

Supplementary Figure S1

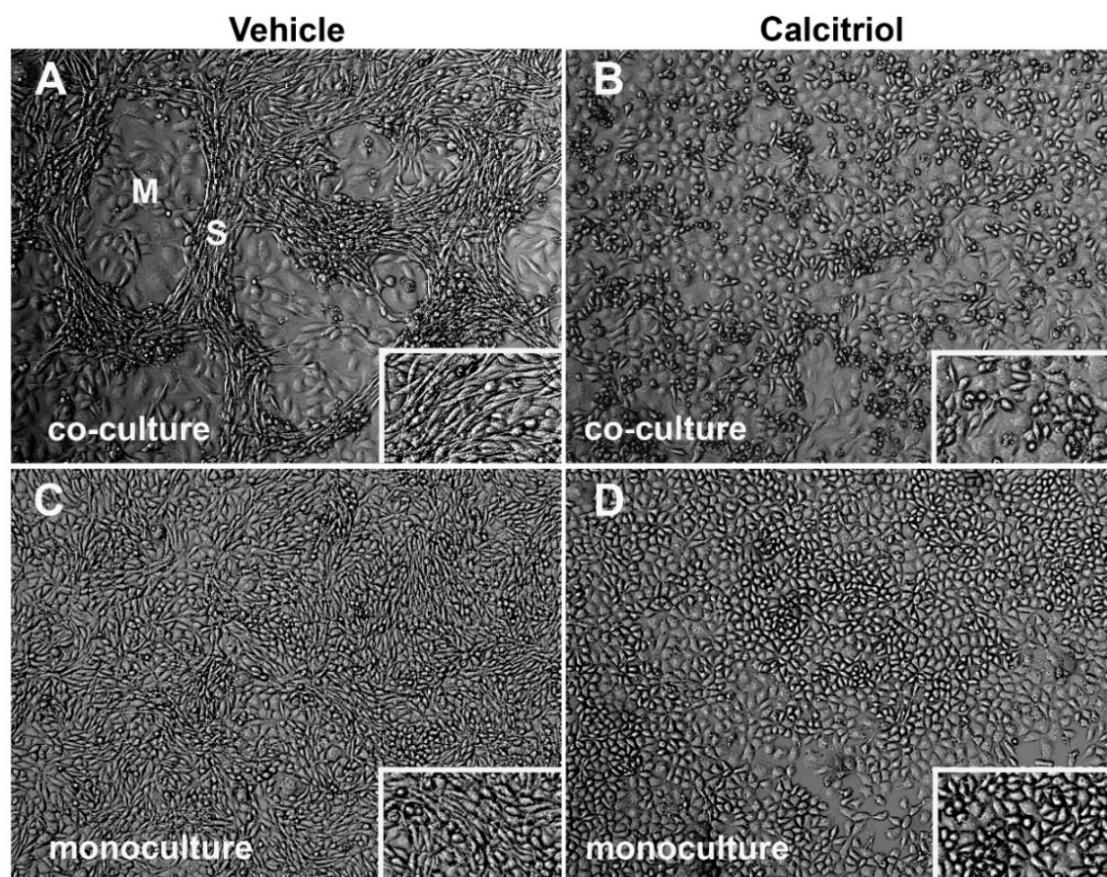


Figure S1. Calcitriol induced a morphological cell change from spindle-like to cobblestone shape in co-cultures and monocultures of TNBC cells. Co-cultures of endothelial cells with TNBC cells (A,B) or TNBC cells in monoculture (C,D), were treated with vehicle (A,C) or 10 nM calcitriol (B,D) for 2 days. Afterward, bright-field images were acquired by conventional microscopy (10 \times), and representative images are shown. M and S stand for mesh and segment, respectively, to illustrate these structures. Insets show an amplified part of corresponding image.

