

SUPPLEMENTARY MATERIALS

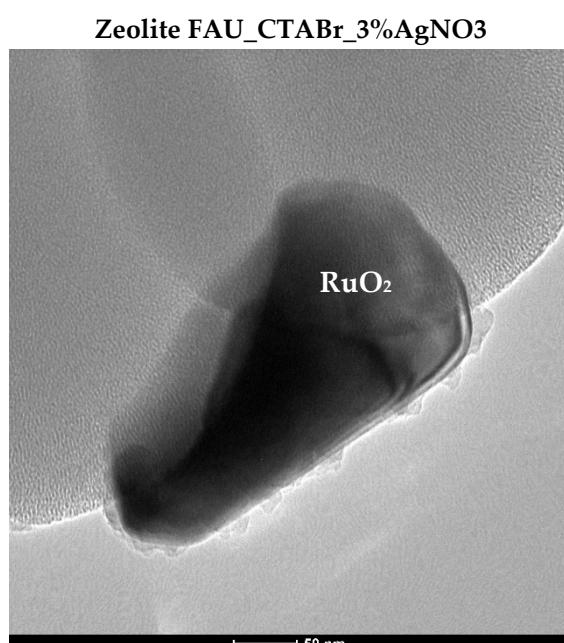
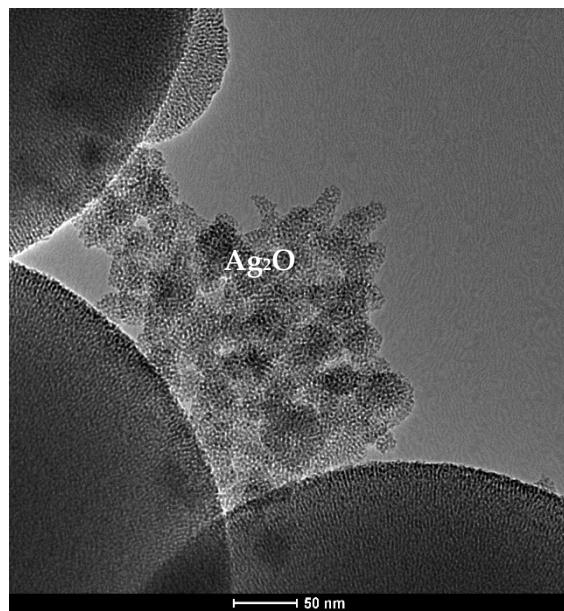
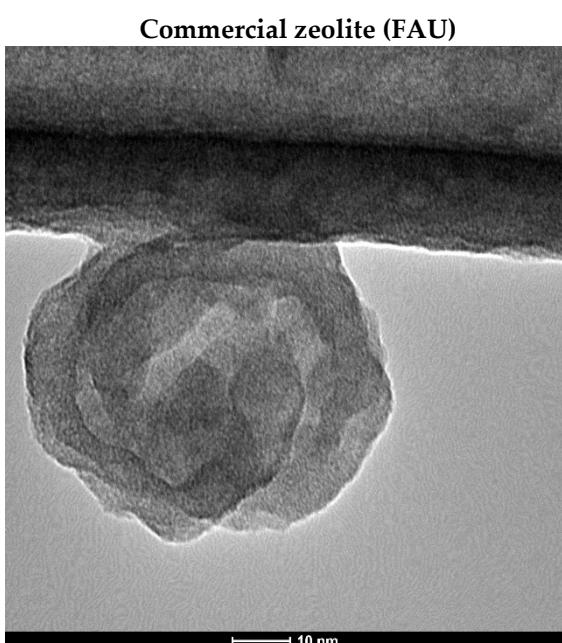
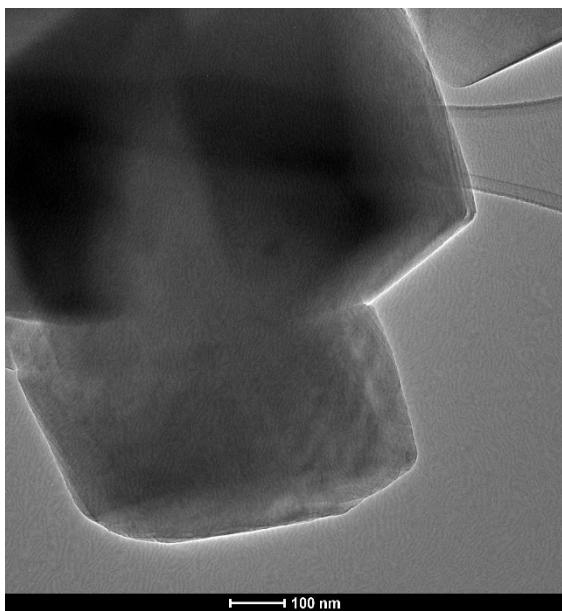
Photoremoval of Bisphenol a Using Hierarchical Zeolites and Diatom Biosilica

Jagoda Chudzińska¹, Bartosz Woźniak¹, Myroslav Sprynskyy², Izabela Nowak¹ and Agnieszka Feliczak-Guzik^{1,*}

¹ Faculty of Chemistry, Adam Mickiewicz University in Poznań, Uniwersytetu Poznańskiego 8, 61-614 Poznań, Poland;

² Faculty of Chemistry, Nicolaus Copernicus University in Toruń, 7 Gagarina Str., 87-100 Toruń, Poland

* Correspondence: agaguzik@amu.edu.pl; Tel.: +48-618-291-747



Zeolite FAU_CTABr_Ru

Figure S1. Transmission electron microscopy (TEM) images.

