

Tiliroside Attenuates NLRP3 Inflammasome Activation in Macrophages and Protects against Acute Lung Injury in Mice

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Supplementary Table S1: Sequences of qRT-PCR primers used in this study

| Gene | Species | Forward primer (5'-3') | Reverse primer (5'-3') |
|-------------------------------|-------------|-------------------------|----------------------------|
| <i>ACTB</i> | <i>Homo</i> | CTCACCATGGATGATGATATCGC | AGGAATCCTTCTGACCCATGC |
| <i>IL6</i> | <i>Homo</i> | TGCAATAACCACCCCTGACC | GTGCCCATGCTACATTTGCC |
| <i>IL8</i> | <i>Homo</i> | AGCCTTCCTGATTTCTGCAG | GTCCACTCTCAATCACTCTCAG |
| <i>TNFA</i> | <i>Homo</i> | ACTTTGGAGTGATCGGCC | GCTTGAGGGTTTGCTACAAC |
| <i>CCL2</i> | <i>Homo</i> | TGTCCCAAAGAAGCTGTGATC | ATTCTTGGGTTGTGGAGTGAG |
| <i>Actb</i> | <i>Mus</i> | CTTTGCCACGGACGAGAC | TCATTGTACTCTGAGGGCTGAC |
| <i>Il-6</i> | <i>Mus</i> | GAACAACGATGATGCACTTGC | CTTCATGTACTCCAGGTAGCTATGGT |
| <i>Cxcl-2</i> | <i>Mus</i> | CCAACCACCAGGCTACAGG | GCGTCACACTCAAGCTCTG |
| <i>Il-1β</i> | <i>Mus</i> | AGTTGACGGACCCCAAAAG | AGCTGGATGCTCTCATCAGG |
| <i>Inos</i> | <i>Mus</i> | CTTTGCCACGGACGAGAC | TCATTGTACTCTGAGGGCTGAC |

Supplementary Figure S1

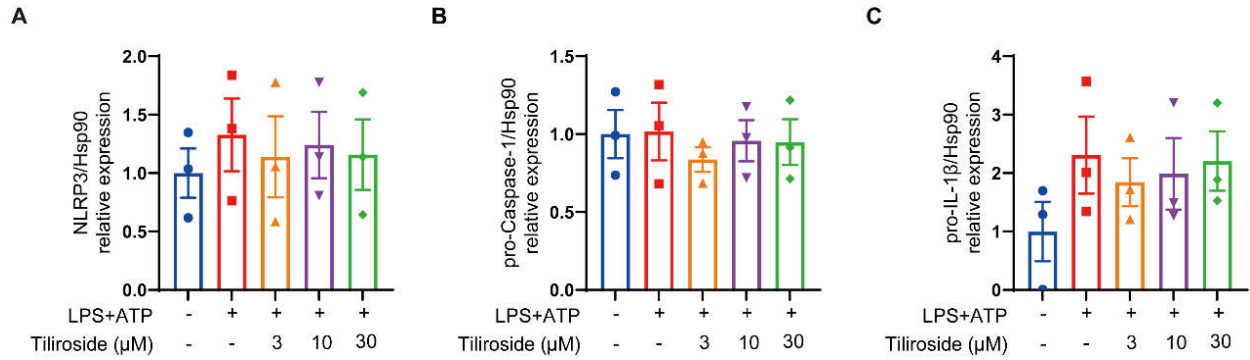


Figure S1. The effect of tiliroside on the expression of NLRP3, pro-Caspase-1, and pro-IL-1β in LPS plus ATP-induced THP-1 macrophages. (A-C) THP-1 macrophages were pretreated with tiliroside or a vehicle for 24 h and then stimulated with LPS (2 μg/mL) for 5 h, followed by ATP (5 mM) treatment for 45 min. NLRP3 **(A)**, pro-Caspase-1 **(B)**, and pro-IL-1β **(C)** expression were determined by Western blotting, and the relative expression levels were quantified (n=3). Data are mean ± SEM. These data are related to Figure 1C.

