



## Correction: Wilderink et al. A Theoretical Perspective on Why Socioeconomic Health Inequalities Are Persistent: Building the Case for an Effective Approach. *Int. J. Environ. Res. Public Health* 2022, 19, 8384

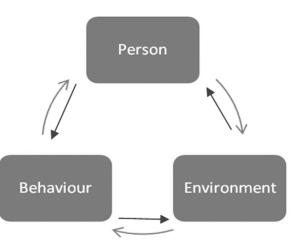
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## **Missing Citation**

In the original publication [1], Oppong, S. Between Bandura and Giddens: Structuration theory in social psychological research? *Psychol. Thought* 2014, *7*, 111–123, was not cited. The citation has now been inserted in Section 3.2. Structuration Theory and should read as follows:

The theory from sociology proposes a bidirectional relationship between structure (environment) and agency (individual), where both can function as the cause and effect of the other (see Figure 6 [56]). Social structures create constraints and opportunities for particular behavior. At the same time, individuals are agents whose behavior creates and transforms social structures.



**Figure 6.** Structuration theory. Reproduced from Oppong, S., 'Between Bandura and Giddens: Structuration Theory in Social Psychological Research?'; published by *Psychological Thought*, 2014 [56].

## **Newly Added Reference**

56. Oppong, S. Between Bandura and Giddens: Structuration theory in social psychological research? *Psychol. Thought* **2014**, *7*, 111–123.



Citation: Wilderink, L.; Bakker, I.; Schuit, A.J.; Seidell, J.C.; Pop, I.A.; Renders, C.M. Correction: Wilderink et al. A Theoretical Perspective on Why Socioeconomic Health Inequalities Are Persistent: Building the Case for an Effective Approach. *Int. J. Environ. Res. Public Health* 2022, 19, 8384. *Int. J. Environ. Res. Public Health* 2024, 21, 573. https://doi.org/ 10.3390/ijerph21050573

Received: 17 May 2023 Accepted: 20 October 2023 Published: 30 April 2024



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## Reference

 Wilderink, L.; Bakker, I.; Schuit, A.J.; Seidell, J.C.; Pop, I.A.; Renders, C.M. A Theoretical Perspective on Why Socioeconomic Health Inequalities Are Persistent: Building the Case for an Effective Approach. *Int. J. Environ. Res. Public Health* 2022, 19, 8384. [CrossRef] [PubMed]

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