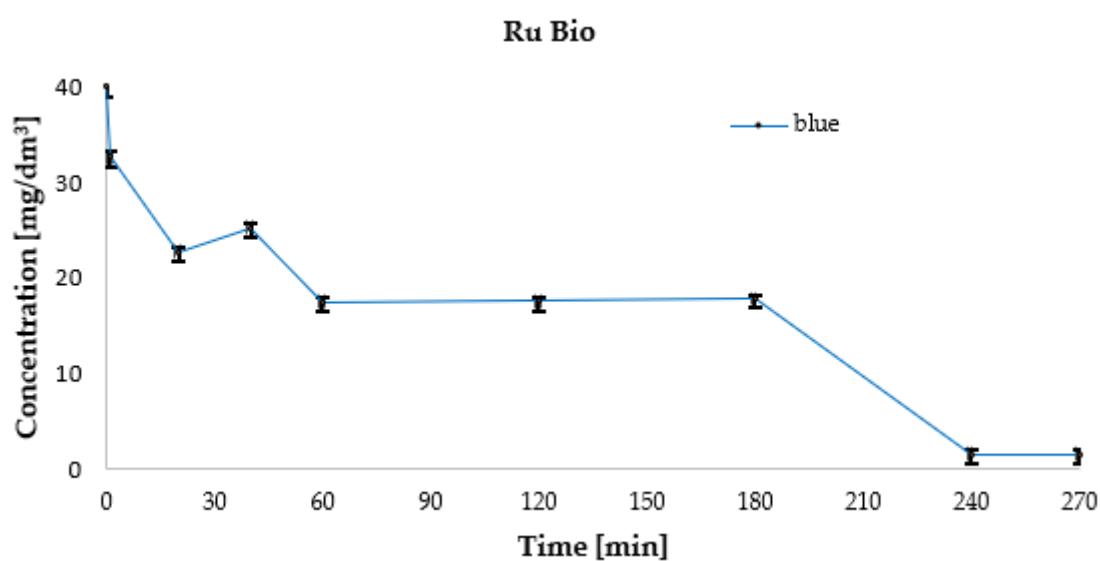
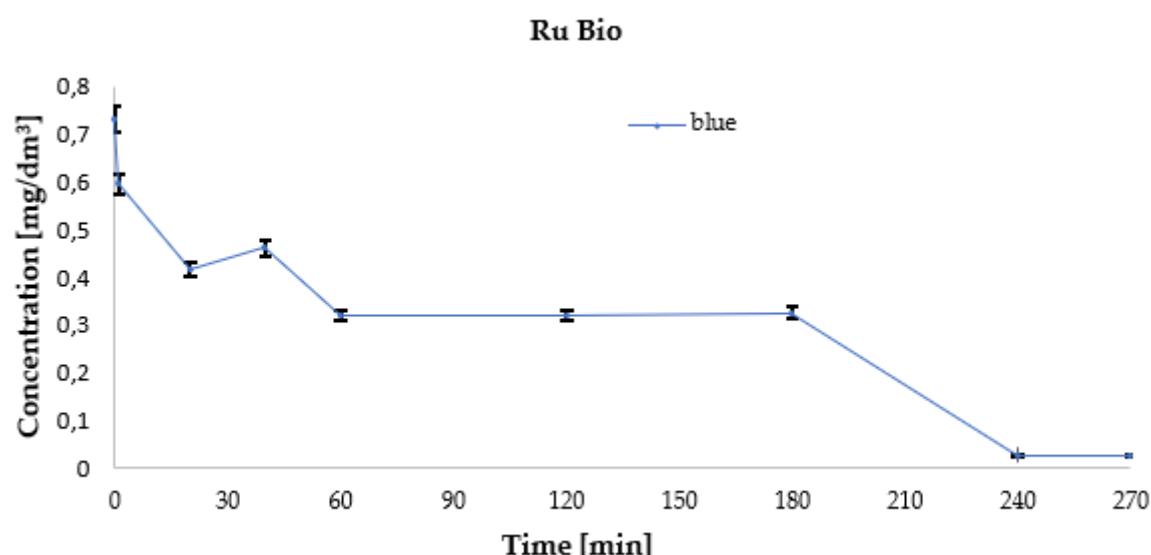


Figure S2. Time dependence of absorbance/concentration for 40 mg/dm³ bisphenol A solutions under blue light irradiation at 25 °C, pH 7 in the presence of ruthenium ion- modified biosilica.

Photocatalytic removal of bisphenol A using a hierarchical zeolite based on FAU-type commercial zeolite modified with ruthenium ions

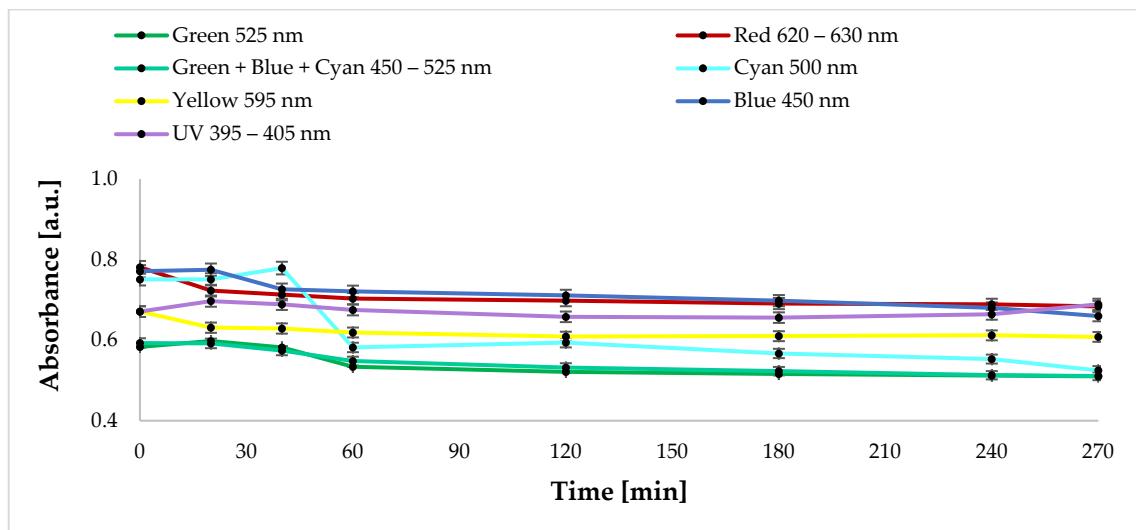


Figure S3. Time dependence of absorbance for 40 mg/dm³ bisphenol A solutions under light irradiation at 25 °C, pH 7 using a hierarchical zeolite based on FAU-type commercial zeolite modified with ruthenium ions.

