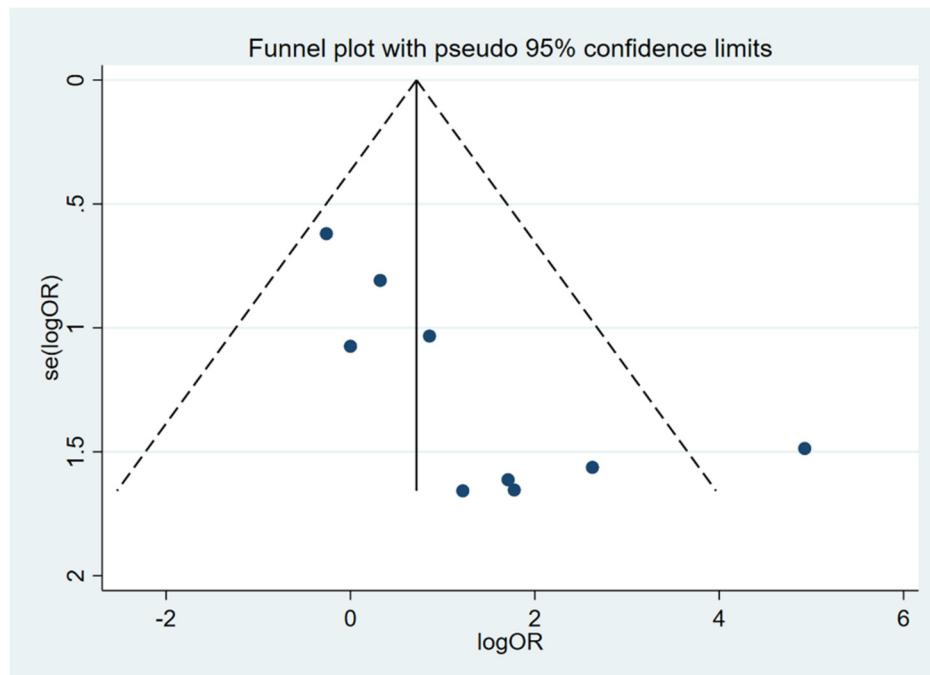
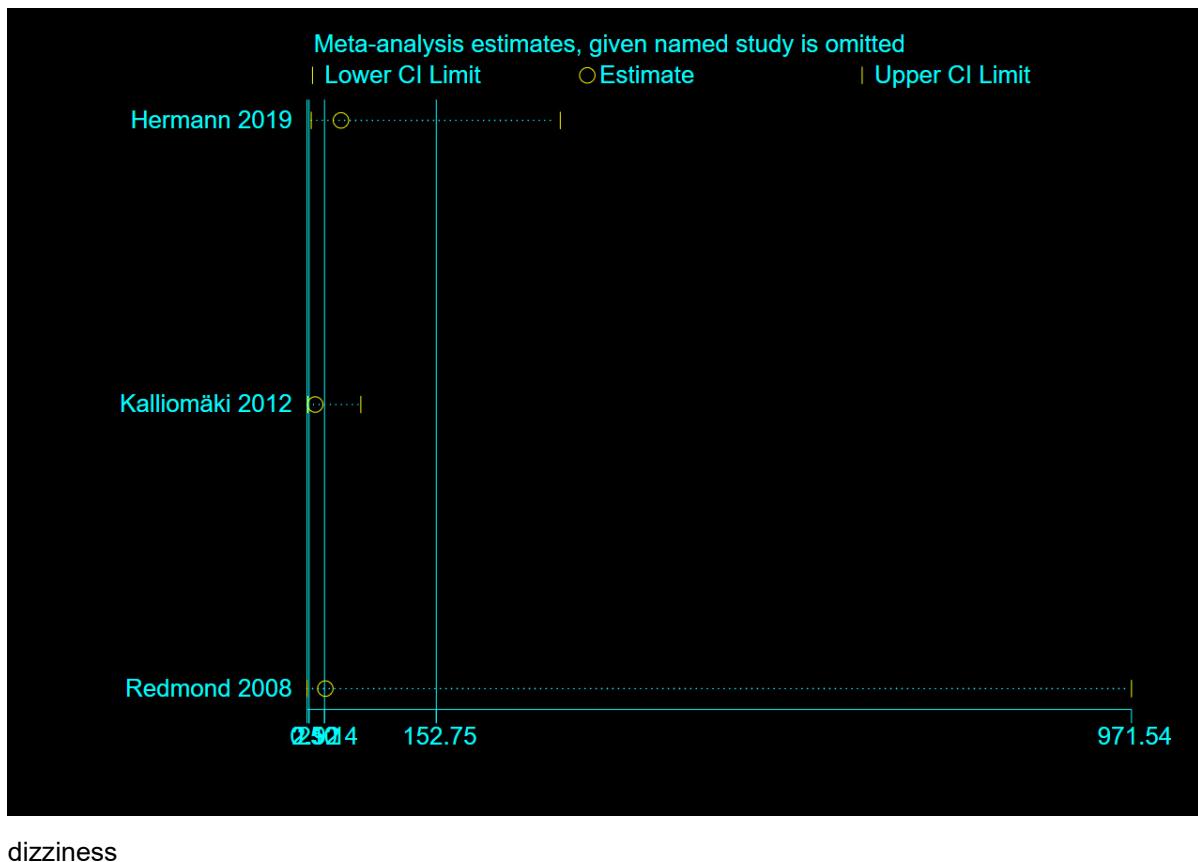
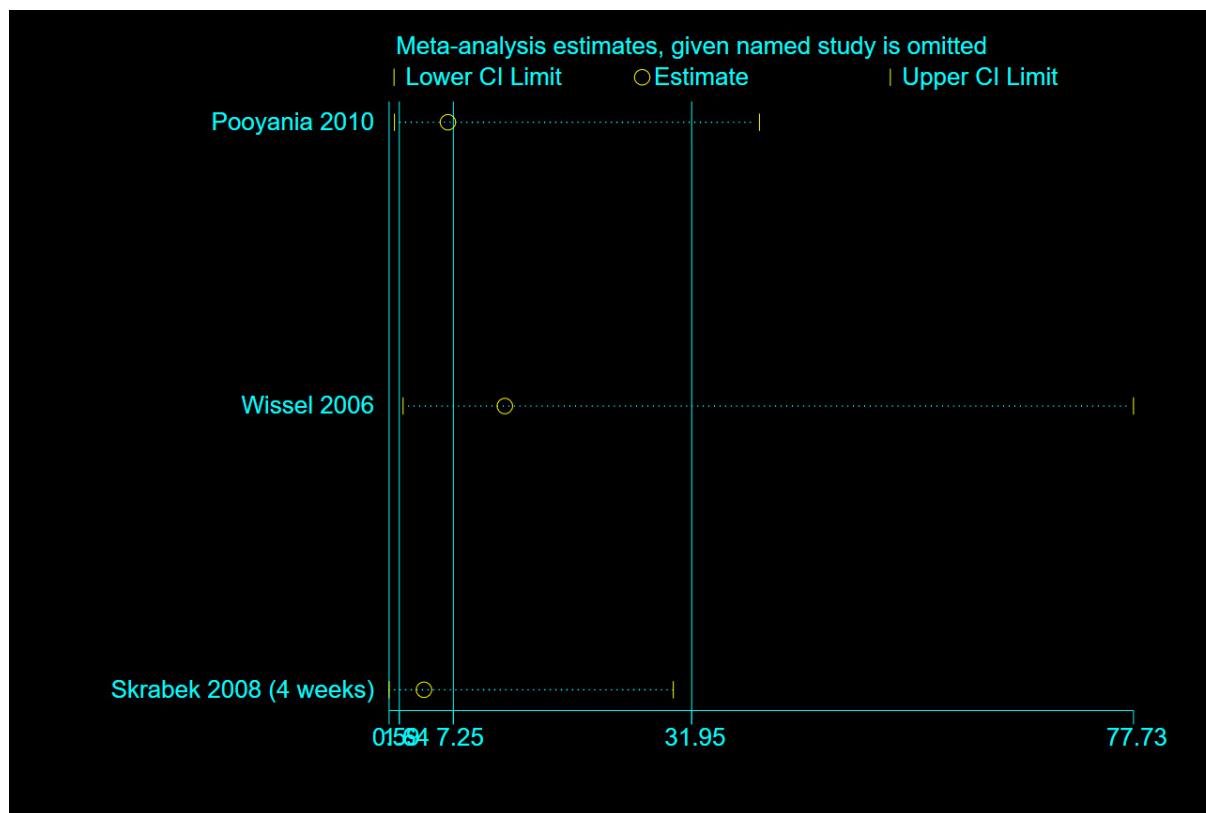


