

Supporting Information

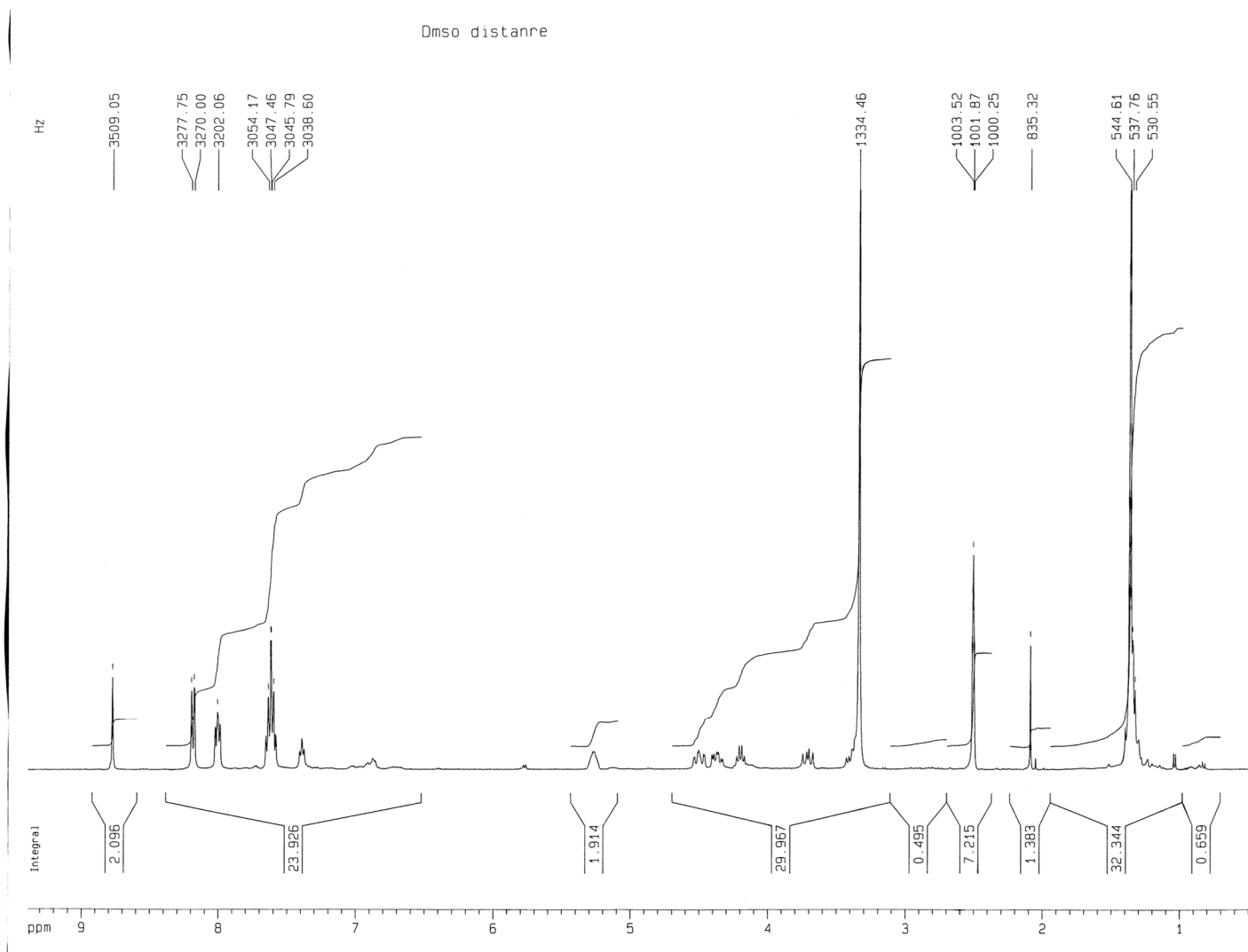
Content

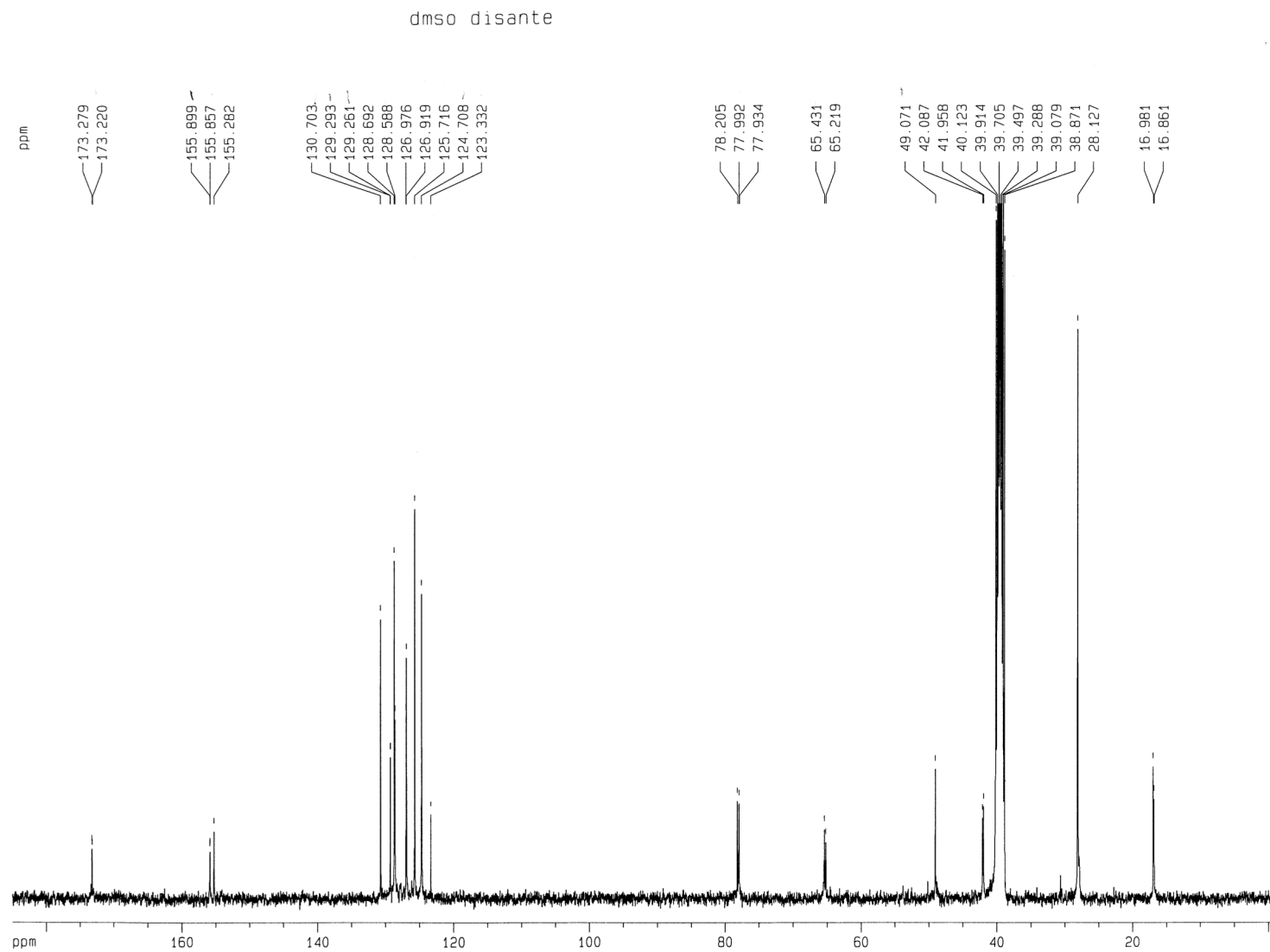
1. Experimental procedures for compounds 3 and 4
2. ¹H-NMR of compound 5
3. ¹³C-NMR of compound 5
4. COSY spectrum of compound 5
5. FR-IR spectrum of compound 5
6. Fluorescence spectrum of compound 5

