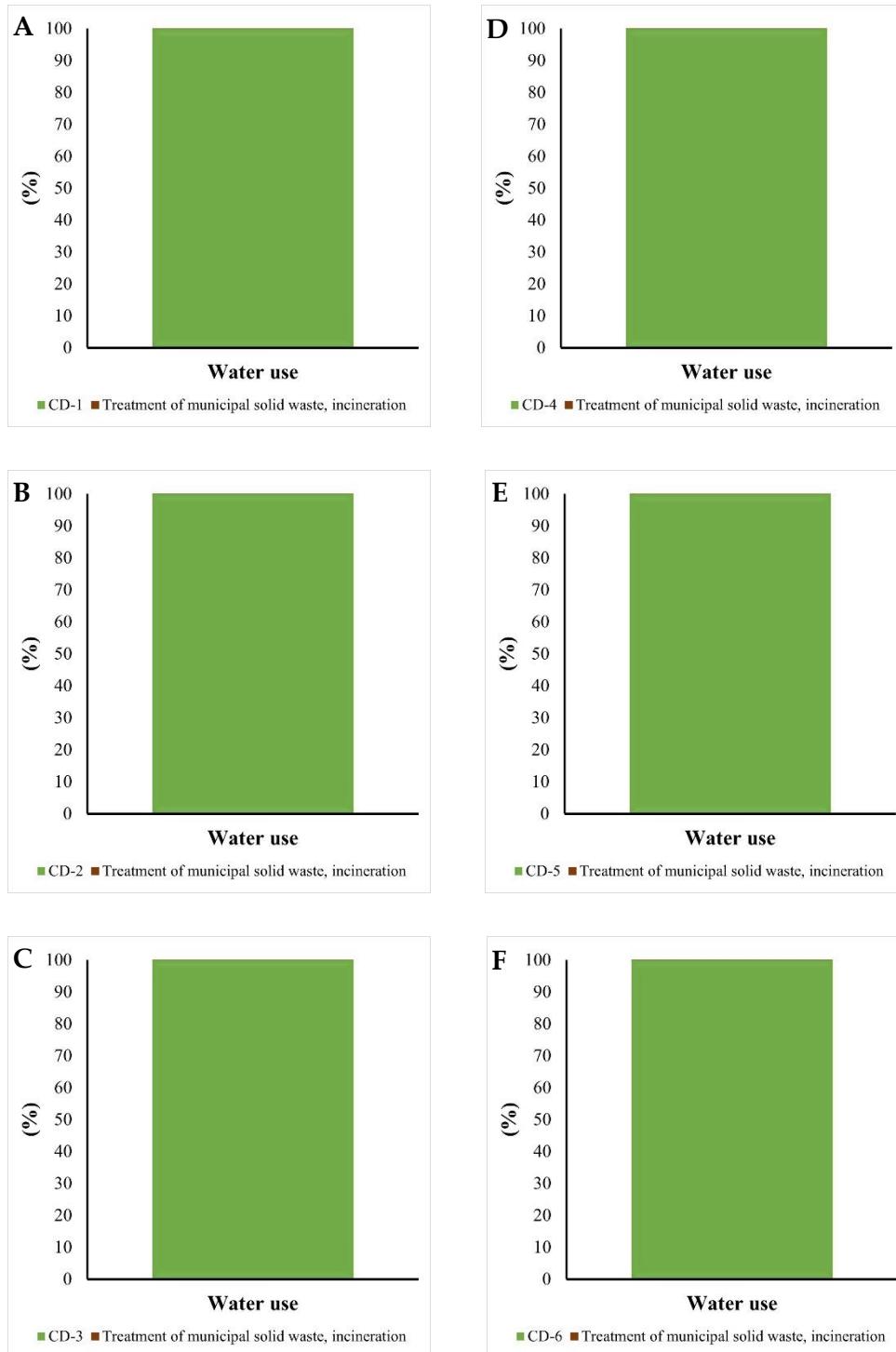


Figure S9. Relative environmental impacts of syntheses under for incineration disposal scenario, applying AWARE method. (A) CD-1; (B) CD-2, (C) CD-3; (D) CD-4, (E) CD-5 and (F) CD-6.

