

**Table S1.** Factorial ANOVA results of the tested parameters (maize genotype, aphid species, number of aphids, infestation time) and the interactions on relative expression of the examined thioredoxins-encoding genes (*Trx-f*, *Trx-h*, *Trx-m*, *Trx-x*, *Trx-lp4B*) in the maize seedlings.

Tested Effects and Interactions	<i>Trx-f</i>	<i>Trx-h</i>	<i>Trx-m</i>	<i>Trx-x</i>	<i>Trx-lp4B</i>
Maize genotype (G)	$F_{1,96} = 1,615$ (***)	$F_{1,96} = 1,240$ (***)	$F_{1,96} = 2,065$ (***)	$F_{1,96} = 2,532$ (***)	$F_{1,96} = 14.5$ (ns)
Aphid species (S)	$F_{1,96} = 408$ (***)	$F_{1,96} = 625$ (***)	$F_{1,96} = 692$ (***)	$F_{1,96} = 818$ (***)	$F_{1,96} = 8.2$ (ns)
Number of aphids (A)	$F_{2,96} = 545$ (***)	$F_{2,96} = 432$ (***)	$F_{2,96} = 998$ (***)	$F_{2,96} = 1,056$ (***)	$F_{2,96} = 6.4$ (ns)
Infestation time (T)	$F_{5,96} = 1,247$ (***)	$F_{5,96} = 780$ (***)	$F_{5,96} = 1,520$ (***)	$F_{5,96} = 1,745$ (***)	$F_{5,96} = 11.0$ (ns)
G × S	$F_{1,96} = 438$ (***)	$F_{1,96} = 523$ (***)	$F_{1,96} = 615$ (***)	$F_{1,96} = 729$ (***)	$F_{1,96} = 8.4$ (ns)
S × A	$F_{2,96} = 245$ (**)	$F_{2,96} = 296$ (**)	$F_{2,96} = 355$ (***)	$F_{2,96} = 318$ (***)	$F_{2,96} = 9.5$ (ns)
G × A	$F_{2,96} = 206$ (**)	$F_{2,96} = 362$ (***)	$F_{2,96} = 604$ (***)	$F_{2,96} = 643$ (***)	$F_{2,96} = 3.5$ (ns)
S × T	$F_{5,96} = 110$ (**)	$F_{5,96} = 154$ (**)	$F_{5,96} = 490$ (***)	$F_{5,96} = 378$ (***)	$F_{5,96} = 6.2$ (ns)
G × T	$F_{5,96} = 215$ (**)	$F_{5,96} = 376$ (***)	$F_{5,96} = 512$ (***)	$F_{5,96} = 740$ (***)	$F_{5,96} = 4.7$ (ns)
A × T	$F_{10,96} = 408$ (***)	$F_{10,96} = 257$ (**)	$F_{10,96} = 705$ (***)	$F_{10,96} = 764$ (***)	$F_{10,96} = 2.0$ (ns)
G × S × A	$F_{2,96} = 95$ (*)	$F_{2,96} = 145$ (**)	$F_{2,96} = 186$ (**)	$F_{2,96} = 316$ (***)	$F_{2,96} = 2.5$ (ns)
G × S × T	$F_{5,96} = 80$ (*)	$F_{5,96} = 105$ (*)	$F_{5,96} = 248$ (**)	$F_{5,96} = 291$ (***)	$F_{5,96} = 1.8$ (ns)
S × A × T	$F_{10,96} = 52$ (*)	$F_{10,96} = 74$ (*)	$F_{10,96} = 121$ (**)	$F_{10,96} = 205$ (**)	$F_{10,96} = 1.6$ (ns)
G × A × T	$F_{10,96} = 35$ (*)	$F_{10,96} = 92$ (*)	$F_{10,96} = 165$ (**)	$F_{10,96} = 180$ (**)	$F_{10,96} = 0.9$ (ns)
G × S × A × T	$F_{10,96} = 4$ (ns)	$F_{10,96} = 1$ (ns)	$F_{10,96} = 43$ (*)	$F_{10,96} = 62$ (*)	$F_{10,96} = 0.3$ (ns)

(\*) p<0.05; (\*\*) p<0.01; (\*\*\*) p<0.001; (ns) – non-significant. Variables: i) maize genotype – Waza and Złota Karłowa; ii) aphid species – *R. padi* and *M. dirhodum*; iii) number of aphids – 0, 30 and 60 females of *R. padi* or *M. dirhodum* per plant; iv) infestation time – 0, 3, 6, 24, 48 and 96 h.

