

*Supplementary Materials*

# On Prototropy and Bond-Length Alternation in Neutral and Ionized Pyrimidine Bases and Their Model Azines in Vacuo

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**Table S1.** Relative Gibbs energies ( $\Delta G$ )<sup>a</sup> for neutral, positively and negatively ionized tautomers-rotamers of phenol and mono-hydroxy aromatic azines.

Compound	Isomer	$\Delta G$		
		Neutral	Radical cation	Radical anion
Phenol <sup>b</sup>	<b>a</b>	0.0	0.0	0.0
	<b>b/d</b>	16.7	26.6	-19.8
	<b>c</b>	16.3	31.6	-11.1
2-Hydroxypyridine <sup>c</sup>	<b>2HOPY-a1</b>	0.0	0.0	0.0
	<b>2HOPY-a2</b>	5.2	6.3	5.2
	<b>2HOPY-b</b>	-0.9	-11.0	-11.4
	<b>2HOPY-c</b>	23.0	30.7	-1.0
	<b>2HOPY-d</b>	23.6	30.0	-13.7
4-Hydroxypyridine <sup>c</sup>	<b>4HOPY-a</b>	0.0	0.0	0.0
	<b>4HOPY-b/d</b>	17.5	23.8	-20.3
	<b>4HOPY-c</b>	1.2	-11.4	-6.9
2-Hydroxypyrimidine <sup>c</sup>	<b>2HOPM-a1/a2</b>	0.0	0.0	0.0
	<b>2HOPM-b/d</b>	0.9	-7.9	-10.3
	<b>2HOPM-c</b>	24.7	17.9	3.0
4-Hydroxypyrimidine <sup>c</sup>	<b>4HOPM-a1</b>	0.0	0.0	0.0
	<b>4HOPM-a2</b>	5.2	4.0	4.9
	<b>4HOPM-b</b>	-2.1	-17.2	-12.3
	<b>4HOPM-c</b>	7.0	-9.7	5.2
	<b>4HOPM-d</b>	24.5	15.0	-14.0

<sup>a</sup>  $\Delta G$  (in kcal mol<sup>-1</sup>) refers to difference between G of **a-d** and that of **a** (or **a1**) estimated at the DFT(B3LYP)/6-311+G(d,p) level at 298.15 K. <sup>b</sup> As in ref. [18]. <sup>c</sup> As in ref. [49].

**Table S2.** Relative Gibbs energies ( $\Delta G$ )<sup>a</sup> for neutral, positively and negatively ionized tautomers-rotamers of aniline and mono-amino aromatic azines.

Compound	Isomer	$\Delta G$		
		Neutral	Radical cation	Radical anion
Aniline <sup>b</sup>	<b>a</b>	0.0	0.0	0.0
	<b>b1/d2</b>	28.2	43.1	-4.7
	<b>b2/d1</b>	28.4	43.0	-3.4
	<b>c</b>	26.5	47.9	4.6
2-Aminopyridine <sup>c</sup>	<b>2APY-a</b>	0.0	0.0	0.0
	<b>2APY-b1</b>	16.7	7.5	5.3
	<b>2APY-b2</b>	13.9	3.9	2.0
	<b>2APY-c1</b>	28.8	50.2	7.9
	<b>2APY-c2</b>	32.8	51.2	11.6
	<b>2APY-d1</b>	30.4	50.4	-4.2
	<b>2APY-d2</b>	35.0	52.9	0.6
4-Aminopyridine <sup>c</sup>	<b>4APY-a</b>	0.0	0.0	0.0
	<b>4APY-b1/d2</b>	30.4	39.8	-3.4
	<b>4APY-b2/d1</b>	29.8	39.8	-4.6
	<b>4APY-c</b>	16.4	-1.9	8.3
	<b>4APY-d1</b>	0.0	0.0	0.0
2-Aminopyrimidine <sup>d</sup>	<b>2APM-a</b>	0.0	0.0	0.0
	<b>2APM-b1/d2</b>	24.1	14.7	10.2
	<b>2APM-b2/d1</b>	17.4	6.5	3.5
	<b>2APM-c</b>	36.4	44.0	15.6
	<b>2APM-d1</b>	0.0	0.0	0.0
4-Aminopyrimidine <sup>e</sup>	<b>4APM-a</b>	0.0	0.0	0.0
	<b>4APM-b1</b>	16.2	4.8	4.6
	<b>4APM-b2</b>	13.3	1.5	1.5
	<b>4APM-c1</b>	18.2	1.8	14.3
	<b>4APM-c2</b>	22.2	6.2	18.0
	<b>4APM-d1</b>	32.2	42.4	-4.9
	<b>4APM-d2</b>	36.8	43.0	-0.3