Photocatalytic removal of bisphenol A using a hierarchical zeolite based on FAU-type commercial zeolite modified with silver ions

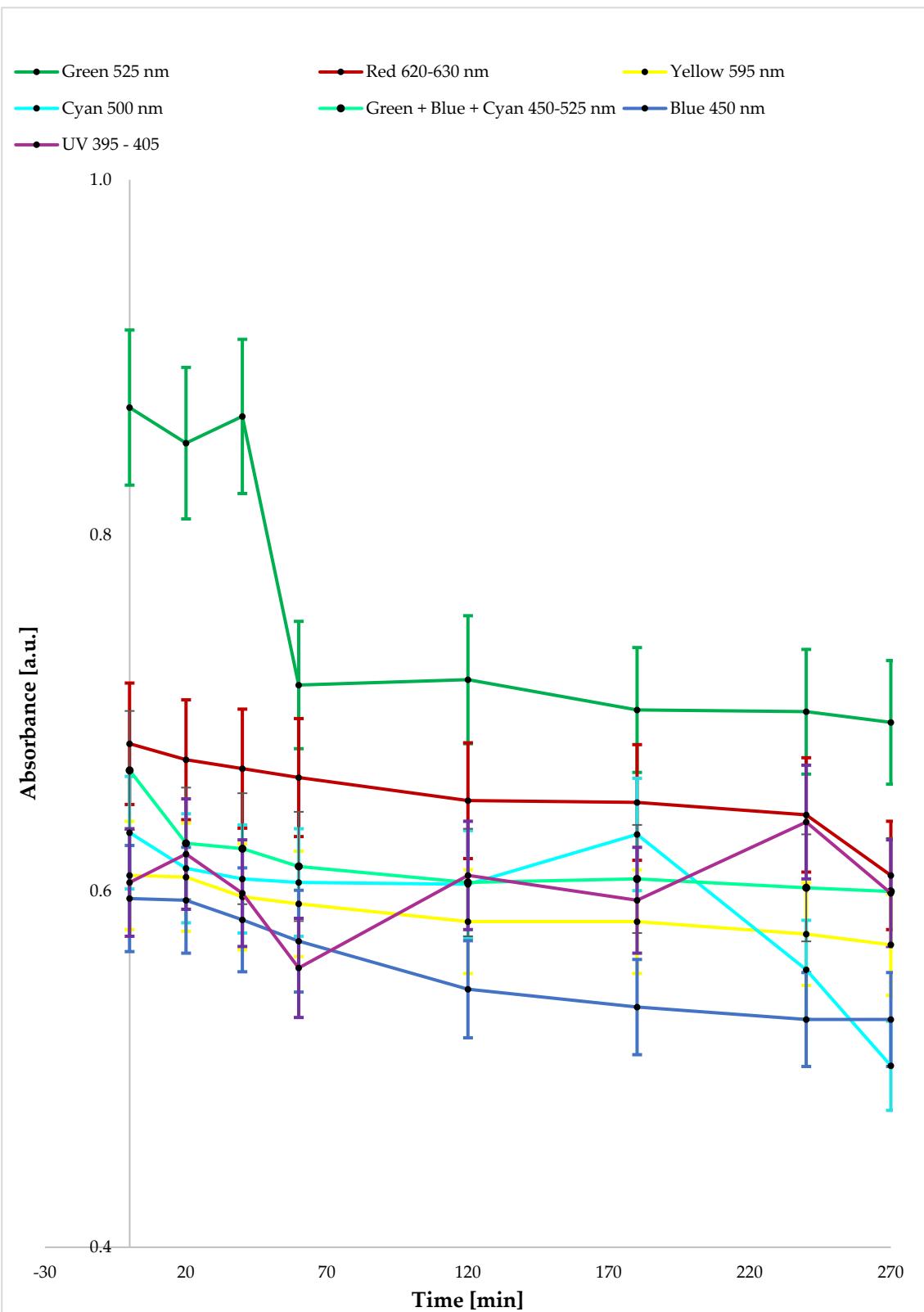


Figure S4. Time dependence of absorbance for 40 mg/dm³ bisphenol A solutions under light irradiation at 25 °C, pH 7 using a hierarchical zeolite based on FAU-type commercial zeolite modified with silver ions.

Photocatalytic removal of bisphenol A using biosilica modified with ruthenium ions