**Figure S1** Funnel plot of studied recording the frequency of headache in patients treated with dronabinol or placebo

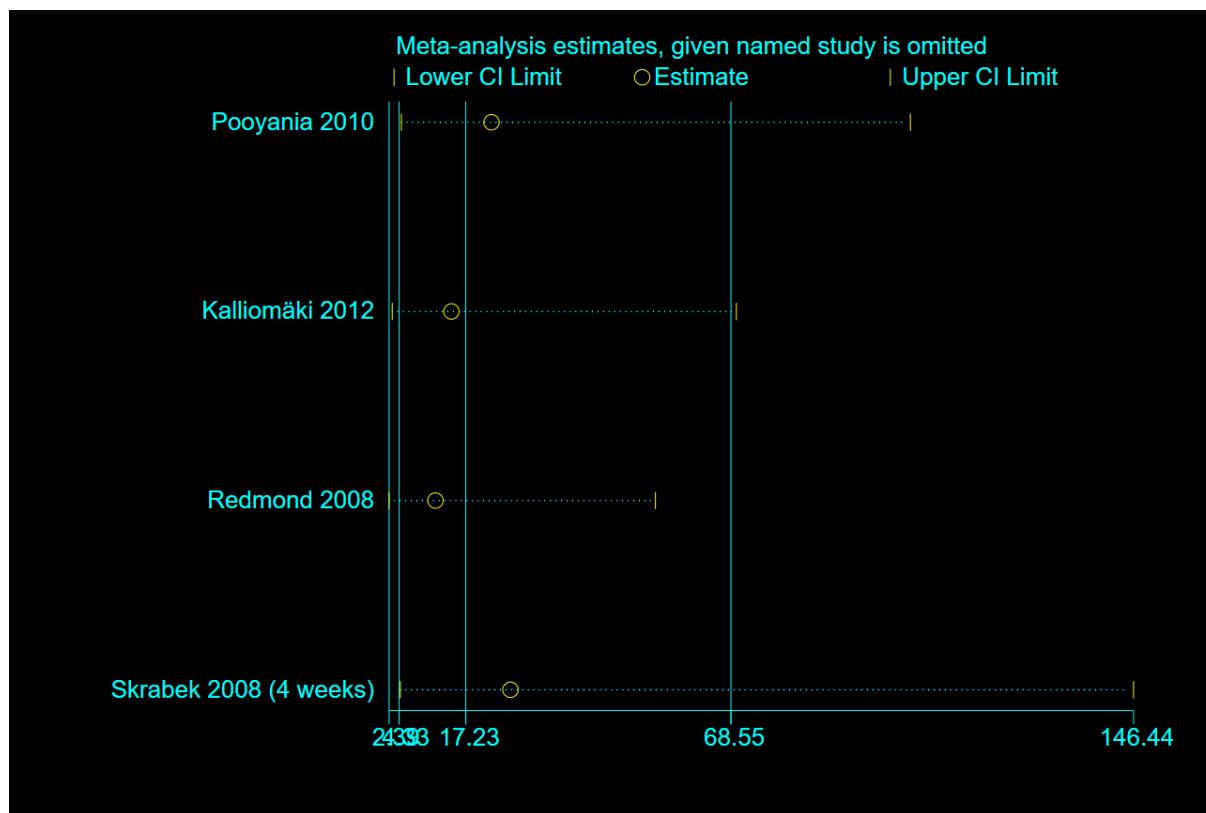


**Figure S2** Results of leave-one-out sensitivity analysis for nabilone. The vertical axis shows the omitted studies, the horizontal axis represents the odds ratio. The circle indicates the pooled OR when the left study is omitted in the meta-analysis, and the broken line represent the respective 95% confidence intervals