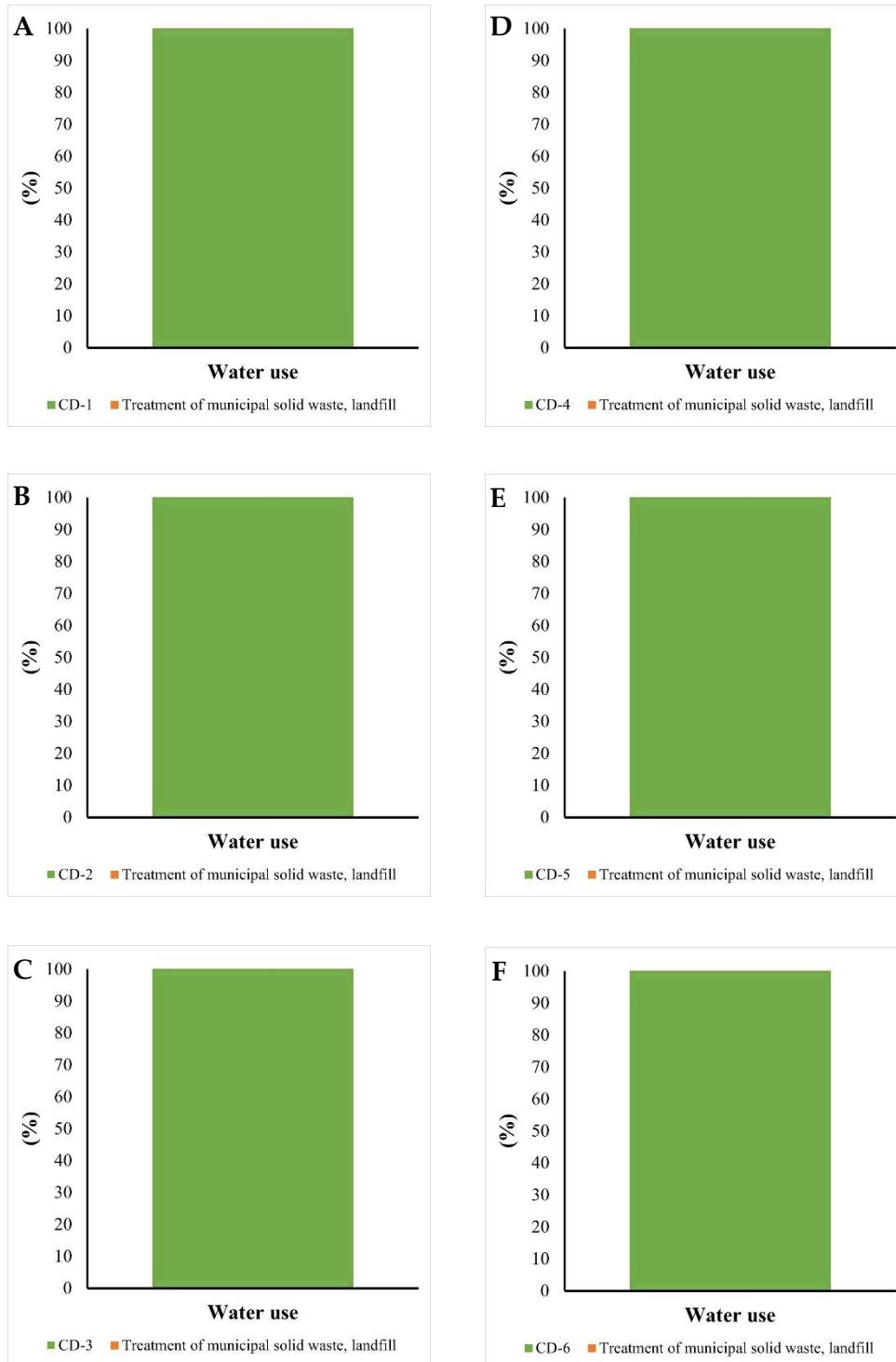


Figure S10. Relative environmental impacts of syntheses under for landfill disposal scenario, applying AWARE method. (A) CD-1; (B) CD-2, (C) CD-3; (D) CD-4, (E) CD-5 and (F) CD-6.

