

Water-Soluble Chalcogenide W₆-Clusters: On the Way to Biomedical Applications

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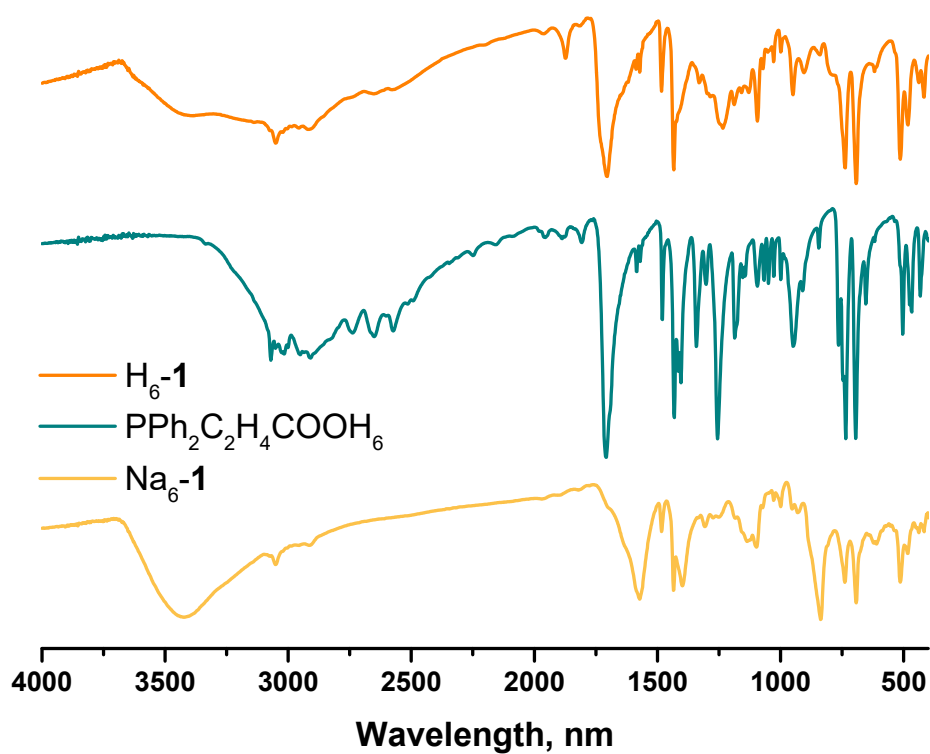


Figure S1. FTIR spectra of H₆-1, Na₆-1, in comparison with PPh₂C₂H₄COOH.

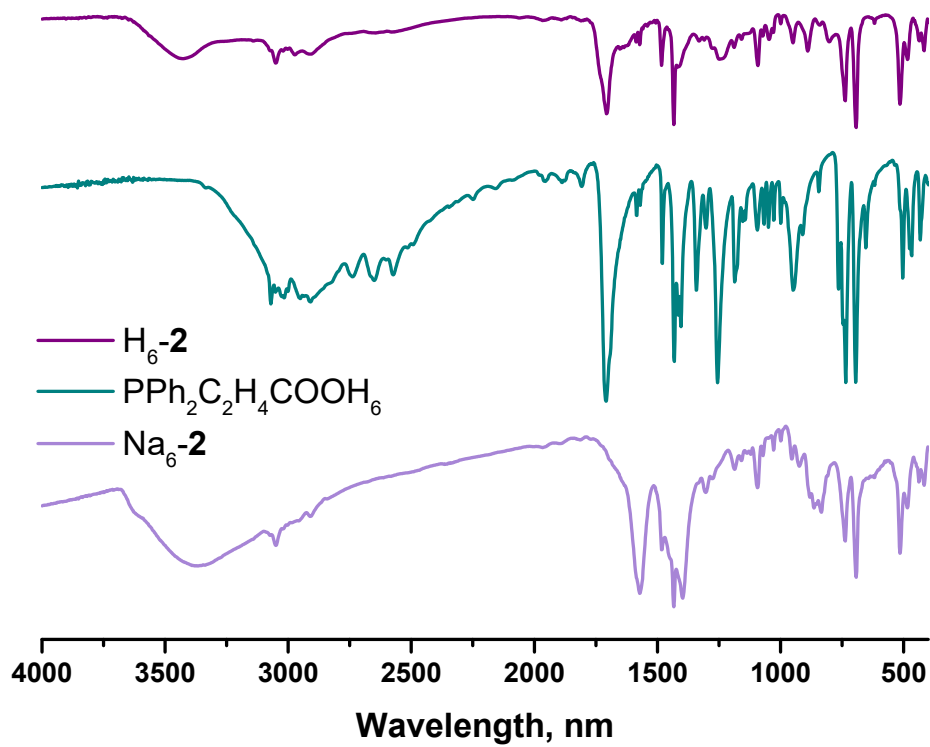


Figure S2. FTIR spectra of H₆-2, Na₆-2 in comparison with PPh₂C₂H₄COOH.

Table S1. Selected crystallographic parameters of the single-crystal X-ray diffraction structural analysis for H₆-1·7H₂O·2.5Et₂O, H₆-2·3H₂O·Et₂O and Na₆-1·7.5H₂O·Me₂CO