Supplementary Figure S2

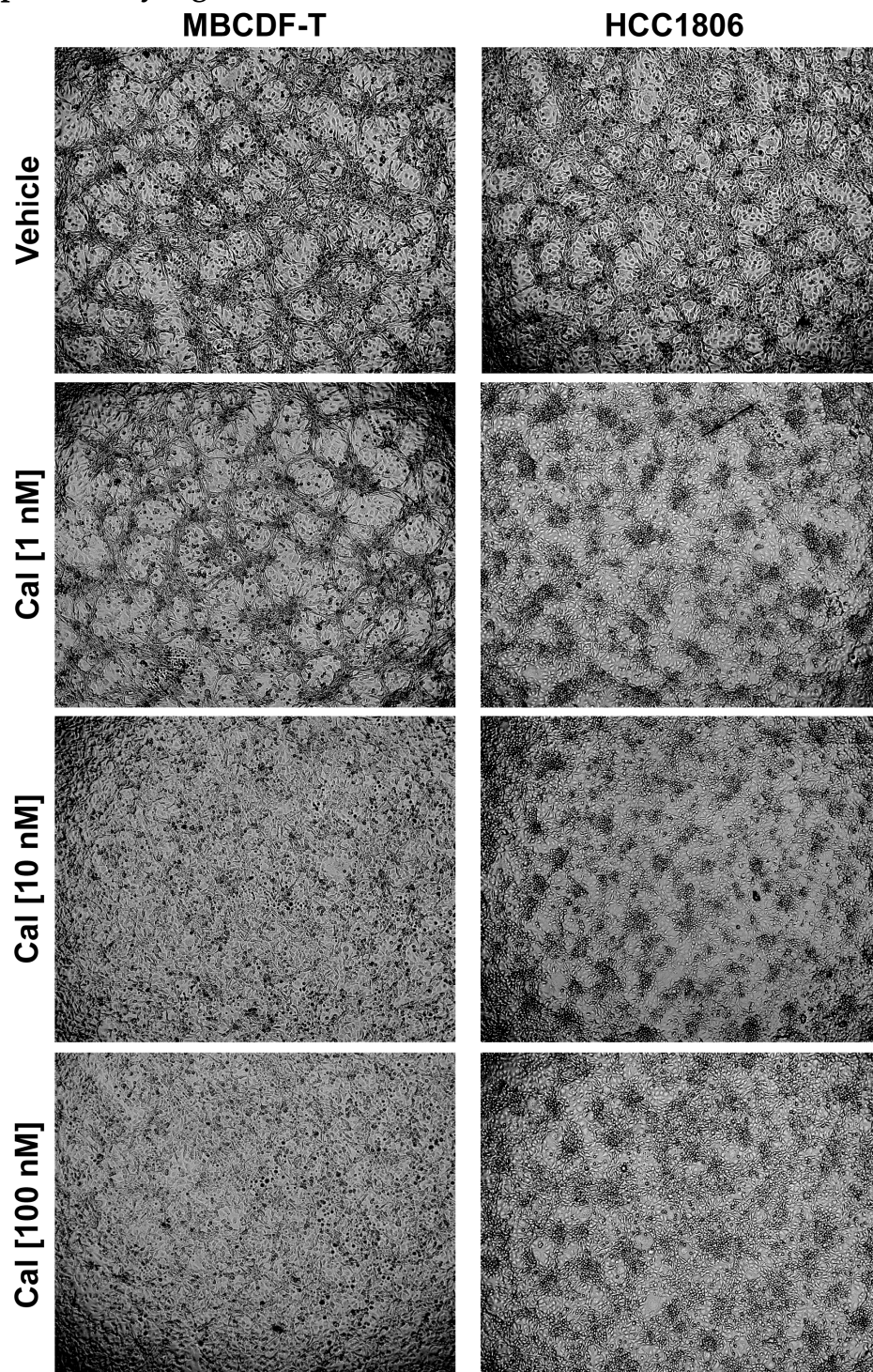


Figure S2. Dose-response anti-VM effect of calcitriol in co-cultures of two different TNBC cells with endothelial cells. Co-cultures of MBCDF-T/EA.hy926 and HCC1806/EA.hy926 were exposed to increasing calcitriol (Cal) concentrations or its vehicle for 2 days, and live cells were photographed at 4× magnification. Representative pictures are shown.

