



Article

Identification of Potential Lead Compounds Targeting Novel Druggable Cavity of SARS-CoV-2 Spike Trimer by Molecular Dy-Namics Simulations

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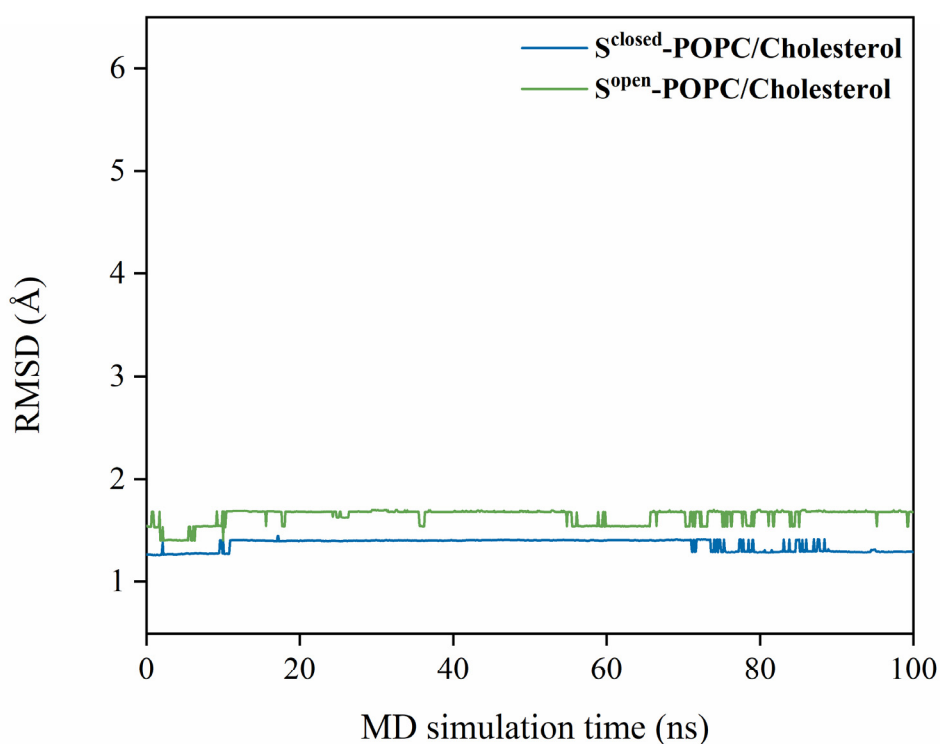


Figure S1. RMSD of S^{closed} -POPC/cholesterol and S^{open} -POPC/cholesterol systems.