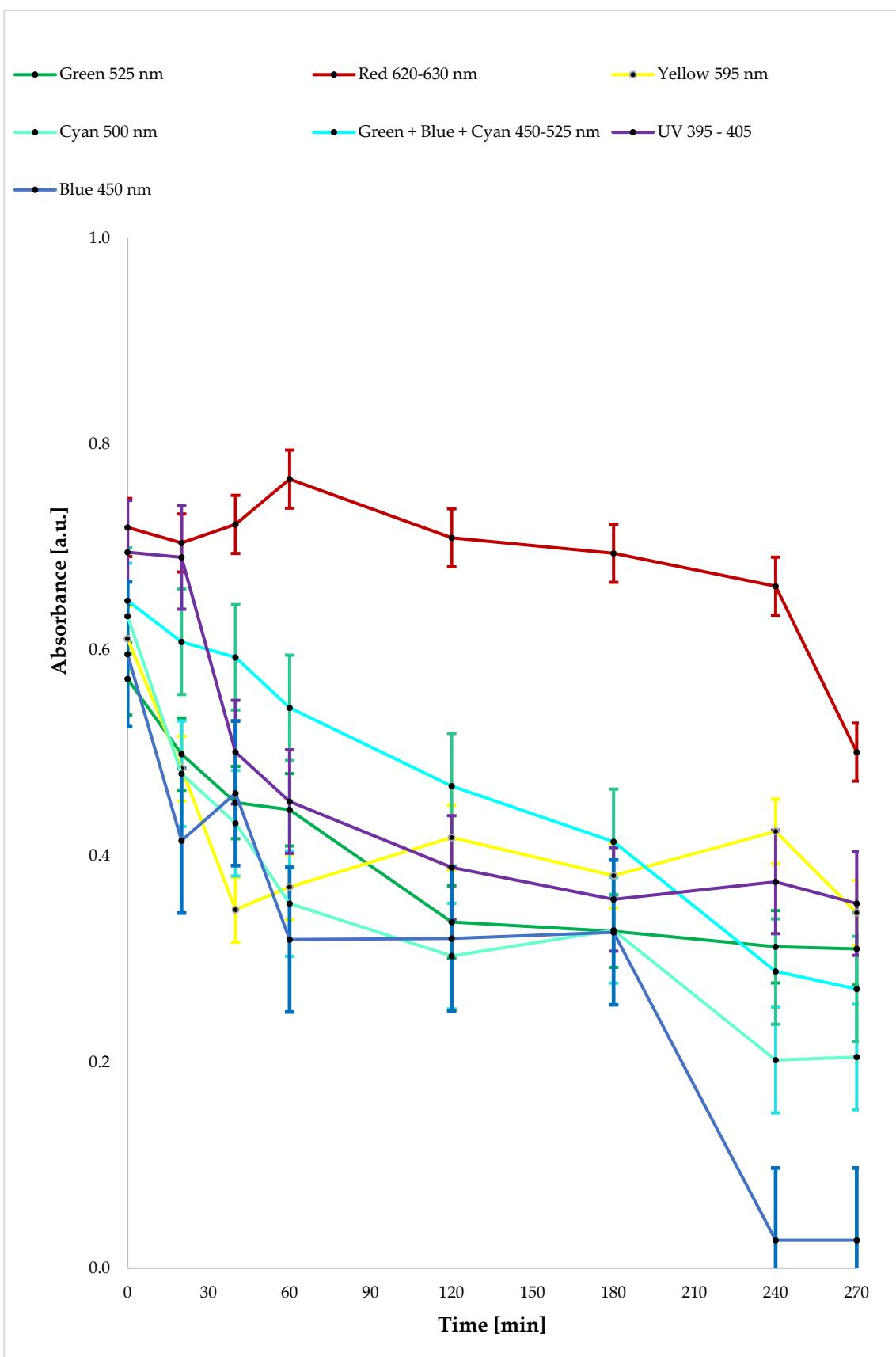


Figure S5. Time dependence of absorbance for 40 mg/dm³ bisphenol A solutions under light irradiation at 25 °C, pH 7 using biosilica modified with ruthenium ions.

Photocatalytic removal of bisphenol A using biosilica modified with silver ions

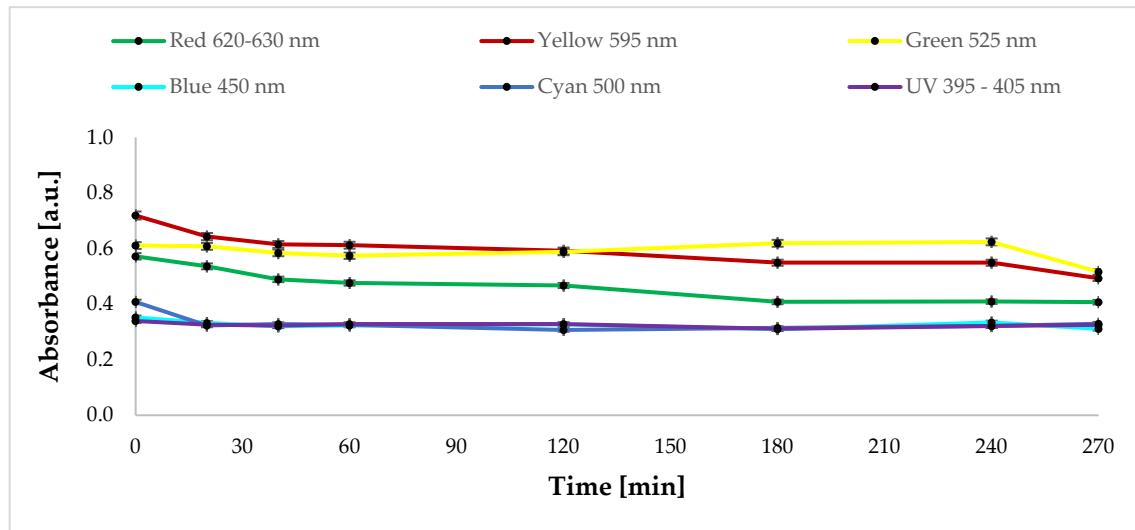


Figure S6. Time dependence of absorbance for 40 mg/dm³ bisphenol A solutions under light irradiation at 25 °C, pH 7 using biosilica modified with silver ions.

Photocatalytic removal of bisphenol A using biosilica (bio-SiO₂)

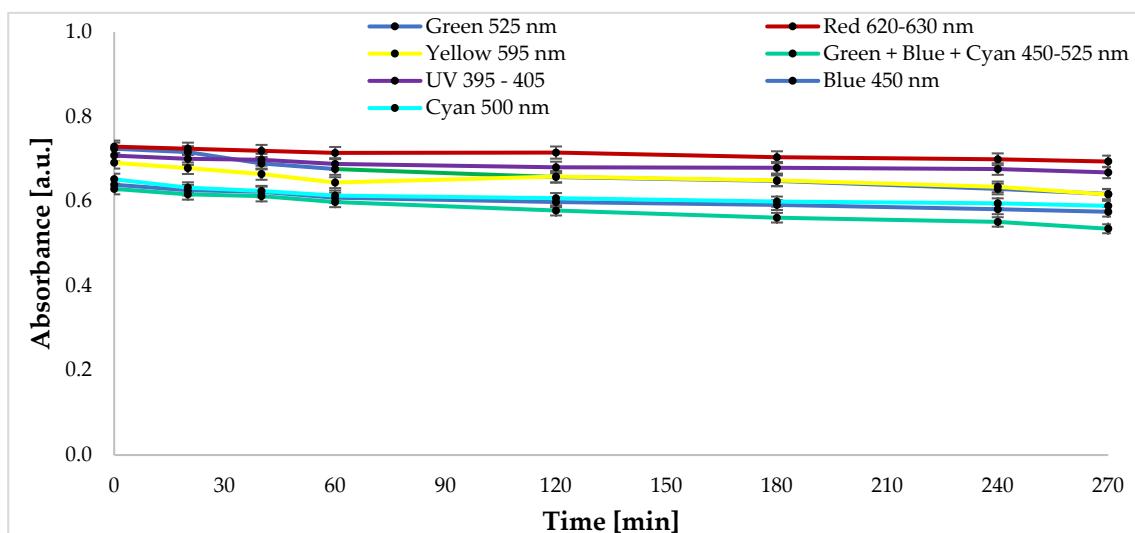


Figure S7. Time dependence of absorbance for 40 mg/dm³ bisphenol A solutions under blue light irradiation at 25 °C, pH 7 using biosilica.