<sup>a</sup>  $\Delta G$  (in kcal mol<sup>-1</sup>) refers to difference between G of **a-d** and that of **a** estimated at the DFT(B3LYP)/6-311+G(d,p) level at 298.15 K. <sup>b</sup> As in ref. [22]. <sup>c</sup> As in ref. [58]. <sup>d</sup> As in ref. [59]. <sup>e</sup> As in refs [60,61].

**Table S3.** Relative Gibbs energies ( $\Delta G$ )<sup>a</sup> for neutral, positively and negatively ionized tautomers-rotamers of pyrimidine bases.

Compound	Isomer	$\Delta G$		
		Neutral	Radical cation	Radical anion
Uracil <sup>b</sup>	<b>U13</b>	-13.9	-11.5	-22.8
	<b>U17a</b>	15.2	9.8	7.1
	<b>U17b</b>	5.6	0.9	5.8
	<b>U18a</b>	-1.6	-4.8	-11.3
	<b>U18b</b>	5.1	1.8	-5.0
	<b>U35</b>	2.7	25.3	-24.9
	<b>U37a</b>	-2.3	-9.0	-6.8
	<b>U37b</b>	5.1	-1.7	nf
	<b>U38a</b>	9.8	0.9	-4.2
	<b>U38b</b>	7.3	-0.5	-4.2
	<b>U57a</b>	21.4	24.2	-12.6
	<b>U57b</b>	19.8	24.2	-14.1
	<b>U58a</b>	20.3	23.0	-1.7
	<b>U58b</b>	27.8	29.3	4.6
Cytosine <sup>c</sup>	<b>U78aa</b>	0.0	0.0	0.0
	<b>U78ab</b>	5.3	6.8	6.3
	<b>U78ba</b>	1.1	0.6	1.0
	<b>U78bb</b>	5.3	7.9	5.7
	<b>C13a</b>	2.5	2.4	-4.9
	<b>C13b</b>	0.8	1.3	-7.9
	<b>C17aa</b>	26.7	14.5	15.8
	<b>C17ab</b>	31.0	18.1	20.1
	<b>C17ba</b>	17.6	5.8	18.0
	<b>C17bb</b>	21.0	9.4	20.7
	<b>C18</b>	-1.4	0.2	-10.4
	<b>C35a</b>	17.7	nf	-11.3
	<b>C35b</b>	17.3	37.2	-11.9
	<b>C37aa</b>	15.9	5.9	10.0
	<b>C37ab</b>	13.1	3.1	7.8
	<b>C37ba</b>	23.3	14.6	13.5

	<b>C37bb</b>	20.5	10.8	nf
	<b>C38</b>	5.6	-0.4	-7.3
	<b>C57aa</b>	30.8	38.6	-2.9
	<b>C57ab</b>	35.9	nf	1.9
	<b>C57ba</b>	29.9	39.2	-3.6
	<b>C57bb</b>	34.2	nf	0.4
	<b>C58</b>	20.0	25.2	-1.3
	<b>C78a</b>	0.0	0.0	0.0
	<b>C78b</b>	0.7	0.4	0.9
Isocytosine <sup>d</sup>	<b>iC13a</b>	7.8	14.5	-4.5
	<b>iC13b</b>	6.5	11.6	-5.6
	<b>iC17</b>	10.4	17.0	1.9
	<b>iC18aa</b>	21.4	14.1	8.4
	<b>iC18ab</b>	28.2	20.0	14.8
	<b>iC18ba</b>	15.2	7.0	2.6
	<b>iC18bb</b>	21.2	12.0	8.2
	<b>iC35a</b>	15.0	37.8	-11.9
	<b>iC35b</b>	20.1	nf	-5.8
	<b>iC37</b>	0.8	-1.6	-8.8
	<b>iC38aa</b>	25.7	15.3	9.1
	<b>iC38ab</b>	23.3	12.8	nf
	<b>iC38ba</b>	33.2	24.0	15.2
	<b>iC38bb</b>	29.9	20.6	nf
	<b>iC57</b>	16.8	26.7	-15.1
	<b>iC58aa</b>	31.1	44.2	10.7
	<b>iC58ab</b>	39.1	50.8	17.0
	<b>iC58ba</b>	31.7	44.6	12.0
	<b>iC58bb</b>	38.7	50.8	17.4
	<b>iC78a</b>	0.0	0.0	0.0
	<b>iC78b</b>	4.4	5.4	4.5

