

Table S1. Summary general characteristics of the included studies

| Author, Year, Country | Nudge category | Risk factor targeted | Study design | Complexity of intervention | Mean age | Sample size | Intervention | Comparator |
|-------------------------------------|---|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------------|-----------------|--------------------|--|--|
| Fakir MSA, 2022, Bangladesh [43] | Increasing salience of information or incentives (IS) | Tobacco | Randomized field experiment | Single component | 39 | 1215 | LT: recording the total smoking and SLT consumption, and its estimated monetary cost, in a pictorial logbook daily. PT: placement of two graphical posters in the sleeping quarters of the participating household head and the spouse. These posters were visual reminders of the health costs of smoking. | No comparator |
| Louwagie G, 2022, South Africa [44] | Increasing salience of information or incentives (IS) | Tobacco and alcohol | RCT | Multi component | 39 | 574 | Three brief motivational interviewing (MI) sessions, augmented with short message service (SMS) messages, targeting medication adherence, alcohol use and tobacco smoking delivered by lay health workers (LHWs). | Usual care |
| Hasin 2022, [53] | DS, Providing feedback (PF) | Alcohol | RCT | Multi component | 48 | 114 | MI, HealthCall (an application that uses smartphone technology to provide brief, continued between-session) patient engagement), health education | MI-only vs MI plus HealthCall vs health education-only |
| Clarke 2021, [52] | N, Increasing salience of information or incentives (IS) | Alcohol | Randomized field experiment | Single component | 40 | 399 | Health warning labels (HWLs) on alcohol drinks to reduce alcohol drinking | No HWL intervention |
| Tripp 2021 [57] | HL, Increasing salience of information or incentives (IS) | Tobacco | Cross-sectional study | Multi component | 41 | 512 | In each experimental message group, participants were exposed to three messages (health, cost, and aesthetics, respectively) | No intervention |
| Naudè 2021 [56] | GP, Increasing salience of information or incentives (IS) | Tobacco | Randomized field experiment | Single component | 36 | 622 | Experiment 1: effects of episodic future thinking (EFT) and graphic warning labels (GWL) on delay discounting. | No intervention |

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|--------------------------------------|---|---------------------|-----------------------------------|------------------|----|------|--|--|--|
| | | | | | | | | Experiment 2: solely the effects of episodic future thinking on delay discounting and operant demand | |
| McRobbie HJ, 2020, UK [45] | Default choices (DF) | Tobacco | RCT | Multi component | 44 | 235 | The Structured Planning and Prompting Protocol and interactive text messages | Usual care plus static text messages | |
| Langfield T, 2020, UK [46] | Increasing salience of information or incentives (IS) | Alcohol | Case report | Single component | 22 | 312 | Study 1: Use of straight-sided and outward-sloped tumblers Study 2 & 3: Use of outward-sloped martini coupes | Study 1: Use of straight-sided glasses Study 2 & 3: Use of straight-sided wine flutes | |
| Fakir MSA, 2020, Bangladesh [47] | Providing feedback (PF) | Tobacco | RCT | Single component | 44 | 461 | Two visual warning posters, detailing the health effects of tobacco on oneself and external actors, to be hung inside the household | No comparator | |
| A González-Roz, 2020, USA [54] | Increasing salience of information or incentives (IS) | Tobacco | Retrospective cohort study | Multi component | 49 | 305 | Cognitive-behavioral treatment (CBT) plus CM (Contingency management) | CBT | |
| Clarke N, 2021, UK [55] | Increasing salience of information or incentives (IS) | Alcohol | Randomized field experiment | Single component | 50 | 6024 | Image-and-text, text-only and image-only HWL (Health warning labels) | Text-only | |
| DeHart WB, 2019, USA [50] | Providing feedback (PF) | Tobacco | Randomized field experiment | Single component | 37 | 157 | Use of cognitive biases in public health narratives | Usual care | |
| Louwagie GM, 2020, South Africa [51] | Providing feedback (PF) | Tobacco and alcohol | Retrospective observational study | Multi component | 40 | 45 | Motivational Interviewing (MI), a patient-centered counseling approach to address multiple behavioral problems, augmented with a Short Messaging Service (SMS) Program | No comparator | |
| Martinetti MP, 2019, US [60] | Default choices (DF) | Alcohol | Cross-sectional study | Single component | 20 | 268 | Additional choice | No comparator | |
| Kersbergen I, 2018, UK [48] | Increasing salience of | Alcohol | Randomized field experiment | Single component | 30 | 278 | Use of reduced (by 25%) glasses for alcohol consumption | Use of standard glasses for alcohol consumption | |