USEtox method

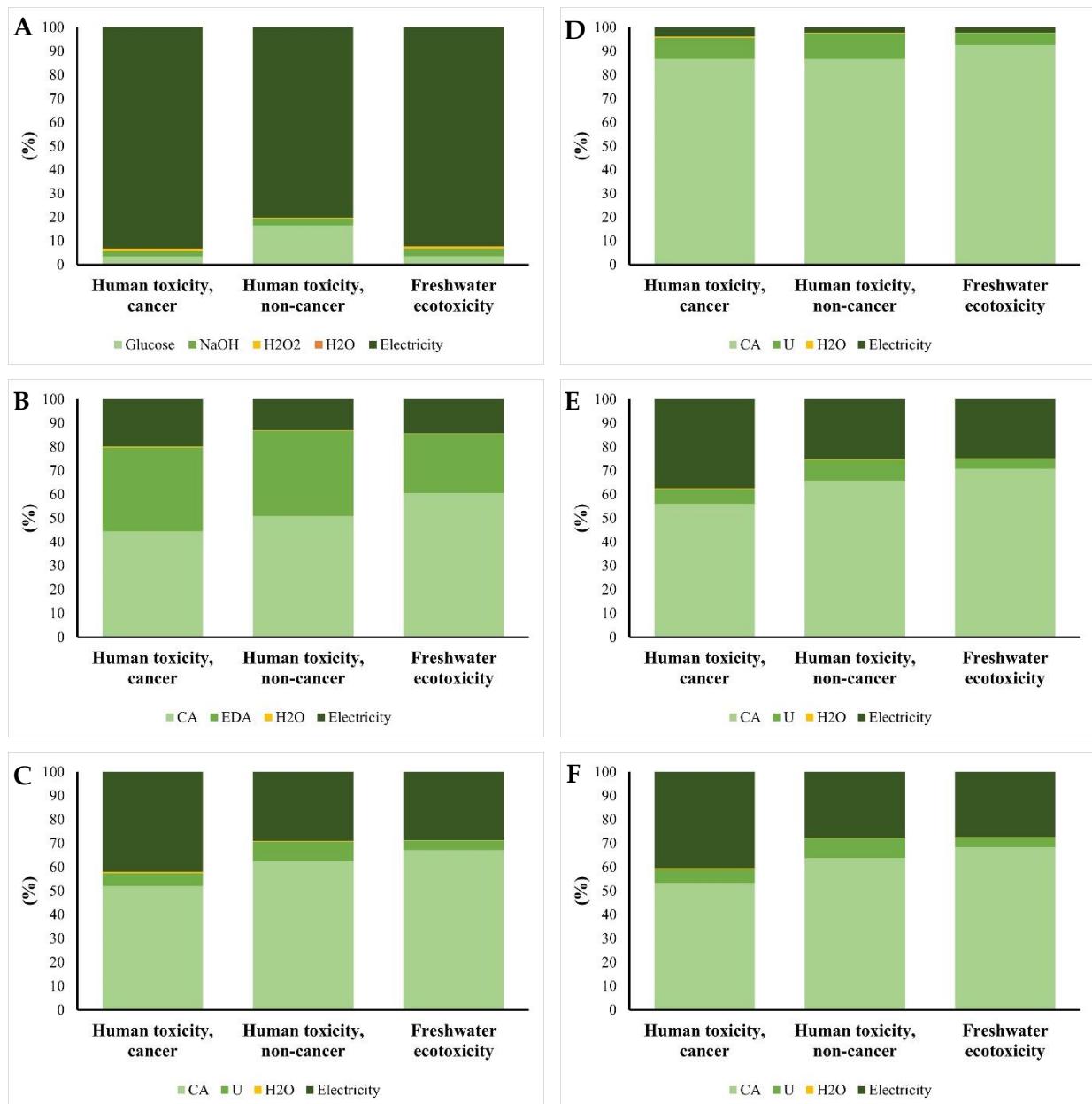


Figure S11. Relative environmental impacts of syntheses under, applying USEtox method. (A) CD-1; (B) CD-2, (C) CD-3; (D) CD-4, (E) CD-5 and (F) CD-6.