Supplementary Figure S3

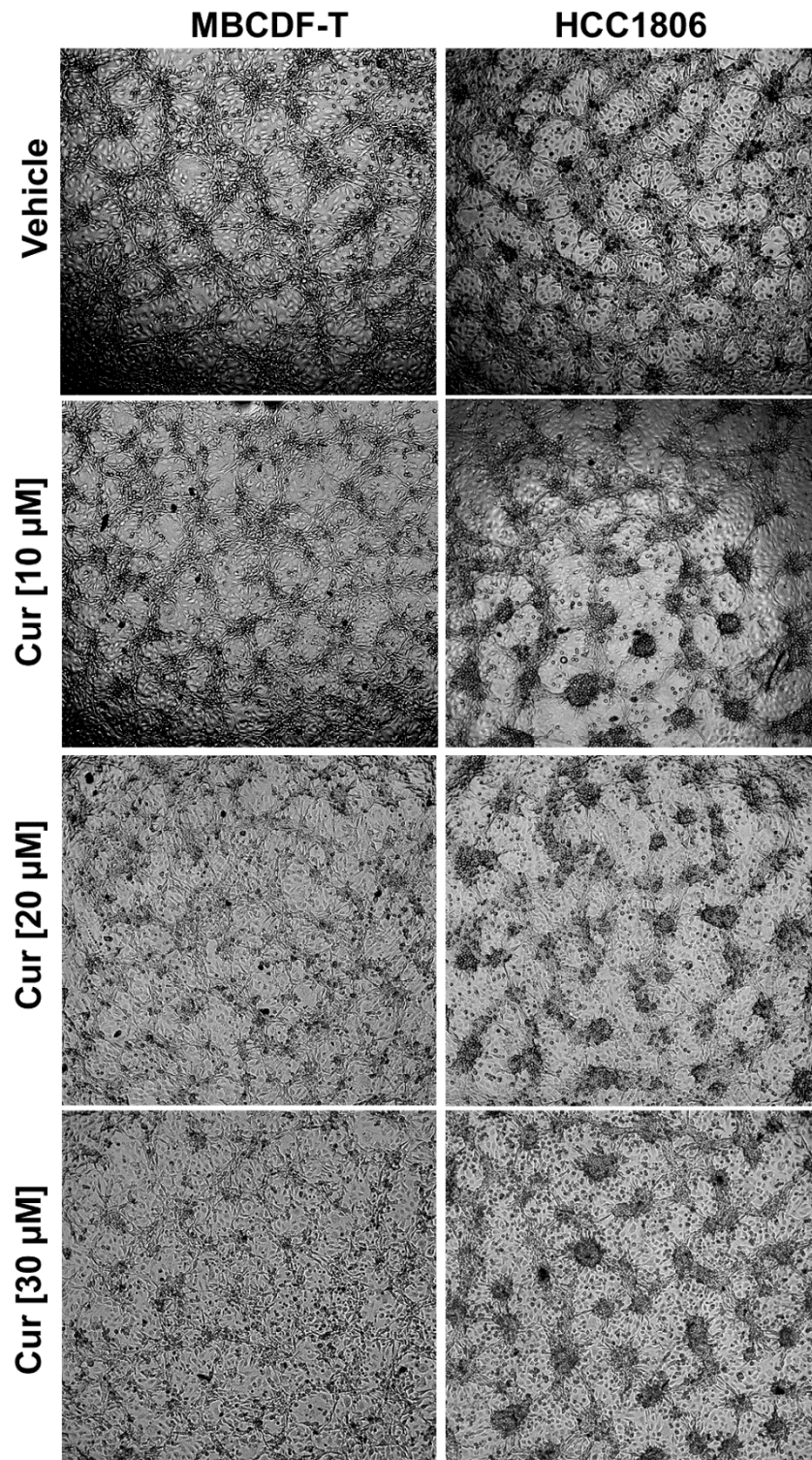


Figure S3. Dose-response anti-VM effect of curcumin in co-cultures of two different TNBC cells with endothelial cells. Co-cultures of MBCDF-T/EA.hy926 and HCC1806/EA.hy926 were exposed to increasing curcumin (Cur) concentrations or its vehicle for 2 days, and live cells were photographed at 4 \times magnification. Representative pictures are shown.

