

Article

Use of CO₂ to Cure Steel Slag and Gypsum-Based Material

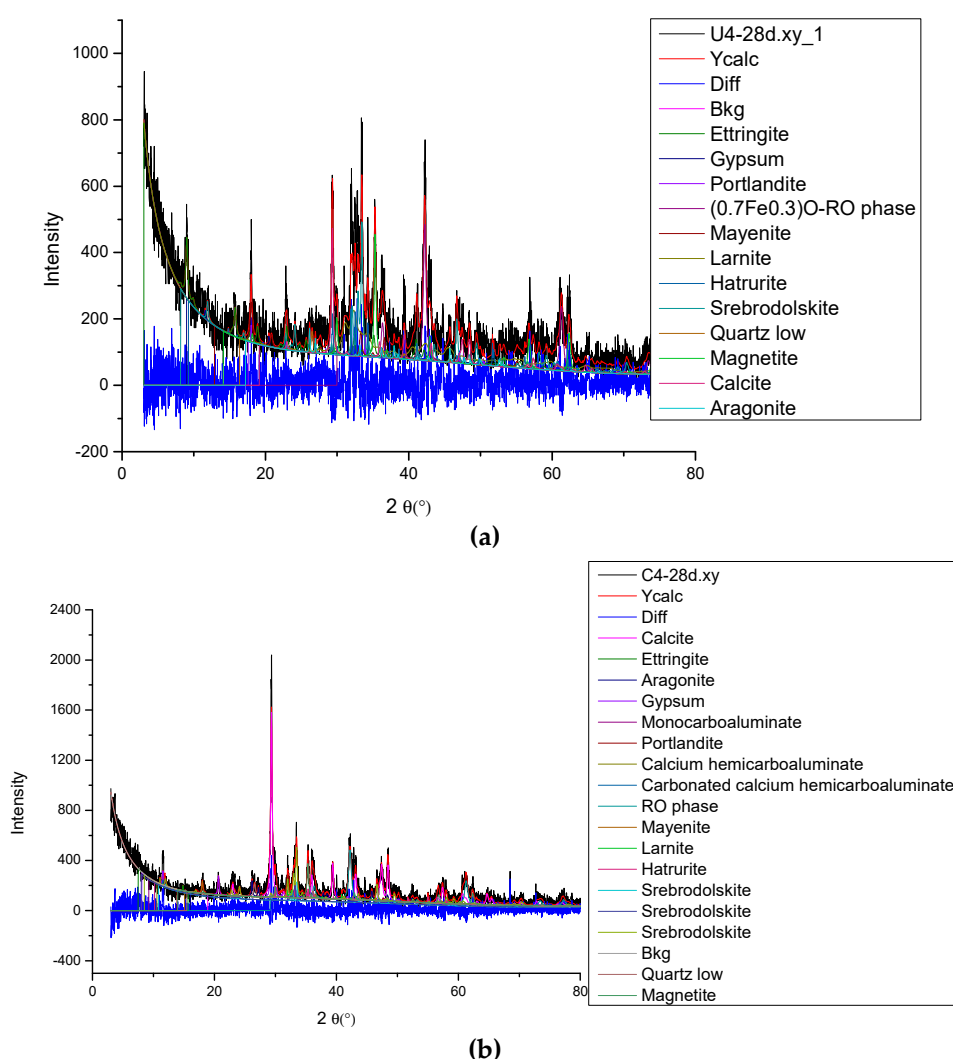
Xue Wang ^{1,2}, Wen Ni ^{1,2,*}, Jiajie Li ^{1,2}, Siqi Zhang ^{1,2}, Keqing Li ^{1,2} and Wentao Hu ^{1,2}

¹ School of Civil and Resource Engineering, University of Science and Technology Beijing, Beijing 100083, China; 18810613427@163.com (X.W.); jiajieli@ustb.edu.cn (J.L.); zsq2017@ustb.edu.cn (S.Z.); lkqing2003@163.com (K.L.); wthu010@ustb.edu.cn (W. H.)