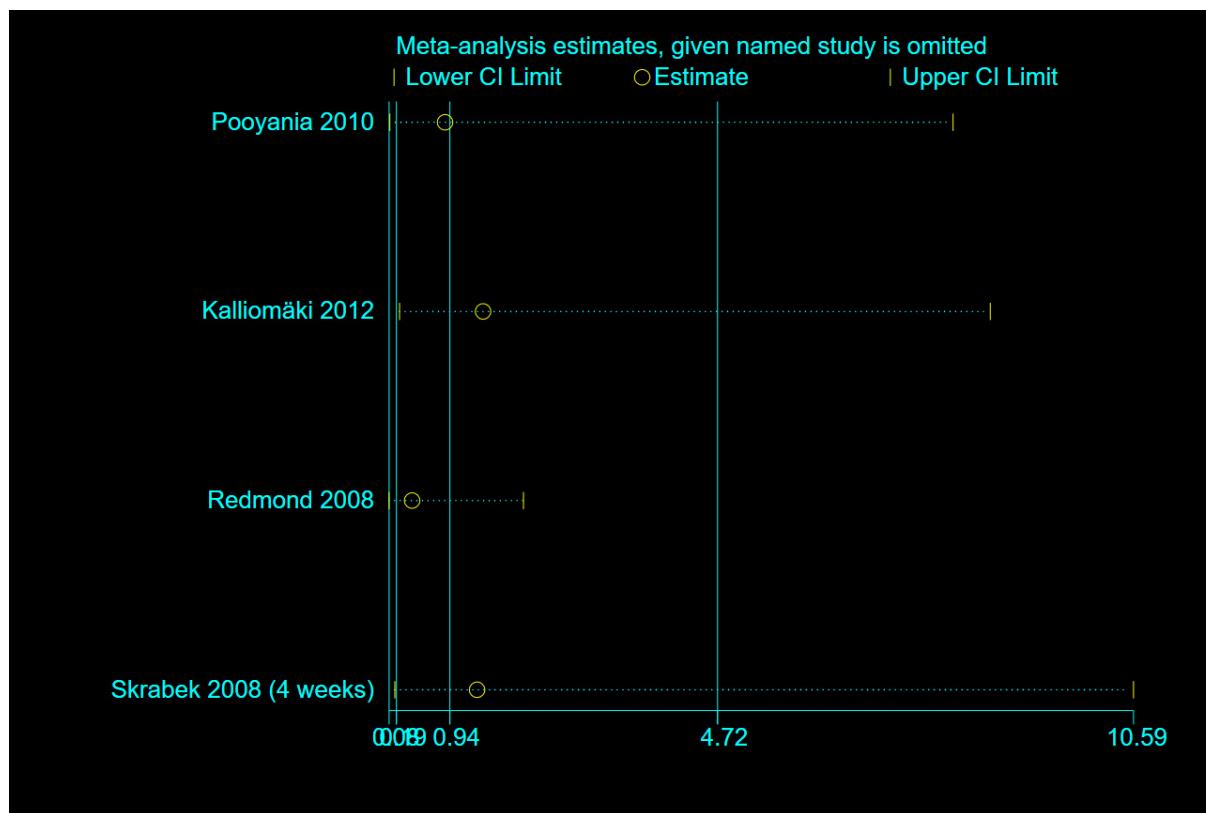




drowsiness

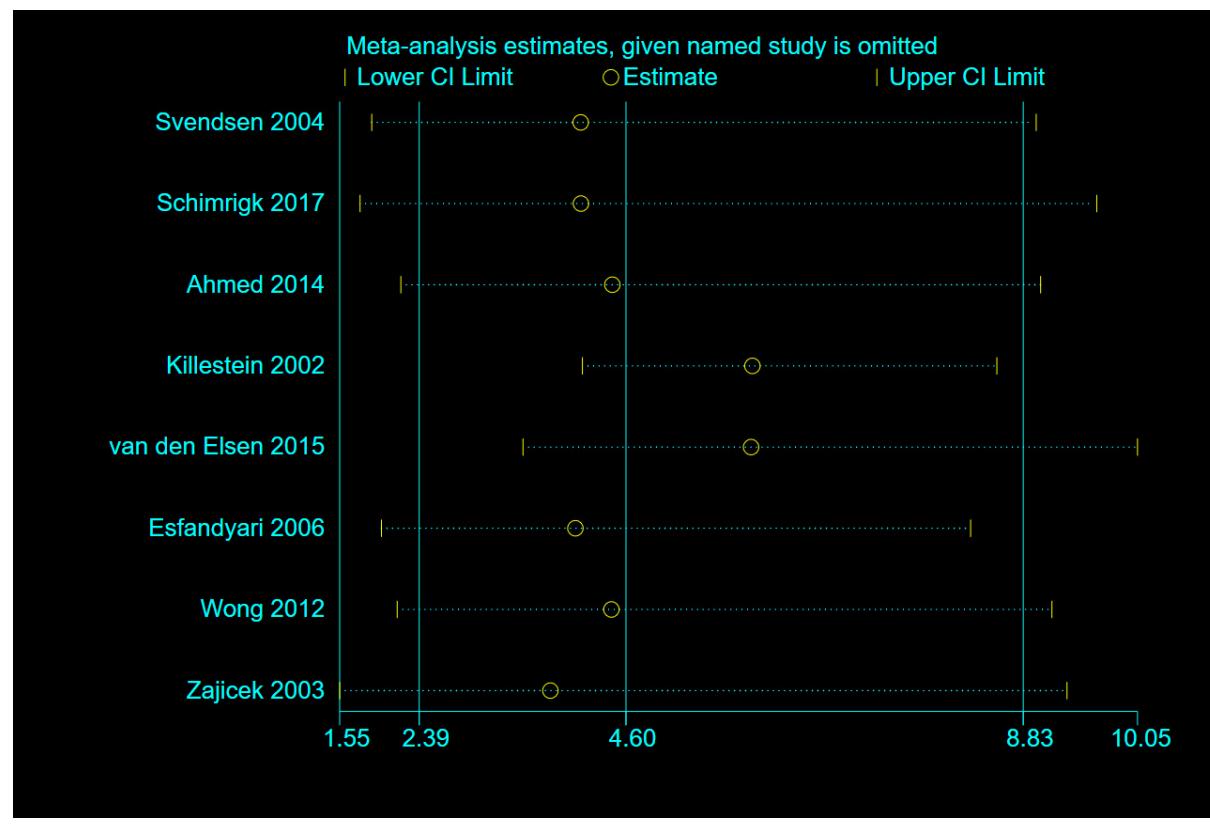


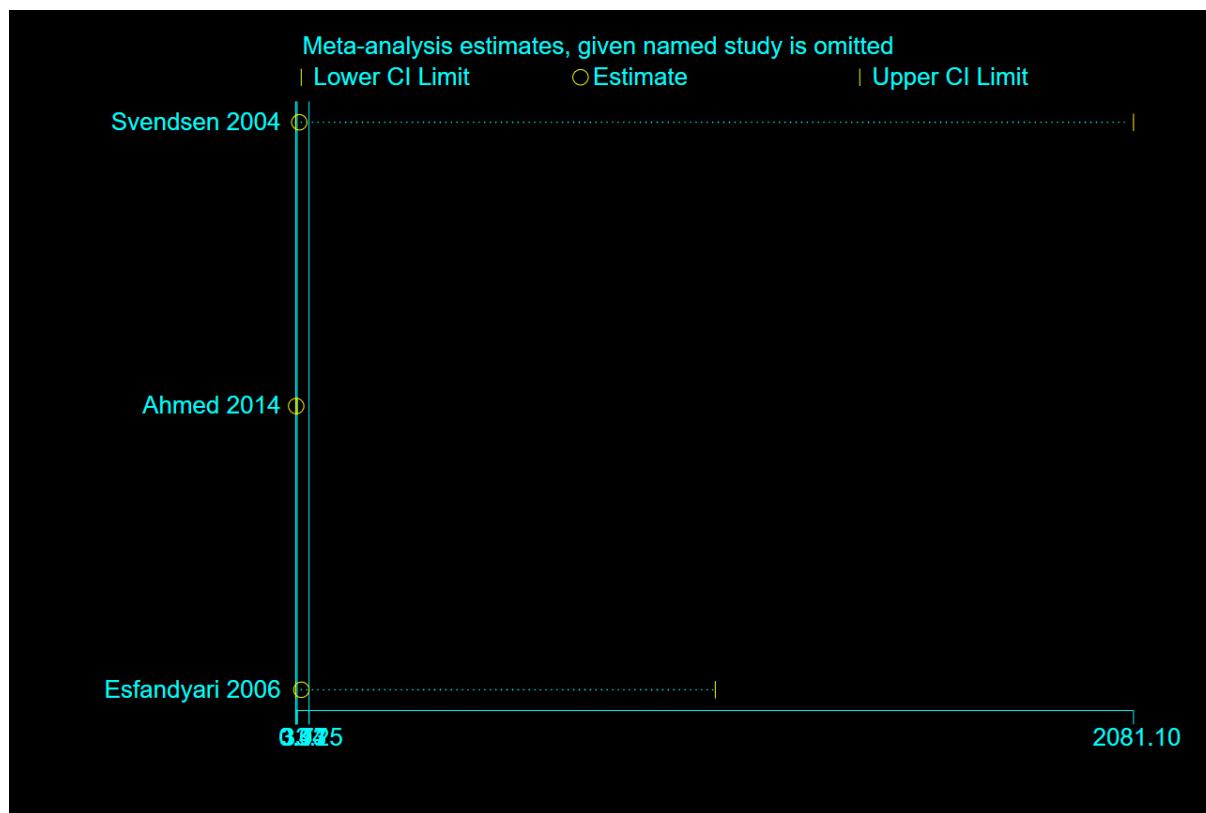
dry mouth



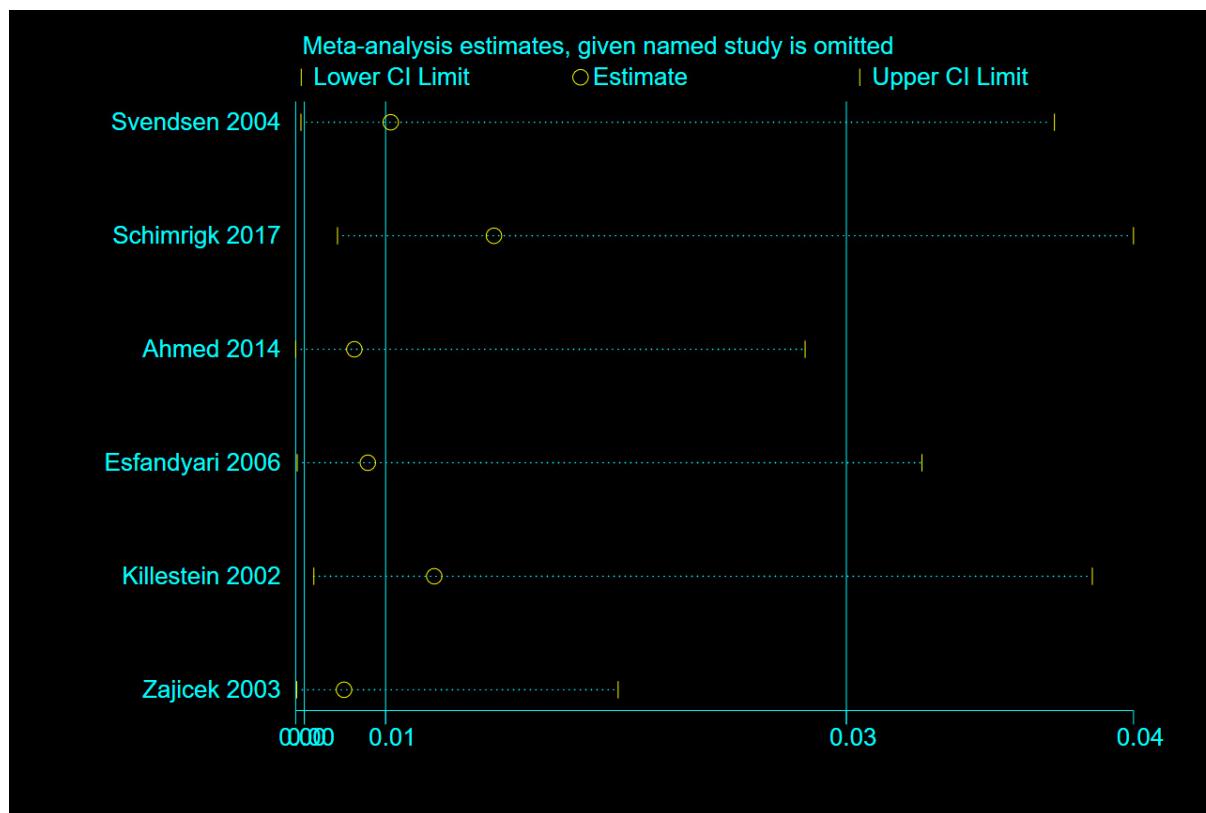
headache

**Figure S3** Results of leave-one-out sensitivity analysis for dronabinol. The vertical axis shows the omitted studies, the horizontal axis represents the odds ratio. The circle indicates the pooled OR when the left study is omitted in the meta-analysis, and the broken line represent the respective 95% confidence intervals