Compound	H ₆ -1·7H ₂ O·2.5Et ₂ O	H ₆ -2·3H ₂ O·Et ₂ O	Na ₆ -1·7.5H ₂ O·Me ₂ CO
Empirical formula	C ₉₈ H ₁₂₄ O _{21.5} P ₆ S ₈ W ₆	C ₉₄ H ₁₀₀ O ₁₆ P ₆ Se ₈ W ₆	C ₉₃ H ₁₀₅ Na ₆ O _{20.5} P ₆ S ₈ W ₆
Formula weight	3191.36	3406.33	3234.10
Temperature, K	150(2)	150(2)	150(2)
Crystal system	triclinic	triclinic	triclinic
Space group	$P \bar{1}$	$P \bar{1}$	$P \bar{1}$
a , Å	14.2426(2)	14.3920(4)	14.1628(11)
b , Å	15.2223(3)	15.2716(4)	15.2892(11)
c , Å	17.0620(3)	17.2025(5)	17.1646(13)
α , °	98.507(1)	96.687(1)	76.380(2)
β , °	108.605(1)	110.668(1)	72.995(2)
γ , °	114.885(1)	115.038(1)	71.046(2)
V , Å ³	3004.13(9)	3043.49(15)	3320.8(4)
Z	1	1	1
ρ_{calc} , g/cm ³	1.764	1.859	1.617
μ , mm ⁻¹	5.999	8.168	5.445
$F(000)$	1546	1598	1555
Crystal size	0.17 × 0.07 × 0.04	0.25 × 0.09 × 0.05	0.30 × 0.16 × 0.01
2 Θ range for data collection, °	2.363 – 27.572	2.304 – 27.234	1.761 – 26.692
Index ranges	−18 ≤ h ≤ 18	−18 ≤ h ≤ 18	−17 ≤ h ≤ 17
	−19 ≤ k ≤ 19	−19 ≤ k ≤ 19	−19 ≤ k ≤ 19
	−22 ≤ l ≤ 21	−22 ≤ l ≤ 21	−18 ≤ l ≤ 21
Reflections collected	28904	27490	27675
Independent reflections; [R_{int}]	13774; [0.0441]	13480; [0.0357]	13729; [0.0459]
Parameters refined	701	641	639
Goodness-of-fit on F^2	1.031	1.049	1.094
R_1 / wR_2 ($I > 2\sigma(I)$)	0.0417 / 0.0920	0.0392 / 0.1125	0.0618 / 0.1718
R_1 / wR_1 (all data)	0.0622 / 0.0975	0.0653 / 0.1218	0.1004 / 0.1877
$\Delta\rho_{\text{max}}/\Delta\rho_{\text{min}}$ (e·Å ⁻³)	1.583 / −1.176	2.618 / −1.171	6.488 / −2.466

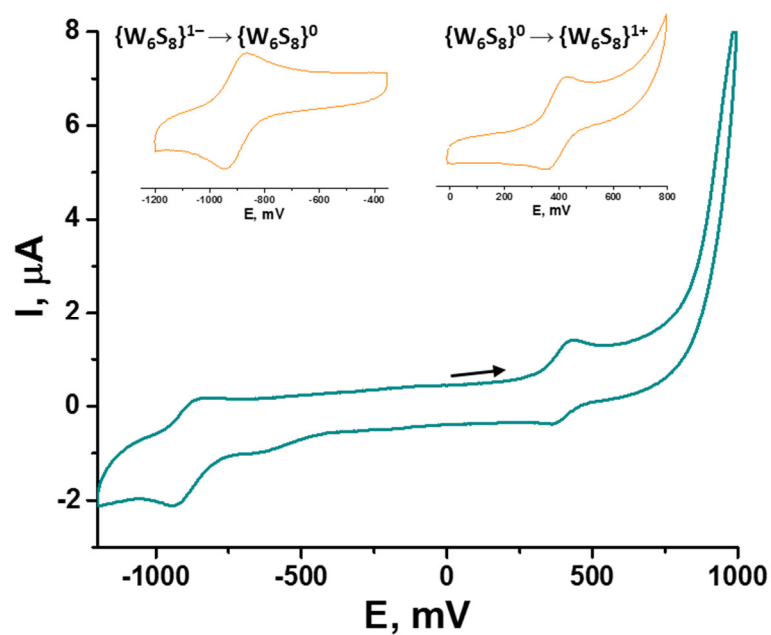


Figure S3. Cyclic voltammetry of the H₆-1 (0.5 mM) in 0.1 M Bu₄NClO₄ DMSO solution, scan rate – 100 mV/s. Reference electrode – Ag/AgCl/3.5 M KCl.