1. Experimental procedures for compounds 3 and 4

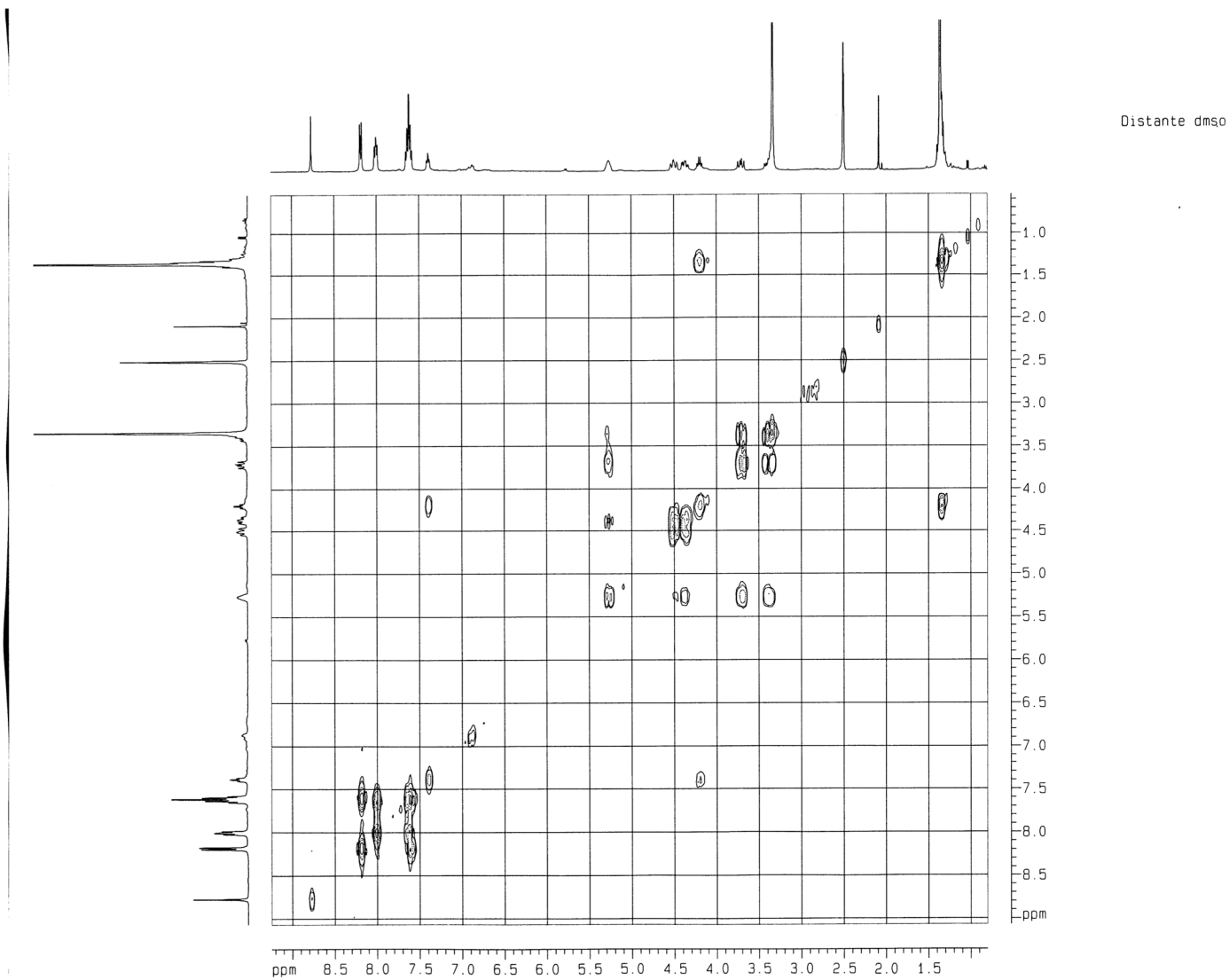
Synthesis of anthracenenitrile oxide 4 — Commercially available anthracene aldehyde oxime 5 g (23 mmol) was dissolved in 250 mL of chloroform along with 2 mL of pyridine and the solution cooled down to 0 °C with ice bath. *N*-Chlorosuccinimide (NCS, 4 g, 30 mmol) was added portionwise and the reaction left under stirring for 2 h. The organic phase was then washed with water and dried over anhydrous Na₂SO₄. Upon evaporation of the solvent the solid anthracenenitrile oxide **4** is obtained in 60% yield and purified through mild recrystallization from diisopropyl ether [10].

Synthesis of the dipolarophile 3 — Commercially available *N*-Boc protected (*S*)-alanine **1** (1 g, 11.2 mmol) were dissolved in 70 mL of dichloromethane (DCM). Allylic alcohol (1.30 g, 22.4 mmol, 1.52 mL) and 0.14 g (1.12 mmol) were added to the solution that was cooled down to 0 °C with ice bath. *N,N'*-Dicyclohexylcarbodiimide (DCC, 3.47 g, 16.8 mmol) was added and the mixture left under stirring overnight at room temperature. The white solid ester **3** was isolated through column chromatography and obtained in 75% yield [9].