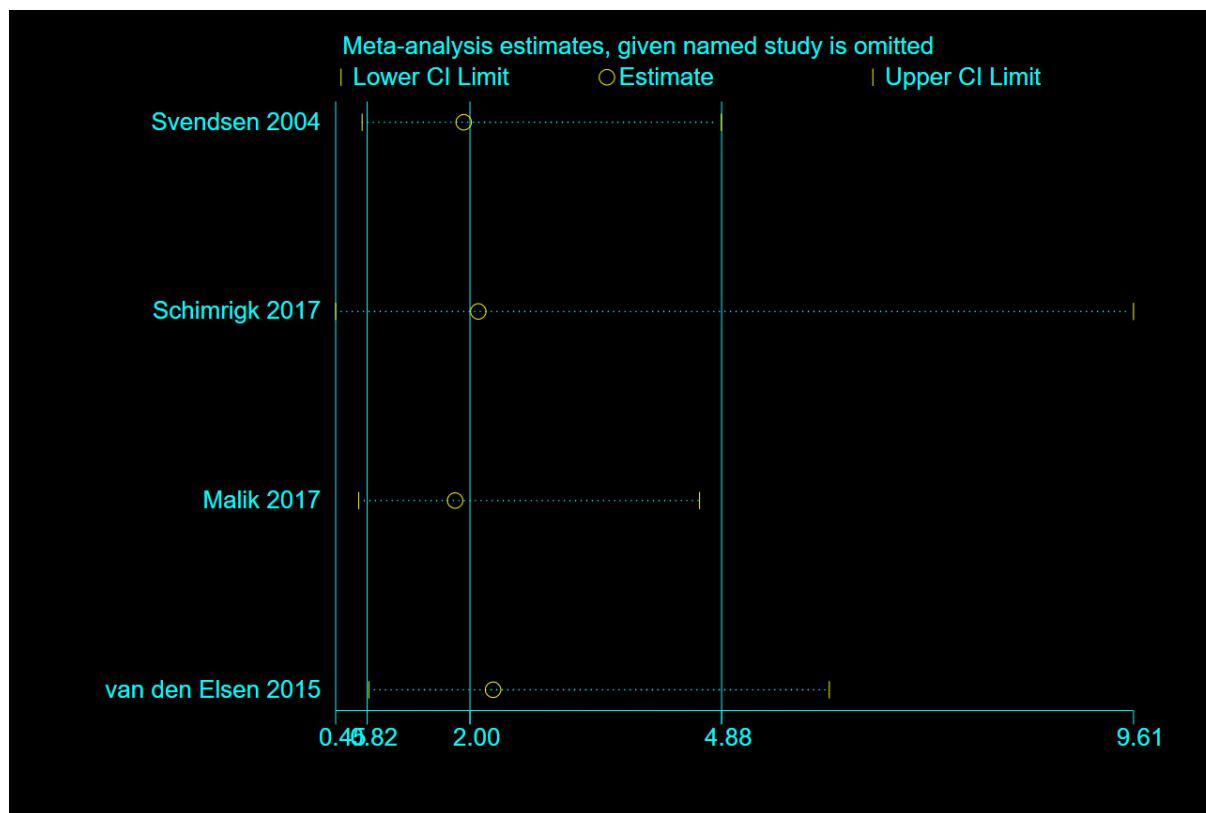




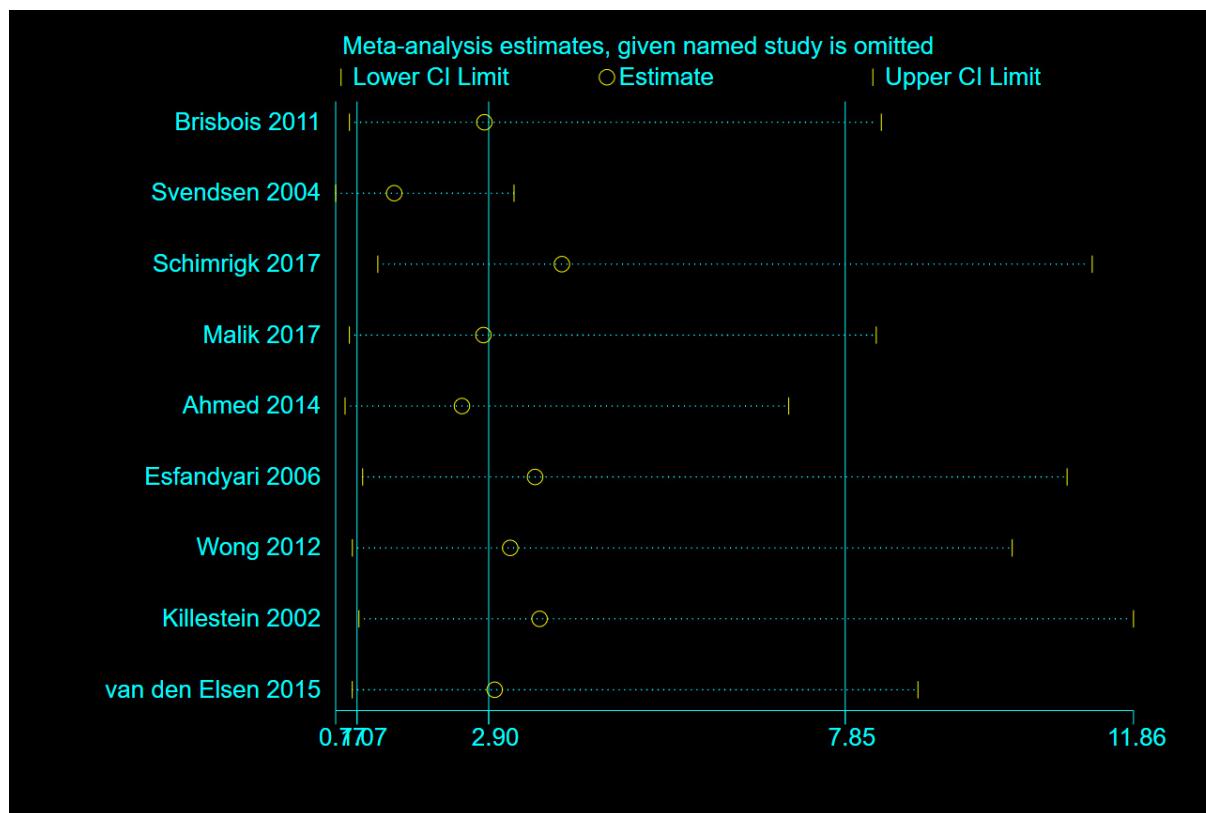
drowsiness



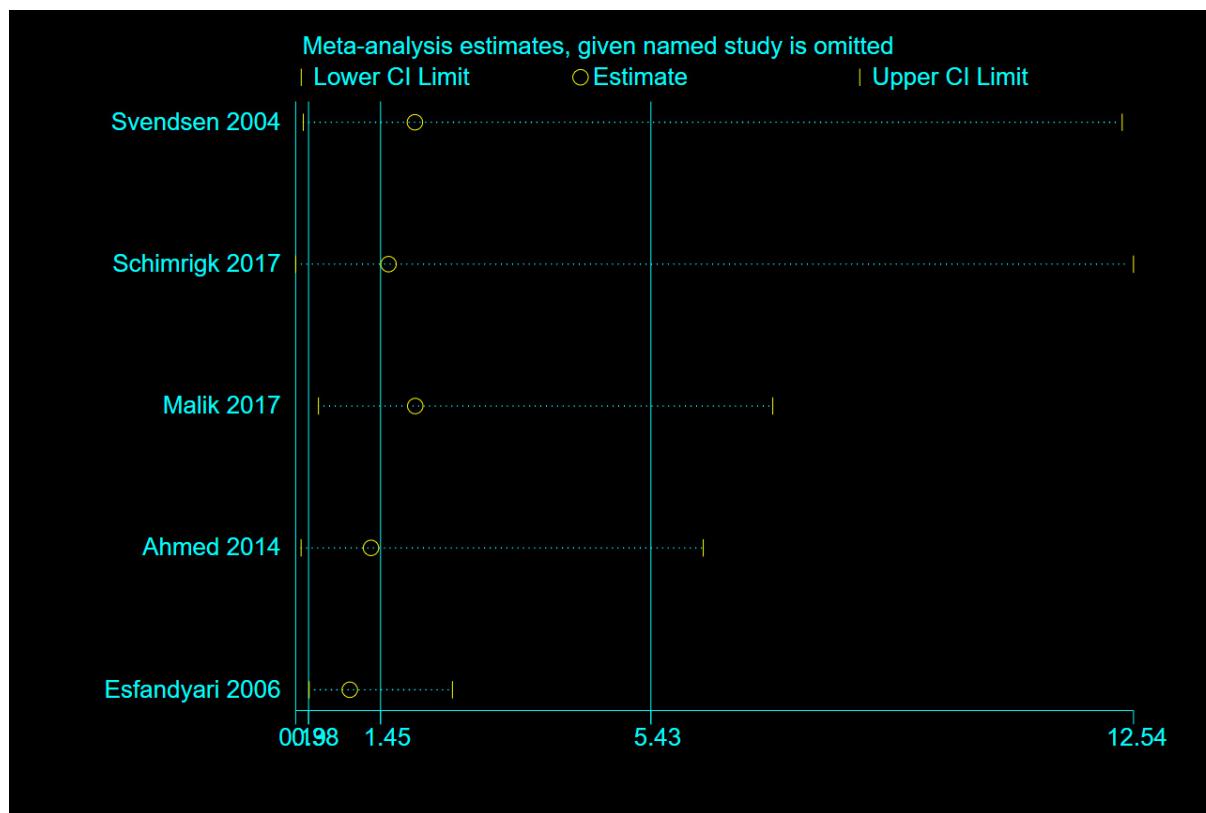
dry mouth



fatigue



headache



nausea

**Table S1** PRISMA Checklist

Section and Topic	Item #	Checklist item	Location where item is reported
<b>TITLE</b>			
Title	1	Identify the report as a systematic review.	page 1
<b>ABSTRACT</b>			
Abstract	2	See the PRISMA 2020 for Abstracts checklist.	2
<b>INTRODUCTION</b>			
Rationale	3	Describe the rationale for the review in the context of existing knowledge.	3
Objectives	4	Provide an explicit statement of the objective(s) or question(s) the review addresses.	3
<b>METHODS</b>			
Eligibility criteria	5	Specify the inclusion and exclusion criteria for the review and how studies were grouped for the syntheses.	4
Information sources	6	Specify all databases, registers, websites, organisations, reference lists and other sources searched or consulted to identify studies. Specify the date when each source was last searched or consulted.	4
Search strategy	7	Present the full search strategies for all databases, registers and websites, including any filters and limits used.	4
Selection process	8	Specify the methods used to decide whether a study met the inclusion criteria of the review, including how many reviewers screened each record and each report retrieved, whether they worked independently, and if applicable, details of automation tools used in the process.	4
Data collection process	9	Specify the methods used to collect data from reports, including how many reviewers collected data from each report, whether they worked independently, any processes for obtaining or confirming data from study investigators, and if applicable, details of automation tools used in the process.	4
Data items	10a	List and define all outcomes for which data were sought. Specify whether all results that were compatible with each outcome domain in each study were sought (e.g. for all measures, time points, analyses), and if not, the methods used to decide which results to collect.	5
	10b	List and define all other variables for which data were sought (e.g. participant and intervention characteristics, funding sources). Describe any assumptions made about any missing or unclear information.	5
Study risk of bias assessment	11	Specify the methods used to assess risk of bias in the included studies, including details of the tool(s) used, how many reviewers assessed each study and whether they worked independently, and if applicable, details of automation tools used in the process.	5
Effect measures	12	Specify for each outcome the effect measure(s) (e.g. risk ratio, mean difference) used in the synthesis or presentation of results.	5
Synthesis methods	13a	Describe the processes used to decide which studies were eligible for each synthesis (e.g. tabulating the study intervention characteristics and comparing against the planned groups for each synthesis (item #5)).	5
	13b	Describe any methods required to prepare the data for presentation or synthesis, such as handling of missing summary statistics, or data conversions.	5
	13c	Describe any methods used to tabulate or visually display results of individual studies and syntheses.	5
	13d	Describe any methods used to synthesize results and provide a rationale for the choice(s). If meta-analysis was performed, describe the	5

Section and Topic	Item #	Checklist item	Location where item is reported
		model(s), method(s) to identify the presence and extent of statistical heterogeneity, and software package(s) used.	
	13e	Describe any methods used to explore possible causes of heterogeneity among study results (e.g. subgroup analysis, meta-regression).	5
	13f	Describe any sensitivity analyses conducted to assess robustness of the synthesized results.	5
Reporting bias assessment	14	Describe any methods used to assess risk of bias due to missing results in a synthesis (arising from reporting biases).	5
Certainty assessment	15	Describe any methods used to assess certainty (or confidence) in the body of evidence for an outcome.	-
<b>RESULTS</b>			
Study selection	16a	Describe the results of the search and selection process, from the number of records identified in the search to the number of studies included in the review, ideally using a flow diagram.	6
	16b	Cite studies that might appear to meet the inclusion criteria, but which were excluded, and explain why they were excluded.	6
Study characteristics	17	Cite each included study and present its characteristics.	6
Risk of bias in studies	18	Present assessments of risk of bias for each included study.	6
Results of individual studies	19	For all outcomes, present, for each study: (a) summary statistics for each group (where appropriate) and (b) an effect estimate and its precision (e.g. confidence/credible interval), ideally using structured tables or plots.	8-9
Results of syntheses	20a	For each synthesis, briefly summarise the characteristics and risk of bias among contributing studies.	9-10
	20b	Present results of all statistical syntheses conducted. If meta-analysis was done, present for each the summary estimate and its precision (e.g. confidence/credible interval) and measures of statistical heterogeneity. If comparing groups, describe the direction of the effect.	9-10
	20c	Present results of all investigations of possible causes of heterogeneity among study results.	9-10
	20d	Present results of all sensitivity analyses conducted to assess the robustness of the synthesized results.	-
Reporting biases	21	Present assessments of risk of bias due to missing results (arising from reporting biases) for each synthesis assessed.	-
Certainty of evidence	22	Present assessments of certainty (or confidence) in the body of evidence for each outcome assessed.	-
<b>DISCUSSION</b>			
Discussion	23a	Provide a general interpretation of the results in the context of other evidence.	12-13
	23b	Discuss any limitations of the evidence included in the review.	12-13
	23c	Discuss any limitations of the review processes used.	12-13
	23d	Discuss implications of the results for practice, policy, and future research.	-
<b>OTHER INFORMATION</b>			