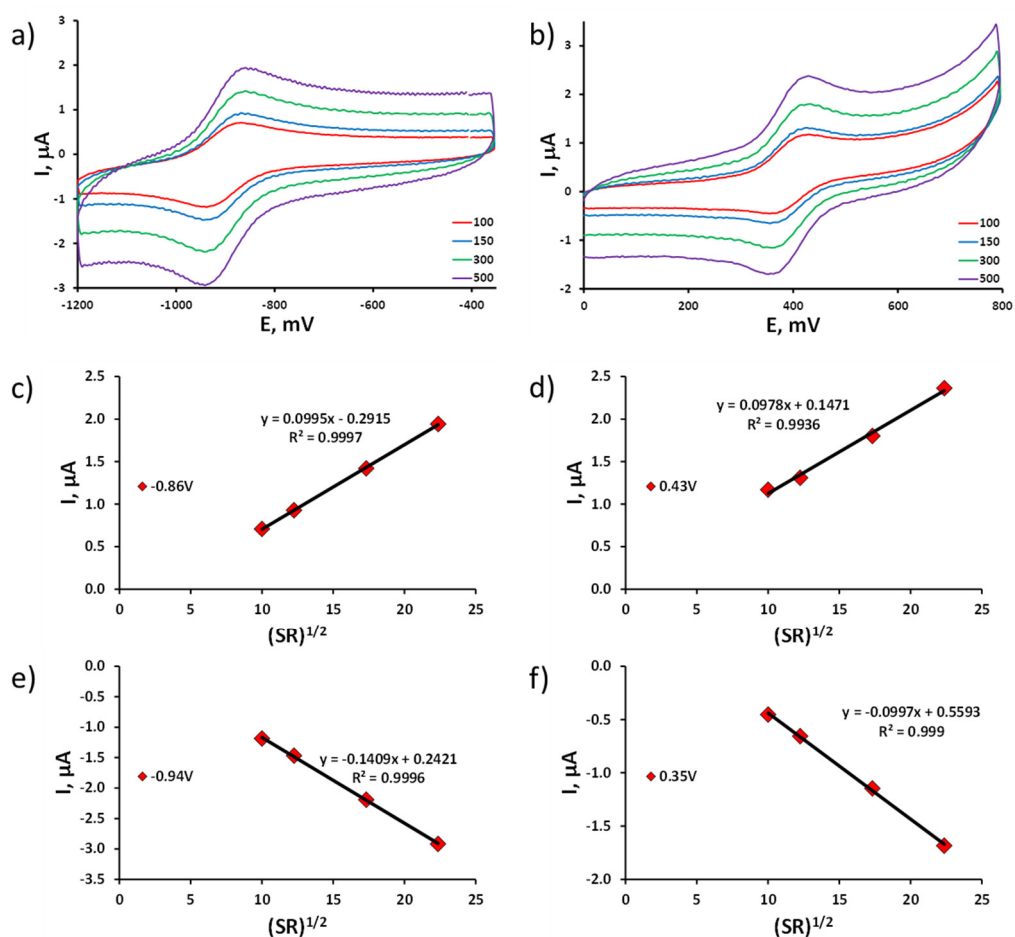


Figure S4. Cyclic voltammograms of H₆-1 at various scan rate (a,b) and linear dependence of the cathodic (c,d) and anodic (e,f) peak current upon square root of the potential scan rate.

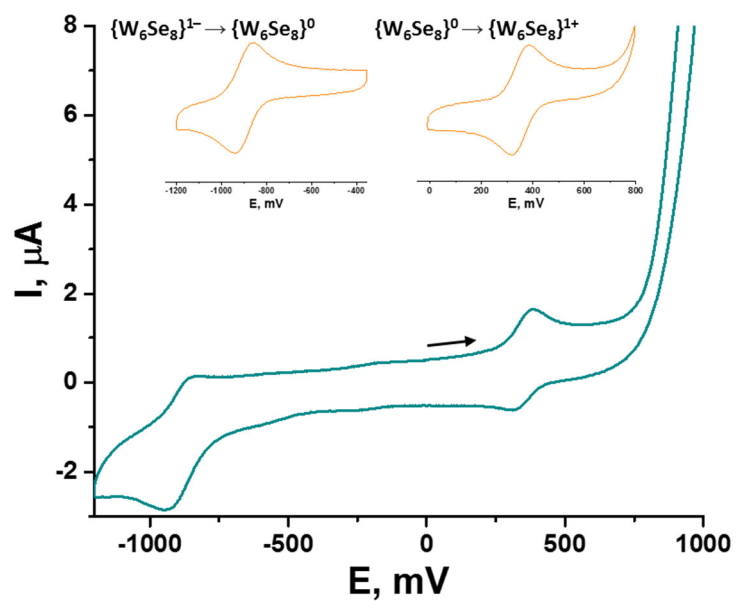


Figure S5. Cyclic voltammetry of the H₆-2 (0.5 mM) in 0.1 M Bu₄NClO₄ DMSO solution, scan rate – 100 mV/s. Reference electrode – Ag/AgCl/3.5 M KCl.

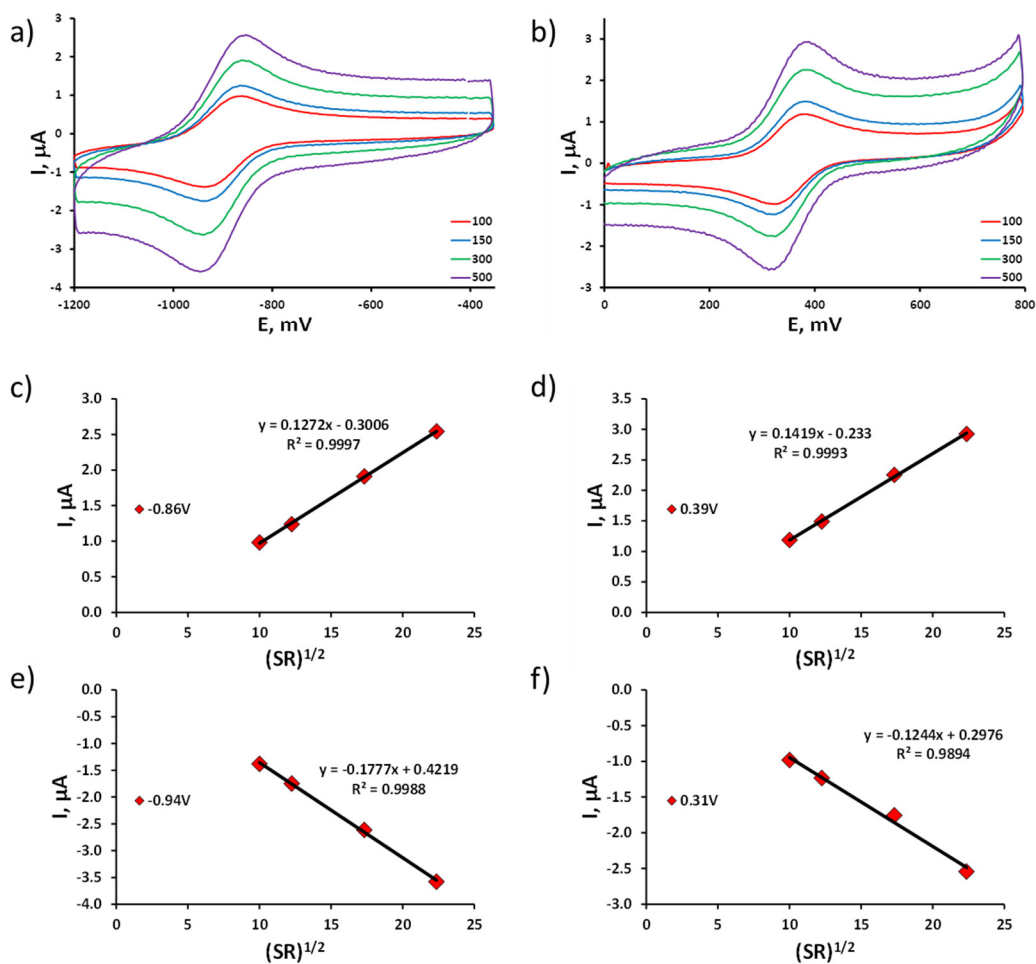


Figure S6. Cyclic voltammograms of H₆-2 at various scan rate (a,b) and linear dependence of the cathodic (c,d) and anodic (e,f) peak current upon square root of the potential scan rate.