<sup>a</sup>  $\Delta G$  (in kcal mol<sup>-1</sup>) for **U**, **C**, and **iC** relative to **G** of **U78aa**, **C78a**, and **iC78a**, respectively, estimated at the DFT(B3LYP)/6-311+G(d,p) level at 298.15 K (nf – structure not found). <sup>b</sup> As in refs [62,63]. <sup>c</sup> As in ref. 64]. <sup>d</sup> As in refs [28,57,65].

**Table S4.** HOMED<sup>a,b</sup> and HOMED<sup>b,c</sup> indices for neutral, positively and negatively ionized tautomers-rotamers of phenol and mono-hydroxy aromatic azines.

Compound	Isomer	Neutral		Radical cation		Radical anion	
		HOMED6	HOMED7	HOMED6	HOMED7	HOMED6	HOMED7
Phenol <sup>d</sup>	<b>a</b>	0.999 <sub>7</sub>	0.920	0.918	0.927	0.994	0.916
	<b>b/d</b>	0.374	0.470	0.518	0.606	0.455	0.567
	<b>c</b>	0.403	0.498	0.613	0.685	0.503	0.609
2-HO-pyridine <sup>e</sup>	<b>2HOPY-a1</b>	0.995	0.943	0.919	0.933	0.880	0.782
	<b>2HOPY-a2</b>	0.996	0.935	0.908	0.922	0.908	0.802
	<b>2HOPY-b</b>	0.803	0.812	0.808	0.807	0.745	0.792
	<b>2HOPY-c</b>	0.332	0.425	-0.023	0.083	0.477	0.586
	<b>2HOPY-d</b>	0.342	0.428	0.166	0.233	0.432	0.541
4- HO-pyridine <sup>e</sup>	<b>4HOPY-a</b>	0.999	0.937	0.979	0.970	0.972	0.907
	<b>4HOPY-b/d</b>	0.358	0.454	0.305	0.394	0.483	0.587
	<b>4HOPY-c</b>	0.754	0.782	0.944	0.955	0.832	0.855
2- HO-pyrimidine <sup>e</sup>	<b>2HOPM-a1/a2</b>	1.000	0.961	0.990	0.989	0.856	0.776
	<b>2HOPM-b/d</b>	0.785	0.744	0.788	0.789	0.730	0.774
	<b>2HOPM-c</b>	0.259	0.350	0.087	0.154	0.454	0.558
4- HO-pyrimidine <sup>e</sup>	<b>4HOPM-a1</b>	0.995	0.957	0.983	0.977	0.870	0.790
	<b>4HOPM-a2</b>	0.996	0.950	0.983	0.977	0.892	0.801
	<b>4HOPM-b</b>	0.774	0.782	0.824	0.823	0.731	0.778
	<b>4HOPM-c</b>	0.681	0.706	0.937	0.949	0.795	0.816
	<b>4HOPM-d</b>	0.313	0.401	0.060	0.153	0.491	0.584

<sup>a</sup> HOMED6 for six-membered ring (six bonds). <sup>b</sup> Calculated for structures optimized at the DFT(B3LYP)/6-311+G(d,p) level. <sup>c</sup> HOMED7 for entire molecule (eight bonds). <sup>d</sup> Data taken from ref. [18]. <sup>e</sup> Data taken from ref. [49].

**Table S5.** HOMED<sup>a,b</sup> and HOMED<sup>b,c</sup> indices for neutral, positively and negatively ionized tautomers-rotamers of aniline and mono-amino aromatic azines.

