

Table 1. The activation of prophage induction process with mitomycin C. Differences in bacterial growth relative to the control experiments were marked as (+). The (-) symbol represents the lack of changes between samples not- and treated with prophage inducer. Each experiment was repeated three times.

Bacteria	Liquid TSB medium with mitomycin C (1 µg/ml)	TSA medium with 5% glycerol and sublethal concentration of appropriate antibiotic		
		Ampicillin (3.5 µg/ml)	Chloramph-enicol (2.5 µg/ml)	Tetracycline (1.5 µg/ml)
<i>Tsukamurella tyrosinosolvens</i> DNA 1011	+	-	-	-
<i>Tsukamurella tyrosinosolvens</i> DNA 1017	+	+	+	+
<i>Tsukamurella tyrosinosolvens</i> DNA 1021	+	+	+	+
<i>Mixture of Bacillus</i> sp. DNA_1020 and <i>Stenotrophomonas maltophilia</i>	+	+	+	+
<i>Achromobacter xylosoxidans</i> DNA 826	+	-	-	-
<i>Achromobacter xylosoxidans</i> DNA 1024	-	-	-	-
<i>Stenotrophomonas maltophilia</i> DNA 817	-	-	-	-
<i>Stenotrophomonas maltophilia</i> DNA 822	-	-	-	-
<i>Stenotrophomonas maltophilia</i> DNA 825	-	-	-	-
<i>Stenotrophomonas maltophilia</i> DNA 827	-	-	-	-
<i>Devosia insulae</i> DNA 1014	+	+	+	+
<i>Aminobacter aminovorans</i> DNA_1012	-	-	-	-
	-	-	-	-

<i>Aminobacter aminovorans</i> DNA 1013				
<i>Aminobacter aminovorans</i> DNA_1022	-	-	-	-
<i>Microbacterium</i> sp. DNA_1007	+	+	+	+
<i>Microbacterium</i> sp. DNA_1016	+	+	+	+
<i>Serratia/Aranicola</i> DNA_816	+	-	+	-
<i>Serratia/Aranicola</i> DNA_823	-	-	-	-
<i>Acidovorax delafieldii</i> DNA_811	-	-	-	-
<i>Acidovorax delafieldii</i> DNA_812	-	-	-	-
<i>Acidovorax delafieldii</i> DNA_814	-	-	-	-
<i>Acidovorax delafieldii</i> DNA_815	-	-	-	-
<i>Pseudomonas alcaligenes</i> DNA_813	+	+	-	-
<i>Chryseobacterium daeguense</i> DNA_824	+	-	+	-
<i>Paenibacillus cineris</i> DNA_1001	+	-	+	-
<i>Paenibacillus pabuli</i> DNA_1002	+	+	+	+
<i>Bosea/Starkeya</i> DNA_1003	-	-	-	-
<i>Bosea vestrisii</i> DNA_1006	-	+	+	+
<i>Bosea/Starkeya</i> DNA_1009	-	-	-	-
<i>Ochrobactrum thiophenivorans</i> DNA_1015	+	-	-	-
<i>Bacillus</i> sp. DNA_1023	-	-	-	-