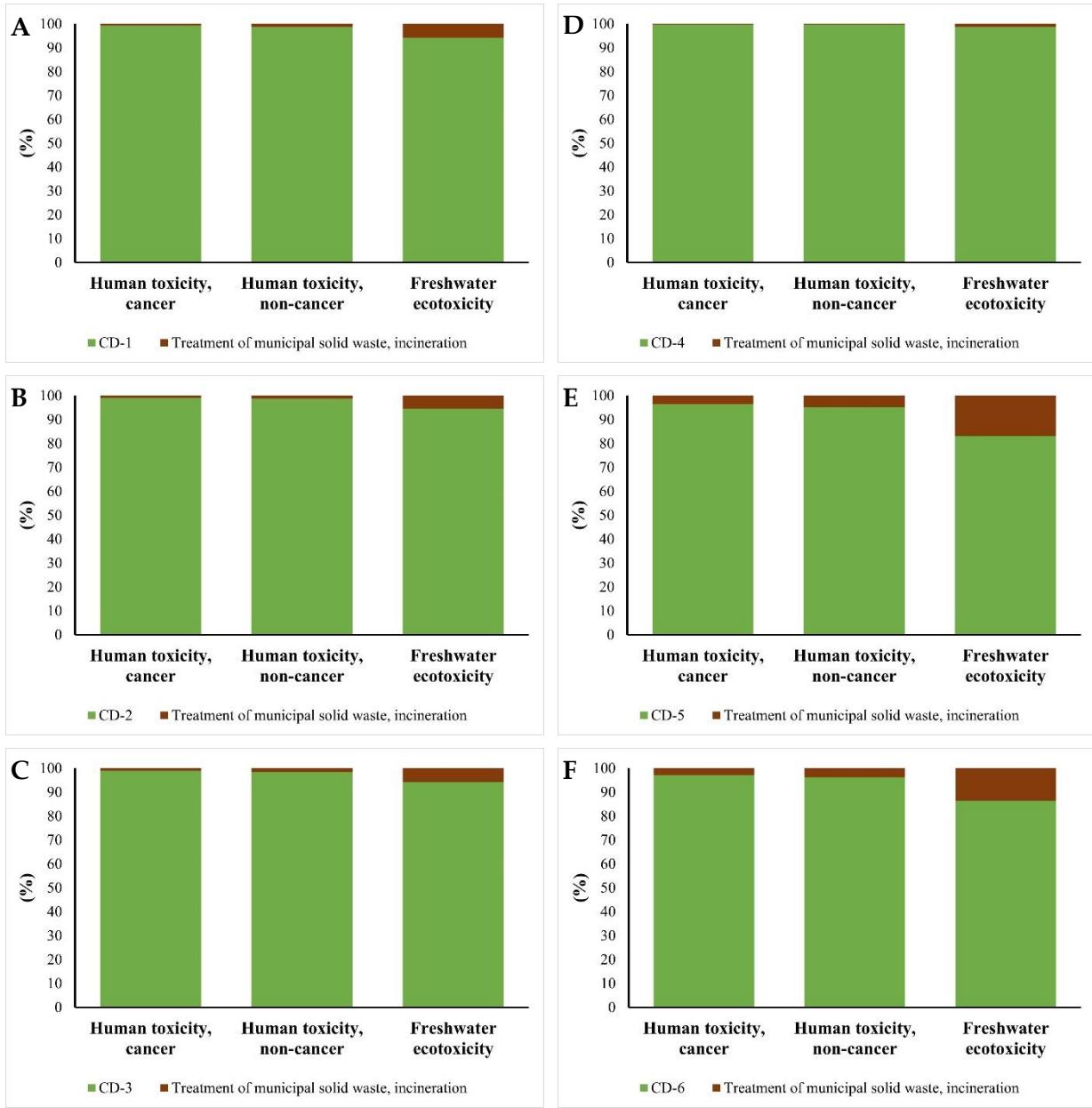


Figure S12. Relative environmental impacts of syntheses under for incineration disposal scenario, applying USEtox method. (A) CD-1; (B) CD-2, (C) CD-3; (D) CD-4, (E) CD-5 and (F) CD-6.