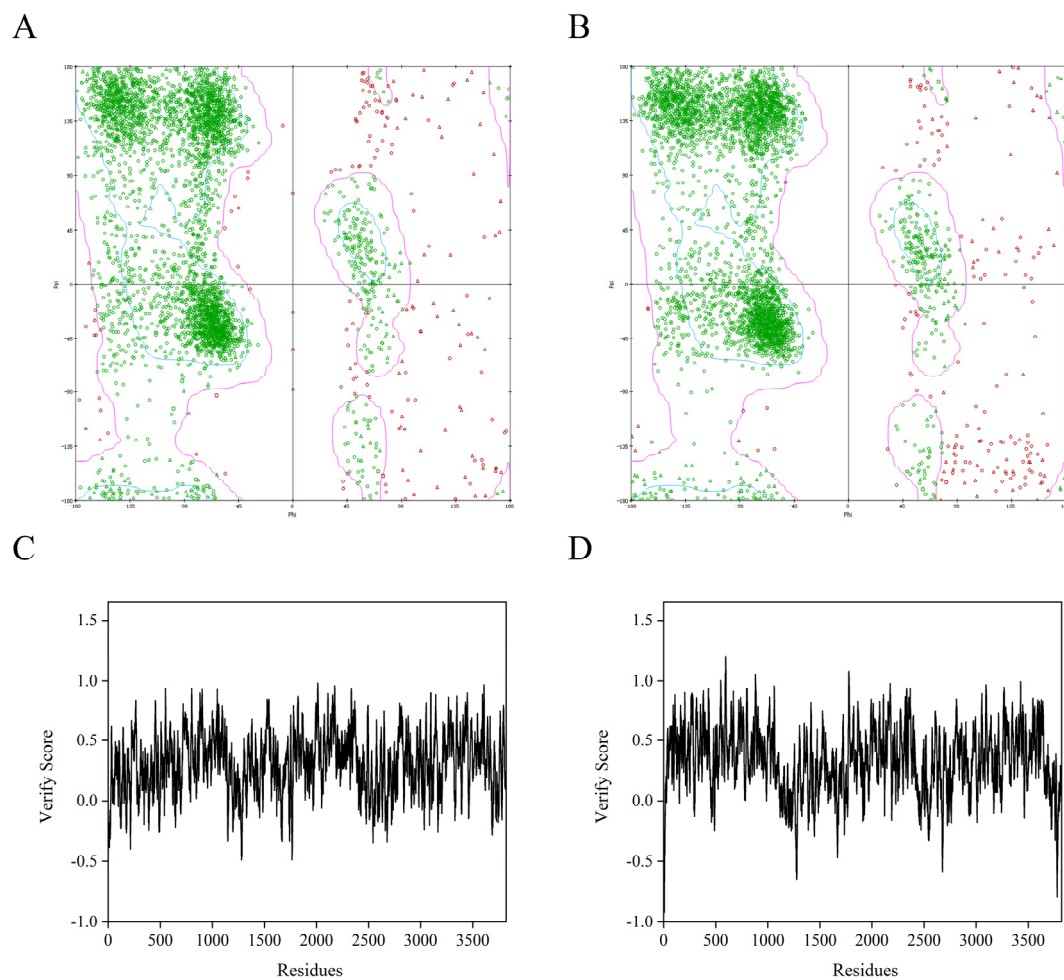


Figure S2. The Ramachandran plots of (A) S^{closed} and (B) S^{open} . The Profile-3D plots of (C) S^{closed} and (D) S^{open} . The homology modeling structures of S^{closed} and S^{open} are associated with 90% residues being in allowed region of Ramachandran plot (Procheck program) and 90% residues exhibiting reasonable folding (Profile-3D program).