Supplementary Figure S2

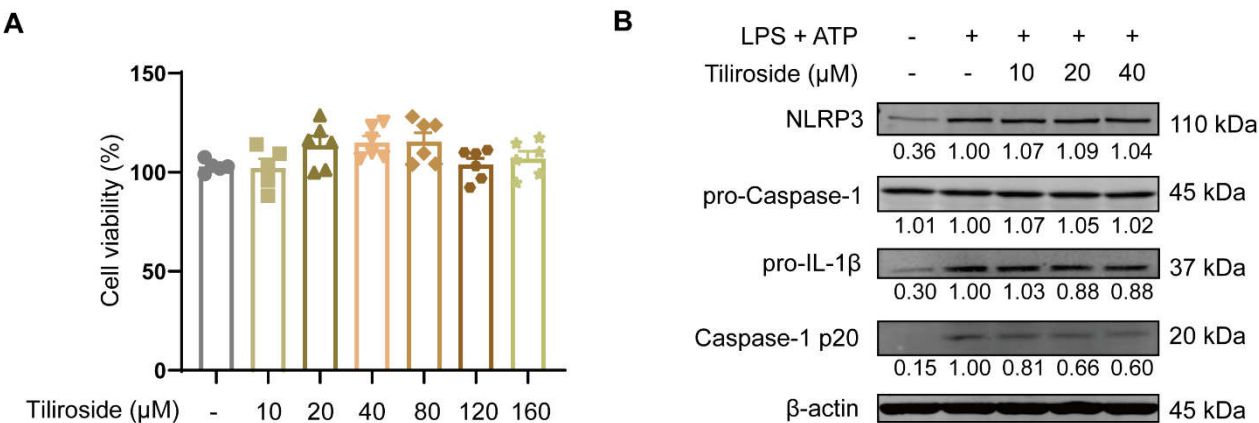


Figure S2. Tiliroside inhibits NLRP3 inflammasome activation in BMDMs. (A) Cell viability was measured by CCK-8 assay using BMDMs treated with different concentrations of tiliroside for 30 h. **(B)** BMDMs were pretreated with tiliroside or a vehicle for 24 h and then stimulated with LPS (100 ng/ml) for 5 h, followed by ATP (5 mM) treatment for 30 min. Protein levels of Caspase-1 p20, NLRP3, pro-Caspase-1, and pro-IL-1β in cell lysates were determined by Western blotting.

Supplementary Figure S3

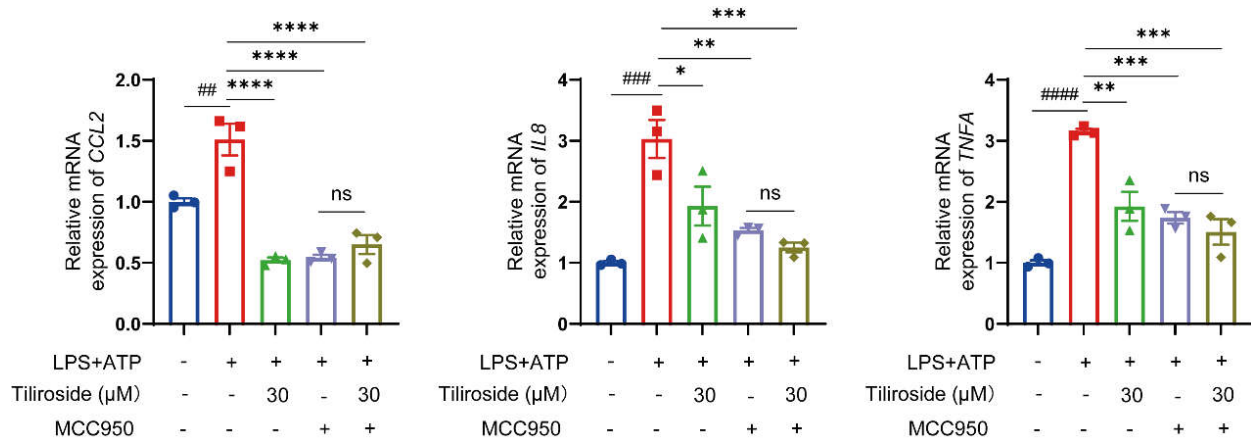
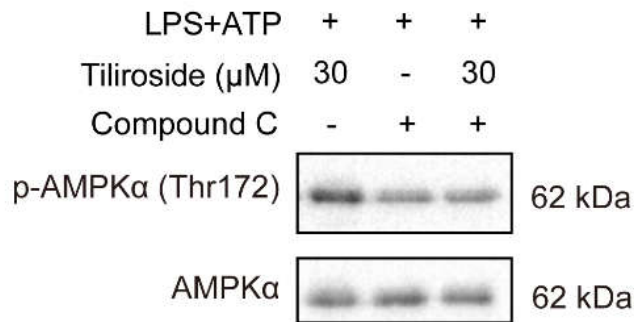


Figure S3. The effect of tiliroside on the expression of pro-inflammatory mediators can be blocked by NLRP3 inhibitor MCC950. THP-1 macrophages were pretreated with tiliroside (30 μM) for 23 h, followed by co-treatment with MCC950 (0.01 μM) for an additional 1 h, and then stimulated with LPS (2 μg/ml) for 5 h, followed by ATP (5 mM) treatment for 45 min. CCL2, IL-8, and TNFA gene expression levels were analyzed by qRT-PCR (n=3). Data are mean ± SEM. $##P < 0.01$, $###P < 0.001$, $####P < 0.0001$, $*P < 0.05$, $**P < 0.01$, $***P < 0.001$, $****P < 0.0001$.