| | | information or incentives (IS) | | | | | | | |
|---------------------------|------------|--|---------|--------------------------------|--------------------|----|------|--|-------------------|
| Lewis 2018, [49] | MA, USA | Increasing salience of information or incentives (IS) | Alcohol | Randomized field experiment | Single component | 23 | 48 | 12 TMs over the next 2 weeks (2 messages a day, 3 days a week) on the days they indicated in the baseline survey as their typical drinking days. Messages included PBS presented in various ways including testimonials, tips, tailored or personalized messages, and “mocktail” recipes | No comparator |
| Hall 2018, [58] | MG, US | Increasing salience of information or incentives (IS) | Tobacco | RCT | Single component | 40 | 2149 | Pictorial warning | Text-only warning |
| Rash 2018, [61] | CJ, USA | Increasing salience of information or incentives (IS) | Tobacco | RCT | Multi component | 45 | 70 | Standard care plus contingency management | Standard care |
| Stothart 2016, [59] | G, UK | Increasing salience of information or incentives (IS) | Tobacco | Cross-sectional study | Single component | 23 | 40 | Pictorial warning | Text-only warning |
| Brewer 2016, [62] | NT, USA | Increasing salience of information or incentives (IS) | Tobacco | RCT | Single component | 39 | 2149 | Pictorial warning | Text-only warning |

Abbreviations: RCT, Randomized Controlled Trial; MI, Motivational Interviewing; CBT, Cognitive-behavioral treatment; CM Contingency Management; HWLs, Health warning labels; EFT, Episodic Future Thinking; GWL, Graphic Warning Labels.

Table S2. Search Strategy

| Database | Search | Results |
|----------|---|---------|
| PubMed | (nudge* OR nudg* OR behav* econom* OR bias, cognition (MeSH) OR "behavioral intervention" OR "behavioural intervention" OR "behavioral strategy" OR "behavioural strategy") AND (alcohol* OR ethanol OR drink* OR "binge drinking" OR "Alcoholic Intoxicat*" OR Alcoholism OR addiction OR liquor* OR beer* OR wine* OR spirit* OR drunk* OR smok* OR nicotine OR anti-smok*) | 835 |

| Database | Search | Results |
|----------|---|---------|
| Scopus | TITLE-ABS-KEY (nudge* OR nudg* OR {behav* econom*} OR {bias, cognition} OR {behavioral intervention} OR {behavioural intervention} OR {behavioral strategy} OR {behavioural strategy}) AND TITLE-ABS-KEY(alcohol* OR ethanol OR drink* OR {binge drinking} OR {Alcoholic Intoxicat*} OR Alcoholism OR addiction OR liquor* OR beer* OR wine* OR spirit* OR drunk* OR smok* OR nicotine OR anti-smok*) | 1221 |

| Database | Search | Results |
|----------|---|---------|
| WoS | TS=(nudge* OR nudg* OR "behav* econom*" OR "cognitive bias" OR "behavioral intervention" OR "behavioural intervention" OR "behavioral strategy" OR "behavioural strategy") AND TS=(alcohol* OR ethanol OR drink* OR "binge drinking" OR "Alcoholic Intoxicat*" OR Alcoholism OR addiction OR liquor* OR beer* OR wine* OR spirit* OR drunk* OR smok* OR nicotine OR anti-smok*) | 2536 |