Photocatalytic removal of bisphenol A using commercial zeolite - FAU

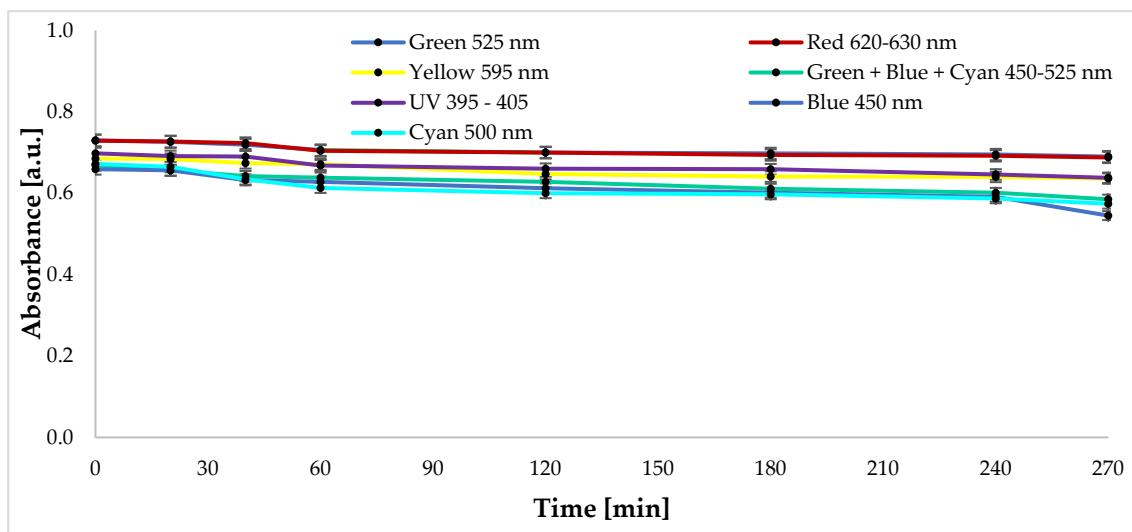


Figure S8. Time dependence of absorbance for 40 mg/dm³ bisphenol A solutions under light irradiation at 25 °C, pH 7 using commercial zeolite – FAU.

Photocatalytic removal of bisphenol A without catalyst - blank

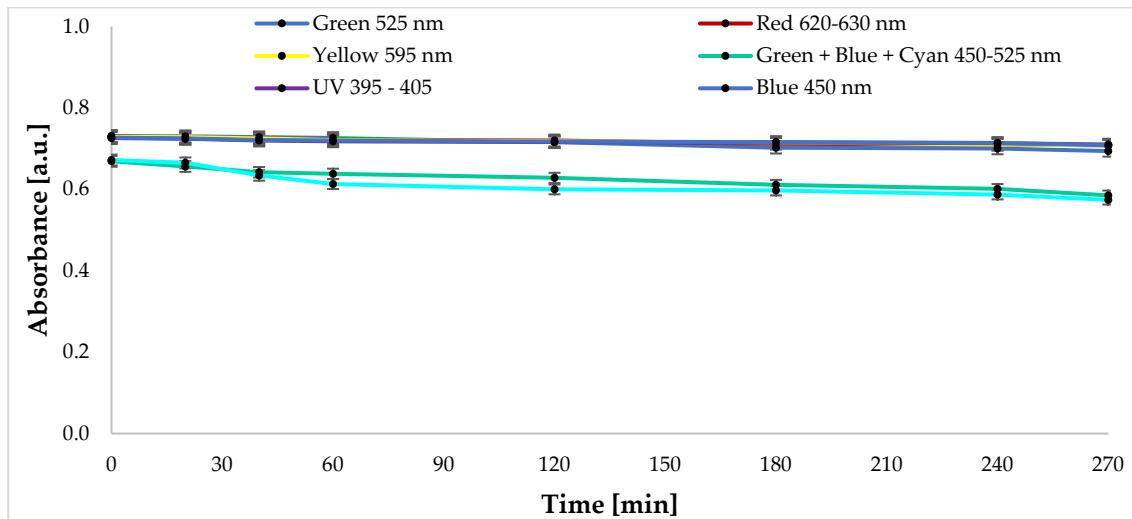


Figure S9. Time dependence of absorbance for 40 mg/dm³ bisphenol A solutions under blue light irradiation at 25 °C, pH 7 without catalyst (blank).

Leaching tests

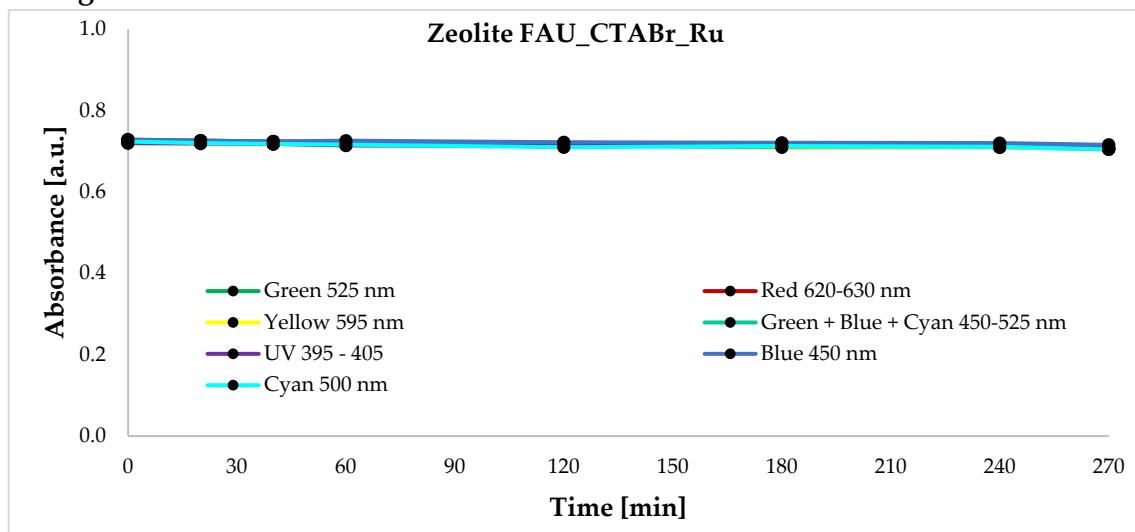


Figure S10. Leaching test – Zeolite FAU_xCTABr_xRu; T = 25 °C; pH 7.

