

Supplementary figure

Polysaccharide from *Codium fragile* Induces Anti-Cancer Immunity by Activating Natural Killer Cells

Hae-Bin Park ^{1,2,3}, Juyoung Hwang ^{1,2,3}, Wei Zhang ¹, Seulgi Go ^{2,3}, Jihoe Kim ^{2,3}, Inho Choi ^{2,3}, SangGuan You ^{4,*} and Jun-O Jin ^{1,2,3,*}

¹ Shanghai Public Health Clinical Center, Shanghai Medical College, Fudan University, Shanghai 201508, China; haebinpark@yu.ac.kr (H.-B.P.); jyhwan5@yu.ac.kr (J.H.); zhangwei@shphc.org.cn (W.Z.)

² Department of Medical Biotechnology, Yeungnam University, Gyeongsan 38541, Korea; seulgigo@yu.ac.kr (S.G.); kimjihoe@ynu.ac.kr (J.K.); inhochoi@ynu.ac.kr (I.C.)

³ Research Institute of Cell Culture, Yeungnam University, Gyeongsan 38541, Korea

⁴ Department of Marine Food Science and Technology, Gangneung-Wonju National University, Gangneung Daehangno, Gangneung, Gangwon 210-702, South Korea

* Correspondence: umyousg@gwnu.ac.kr (S.Y.); jinjo@yu.ac.kr (J.-O.J.); Tel.: +82-33-640-2853 (S.Y.); +82-53-810-3033 (J.-O.J.); Fax: +82-33-640-4769 (S.Y.); +82-53-810-4769 (J.-O.J.)

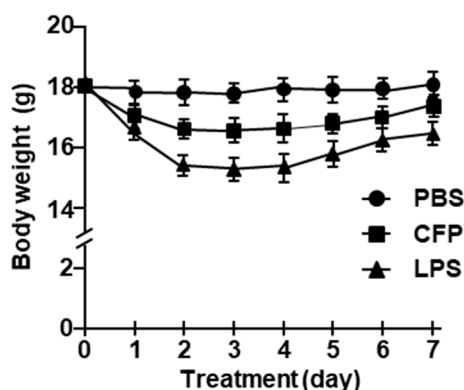


Figure S1. Changes of body weight by PBS, CFP and LPS treatment in the mice. BALB/c mice were injected *i.p.* with PBS, 50 mg/kg CFP, or 0.1 mg/kg LPS (every day). Changes in body weight measured during treatment with PBS, CFP and LPS.