<b>Section and Topic</b>	<b>Item #</b>	<b>Checklist item</b>	<b>Location where item is reported</b>
Registration and protocol	24a	Provide registration information for the review, including register name and registration number, or state that the review was not registered.	4
	24b	Indicate where the review protocol can be accessed, or state that a protocol was not prepared.	4
	24c	Describe and explain any amendments to information provided at registration or in the protocol.	-
Support	25	Describe sources of financial or non-financial support for the review, and the role of the funders or sponsors in the review.	13
Competing interests	26	Declare any competing interests of review authors.	13
Availability of data, code and other materials	27	Report which of the following are publicly available and where they can be found: template data collection forms; data extracted from included studies; data used for all analyses; analytic code; any other materials used in the review.	14

*From:* Page MJ, McKenzie JE, Bossuyt PM, Boutron I, Hoffmann TC, Mulrow CD, et al. The PRISMA 2020 statement: an updated guideline for reporting systematic reviews. BMJ 2021;372:n71. doi: 10.1136/bmj.n71

For more information, visit: <http://www.prisma-statement.org/>

**Table S2.** List of excluded studies with the reason for exclusion

Not clinical study 26	Arn C, Weismann-Hügle T. Ethikwissen für Fachpersonen. 2009;(2). doi:10.1002/14651858.CD009464.pub2.www.cochranelibrary.com
	Barnes MP. Sativex: clinical efficacy and tolerability in the treatment of symptoms of multiple sclerosis and neuropathic pain. <i>Expert Opin Pharmacother.</i> 2006;7(5):607-615. doi:10.1517/14656566.7.5.607
	Ben Amar M. Cannabinoids in medicine: A review of their therapeutic potential. <i>J Ethnopharmacol.</i> 2006;105(1-2):1-25. doi:10.1016/j.jep.2006.02.001
	Bhardwaj AK, Allsop DJ, Copeland J, et al. Randomised Controlled Trial (RCT) of cannabinoid replacement therapy (Nabiximols) for the management of treatment-resistant cannabis dependent patients: a study protocol. <i>BMC Psychiatry.</i> 2018;18(1):140. doi:10.1186/s12888-018-1682-2
	Borgelt LM, Franson KL, Nussbaum AM, Wang GS. The Pharmacologic and Clinical Effects of Medical Cannabis. <i>Pharmacotherapy.</i> 2013;33(2):195-209. doi:10.1002/phar.1187
	Boychuk DG, Goddard G, Mauro G, Orellana MF. The Effectiveness of Cannabinoids in the Management of Chronic Nonmalignant Neuropathic Pain: A Systematic Review. <i>J ORAL FACIAL PAIN HEADACHE.</i> 2015;29(1):7-14. doi:10.11607/ofph.1274
	da Rovare VP, Magalhaes GPA, Jardini GDA, et al. Cannabinoids for spasticity due to multiple sclerosis or paraplegia: A systematic review and meta-analysis of randomized clinical trials. <i>Complement Ther Med.</i> 2017;34:170-185. doi:10.1016/j.ctim.2017.08.010
	Fitzcharles M-A, Baerwald C, Ablin J, Haeuser W. Efficacy, tolerability and safety of cannabinoids in chronic pain associated with rheumatic diseases (fibromyalgia syndrome, back pain, osteoarthritis, rheumatoid arthritis) A systematic review of randomized controlled trials. <i>SCHMERZ.</i> 2016;30(1):47-61. doi:10.1007/s00482-015-0084-3
	Fitzcharles M-A, Ste-Marie PA, Haeuser W, et al. Efficacy, Tolerability, and Safety of Cannabinoid Treatments in the Rheumatic Diseases: A Systematic Review of Randomized Controlled Trials. <i>Arthritis Care Res (Hoboken).</i> 2016;68(5):681-688. doi:10.1002/acr.22727
	Hindocha C, Cousijn J, Rall M, Bloomfield MAP. The Effectiveness of Cannabinoids in the Treatment of Posttraumatic Stress Disorder (PTSD): A Systematic Review. <i>J Dual Diagn.</i> 2020;16(1):120-139. doi:10.1080/15504263.2019.1652380

	<p>Lynch ME, Campbell F. Cannabinoids for treatment of chronic non-cancer pain; a systematic review of randomized trials. <i>Br J Clin Pharmacol.</i> 2011;72(5):735-744. doi:10.1111/j.1365-2125.2011.03970.x</p> <p>M.A. W, G.T. K, A.G. de A, et al. A Systematic Review of the Efficacy of Cannabinoid Agonist Replacement Therapy for Cannabis Withdrawal Symptoms. <i>CNS Drugs.</i> 2018;32(12):1113-1129. doi:10.1007/s40263-018-0577-6</p> <p>Machado Rocha FC, Stefano SC, De Cassia Haiek R, Rosa Oliveira LMQ, Da Silveira DX. Therapeutic use of Cannabis sativa on chemotherapy-induced nausea and vomiting among cancer patients: systematic review and meta-analysis. <i>Eur J Cancer Care (Engl).</i> 2008;17(5):431-443. doi:10.1111/j.1365-2354.2008.00917.x</p> <p>Meng H, Johnston B, Englesakis M, Moulin DE, Bhatia A. Selective Cannabinoids for Chronic Neuropathic Pain: A Systematic Review and Meta-analysis. <i>Anesth Analg.</i> 2017;125(5):1638-1652. doi:10.1213/ANE.0000000000002110</p> <p>Moreno Torres I, Sanchez AJ, Garcia-Merino A. Evaluation of the tolerability and efficacy of Sativex in multiple sclerosis. <i>Expert Rev Neurother.</i> 2014;14(11):1243-1250. doi:10.1586/14737175.2014.971758</p> <p>Sastre-Garriga J, Vila C, Clissold S, Montalban X. THC and CBD oromucosal spray (Sativex(R)) in the management of spasticity associated with multiple sclerosis. <i>Expert Rev Neurother.</i> 2011;11(5):627-637. doi:10.1586/ern.11.47</p> <p>Syed YY, McKeage K, Scott LJ. Delta-9-tetrahydrocannabinol/cannabidiol (Sativex(R)): a review of its use in patients with moderate to severe spasticity due to multiple sclerosis. <i>Drugs.</i> 2014;74(5):563-578. doi:10.1007/s40265-014-0197-5</p> <p>Tafelski S, Häuser W, Schäfer M. Wirksamkeit, Verträglichkeit und Sicherheit von Cannabinoiden für die Therapie von Chemotherapie-induzierter Übelkeit und Erbrechen: eine systematische Zusammenfassung systematischer Reviews. <i>Schmerz.</i> 2016;30(1):14-24. doi:10.1007/s00482-015-0092-3</p> <p>Tsang CC, Giudice MG. Nabilone for the Management of Pain. <i>Pharmacotherapy.</i> 2016;36(3):273-286. doi:10.1002/phar.1709</p> <p>van den Elsen GAH, Ahmed AIA, Lammers M, et al. Efficacy and safety of medical cannabinoids in older subjects: A systematic review. <i>AGEING Res Rev.</i> 2014;14:56-64. doi:10.1016/j.arr.2014.01.007</p> <p>Vermersch P. Sativex((R)) (tetrahydrocannabinol + cannabidiol), an endocannabinoid system modulator: basic features and main clinical data. <i>Expert Rev Neurother.</i> 2011;11(4 Suppl):15-19. doi:10.1586/ern.11.27</p> <p>Wade DT, Collin C, Stott C, Duncombe P. Meta-analysis of the efficacy and safety of Sativex (nabiximols), on spasticity in people with multiple sclerosis. <i>Mult Scler.</i> 2010;16(6):707-714. doi:10.1177/1352458510367462</p> <p>Whiting PF, Wolff RF, Deshpande S, et al. Cannabinoids for medical use: A systematic review and meta-analysis. <i>JAMA - J Am Med Assoc.</i> 2015;313(24):2456-2473. doi:10.1001/jama.2015.6358</p>
Not placebo-controlled setting	<p>Beaulieu P. Effects of nabilone, a synthetic cannabinoid, on postoperative pain. <i>Can J Anesth.</i> 2006;53(8):769-775. doi:10.1007/BF03022793</p> <p>Bisaga A, Sullivan MA, Glass A, et al. The effects of dronabinol during detoxification and the initiation of treatment with extended release naltrexone. <i>Drug Alcohol Depend.</i> 2015;154:38-45. doi:10.1016/j.drugalcdep.2015.05.013</p> <p>Chang AE, Shiling DJ, Stillman RC, et al. Delata-9-tetrahydrocannabinol as an antiemetic in cancer patients receiving high-dose methotrexate. A prospective, randomized evaluation. <i>Ann Intern Med.</i> 1979;91(6):819-824. doi:10.7326/0003-4819-91-6-819</p>