Compound	Isomer	Neutral		Radical cation		Radical anion	
		HOMED6	HOMED7	HOMED6	HOMED7	HOMED6	HOMED7
Aniline <sup>d</sup>	<b>a</b>	0.998	0.948	0.926	0.942	0.994	0.952
	<b>b1/d2</b>	0.384	0.486	0.711	0.760	0.490	0.597
	<b>b2/d1</b>	0.353	0.459	0.670	0.725	0.470	0.582
	<b>c</b>	0.413	0.511	0.680	0.747	0.514	0.595
2-H <sub>2</sub> N-pyridine <sup>e</sup>	<b>2APY-a</b>	0.994	0.996	0.929	0.944	0.923	0.846
	<b>2APY-b1</b>	0.767	0.791	0.913	0.925	0.714	0.772
	<b>2APY-b2</b>	0.802	0.818	0.927	0.937	0.786	0.829
	<b>2APY-c1</b>	0.356	0.453	0.669	0.721	0.535	0.605
	<b>2APY-c2</b>	0.352	0.454	0.722	0.779	0.486	0.595
	<b>2APY-d1</b>	0.365	0.453	0.697	0.755	0.500	0.599
	<b>2APY-d2</b>	0.324	0.424	0.200	0.266	0.448	0.560
4-H <sub>2</sub> N-pyridine <sup>e</sup>	<b>4APY-a</b>	0.996	0.969	0.947	0.958	0.983	0.956
	<b>4APY-b1/d2</b>	0.334	0.440	0.587	0.659	0.498	0.602
	<b>4APY-b2/d1</b>	0.373	0.470	0.683	0.742	0.520	0.618
	<b>4APY-c</b>	0.744	0.779	0.936	0.949	0.820	0.849
	<b>4APY-d1</b>	0.365	0.453	0.697	0.755	0.500	0.599
2-H <sub>2</sub> N-pyrimidine <sup>f</sup>	<b>2APM-a</b>	0.995	0.986	0.939	0.951	0.870	0.812
	<b>2APM-b1/d2</b>	0.743	0.760	0.925	0.917	0.701	0.758
	<b>2APM-b2/d1</b>	0.790	0.795	0.945	0.955	0.779	0.819
	<b>2APM-c</b>	0.298	0.397	0.173	0.248	0.489	0.596
4-H <sub>2</sub> N-pyrimidine <sup>g</sup>	<b>4APM-a</b>	0.991	0.981	0.950	0.960	0.904	0.843
	<b>4APM-b1</b>	0.737	0.756	0.924	0.936	0.712	0.767
	<b>4APM-b2</b>	0.707	0.736	0.938	0.949	0.775	0.818
	<b>4APM-c1</b>	0.664	0.701	0.917	0.934	0.777	0.805
	<b>4APM-c2</b>	0.663	0.702	0.921	0.936	0.773	0.804
	<b>4APM-d1</b>	0.346	0.435	0.122	0.226	0.557	0.640
	<b>4APM-d2</b>	0.170	0.297	0.106	0.210	0.470	0.574

<sup>a</sup> HOMED6 for six-membered ring (six bonds). <sup>b</sup> Calculated for structures optimized at the DFT(B3LYP)/6-311+G(d,p) level. <sup>c</sup> HOMED7 for entire molecule (eight bonds). <sup>d</sup> Data from ref. [22].

<sup>e</sup> Data from ref. [58]. <sup>f</sup> Data from ref. [59]. <sup>g</sup> Data from refs [60,61].

**Table S6.** HOMED<sup>a,b</sup> and HOMED<sup>b,c</sup> indices for neutral, positively and negatively ionized tautomers-rotamers of pyrimidine bases.

