## Supplementary

## Mental Health Recovery of Evacuees and Residents from the Fukushima Daiichi Nuclear Power Plant Accident after Seven Years—Contribution of Social Network and a Desirable Lifestyle

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area)							
	<b>Total</b> (n=333) n (%)		Evacuees in evacuation area (n=160) n (%)		Residents in non- evacuation area (n=173) n (%)		p-value (χ²)
Evacuation							
Experienced	176	(52.9)	149	(93.1)	27	(15.6)	< 0.01
Never	157	(47.1)	11	(6.9)	146	(84.4)	(χ <sup>2</sup> =200.4)
Separation of family members due to a	nuclear dis	aster					
Experienced	119	(35.7)	88	(55.0)	15	(8.7)	< 0.01
Never	230	(69.1)	72	(45.0)	158	(91.3)	$(\chi^2 = 83.5)$
House damage (severe/partial collapse)	)						
Experienced	117	(35.1)	69	(43.1)	48	(27.7)	< 0.01
Never	216	(64.9)	91	(56.9)	125	(72.3)	(χ <sup>2</sup> =8.63)
Loss of family, relatives or friends							
Experienced	59	(17.7)	46	(28.8)	13	(7.5)	< 0.01
Never	274	(82.3)	114	(71.3)	160	(92.5)	(χ <sup>2</sup> =25.7)
Loss of employment due to disaster							
Experienced	81	(24.3)	61	(38.1)	20	(11.6)	< 0.01
Never	252	(75.7)	99	(61.9)	153	(88.4)	(χ <sup>2</sup> =31.9)
Economic status (Afford to live in curre	ent econom	ic status)					
Difficult	110	(33.2)	39	(24.5)	71	(41.3)	< 0.01
Enough/ Average	221	(66.8)	120	(75.5)	101	(58.7)	$(\chi^2=10.4)$

Table S1. Disaster-related experience and current economic status (Evacuation/Non-evacuation

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