	Cunningham D, Bradley CJ, Forrest GJ, et al. A randomized trial of oral nabilone and prochlorperazine compared to intravenous metoclopramide and dexamethasone in the treatment of nausea and vomiting induced by chemotherapy regimens containing cisplatin or cisplatin analogues. <i>Eur J Cancer Clin Oncol.</i> 1988;24(4):685-689. doi:10.1016/0277-5379(88)90300-8
	de Vries M, van Rijckevorsel DCM, Vissers KCP, Wilder-Smith OHG, van Goor H. Single dose delta-9-tetrahydrocannabinol in chronic pancreatitis patients: analgesic efficacy, pharmacokinetics and tolerability. <i>Br J Clin Pharmacol.</i> 2016;81(3, SI):525-537. doi:10.1111/bcp.12811
	Ellis RJ, Toporoff W, Vaida F, et al. Smoked medicinal cannabis for neuropathic pain in HIV: a randomized, crossover clinical trial. <i>Neuropsychopharmacology.</i> 2009;34(3):672-680. doi:10.1038/npp.2008.120
	Frank B, Serpell MG, Hughes J, Matthews JNS, Kapur D. Comparison of analgesic effects and patient tolerability of nabilone and dihydrocodeine for chronic neuropathic pain: randomised, crossover, double blind study. <i>Br Med J.</i> 2008;336(7637):199-201. doi:10.1136/bmj.39429.619653.80
	Gilbert CJ, Ohly K V., Rosner G, Peters WP. Randomized, double-blind comparison of a prochlorperazine-based versus a metoclopramide-based antiemetic regimen in patients undergoing autologous bone marrow transplantation. <i>Cancer.</i> 1995;76(11):2330-2337. doi:10.1002/1097-0142(19951201)76:11<2330::AID-CNCR2820761122>3.0.CO;2-F
	Johansson R. A double-blind, controlled trial of nabHone vs. prochlorperazine for refractory emesis induced by cancer chemotherapy. 1982;9:25-33.
	Kleine-Brueggeney M, Greif R, Brenneisen R, Urwyler N, Stueber F, Theiler LG. Intravenous Delta-9-Tetrahydrocannabinol to Prevent Postoperative Nausea and Vomiting: A Randomized Controlled Trial. <i>Anesth Analg.</i> 2015;121(5):1157-1164. doi:10.1213/ANE.0000000000000877
	Knoller N, Levi L, Shoshan I, et al. Dexanabinol (HU-211) in the treatment of severe closed head injury: a randomized, placebo-controlled, phase II clinical trial. <i>Crit Care Med.</i> 2002;30(3):548-554. doi:10.1097/00003246-200203000-00009
	Levin FR, Mariani JJ, Brooks DJ, Pavlicova M, Cheng W, Nunes E V. Dronabinol for the treatment of cannabis dependence: A randomized, double-blind, placebo-controlled trial. <i>Drug Alcohol Depend.</i> 2011;116(1-3):142-150. doi:10.1016/j.drugalcdep.2010.12.010
	Levin FR, Mariani JJ, Pavlicova M, et al. Dronabinol and lofexidine for cannabis use disorder: A randomized, double-blind, placebo-controlled trial. <i>Drug Alcohol Depend.</i> 2016;159:53-60. doi:10.1016/j.drugalcdep.2015.11.025
	Maas AIR, Murray G, Henney H 3rd, et al. Efficacy and safety of dexanabinol in severe traumatic brain injury: results of a phase III randomised, placebo-controlled, clinical trial. <i>Lancet Neurol.</i> 2006;5(1):38-45. doi:10.1016/S1474-4422(05)70253-2
	Micallef J, Dupouey J, Jouve E, et al. Cannabis smoking impairs driving performance on the simulator and real driving: a randomized, double-blind, placebo-controlled, crossover trial. <i>Fundam Clin Pharmacol.</i> 2018;32(5):558-570. doi:10.1111/fcp.12382
	Pini LA, Guerzoni S, Cainazzo MM, et al. Nabilone for the treatment of medication overuse headache: results of a preliminary double-blind, active-controlled, randomized trial. <i>J Headache Pain.</i> 2012;13(8):677-684. doi:10.1007/s10194-012-0490-1

	Priestman SG, Priestman TJ, Canney PA. A double-blind randomised cross-over comparison of nabilone and metoclopramide in the control of radiation-induced nausea. <i>Clin Radiol.</i> 1987;38(5):543-544. doi:10.1016/s0009-9260(87)80151-4
	Rintala DH, Fiess RN, Tan G, Holmes SA, Bruel BM. Effect of Dronabinol on Central Neuropathic Pain After Spinal Cord Injury. <i>Am J Phys Med Rehabil.</i> 2010;89(10):840-848. doi:10.1097/PHM.0b013e3181f1c4ec
	Turcotte D, Doupe M, Torabi M, et al. Nabilone as an adjunctive to gabapentin for multiple sclerosis-induced neuropathic pain: A randomized controlled trial. <i>Pain Med (United States).</i> 2015;16(1):149-159. doi:10.1111/pme.12569
	van de Donk T, Niesters M, Kowal MA, Olofsen E, Dahan A, van Velzen M. An experimental randomized study on the analgesic effects of pharmaceutical-grade cannabis in chronic pain patients with fibromyalgia. <i>Pain.</i> 2019;160(4):860-869. doi:10.1097/j.pain.0000000000001464
	Wallace MS, Marcotte TD, Umlauf A, Gouaux B, Atkinson JH. Efficacy of Inhaled Cannabis on Painful Diabetic Neuropathy. <i>J Pain.</i> 2015;16(7):616-627. doi:10.1016/j.jpain.2015.03.008
	Ware MA, Fitzcharles M-A, Joseph L, Shir Y. The Effects of Nabilone on Sleep in Fibromyalgia: Results of a Randomized Controlled Trial. <i>Anesth Analg.</i> 2010;110(2):604-610. doi:10.1213/ANE.0b013e3181c76f70
Missing or inappropriate data 15	Ball S, Vickery J, Hobart J, et al. The Cannabinoid Use in Progressive Inflammatory brain Disease (CUPID) trial: a randomised double-blind placebo-controlled parallel-group multicentre trial and economic evaluation of cannabinoids to slow progression in multiple sclerosis. <i>Health Technol Assess.</i> 2015;19(12):vii-viii, xxv-xxxi, 1-187. doi:10.3310/hta19120
	Barton C, Sklenicka J, Sayegh P, et al. A double-blind trial of bupropion versus desipramine for bipolar depression. <i>J Clin Psychiatry.</i> 2003;55(2):391-393. doi:10.1002/hup
	Crawford SM, Buckman R. Nabilone and metoclopramide in the treatment of nausea and vomiting due to cisplatin: A double blind study. <i>Med Oncol Tumor Pharmacother.</i> 1986;3(1):39-42. doi:10.1007/BF02934575
	Fox SH, Kellett M, Moore AP, Crossman AR, Brotchie JM. Randomised, double-blind, placebo-controlled trial to assess the potential of cannabinoid receptor stimulation in the treatment of dystonia. <i>Mov Disord.</i> 2002;17(1):145-149. doi:10.1002/mds.1280
	Jadoon KA, Ratcliffe SH, Barrett DA, et al. Efficacy and Safety of Cannabidiol and Tetrahydrocannabivarin on Glycemic and Lipid Parameters in Patients With Type 2 Diabetes: A Randomized, Double-Blind, Placebo-Controlled, Parallel Group Pilot Study. <i>Diabetes Care.</i> 2016;39(10):1777-1786. doi:10.2337/dc16-0650
	Jatoi A, Windschitl HE, Loprinzi CL, et al. Dronabinol versus megestrol acetate versus combination therapy for cancer-associated anorexia: A North Central Cancer Treatment Group Study. <i>J Clin Oncol.</i> 2002;20(2):567-573. doi:10.1200/JCO.20.2.567
	Klumpers LE, Beumer TL, van Hasselt JGC, et al. Novel Delta(9)-tetrahydrocannabinol formulation Namisol (R) has beneficial pharmacokinetics and promising pharmacodynamic effects. <i>Br J Clin Pharmacol.</i> 2012;74(1):42-53. doi:10.1111/j.1365-2125.2012.04164.x
	Levin DN, Dulberg Z, Chan AW, Hare GMT, Mazer CD, Hong A. Une étude randomisée contrôlée pour évaluer l'efficacité du nabilone pour la prévention des nausées et vomissements postopératoires aigus lors de chirurgie non urgente. <i>Can J Anesth.</i> 2017;64(4):385-395. doi:10.1007/s12630-017-0814-3