Compound	Isomer	Neutral		Radical cation		Radical anion	
		HOMED6	HOMED8	HOMED6	HOMED8	HOMED6	HOMED8
Uracil <sup>d</sup>	<b>U13</b>	0.698	0.688	0.571	0.553	0.567	0.659
	<b>U17a</b>	0.650	0.649	0.913	0.924	0.773	0.777
	<b>U17b</b>	0.741	0.728	0.933	0.942	0.770	0.762
	<b>U18a</b>	0.788	0.762	0.789	0.796	0.763	0.701
	<b>U18b</b>	0.770	0.738	0.836	0.839	0.768	0.684
	<b>U35</b>	0.342	0.402	0.464	0.521	0.336	0.469
	<b>U37a</b>	0.769	0.755	0.807	0.806	0.600	0.592
	<b>U37b</b>	0.754	0.739	0.785	0.787	nf	nf
	<b>U38a</b>	0.771	0.747	0.709	0.720	0.748	0.680
	<b>U38b</b>	0.788	0.758	0.765	0.768	0.749	0.681
	<b>U57a</b>	0.337	0.429	0.194	0.323	0.500	0.515
	<b>U57b</b>	0.384	0.466	0.200	0.331	0.496	0.515
	<b>U58a</b>	0.281	0.370	-0.017	0.116	0.416	0.460
	<b>U58b</b>	0.217	0.320	0.032	0.155	0.380	0.413
	<b>U78aa</b>	0.995	0.926	0.893	0.914	0.859	0.690
	<b>U78ab</b>	0.994	0.918	0.875	0.898	0.880	0.691
	<b>U78ba</b>	0.996	0.925	0.903	0.924	0.843	0.674
	<b>U78bb</b>	0.996	0.920	0.984	0.976	0.864	0.678
Cytosine <sup>e</sup>	<b>C13a</b>	0.688	0.690	0.727	0.714	0.582	0.670
	<b>C13b</b>	0.709	0.706	0.745	0.730	0.634	0.708
	<b>C17aa</b>	0.629	0.636	0.916	0.925	0.760	0.772
	<b>C17ab</b>	0.622	0.633	0.915	0.920	0.753	0.766
	<b>C17ba</b>	0.671	0.680	0.924	0.933	0.762	0.762
	<b>C17bb</b>	0.671	0.683	0.930	0.935	0.762	0.757
	<b>C18</b>	0.785	0.791	0.850	0.866	0.756	0.703
	<b>C35a</b>	0.351	0.415	nf	nf	0.363	0.494
	<b>C35b</b>	0.331	0.402	0.150	0.276	0.381	0.507
	<b>C37aa</b>	0.734	0.731	0.902	0.912	0.625	0.611
	<b>C37ab</b>	0.777	0.767	0.923	0.931	0.704	0.674
	<b>C37ba</b>	0.714	0.752	0.878	0.890	0.798	0.797