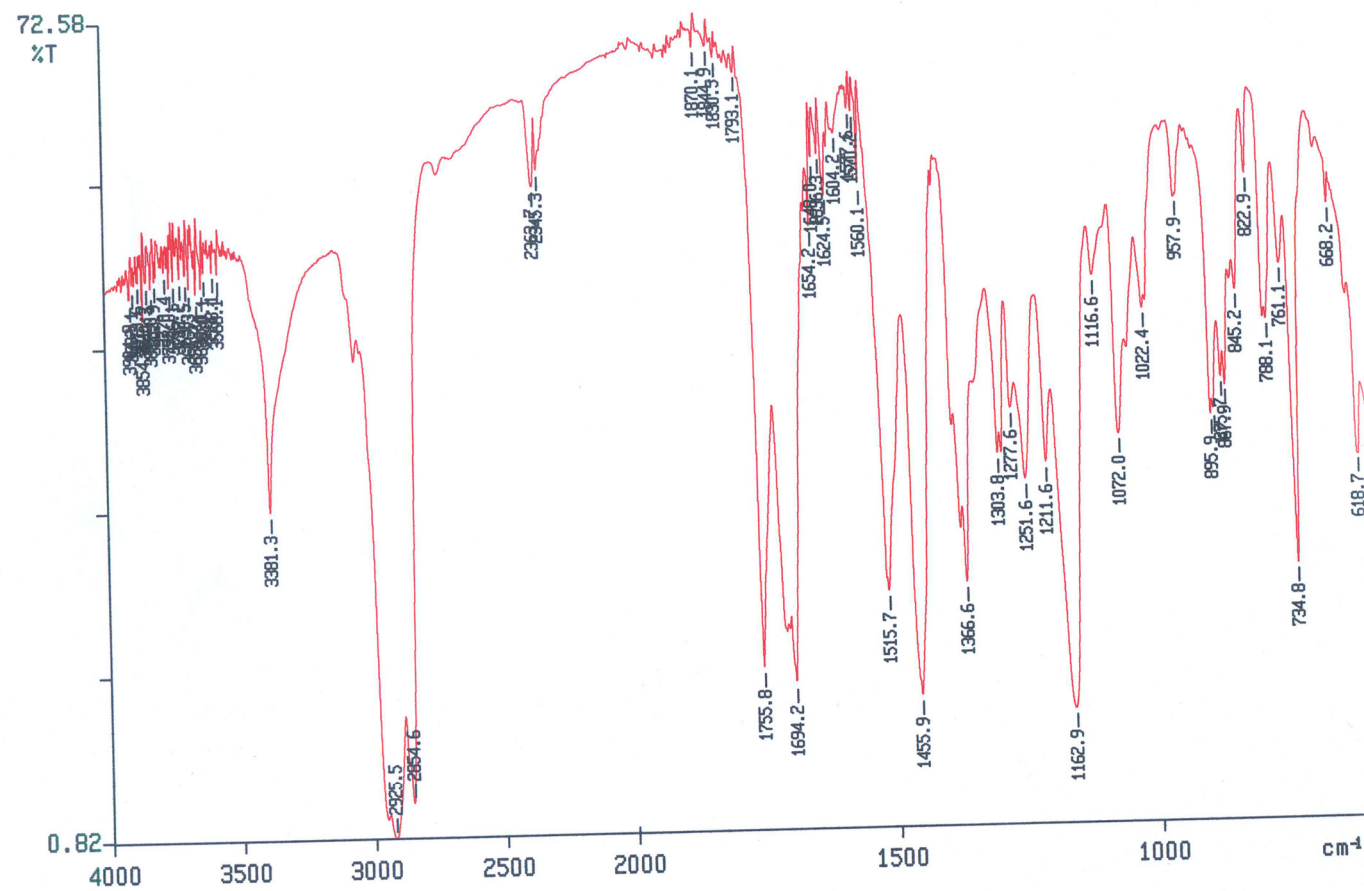
2. ^1H -NMR

3. ^{13}C -NMR

4. COSY spectrum



5. FT-IR spectrum



6. Fluorescence spectrum