² Key Laboratory of Resource-Oriented Treatment of Industrial Pollutants, Beijing 100083, China

* Correspondence: niwen@ces.ustb.edu.cn

Supplementary material



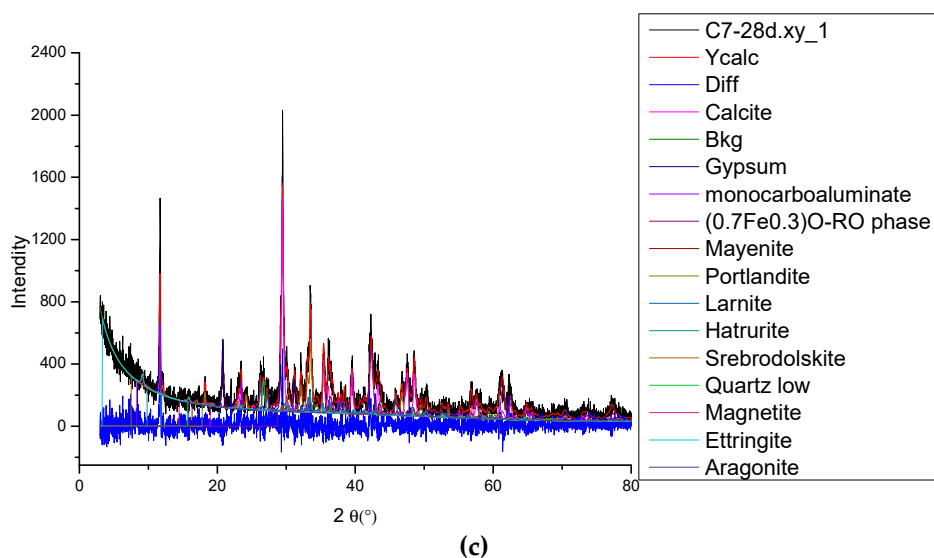


Figure S1. QXRD analysis results for (a) U4-28d; (b) C4-28d; (c) C7-28d.

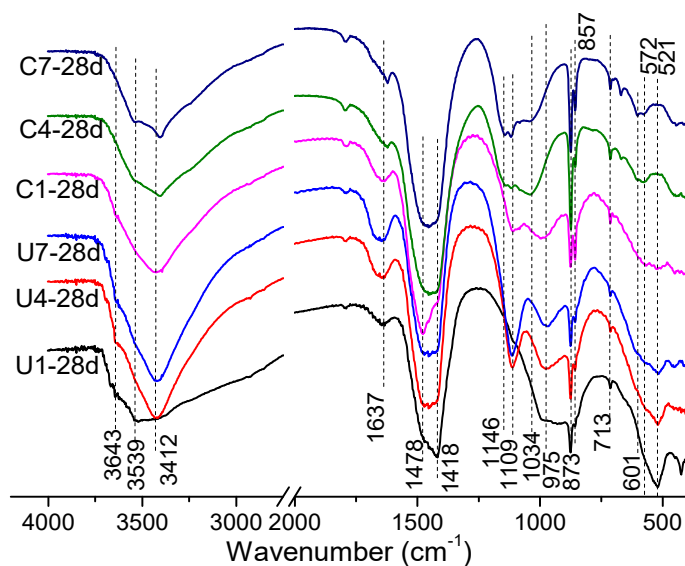


Figure S2. Results of FTIR analysis at 28 d.

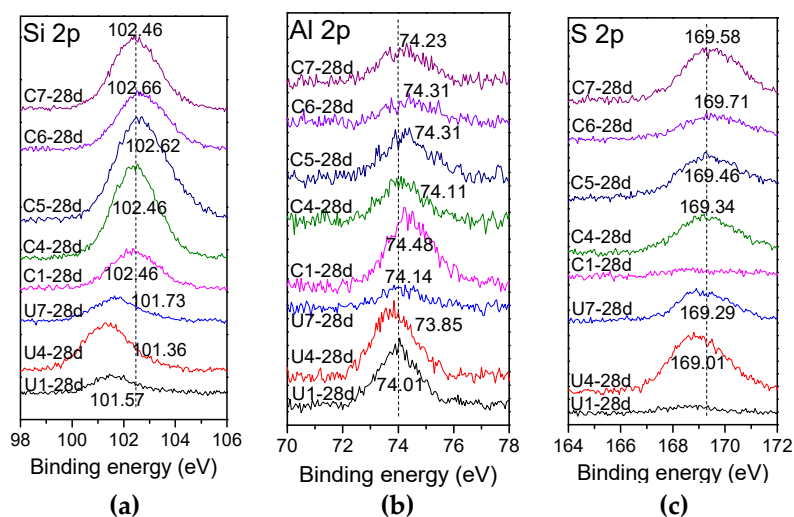


Figure S3. XPS analysis results of samples: (a) Si 2p, (b) Al 2p, (c) S 2p.