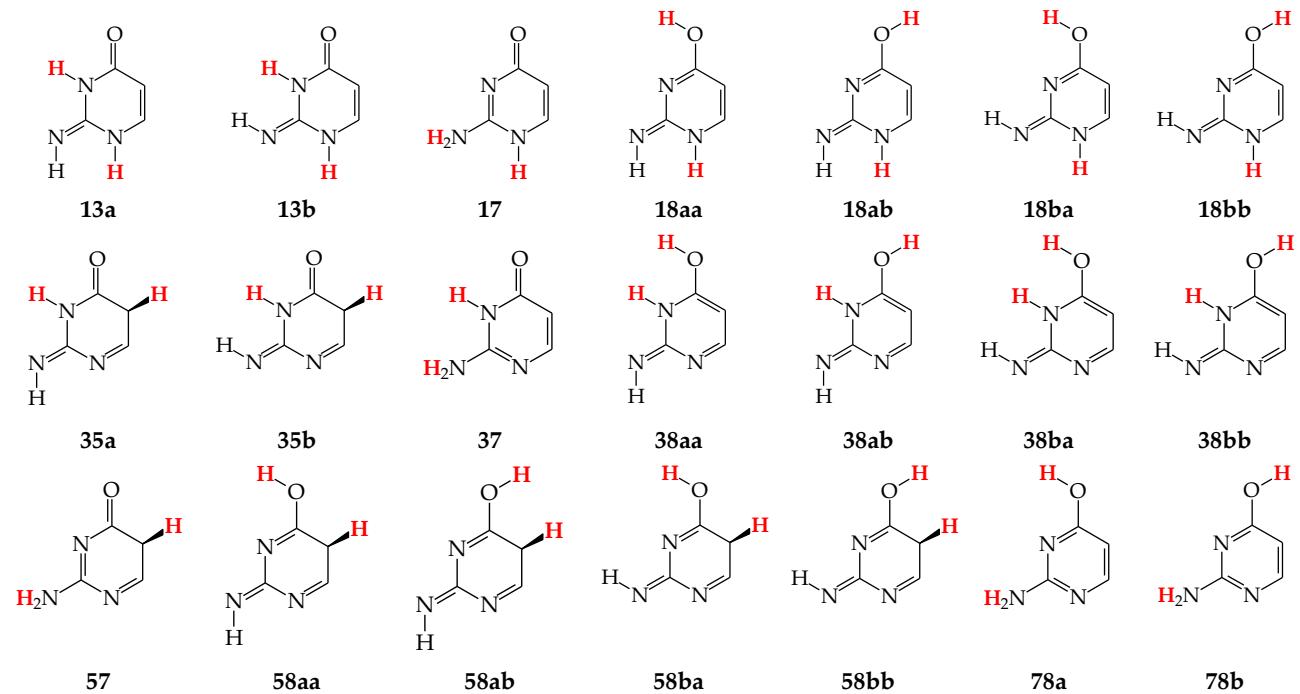
	<b>C37bb</b>	0.768	0.755	0.902	0.912	nf	nf
	<b>C38</b>	0.799	0.794	0.749	0.754	0.727	0.692
	<b>C57aa</b>	0.351	0.439	0.647	0.734	0.548	0.550
	<b>C57ab</b>	0.296	0.400	nf	nf	0.509	0.523
	<b>C57ba</b>	0.395	0.473	0.650	0.737	0.549	0.553
	<b>C57bb</b>	0.344	0.438	nf	nf	0.512	0.529
	<b>C58</b>	0.267	0.391	-0.017	0.129	0.434	0.501
	<b>C78a</b>	0.990	0.943	0.896	0.917	0.853	0.660
	<b>C78b</b>	0.992	0.944	0.912	0.929	0.849	0.662
Isocytosine <sup>f</sup>	<b>iC13a</b>	0.700	0.695	0.717	0.714	0.571	0.662
	<b>iC13b</b>	0.705	0.701	0.715	0.706	0.568	0.660
	<b>iC17</b>	0.694	0.710	0.896	0.920	0.792	0.810
	<b>iC18aa</b>	0.757	0.744	0.928	0.939	0.726	0.680
	<b>iC18ab</b>	0.723	0.706	0.925	0.934	0.726	0.658
	<b>iC18ba</b>	0.795	0.771	0.947	0.952	0.785	0.721
	<b>iC18bb</b>	0.777	0.747	0.945	0.948	0.788	0.703
	<b>iC35a</b>	0.371	0.437	0.428	0.491	0.422	0.542
	<b>iC35b</b>	0.355	0.426	nf	nf	0.365	0.501
	<b>iC37</b>	0.810	0.795	0.794	0.794	0.682	0.675
	<b>iC38aa</b>	0.796	0.773	0.902	0.913	0.787	0.717
	<b>iC38ab</b>	0.803	0.777	0.931	0.937	nf	nf
	<b>iC38ba</b>	0.733	0.722	0.864	0.883	0.728	0.672
	<b>iC38bb</b>	0.753	0.737	0.906	0.917	nf	nf
	<b>iC57</b>	0.361	0.476	0.179	0.326	0.504	0.548
	<b>iC58aa</b>	0.327	0.414	0.634	0.722	0.469	0.511
	<b>iC58ab</b>	0.272	0.362	0.561	0.666	0.432	0.463
	<b>iC58ba</b>	0.331	0.418	0.636	0.724	0.459	0.502
	<b>iC58bb</b>	0.280	0.369	0.580	0.680	0.423	0.456
	<b>iC78a</b>	0.994	0.946	0.919	0.930	0.867	0.715
	<b>iC78b</b>	0.991	0.936	0.916	0.924	0.903	0.740

<sup>a</sup> HOMED6 for six-membered ring (six bonds). <sup>b</sup> Calculated for structures optimized at the DFT(B3LYP)/6-311+G(d,p) level (nf – structure not found). <sup>c</sup> HOMED8 for entire molecule (eight bonds). <sup>d</sup> Data from refs [62,63]. <sup>e</sup> Data from ref. [64]. <sup>f</sup> Data from refs [28,57,65].