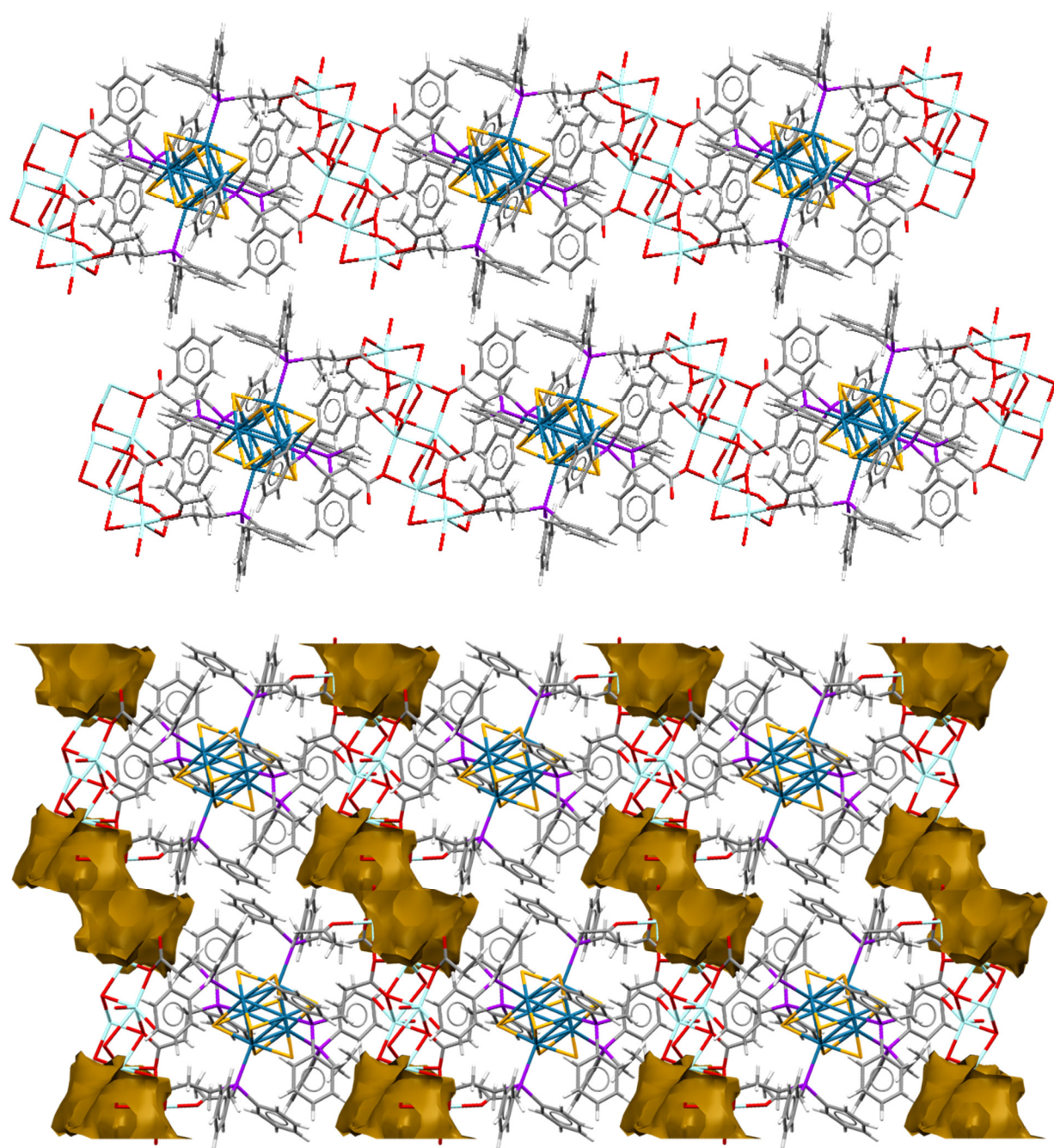


Figure S7. Chains -{alkali cations-cluster anions}- in Na₆-1 crystal structure (top) and shape of the solvent accessible surface of the voids, illustrated along the *a* axis, calculated by the Mercury CSD 2021.3.0 program with default parameters (1.2 Å probe radius, 0.7 Å approximate grind spacing) (bottom).