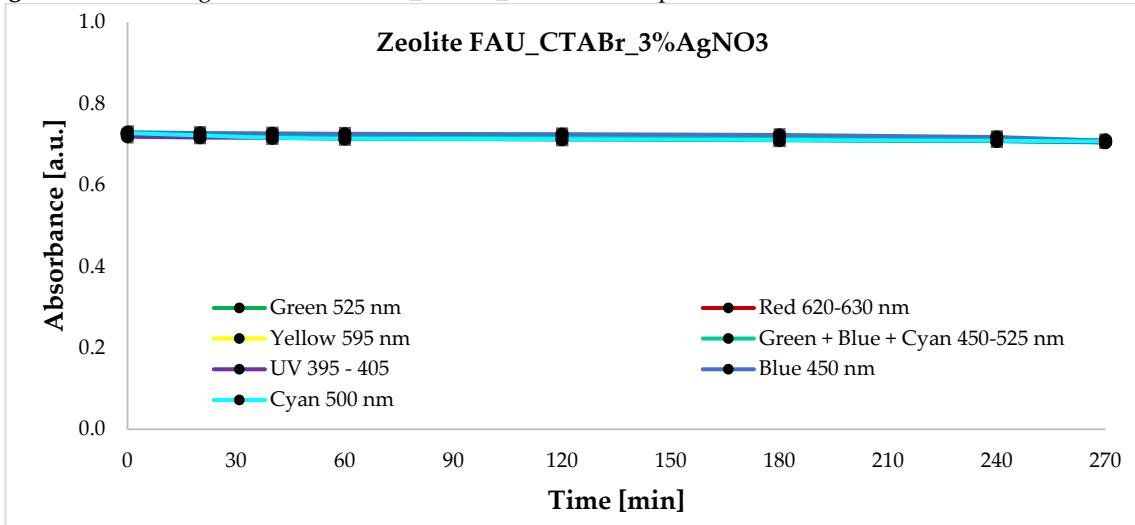


Figure S11. Leaching test – Zeolite FAU_xCTABr_x3%AgNO₃; T = 25 °C; pH 7.

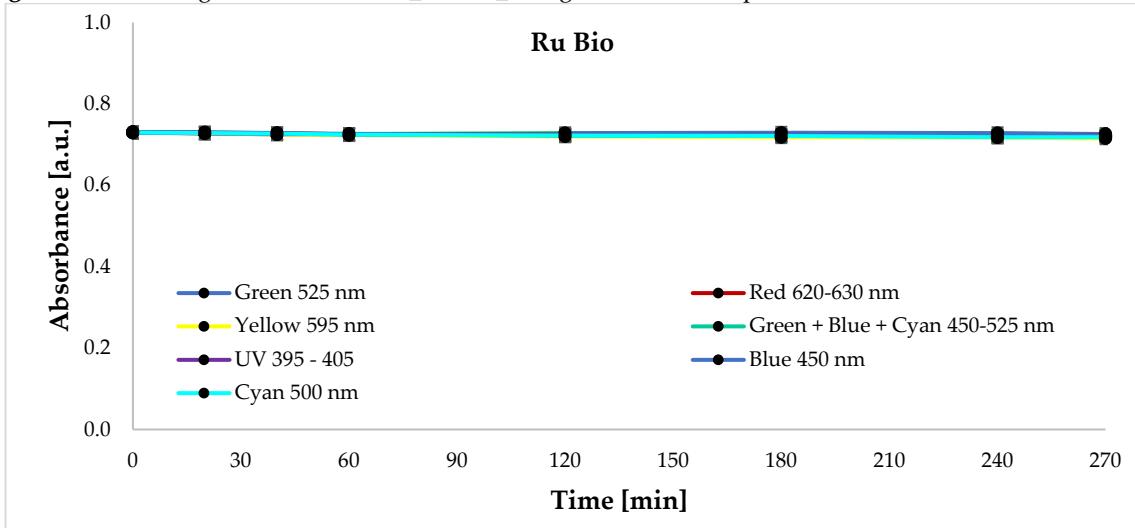


Figure S12. Leaching test – Ru Bio; T = 25 °C; pH 7.

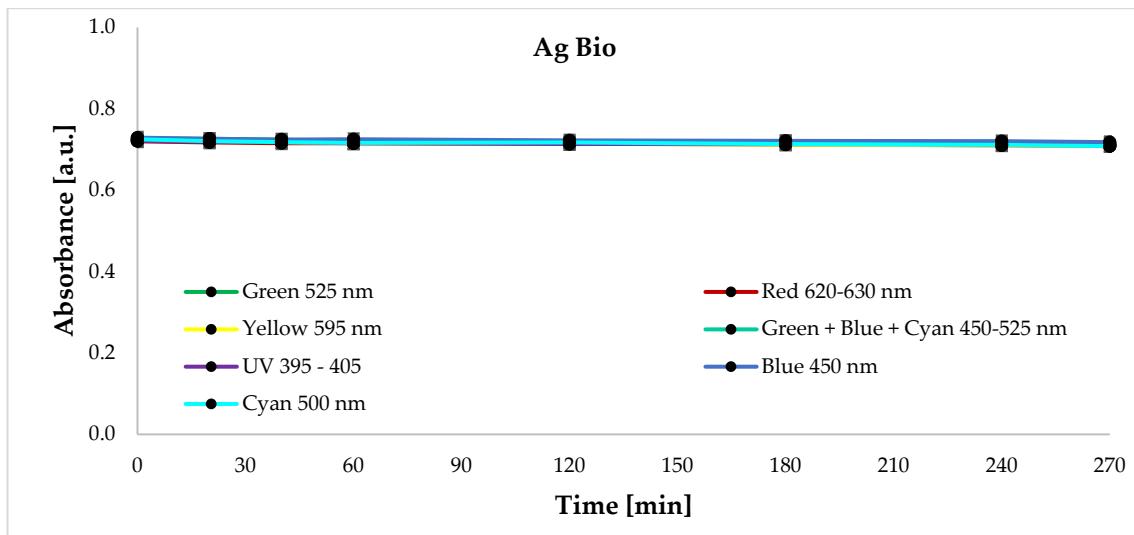


Figure S13. Leaching test – Ag Bio; T = 25 °C; pH 7.