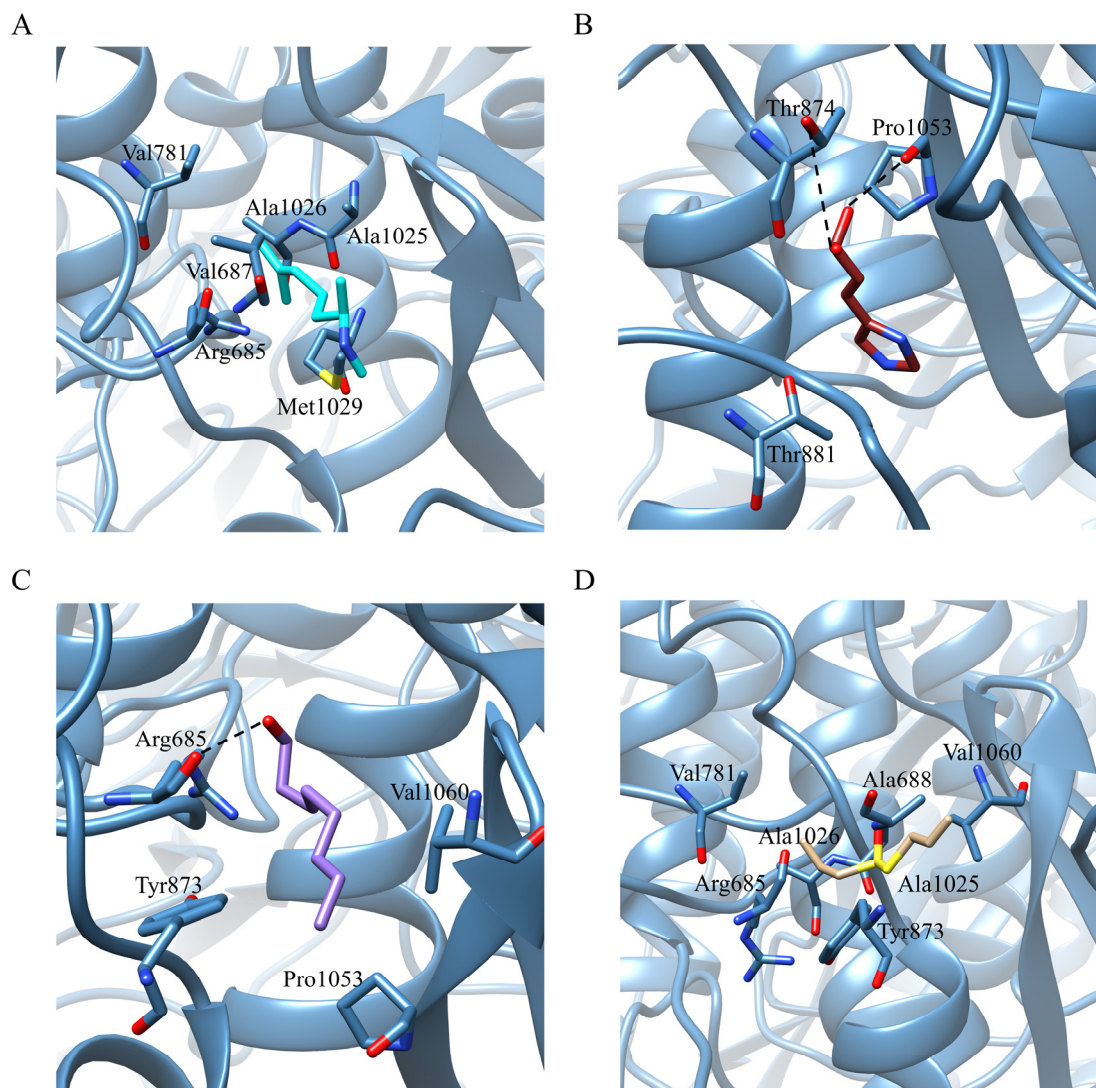


Figure S3. The binding interface of S^{closed} structure and (A) isomethheptene, (B) urocanic acid, (C) 1-octanol and (D) allicin. The key residues are represented by stick models, and the important H-bonding interactions are labeled in the black lines.

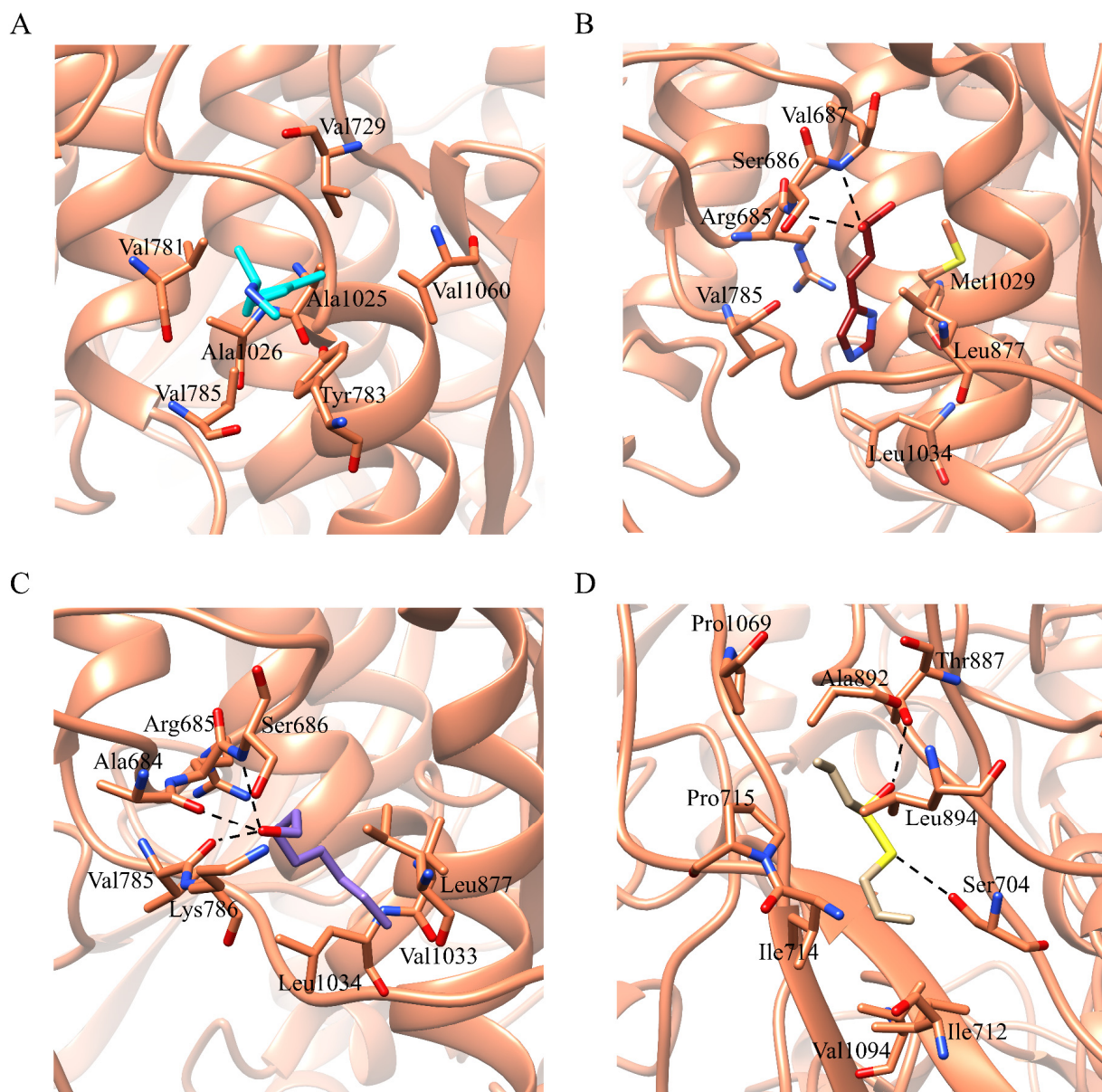


Figure S4. The binding interface of *Sopen* structure and (A) isomethheptene, (B) urocanic acid, (C) 1-octanol and (D) allicin. The key residues are represented by stick models, and the important H-bonding interactions are labeled in the black lines.