	<p>Lynch ME, Cesar-Rittenberg P, Hohmann AG. A double-blind, placebo-controlled, crossover pilot trial with extension using an oral mucosal cannabinoid extract for treatment of chemotherapy-induced neuropathic pain. <i>J Pain Symptom Manage.</i> 2014;47(1):166-173. doi:10.1016/j.jpainsymman.2013.02.018</p> <p>Markovà J, Essner U, Akmaz B, et al. Sativex® as add-on therapy vs. further optimized first-line ANTispastics (SAVANT) in resistant multiple sclerosis spasticity: a double-blind, placebo-controlled randomised clinical trial. <i>Int J Neurosci.</i> 2019;129(2):119-128. doi:10.1080/00207454.2018.1481066</p> <p>Strasser F, Luftner D, Possinger K, et al. Comparison of orally administered cannabis extract and delta-9-tetrahydrocannabinol in treating patients with cancer-related anorexia-cachexia syndrome: A multicenter, phase III, randomized, double-blind, placebo-controlled clinical trial from the cannabis. <i>J Clin Oncol.</i> 2006;24(21):3394-3400. doi:10.1200/JCO.2005.05.1847</p> <p>van den Elsen GAH, Ahmed AIA, Verkes R-J, Feuth T, van der Marck MA, Olde Rikkert MGM. Tetrahydrocannabinol in Behavioral Disturbances in Dementia: A Crossover Randomized Controlled Trial. <i>Am J Geriatr Psychiatry.</i> 2015;23(12):1214-1224. doi:10.1016/j.jagp.2015.07.011</p> <p>van den Elsen GA, Tobben L, Ahmed AI, et al. Effects of tetrahydrocannabinol on balance and gait in patients with dementia: A randomised controlled crossover trial. <i>J Psychopharmacol.</i> 2017;31(2):184-191. doi:10.1177/0269881116665357</p> <p>Walter C, Oertel BG, Ludyga D, Ultsch A, Hummel T, Lotsch J. Effects of 20 mg oral Delta(9)-tetrahydrocannabinol on the olfactory function of healthy volunteers. <i>Br J Clin Pharmacol.</i> 2014;78(5):961-969. doi:10.1111/bcp.12415</p> <p>Zajicek J, Ball S, Wright D, et al. Effect of dronabinol on progression in progressive multiple sclerosis (CUPID): a randomised, placebo-controlled trial. <i>LANCET Neurol.</i> 2013;12(9):857-865. doi:10.1016/S1474-4422(13)70159-5</p>
Other study drug than nabilone or dronabinol	<p>22</p> <p>Aragona M, Onesti E, Tomassini V, et al. Psychopathological and cognitive effects of therapeutic cannabinoids in multiple sclerosis: A double-blind, placebo controlled, crossover study. <i>Clin Neuropharmacol.</i> 2009;32(1):41-47. doi:10.1097/WNF.0b013e3181633497</p> <p>Berman JS, Symonds C, Birch R. Efficacy of two cannabis based medicinal extracts for relief of central neuropathic pain from brachial plexus avulsion: results of a randomised controlled trial. <i>Pain.</i> 2004;112(3):299-306. doi:10.1016/j.pain.2004.09.013</p> <p>Collin C, Davies P, Mutiboko IK, Ratcliffe S. Randomized controlled trial of cannabis-based medicine in spasticity caused by multiple sclerosis. <i>Eur J Neurol.</i> 2007;14(3):290-296. doi:10.1111/j.1468-1331.2006.01639.x</p> <p>Collin C, Ehler E, Waberzinek G, et al. A double-blind, randomized, placebo-controlled, parallel-group study of Sativex, in subjects with symptoms of spasticity due to multiple sclerosis. <i>Neurol Res.</i> 2010;32(5):451-459. doi:10.1179/016164109X12590518685660</p> <p>Conte A, Bettolo CM, Onesti E, et al. Cannabinoid-induced effects on the nociceptive system: A neurophysiological study in patients with secondary progressive multiple sclerosis. <i>Eur J Pain.</i> 2009;13(5):472-477. doi:10.1016/j.ejpain.2008.05.014</p> <p>D.J. R, T.J. N, T. F, et al. Randomized, controlled trial of cannabis-based medicine in central pain in multiple sclerosis. <i>Neurology.</i> 2005;65(6):812-819. doi:10.1212/01.wnl.0000176753.45410.8b</p> <p>Duran M, Pérez E, Abanades S, et al. Preliminary efficacy and safety of an oromucosal standardized cannabis extract in chemotherapy-induced nausea and vomiting. <i>Br J Clin Pharmacol.</i> 2010;70(5):656-663. doi:10.1111/j.1365-2125.2010.03743.x</p>

	Johnson JR, Burnell-Nugent M, Lossignol D, Ganae-Motan ED, Potts R, Fallon MT. Multicenter, Double-Blind, Randomized, Placebo-Controlled, Parallel-Group Study of the Efficacy, Safety, and Tolerability of THC:CBD Extract and THC Extract in Patients with Intractable Cancer-Related Pain. <i>J Pain Symptom Manage.</i> 2010;39(2):167-179. doi:10.1016/j.jpainsymman.2009.06.008
	Kavia RBC, De Ridder D, Constantinescu CS, Stott CG, Fowler CJ. Randomized controlled trial of Sativex to treat detrusor overactivity in multiple sclerosis. <i>Mult Scler.</i> 2010;16(11):1349-1359. doi:10.1177/1352458510378020
	Langford RM, Mares J, Novotna A, et al. A double-blind, randomized, placebo-controlled, parallel-group study of THC/CBD oromucosal spray in combination with the existing treatment regimen, in the relief of central neuropathic pain in patients with multiple sclerosis. <i>J Neurol.</i> 2013;260(4):984-997. doi:10.1007/s00415-012-6739-4
	Leocani L, Nuara A, Houdayer E, et al. Sativex® and clinical-neurophysiological measures of spasticity in progressive multiple sclerosis. <i>J Neurol.</i> 2015;262(11):2520-2527. doi:10.1007/s00415-015-7878-1
	Lichtman AH, Lux EA, McQuade R, et al. Results of a Double-Blind, Randomized, Placebo-Controlled Study of Nabiximols Oromucosal Spray as an Adjunctive Therapy in Advanced Cancer Patients with Chronic Uncontrolled Pain. <i>J Pain Symptom Manage.</i> 2018;55(2):179-188.e1. doi:10.1016/j.jpainsymman.2017.09.001
	López-Sendón Moreno JL, García Caldentey J, Trigo Cubillo P, et al. A double-blind, randomized, cross-over, placebo-controlled, pilot trial with Sativex in Huntington's disease. <i>J Neurol.</i> 2016;263(7):1390-1400. doi:10.1007/s00415-016-8145-9
	Notcutt W, Langford R, Davies P, Ratcliffe S, Potts R. A placebo-controlled, parallel-group, randomized withdrawal study of subjects with symptoms of spasticity due to multiple sclerosis who are receiving long-term Sativex (nabiximols). <i>Mult Scler J.</i> 2012;18(2):219-228. doi:10.1177/1352458511419700
	Novotna A, Mares J, Ratcliffe S, et al. A randomized, double-blind, placebo-controlled, parallel-group, enriched-design study of nabiximols* (Sativex((R)) ), as add-on therapy, in subjects with refractory spasticity caused by multiple sclerosis. <i>Eur J Neurol.</i> 2011;18(9):1122-1131. doi:10.1111/j.1468-1331.2010.03328.x
	Nurmikko TJ, Serpell MG, Hoggart B, Toomey PJ, Morlion BJ, Haines D. Sativex successfully treats neuropathic pain characterised by allodynia: a randomised, double-blind, placebo-controlled clinical trial. <i>Pain.</i> 2007;133(1-3):210-220. doi:10.1016/j.pain.2007.08.028
	Portenoy RK, Ganae-Motan ED, Allende S, et al. Nabiximols for opioid-treated cancer patients with poorly-controlled chronic pain: A randomized, placebo-controlled, graded-dose trial. <i>J Pain.</i> 2012;13(5):438-449. doi:10.1016/j.jpain.2012.01.003
	Serpell M, Ratcliffe S, Hovorka J, et al. A double-blind, randomized, placebo-controlled, parallel group study of THC/CBD spray in peripheral neuropathic pain treatment. <i>Eur J Pain (United Kingdom).</i> 2014;18(7):999-1012. doi:10.1002/j.1532-2149.2013.00445.x
	Vaney C, Heinzel-Gutenbrunner M, Jobin P, et al. Efficacy, safety and tolerability of an orally administered cannabis extract in the treatment of spasticity in patients with multiple sclerosis: a randomized, double-blind, placebo-controlled, crossover study. <i>Mult Scler.</i> 2004;10(4):417-424. doi:10.1191/1352458504ms1048oa
	Wade DT, Makela P, Robson P, House H, Bateman C. Do cannabis-based medicinal extracts have general or specific effects on symptoms in multiple sclerosis? A double-blind, randomized, placebo-controlled study on 160 patients. <i>Mult Scler.</i> 2004;10(4):434-441. doi:10.1191/1352458504ms1082oa

Wade DT, Robson P, House H, Makela P, Aram J. A preliminary controlled study to determine whether whole-plant cannabis extracts can improve intractable neurogenic symptoms. *Clin Rehabil.* 2003;17(1):21-29. doi:10.1191/0269215503cr581oa

Ware MA, Wang T, Shapiro S, et al. Smoked cannabis for chronic neuropathic pain: a randomized controlled trial. *CMAJ.* 2010;182(14):E694-701. doi:10.1503/cmaj.091414

**Table S3.** Adverse events in the clinical trials with nabilone

Adverse effects (nabilone)	ICD	No. of studies reporting the AE	References	Classification
Ataxia	R2700	2	Pooyania, 2010 Skrabek, 2008	Central nervous system
Confusion	R4100	1	Skrabek, 2008	Central nervous system
Decreased concentration	F9900	1	Skrabek, 2008	Central nervous system
Depression	F32H0	1	Skrabek, 2008	Central nervous system
Dissociation	F44H0	1	Skrabek, 2008	Central nervous system
Euphoria	F31H0	2	Redmond, 2008 Skrabek, 2008	Central nervous system
Feeling cold	F3800	1	Redmond, 2008	Central nervous system
Hallucination	R4430	x	Skrabek, 2008	Central nervous system
Mild sedation	F1310	1	Redmond, 2008	Central nervous system
Nightmares	F5150	1	Skrabek, 2008	Central nervous system
Psychological high	F3800	1	Skrabek, 2008	Central nervous system
Sedation (Including Lethargy)	F1310	1	Hermann, 2019	Central nervous system
Significant increase in NPS	R7490	1	Hermann, 2019	Central nervous system
Somnolence	R4000	1	Kalliomäki 2012	Central nervous system
Treatment limiting sedation	F1310	1	Hermann, 2019	Central nervous system
Bradycardia	R0010	2	Hermann, 2019 Kalliomäki 2012	Cardiovascular
Myocardial infarction	I2100	1	Hermann, 2019	Cardiovascular
Orthostatic hypotension	I9510	1	Skrabek, 2008	Cardiovascular
Postural dizziness	I9510	1	Kalliomäki 2012	Cardiovascular
Tachycardia	R0000	2	Kalliomäki 2012 Skrabek, 2008	Cardiovascular
Anorexia	R6300	1	Skrabek, 2008	Miscellaneous