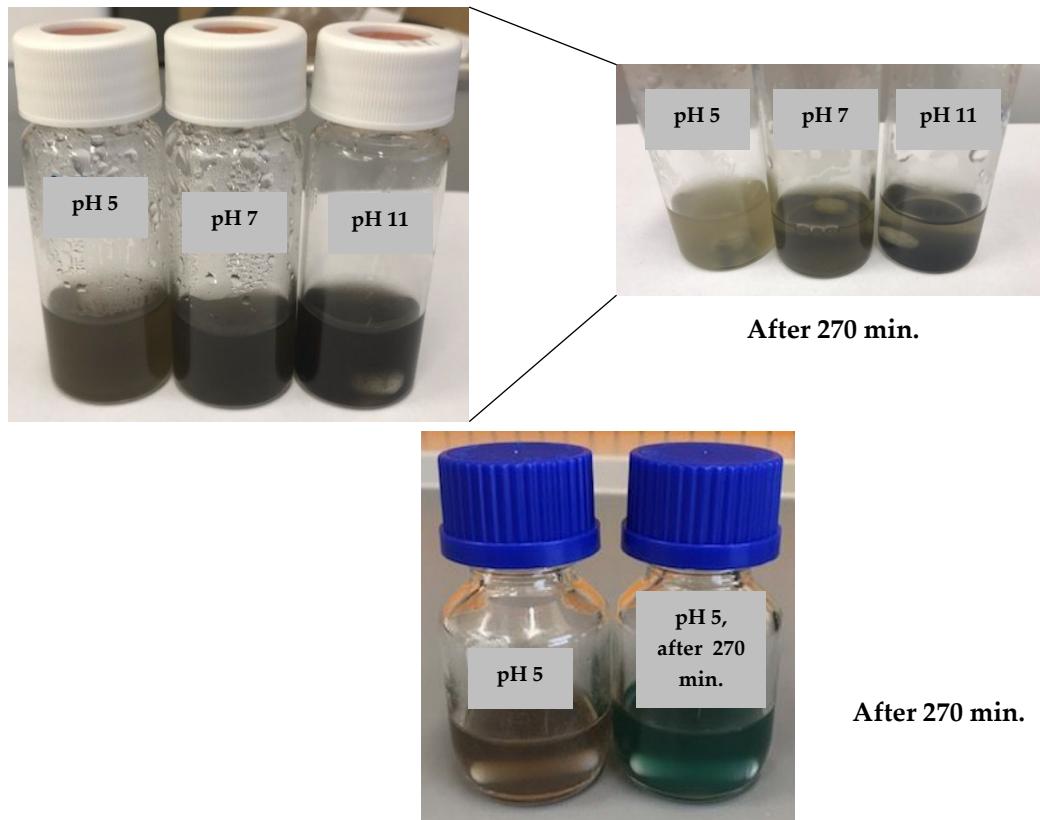
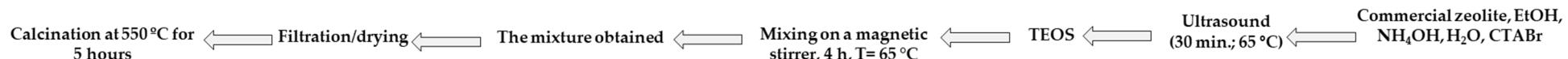


Figure S14. Effect pH on the photocatalytic **removal** of bisphenol A for ruthenium ion-modified diatom biosilica - Color change of bisphenol solution over time (T = 25 °C; green+blue+cyan light irradiation, at different solution pH values).

STAGE 1



STAGE 2

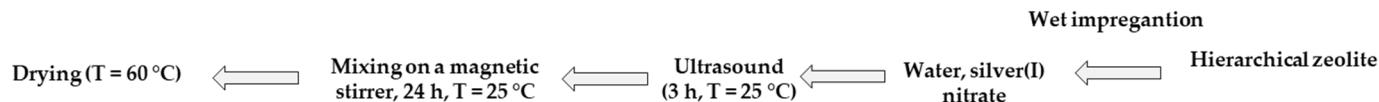


Figure S15. Synthesis of hierarchical zeolites based on FAU-type commercial zeolite modified with silver ions.

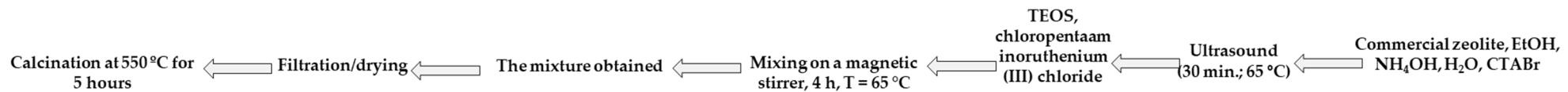


Figure S16. Synthesis of hierarchical zeolites based on FAU-type commercial zeolite modified with ruthenium ions.

