Table S1. STROBE Statement — Checklist of items that should be included in reports of *cohort studies*.

	Item No	Recommendation	Page No
		(a) Indicate the study's design with a commonly used term in the title	1
Title and abstract	1	or the abstract	
	-	(b) Provide in the abstract an informative and balanced summary of	
		what was done and what was found	
		Introduction Explain the exicutific heckers and and retionals for the investigation	
Background/rationale	2	Explain the scientific background and rationale for the investigation being reported	1-2
Objectives	3	State specific objectives, including any prespecified hypotheses	2
Objectives		Methods	
Study design	4	Present key elements of study design early in the paper	2
, ,	_	Describe the setting, locations, and relevant dates, including periods of	
Setting	5	recruitment, exposure, follow-up, and data collection	2
		(a) Give the eligibility criteria, and the sources and methods of	2
D		selection of participants. Describe methods of follow-up	2
Participants	6	(b) For matched studies, give matching criteria and number of exposed	
		and unexposed	
		Clearly define all outcomes, exposures, predictors, potential	2-3
Variables	7	confounders, and effect modifiers. Give diagnostic criteria, if	
		applicable	
Data sources/ measurement	8*	For each variable of interest, give sources of data and details of	3
		methods of assessment (measurement). Describe comparability of	
		assessment methods if there is more than one group	
Bias	9	Describe any efforts to address potential sources of bias	NA
Study size	10	Explain how the study size was arrived at	2
Quantitative variables	11	Explain how quantitative variables were handled in the analyses. If applicable, describe which groupings were chosen and why	3
		(a) Describe all statistical methods, including those used to control for	
	12	confounding	
Statistical methods		(b) Describe any methods used to examine subgroups and interactions	3
		(c) Explain how missing data were addressed	
		(d) If applicable, explain how loss to follow-up was addressed	
		(e) Describe any sensitivity analyses	
		Results	
		(a) Report numbers of individuals at each stage of study—eg numbers	
Participants	13*	potentially eligible, examined for eligibility, confirmed eligible,	3-4
		included in the study, completing follow-up, and analysed	
		(b) Give reasons for non-participation at each stage	
		(c) Consider use of a flow diagram	
		(a) Give characteristics of study participants (eg demographic, clinical,	2.1
Descriptive data		social) and information on exposures and potential confounders	3-4
	14*	(b) Indicate number of participants with missing data for each variable	
		of interest	
		(c) Summarise follow-up time (eg, average and total amount)	
		<u> </u>	

Main results 16	16	(a) Give unadjusted estimates and, if applicable, confounder-adjusted estimates and their precision (eg, 95% confidence interval). Make clear which confounders were adjusted for and why they were included	4- 6			
	16	(b) Report category boundaries when continuous variables were categorized				
		(c) If relevant, consider translating estimates of relative risk into absolute risk for a				
		meaningful time period				
Other analyses 1	17	Report other analyses done - eg analyses of subgroups and interactions, and	4-			
	17	sensitivity analyses	5			
Discussion						
Key results	18	Summarise key results with reference to study objectives	6			
Limitations 1	10	Discuss limitations of the study, taking into account sources of potential bias or	6-			
	19	imprecision. Discuss both direction and magnitude of any potential bias	7			
Interpretation 20	20	Give a cautious overall interpretation of results considering objectives, limitations,	6-			
	20	multiplicity of analyses, results from similar studies, and other relevant evidence	7			
Generalisability	21	Discuss the generalisability (external validity) of the study results	6-			
	21		7			
Other information						
Funding	22	Give the source of funding and the role of the funders for the present study and, if	7			
	22	applicable, for the original study on which the present article is based	/			

*Give information separately for exposed and unexposed groups. Note: An Explanation and Elaboration article discusses each checklist item and gives methodological background and published examples of transparent reporting. The STROBE checklist is best used in conjunction with this article (freely available on the Web sites of PLoS Medicine at http://www.plosmedicine.org/, Annals of Internal Medicine at http://www.annals.org/, and Epidemiology at http://www.epidem.com/). Information on the STROBE Initiative is available at http://www.strobe-statement.org.