Supplementary Materials: Heat Shock Factor 1 Depletion Sensitizes A172 Glioblastoma Cells to Temozolomide via Suppression of Cancer Stem Cell-Like Properties

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Figure S1. BIS depletion decreases protein, but not mRNA, levels of heat shock factor 1 (HSF1) in U87 cells under sphere (SP)-forming conditions. (**A**); (**B**) The effect of BIS knockdown on HSF1 protein and (**C**) mRNA in U87-MG cells in the monolayer (ML) and SP-forming culture conditions.



Figure S2. BIS depletion sensitizes temozolomide (TMZ)-induced cell death in A172 glioblastoma cell death in SPs. Following treatment of small interfering BIS (si-BIS), SP of A172 glioblastoma were incubated with TMZ, images were taken with an inverted microscope (**A**) and viability was determined (**B**); (**C**–**E**) Crystal violet staining, Western blotting and zymography were performed as described in the Materials and Methods. Scale bars: $100 \,\mu$ m.



Figure S3. MGMT mRNA levels in several cancer cell lines. (**A**) MGMT mRNA was not detected in A172 and U87 cells. (**B**) The MGMT mRNA levels in HEP2 cells were arbitrarily designated as 1.0; (**B**) Both HSF1 depletion and TMZ treatment did not affect MGMT mRNA levels in A172 cells. The MGMT mRNA levels in A549 cells were arbitrarily designated as 1.0.