Supplementary Figure S4

A



B

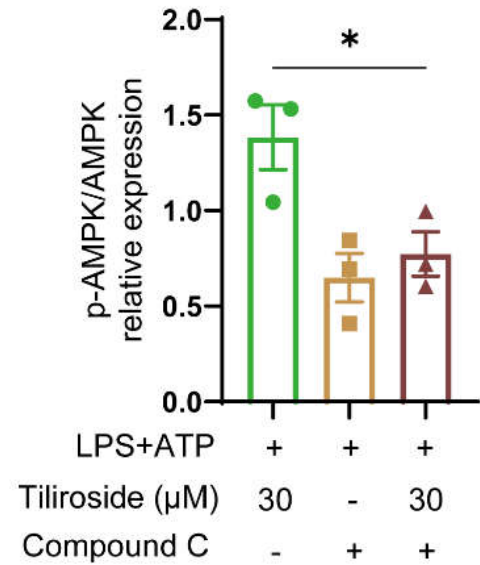


Figure S4. Compound C blocks AMPK activation in THP-1 macrophages. THP-1 macrophages were pretreated with tiliroside (30 μ M) for 22 h, followed by co-treatment with Compound C for an additional 2 h, and then stimulated with LPS (2 μ g/ml) for 5 h, followed by ATP (5 mM) treatment for 45 min. **(A, B)** Protein levels of p-AMPK α (Thr172) and AMPK α were determined by Western blotting **(A)** and quantification of p-AMPK α (Thr172) normalized to total AMPK α (n=3) **(B)**. Data are mean \pm SEM. * P < 0.05.

Supplementary Figure S5

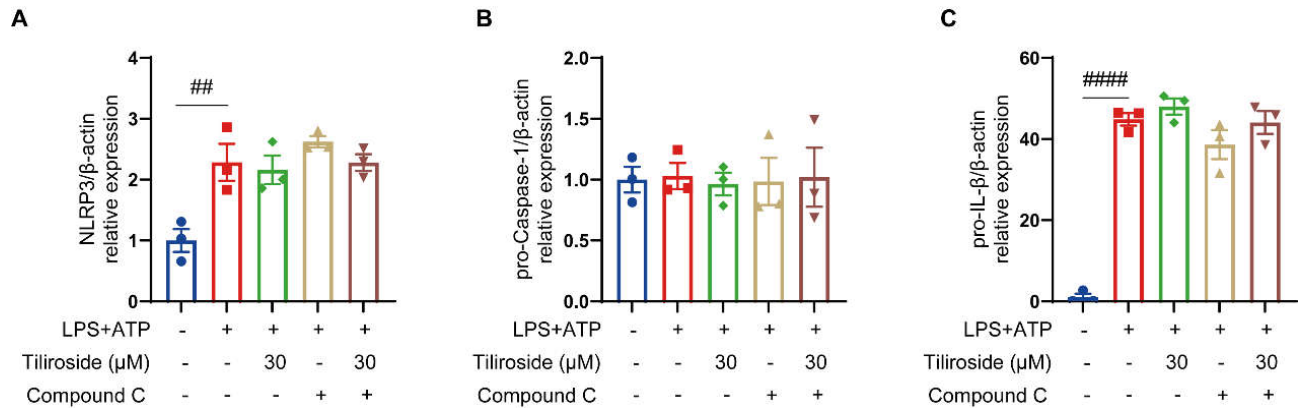


Figure S5. The effect of Compound C on tiliroside-mediated regulation of NLRP3, pro-Caspase-1, and pro-IL-1β in LPS plus ATP-induced THP-1 macrophages. (A-C) THP-1 macrophages were pretreated with tiliroside (30 μM) for 22 h, followed by co-treatment with Compound C for an additional 2 h, and then stimulated with LPS (2 μg/mL) for 5 h, followed by ATP (5 mM) treatment for 45 min. NLRP3 **(A)**, pro-Caspase-1 **(B)**, and pro-IL-1β **(C)** were determined by Western blotting, and the relative expression levels were quantified (n=3). Data are mean ± SEM. $^{##}P < 0.01$, $^{####}P < 0.0001$. These data are related to Figure 3A.