Asthenia	R5300	1	Pooyania, 2010	<b>Miscellaneous</b>
Dizziness	R4200	3	Hermann, 2019 Kalliomäki 2012 Redmond 2008	<b>Miscellaneous</b>
Drowsiness	R4000	3	Pooyania, 2010 Wissel 2006 Skrabek, 2008	<b>Miscellaneous</b>
Dry mouth	R6820	4	Pooyania, 2010 Kalliomäki 2012 Redmond, 2008 Skrabek, 2008	<b>Miscellaneous</b>
Dysphagia (slight)	R13H0	1	Wissel 2006	<b>Miscellaneous</b>
Dysphoria	R53H0	1	Skrabek, 2008	<b>Miscellaneous</b>
Fatigue	R5300	1	Kalliomäki 2012	<b>Miscellaneous</b>
Headache	R5100	4	Pooyania, 2010 Kalliomäki 2012 Redmond, 2008 Skrabek, 2008	<b>Miscellaneous</b>
Increased appetite	R6320	1	Redmond, 2008	<b>Miscellaneous</b>
Lack of motivation	R4530	1	Pooyania, 2010	<b>Miscellaneous</b>
Lethargy	R5300	1	Hermann, 2019	<b>Miscellaneous</b>
Lightheaded	R4200	1	Skrabek, 2008	<b>Miscellaneous</b>
Nausea	R13H0	1	Redmond, 2008	<b>Miscellaneous</b>
Rash	R2100	1	Hermann, 2019	<b>Miscellaneous</b>
Sensory disturbance	R2000	1	Skrabek, 2008	<b>Miscellaneous</b>
Vertigo	R42H0	1	Skrabek, 2008	<b>Miscellaneous</b>
Vertigo (mild)	R42H0	1	Pooyania, 2010	<b>Miscellaneous</b>
Weakness in lower limbs (slight)	R6880	1	Wissel 2006	<b>Miscellaneous</b>

**Table S4.** Adverse events in the clinical trials with dronabinol

<b>Adverse events (dronabinol)</b>	<b>ICD</b>	<b>No. of studies reporting the AE</b>	<b>Reference</b>	<b>Classification</b>
"Loopy", foggy thinking	F3800	1	Wong, 2012	Central nervous system
Agitation	R4510	1	van den Elsen, 2015	Central nervous system
Ataxia	R2700	1	Killestein, 2002	Central nervous system
Bradykinesia	F4440	1	van den Elsen, 2015	Central nervous system
Cognitive disorder	F0670	1	van den Elsen, 2015	Central nervous system
Concentration problem	F9900	1	Ahmed, 2014	Central nervous system
Confusion	R4100	1	Brisbois, 2011	Central nervous system
Delirium	F0580	1	van den Elsen, 2015	Central nervous system
Disturbed mental concentration	F9900	1	Esfandyari, 2006	Central nervous system
Emotional lability	F6030	1	Killestein, 2002	Central nervous system
Euphoria	F31H0	2	Svendsen, 2004 Ahmed, 2014	Central nervous system
Euphoria/relaxed	F31H0	1	Esfandyari, 2006	Central nervous system
Euphoric mood	F31H0	1	van den Elsen, 2015	Central nervous system
Excitement	F3090	1	Esfandyari, 2006	Central nervous system
Feeling of drunkenness	F3800	1	Svendsen, 2004	Central nervous system
Hyperactivity	F9000	1	Svendsen, 2004	Central nervous system
Insomnia	G4700	1	Schimrigk, 2017	Central nervous system
Migraine	G4300	1	Svendsen, 2004	Central nervous system
Multiple sclerosis aggravated	G3500	1	Svendsen, 2004	Central nervous system
Nervousness	R4500	1	Svendsen, 2004	Central nervous system
Relaxation	R5300	1	Ahmed, 2014	Central nervous system
Seizure	R5680	1	Brisbois, 2011	Central nervous system
Sleep difficulty	G4790	1	Svendsen, 2004	Central nervous system

Somnolence	R4000	2	Killestein, 2002 van den Elsen, 2015	Central nervous system
Speech disorders	F8010	1	Svendsen, 2004	Central nervous system
Troubles sleeping	G4790	1	Brisbois, 2011	Central nervous system
Visual hallucinations	R4410	1	Ahmed, 2014	Central nervous system
Bowel obstruction / constipation	K5660/K5900	1	Brisbois, 2011	Gastrointestinal
Diarrhoea	K5910	1	Brisbois, 2011	Gastrointestinal
Lose stools	K5910	1	Malik, 2017	Gastrointestinal
Stomach cramps	K3180	1	Brisbois, 2011	Gastrointestinal
Thrush	K1370	1	Brisbois, 2011	Gastrointestinal
Abdominal pain	R1040	1	Svenden, 2004	Miscellaneous
Anorexia	R6300	1	Svenden, 2004	Miscellaneous
Aphasia	R4700	1	van den Elsen, 2015	Miscellaneous
Apraxia	R4820	1	van den Elsen, 2015	Miscellaneous
Balance difficulty	H8190	1	Svenden, 2004	Miscellaneous
Balance disorder	H8190	1	van den Elsen, 2015	Miscellaneous
Bladder	N3280	1	Zajicek, 2003	Miscellaneous
Blurred vision	H5380	1	Ahmed, 2014	Miscellaneous
Chest pain	R0730	1	van den Elsen, 2015	Miscellaneous
Chills	R6880/R5500	1	Svenden, 2004	Miscellaneous
Chronic obstructive pulmonary disease	J4490	1	van den Elsen, 2015	Miscellaneous
Coordination disturbance	R2780	1	Ahmed, 2014	Miscellaneous
Decreased appetite	R6330	1	van den Elsen, 2015	Miscellaneous
Depression or anxiety	F32H0	1	Zajicek, 2003	Miscellaneous
Diplopia	H5320	1	Svenden, 2004	Miscellaneous

Dizziness	R4200	5	Svenden, 2004 Schimrigk, 2017 Ahmed, 2014 Killestein, 2002 van den Elsen, 2015	<b>Miscellaneous</b>
Dizziness/lightheadness	R4200	2	Esfandyari, 2006 Wong, 2002	<b>Miscellaneous</b>
Dizzy of lightheadedness	R4200	1	Zajicek, 2003	<b>Miscellaneous</b>
Drowsiness	R4000	3	Svendsen, 2004 Ahmed, 2014 Esfandyari, 2006	<b>Miscellaneous</b>
Drowsiness/tiredness	R4000	1	Wong, 2012	<b>Miscellaneous</b>
Dry eye	H0410	2	Ahmed, 2014 van den Elsen, 2015	<b>Miscellaneous</b>
Dry mouth	R6820	6	Svendsen, 2004 Schimrigk, 2017 Ahmed, 2014 Esfandyari, 2006 Killestein 2002 Zajicek, 2003	<b>Miscellaneous</b>
Edema	R6090	1	Brisbois, 2011	<b>Miscellaneous</b>
Eye hemorrhage	H4480	1	van den Elsen, 2015	<b>Miscellaneous</b>
Fatigue	R5300	4	Svendsen, 2004 Schimrigk, 2017 Malik, 2017 van den Elsen, 2015	<b>Miscellaneous</b>
Fever	R5090	2	Brisbois, 2011 Svendsen, 2004	<b>Miscellaneous</b>
Flushing	R3200	1	Esfandyari, 2006	<b>Miscellaneous</b>

Gamma-glutamyltransferase increased	R7490	1	van den Elsen, 2015	Miscellaneous
Gastrointestinal tract	?	1	Zajicek, 2003	Miscellaneous
Headache	R5100	9	Brisbois, 2011 Svendsen, 2004 Schimrigk, 2017 Malik, 2017 Ahmed, 2014 Esfandyari, 2006 Wong, 2012 Killestein, 2002 van den Elsen, 2015	Miscellaneous
Hepatic enzyme increased	R7490	1	van den Elsen, 2015	Miscellaneous
Hives/rash	R21H0	1	Brisbois, 2011	Miscellaneous
Low blood count	R7990	1	Brisbois, 2011	Miscellaneous
Malaise	R5300	2	Ahmed, 2014 van den Elsen, 2015	Miscellaneous
Miosis	H5700	1	van den Elsen, 2015	Miscellaneous
Nausea	R13H0	5	Svendsen, 2004 Schimrigk, 2017 Malik, 2017 Ahmed, 2014 Esfandyari, 2006	Miscellaneous
Nausea/Vomiting	R13H0	1	Brisbois, 2011	Miscellaneous
Numbness	R2080	1	Esfandyari, 2006	Miscellaneous
Other	R6880	1	Killestein, 2002	Miscellaneous
Pain	R5200	1	Brisbois, 2011	Miscellaneous
Palpitations	R0020	1	Svendsen, 2004	Miscellaneous
Presyncope	R5500	1	van den Elsen, 2015	Miscellaneous
Restlessness	R4510	1	van den Elsen, 2015	Miscellaneous
Sensory loss	R4480	1	van den Elsen, 2015	Miscellaneous

Shortness of breath / fluid on lungs	R0600	1	Brisbois, 2011	Miscellaneous
Skin disorder, not otherwise specified	R2380	1	van den Elsen, 2015	Miscellaneous
Syncope	R5500	1	van den Elsen, 2015	Miscellaneous
Tired / drowsy	R5300	1	Brisbois, 2011	Miscellaneous
Unsteady feet	H8190	1	Brisbois, 2011	Miscellaneous
Vasovagal	R5500	1	Esfandyari, 2006	Miscellaneous
Vertigo	R42H0	1	Schimrigk, 2017	Miscellaneous
Weight decrease	R6340	1	Svendsen, 2004	Miscellaneous
Back pain	M5480	1	van den Elsen, 2015	Musculoskeletal
Increased spasticity	M6290	1	Killestein, 2002	Musculoskeletal
Muscle spasms	M6290	1	van den Elsen, 2015	Musculoskeletal
Muscle weakness	M6280	2	Svendsen, 2004 van den Elsen, 2015	Musculoskeletal
Myalgia	M7910	1	Svendsen, 2004	Musculoskeletal
Pain in extremity	M7960	1	van den Elsen, 2015	Musculoskeletal
Nasopharyngitis	J0000	1	van den Elsen, 2015	Respiratory
Pneumonia	J1890	2	Brisbois, 2011 van den Elsen, 2015	Respiratory
Upper airway infection	J0690	1	Svendsen, 2004	Respiratory
Hot flushes	N9580	2	Svendsen, 2004 Wong, 2012	Urogenital
Renal impairment	N1900	1	van den Elsen, 2015	Urogenital
Urge incontinence	N3940	1	van den Elsen, 2015	Urogenital
Vaginal discharge	N8980	1	Brisbois, 2011	Urogenital