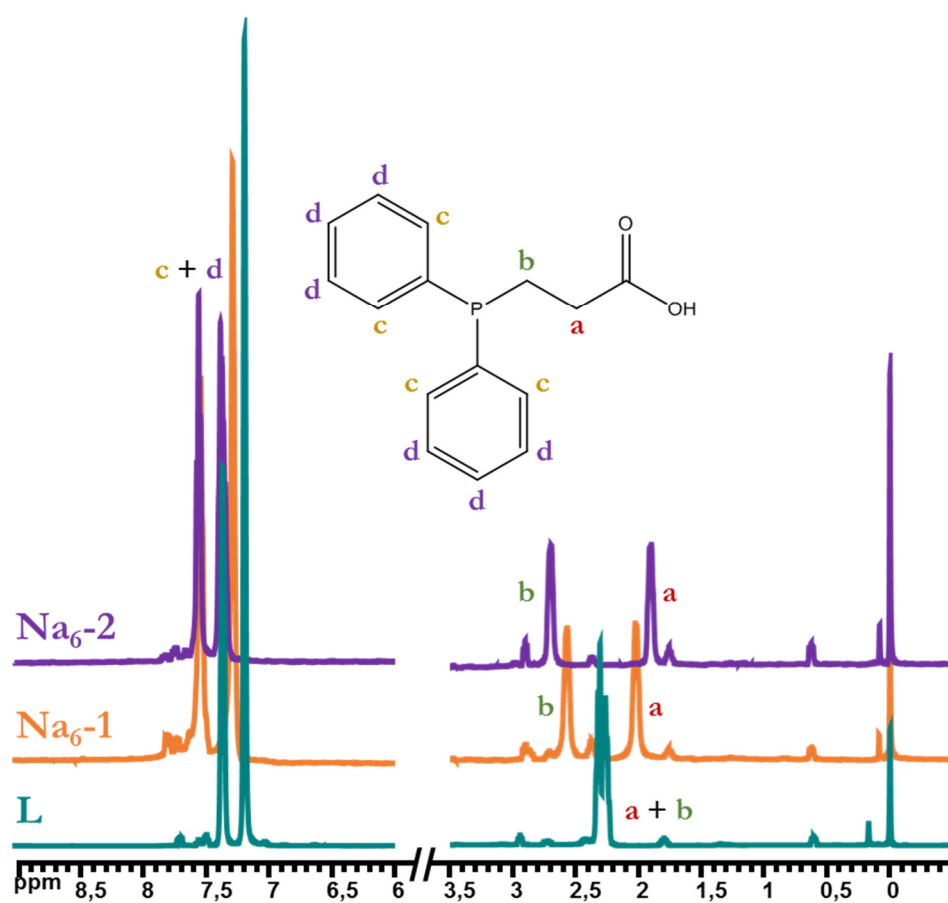


Figure S8. ^1H NMR spectra of Na₆-1 and Na₆-2 in D₂O in comparison with $\text{PPh}_2\text{C}_2\text{H}_4\text{COOH}$.

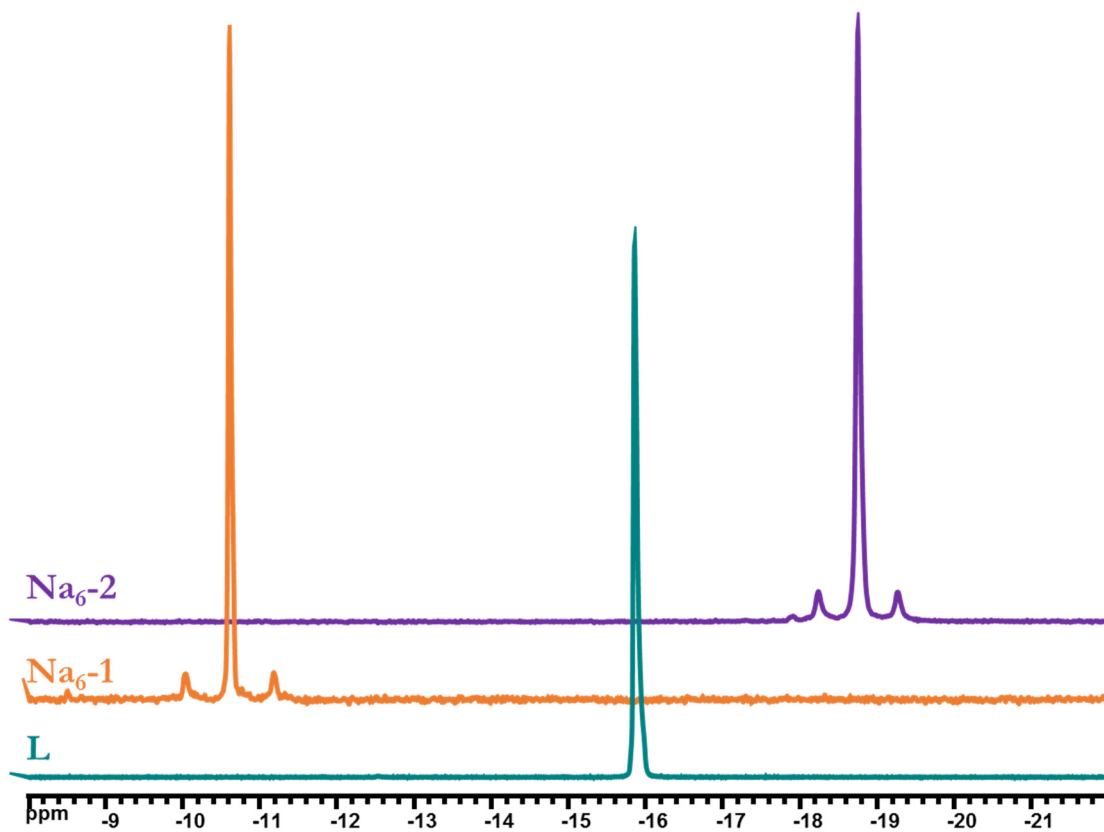


Figure S9. ^{31}P NMR spectra of Na₆-1 and Na₆-2 in D₂O in comparison with $\text{PPh}_2\text{C}_2\text{H}_4\text{COOH}$.

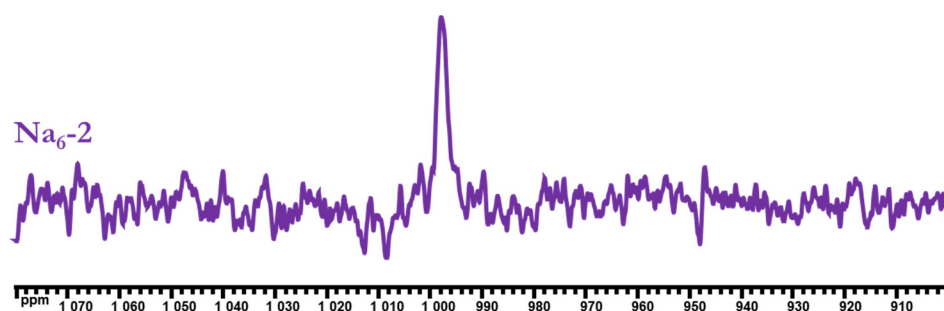


Figure S10. ^{77}Se NMR spectra Na₆-2 in D₂O.