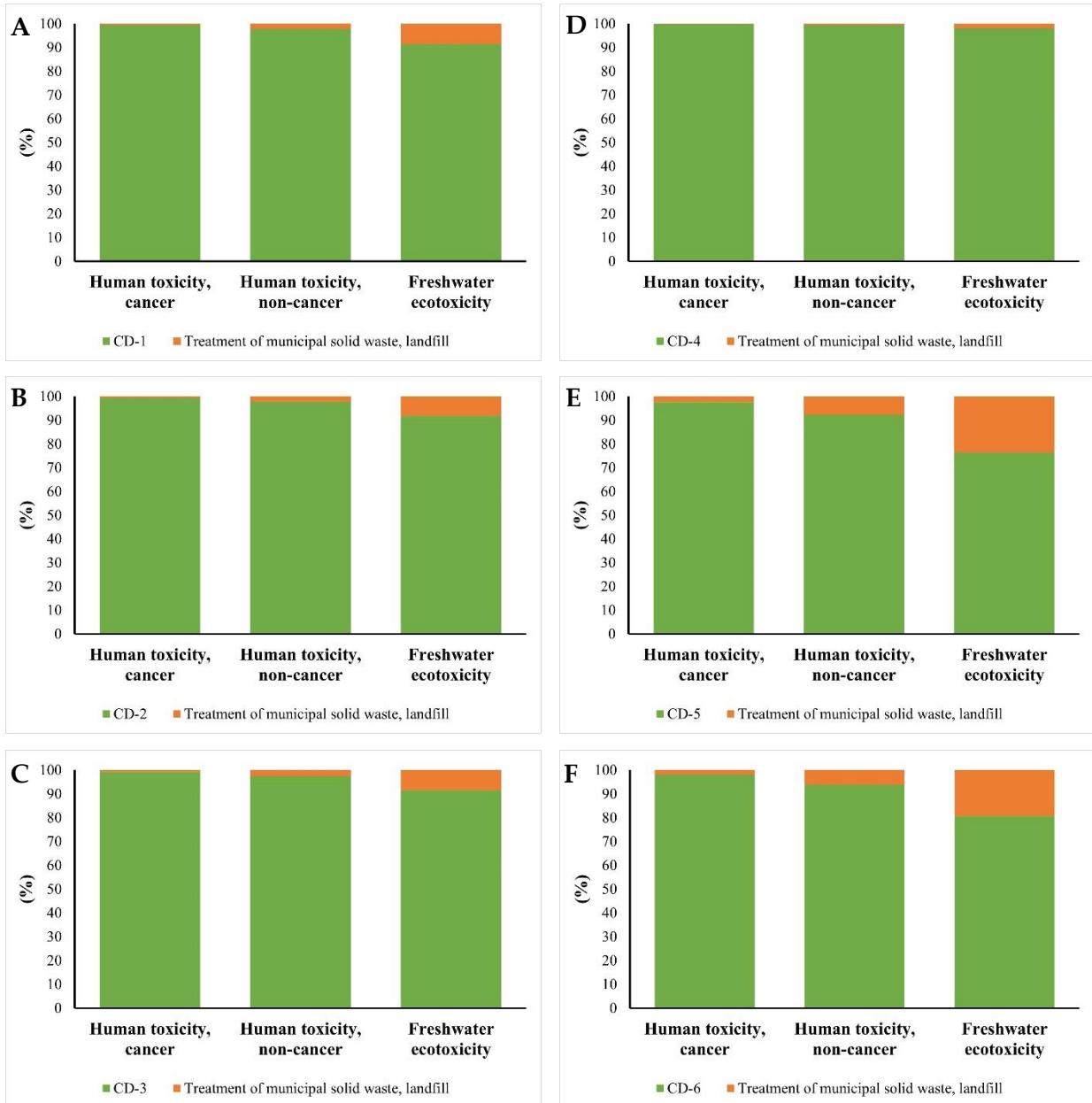


Figure S13. Relative environmental impacts of syntheses under for landfill disposal scenario, applying USEtox method. (A) CD-1; (B) CD-2, (C) CD-3; (D) CD-4, (E) CD-5 and (F) CD-6.