Supplementary Figure S4

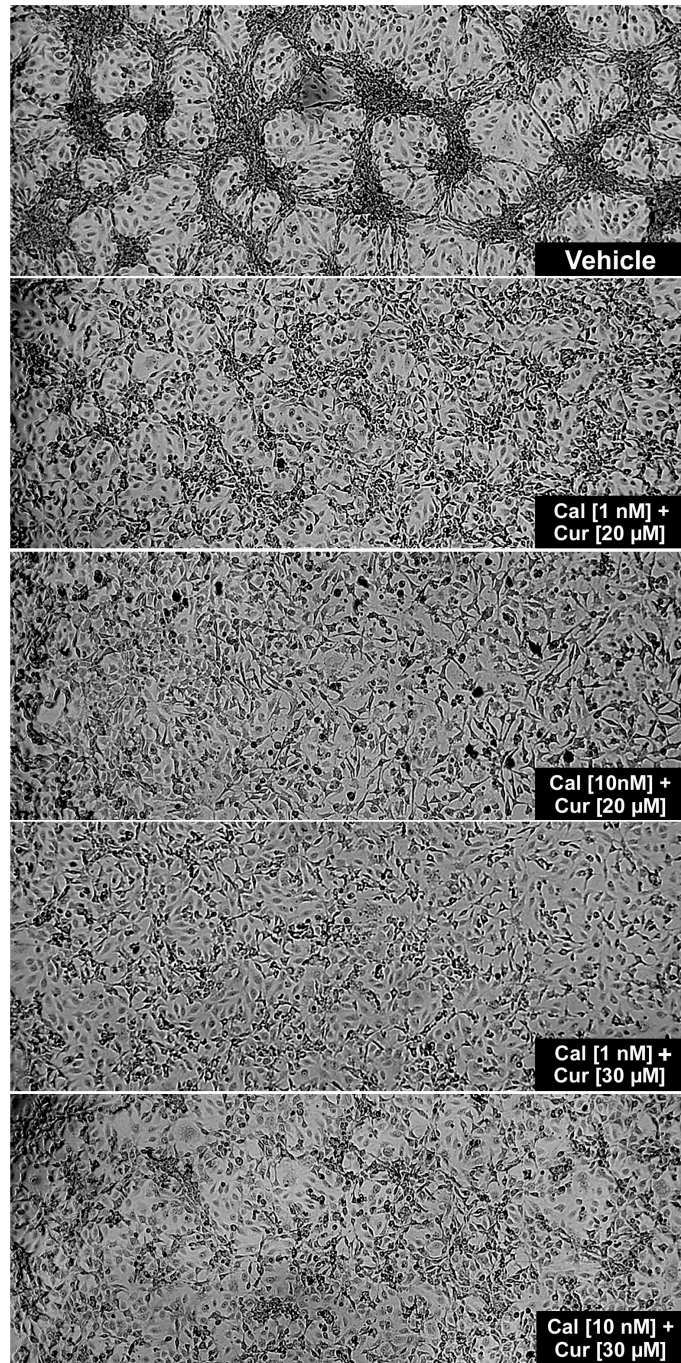


Figure S4. Different combinations of calcitriol and curcumin strongly inhibited VM in MBCDF-T TNBC cells. The anti-VM effect of calcitriol in combination with curcumin in co-cultures of MBCDF-T/EA.hy926 is shown. Co-cultures were exposed to the indicated calcitriol (Cal) and curcumin (Cur) concentrations or their vehicle (0.1% ethanol) for 2 days, and live cells were photographed at 10× magnification. Representative pictures are shown.