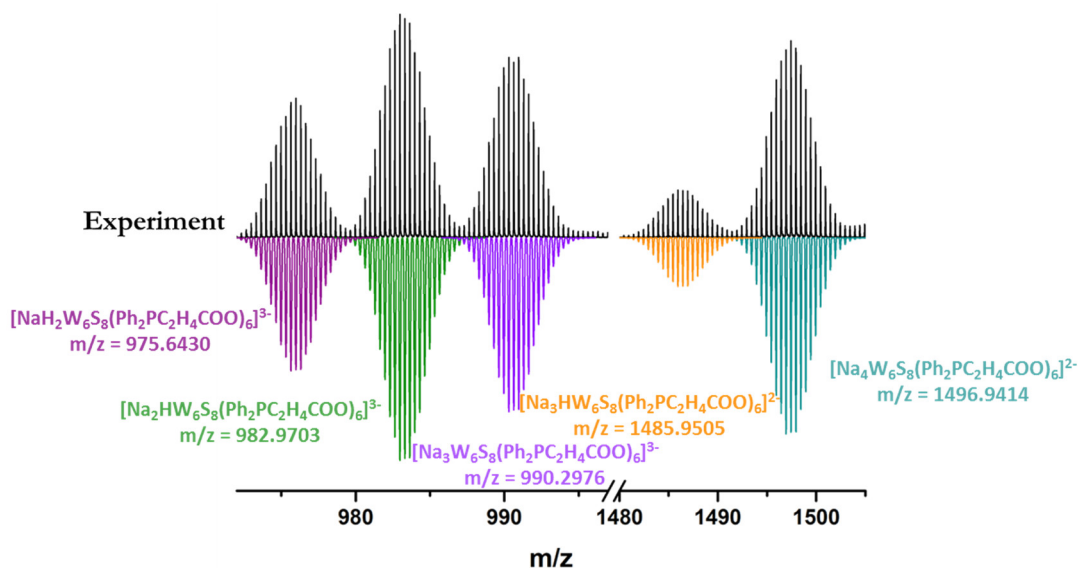


Figure S11. Fragments of mass-spectrum of Na₆-1 in aqueous solution (black) and simulated profiles of forms (colored).

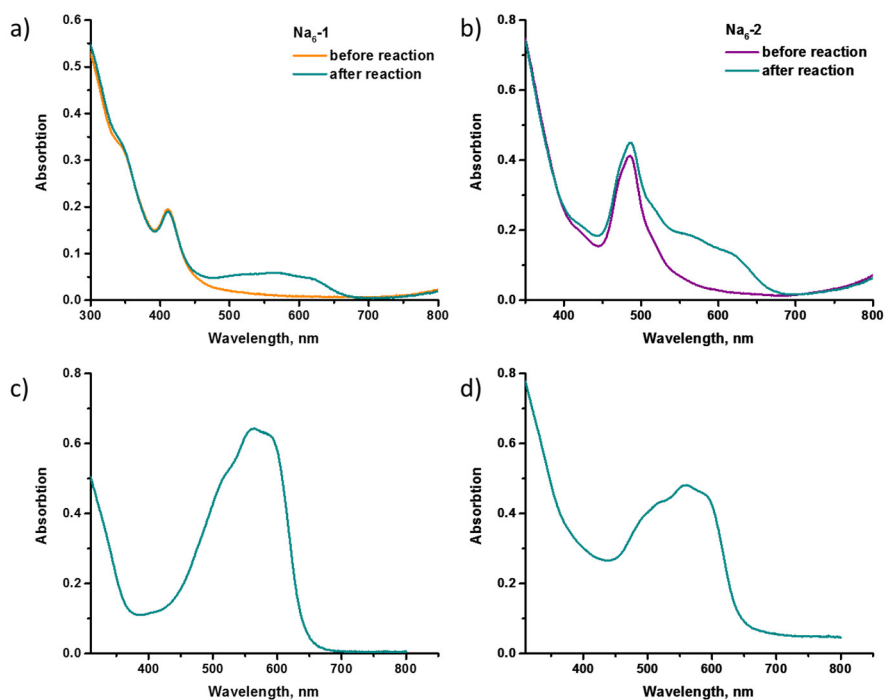


Figure S12. UV/Vis spectra of aqueous solutions of Na₆-1 (a) and Na₆-2 (b) after and before reactions with MTT and of violet precipitate after reaction with Na₆-1 (c) and Na₆-2 (d) in *i*PrOH.