**Table S2.** Factorial ANOVA results of the tested parameters (maize genotype, aphid species, number of aphids, infestation time) and the interactions on the relative expression of the thioredoxin reductase genes (*Ftr1*, *Trxr2*), and the total activity of thioredoxin reductase (TrxR) in the maize seedlings.

Tested Effects and Interactions	<i>Ftr1</i>	<i>Trxr2</i>	TrxR
Maize genotype (G)	$F_{1, 96} = 1,875$ (***)	$F_{1, 96} = 2,150$ (***)	$F_{1, 96} = 3,025$ (***)
Aphid species (S)	$F_{1, 96} = 1,470$ (***)	$F_{1, 96} = 1,641$ (***)	$F_{1, 96} = 1,220$ (***)
Number of aphids (A)	$F_{2, 96} = 663$ (***)	$F_{2, 96} = 858$ (***)	$F_{2, 96} = 984$ (***)
Infestation time (T)	$F_{5, 96} = 1,584$ (***)	$F_{5, 96} = 1,105$ (***)	$F_{5, 96} = 2,513$ (***)
G × S	$F_{1, 96} = 1,255$ (***)	$F_{1, 96} = 986$ (***)	$F_{1, 96} = 1,108$ (***)
S × A	$F_{2, 96} = 652$ (***)	$F_{2, 96} = 905$ (***)	$F_{2, 96} = 615$ (***)
G × A	$F_{2, 96} = 470$ (***)	$F_{2, 96} = 743$ (***)	$F_{2, 96} = 1024$ (***)
S × T	$F_{5, 96} = 215$ (**)	$F_{5, 96} = 560$ (***)	$F_{5, 96} = 522$ (***)
G × T	$F_{5, 96} = 284$ (**)	$F_{5, 96} = 637$ (***)	$F_{5, 96} = 712$ (***)
A × T	$F_{10, 96} = 142$ (**)	$F_{10, 96} = 415$ (***)	$F_{10, 96} = 435$ (***)
G × S × A	$F_{2, 96} = 115$ (*)	$F_{2, 96} = 187$ (**)	$F_{2, 96} = 218$ (**)
G × S × T	$F_{5, 96} = 90$ (*)	$F_{5, 96} = 151$ (**)	$F_{5, 96} = 180$ (**)
S × A × T	$F_{10, 96} = 63$ (*)	$F_{10, 96} = 127$ (**)	$F_{10, 96} = 92$ (*)
G × A × T	$F_{10, 96} = 74$ (*)	$F_{10, 96} = 65$ (*)	$F_{10, 96} = 140$ (**)
G × S × A × T	$F_{10, 96} = 1.6$ (ns)	$F_{10, 96} = 0.8$ (ns)	$F_{10, 96} = 45$ (*)

(\*) p<0.05; (\*\*) p<0.01; (\*\*\*) p<0.001; (ns) – non-significant. Variables: i) maize genotype – Waza and Złota Karłowa; ii) aphid species – *R. padi* and *M. dirhodum*; iii) number of aphids – 0, 30 and 60 females of *R. padi* or *M. dirhodum* per plant; iv) infestation time – 0, 3, 6, 24, 48 and 96 h.

**Table S3.** List of primers and *TaqMan* fluorescent probe for real-time qRT-PCR quantification of *Ftr1* maize gene.

<b>Target Gene</b>	<i>Genbank Accession no. (Reference Sequence)</i>	<i>GenBank Gene ID</i>	<b>Sequences of Primers and <i>TaqMan</i> Fluorescent Probe</b>
<i>Ftr1</i> (encoding ferredoxin- thioredoxin reductase 1)	X73549.1 (NM_001305869.1)	LOC542532	F: CCGCTCCAACACTTCTTC R: TGGCATTCCCTCCTCTCAC P: 5'-FAM-CGACAAGACAGTCACTGCCGTCGTCAAA-BHQ-3'

Sequences of primers and *TaqMan* fluorescent probe were designed using *GenScript Real-time PCR (TaqMan) Primer Design* software (<https://www.genscript.com/ssl-bin/app/primer>; accessed September 02, 2019). *Custom TaqMan Gene Expression Assay* for maize *Ftr1* gene was purchased from Thermo Fisher Scientific Inc., Waltham, Massachusetts, USA ([www.thermofisher.com](http://www.thermofisher.com)). F – forward primer; R – reverse primer; P – *TaqMan* fluorescent probe.