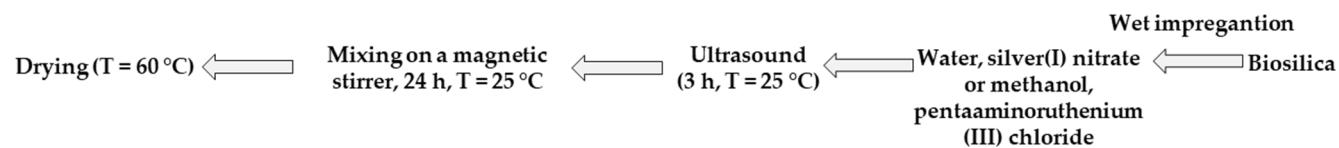
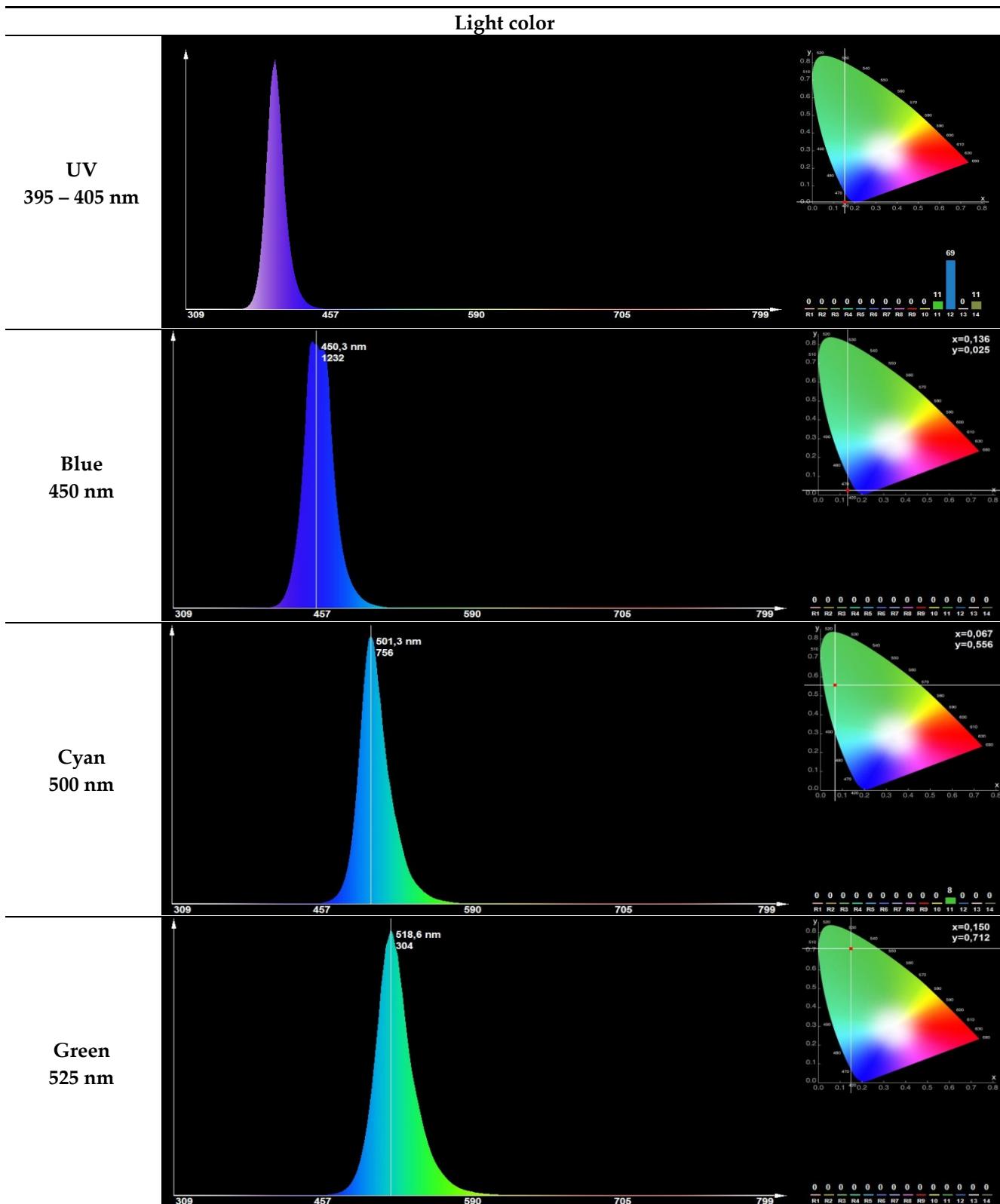


Figure S17. Synthesis of biosilica modified with silver ions or ruthenium ions.

Emission spectra of monochromatic light sources



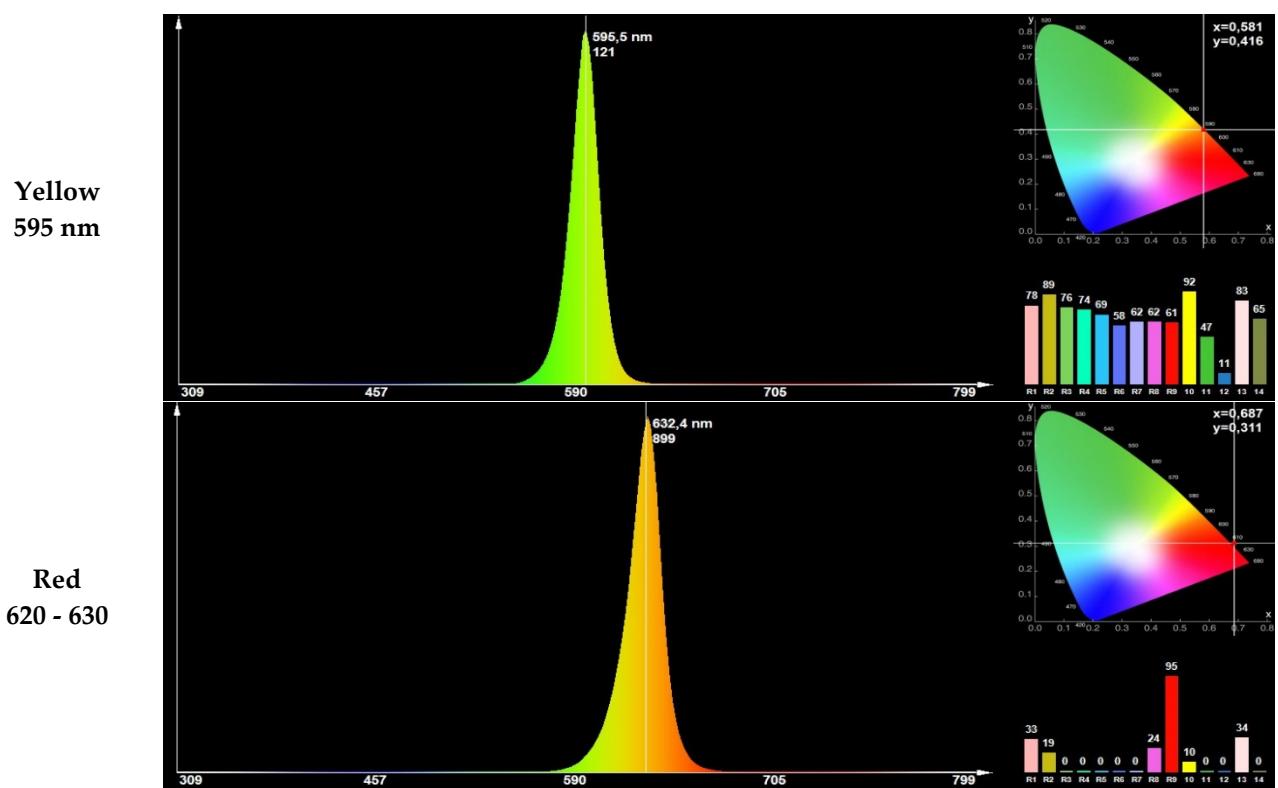


Figure S18. Emission spectra of monochromatic light sources - based on LED distributor data.