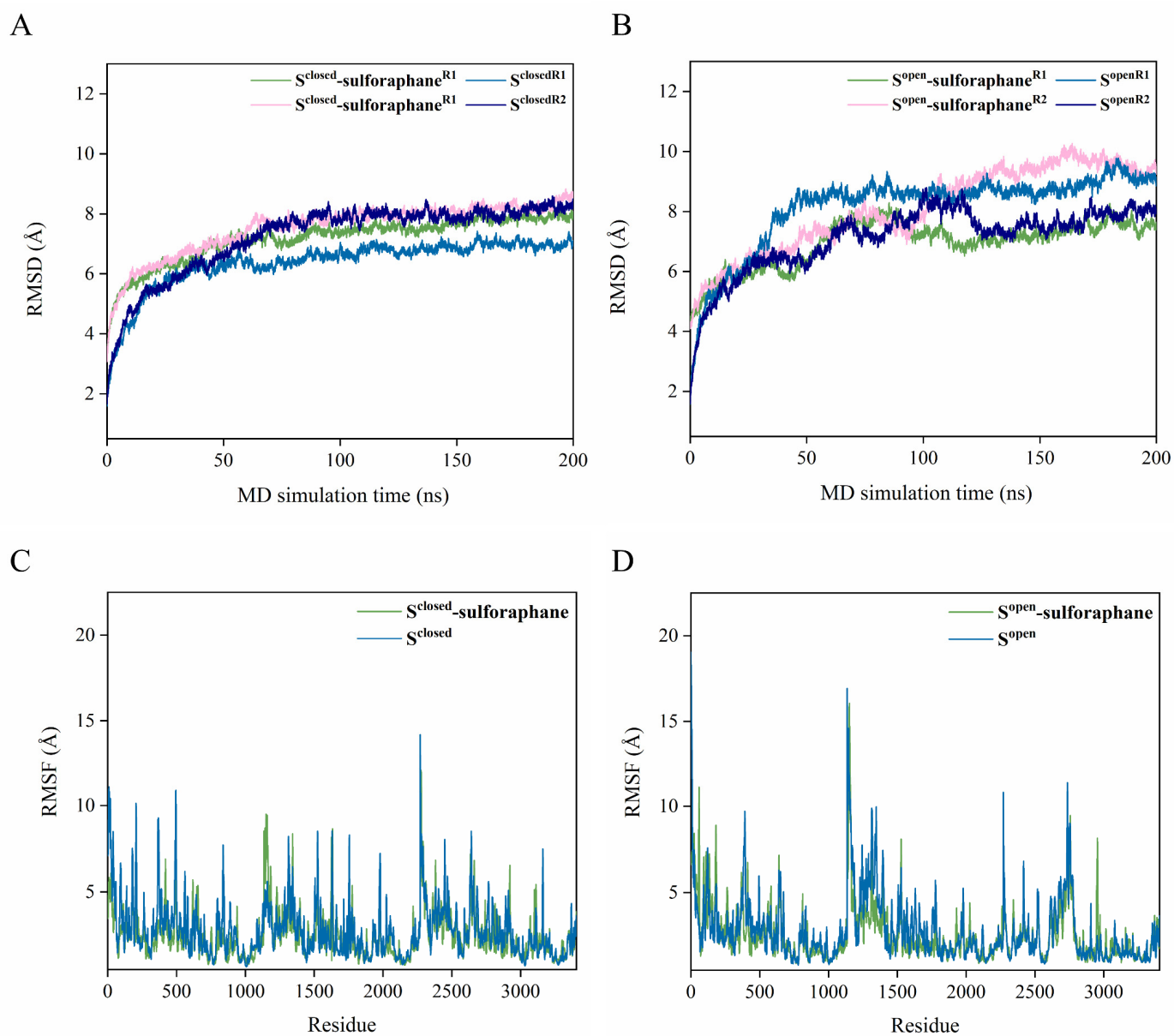


Figure S5. RMSD of various systems: (A) S^{closed} and (B) S^{open} . RMSF per residue for various systems: (C) S^{closed} and (D) S^{open} .