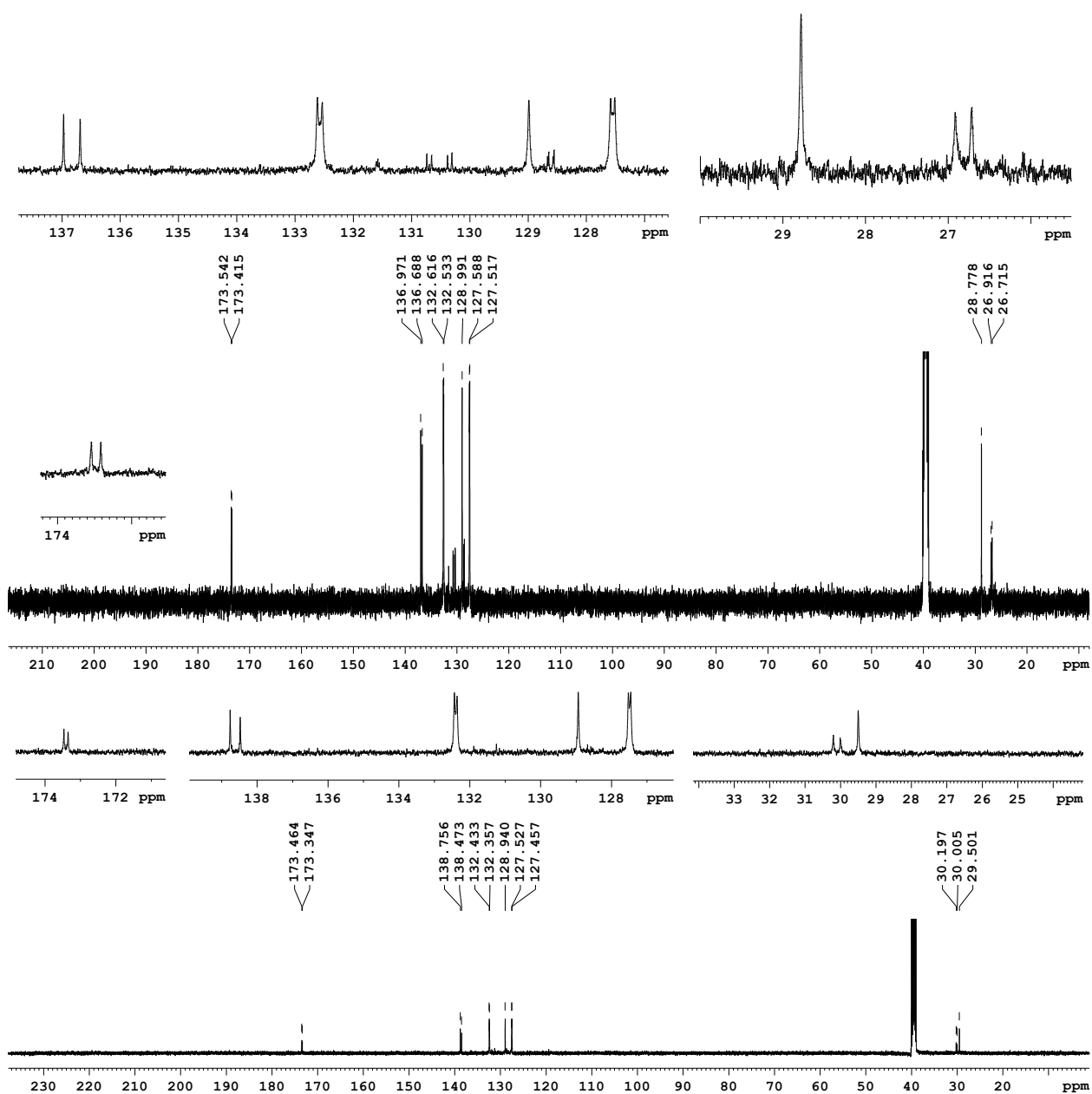


Figure S13. ^{13}C NMR spectrum for H6-1 (top) and H6-2 (bottom) in DMSO-d_6 .

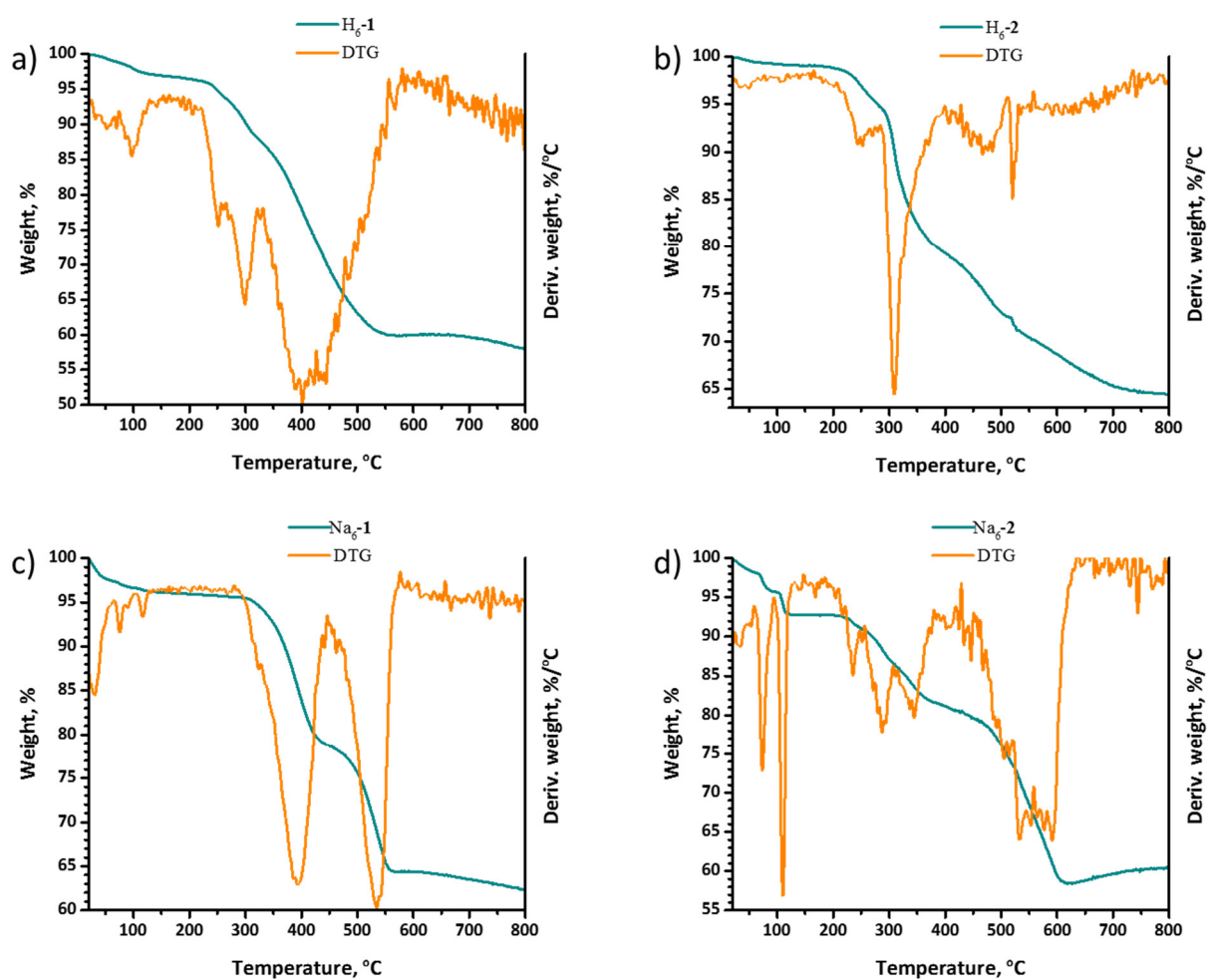


Figure S14. TGA and DTG curves for H₆-1 (a), H₆-2 (b), Na₆-1 (c) and Na₆-2 (d). Heating rate of 10 °C·min⁻¹.