Supplementary Figure S5

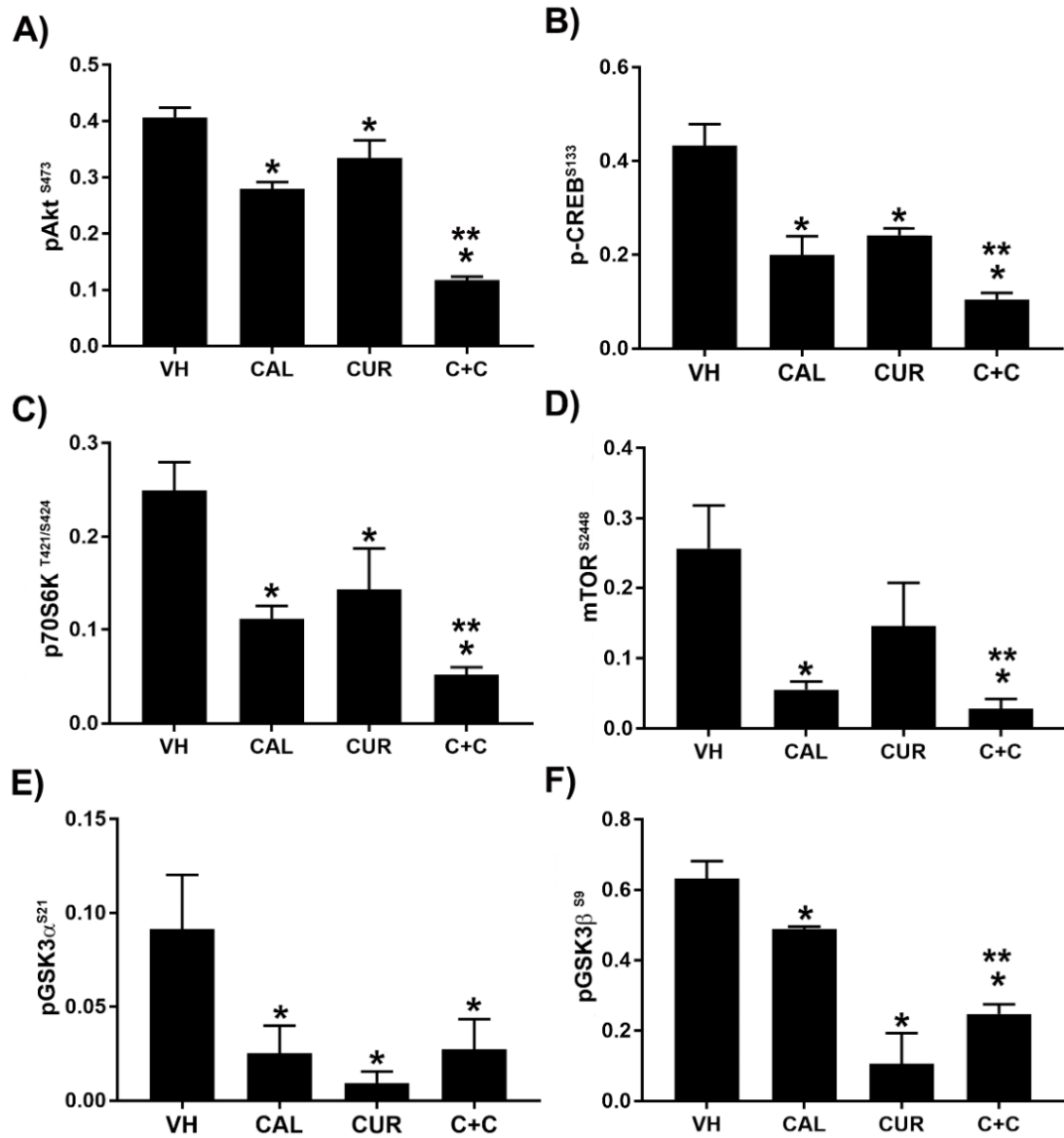


Figure S5. Effect of calcitriol and curcumin treatment on the protein phosphorylation status in endothelial and TNBC co-cultures. Graphical representation of the relative abundance of the phosphorylated kinases in MBCDF-T/EA.hy926 co-cultures exposed to vehicle (VH), calcitriol (CAL, 10 nM), curcumin (CUR, 20 μ M) or their combination (C+C) for 24 h. Optical densitometric analysis of selected targets from the multiplex antibody array was analyzed by One way ANOVA. The chosen phosphorylated kinases analyzed were: (A) Akt (B) CREB, (C) p70S6K, (D) mTOR, (E) Gsk3 α and (F) Gsk3 β . Bars represent mean \pm SEM, n = 4. * p < 0.05 vs. VH, ** p < 0.05 vs. each compound alone.