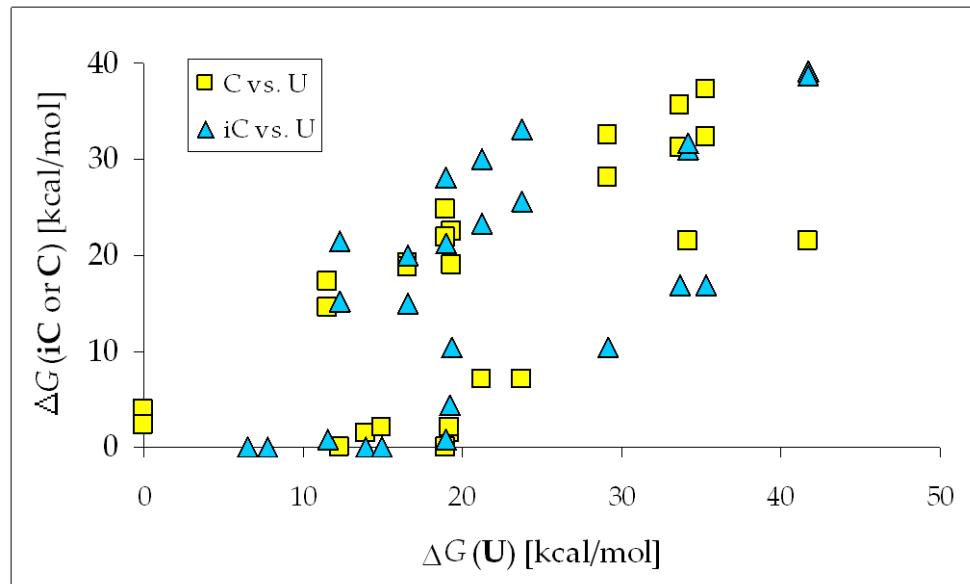
**Table S7.** Composition of isomeric mixtures for neutral mono-hydroxy aromatic azines estimated at the G2 level.

Derivative	Amount of isomer ( $x_i$ in %)					Ref.
	a1	a2	b	c	d	
<b>2HOPY</b>	73 <sup>b</sup>	2 10 <sup>-2</sup>	27	1 10 <sup>-14</sup>	2 10 <sup>-15</sup>	[49]
<b>4HOPY</b>		99	1 10 <sup>-11</sup>	1	1 10 <sup>-11</sup>	[49]
<b>2HOPM</b>		99	1	5 10 <sup>-15</sup>	1	[49]
<b>4HOPM</b>	20	1 10 <sup>-2</sup>	80	5 10 <sup>-5</sup>	9 10 <sup>-16</sup>	[49]

**Figure S1.** Twenty-one tautomers-rotamers possible for iC. Two labile protons indicated in bold red color.

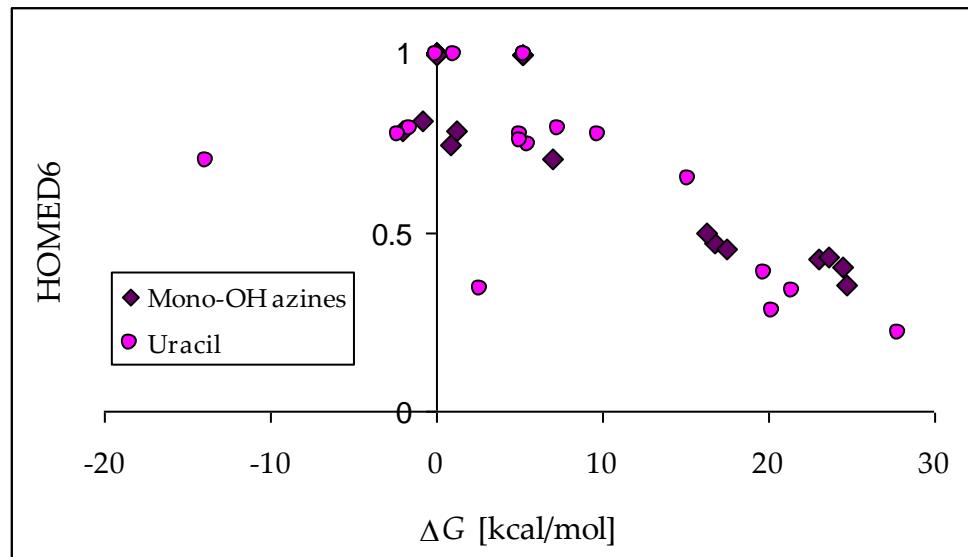


**Figure S2.** Plots between  $\Delta G$ s of all tautomers-rotamers of neutral pyrimidine bases. DFT data taken from refs [62,64,65].