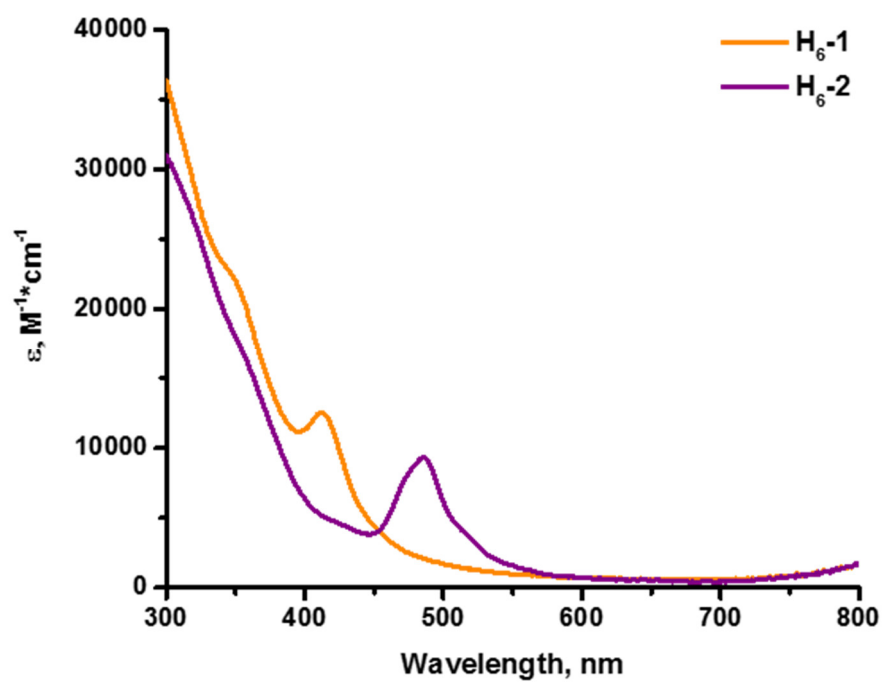


Figure S15. UV/Vis spectra of H₆-1 and H₆-2 in DMSO.

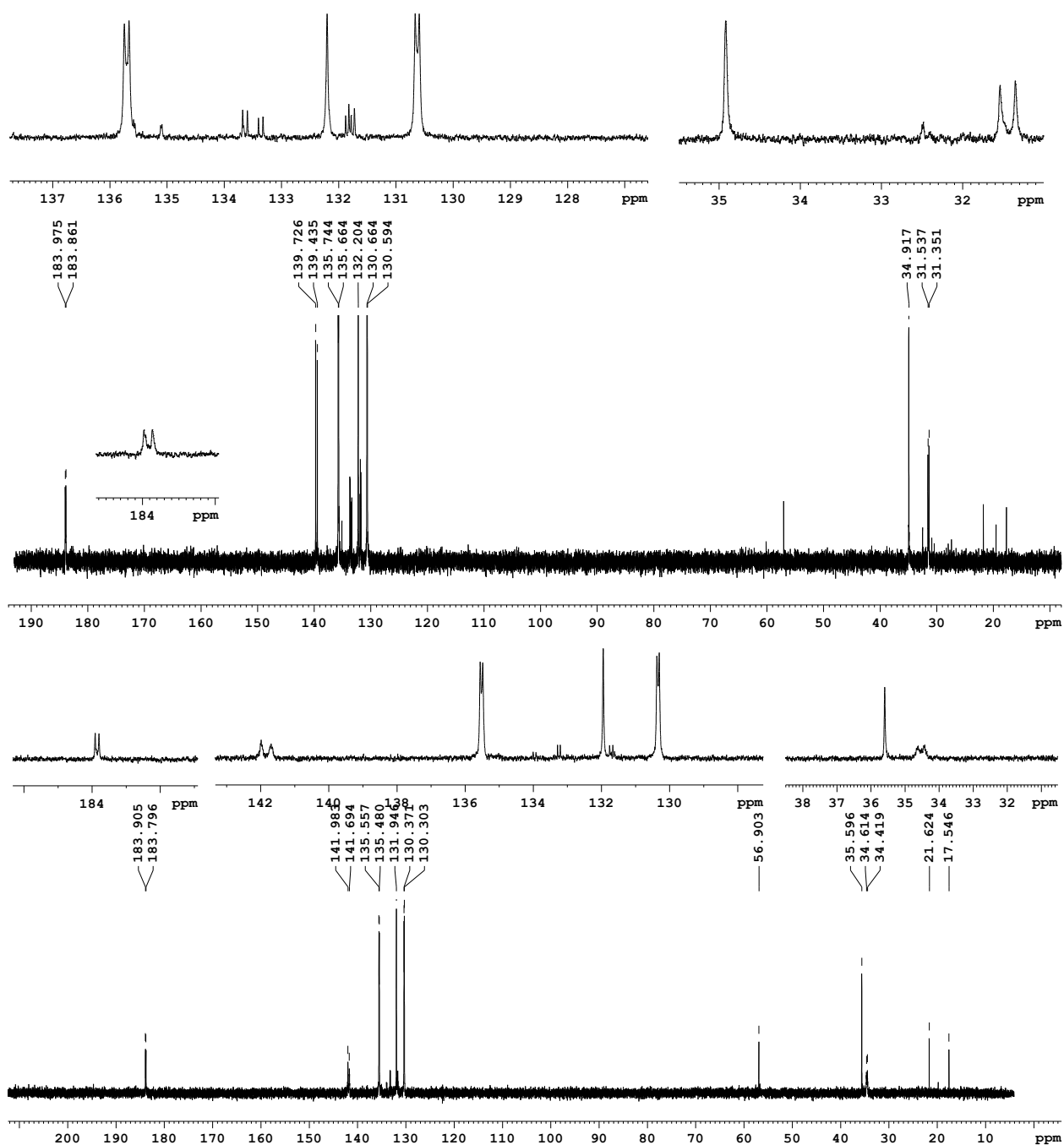


Figure S16. ^{13}C NMR spectrum for Na₆-1 (top) and Na₆-2 (bottom) in D₂O.