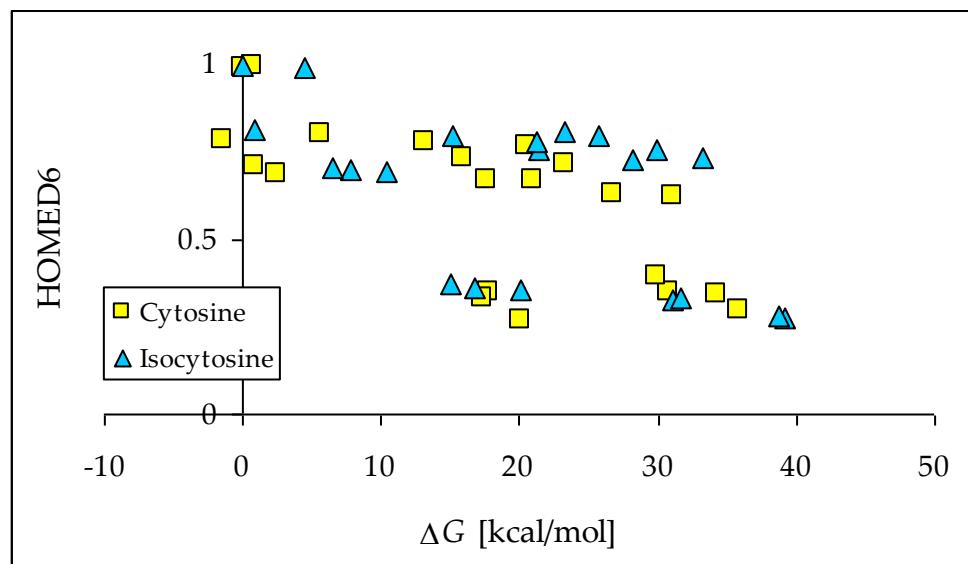


**Figure S3.** Plots between HOMED6s and  $\Delta G$ s of all tautomers-rotamers of mono-hydroxy aromatic azines (including phenol) and uracil containing one and two exo OH, respectively (a), and also for all isomers of cytosine and isocytosine containing one exo OH and one exo NH<sub>2</sub> (b). DFT data taken from refs [18,44,62,64,65].

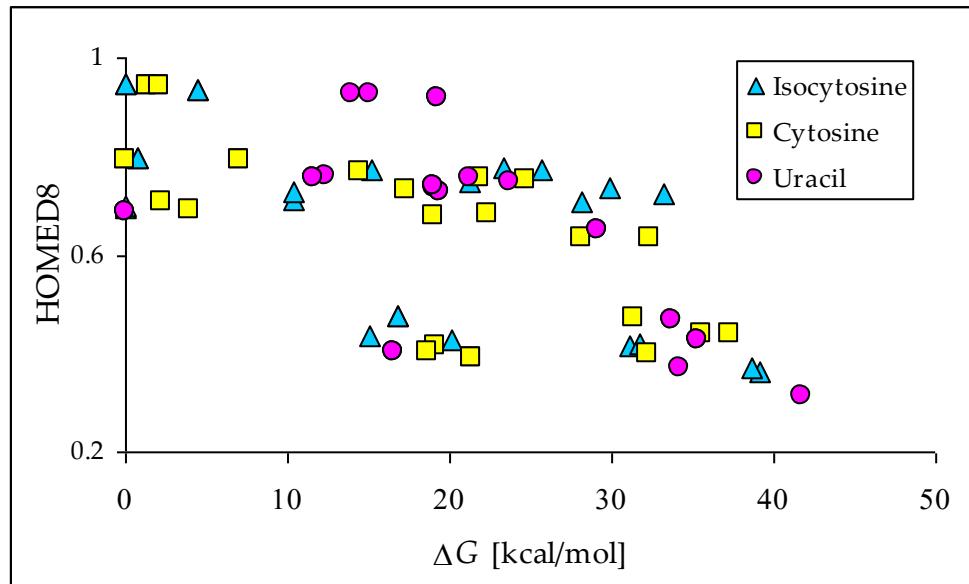
(a) Mono-hydroxy azines (including phenol) and uracil



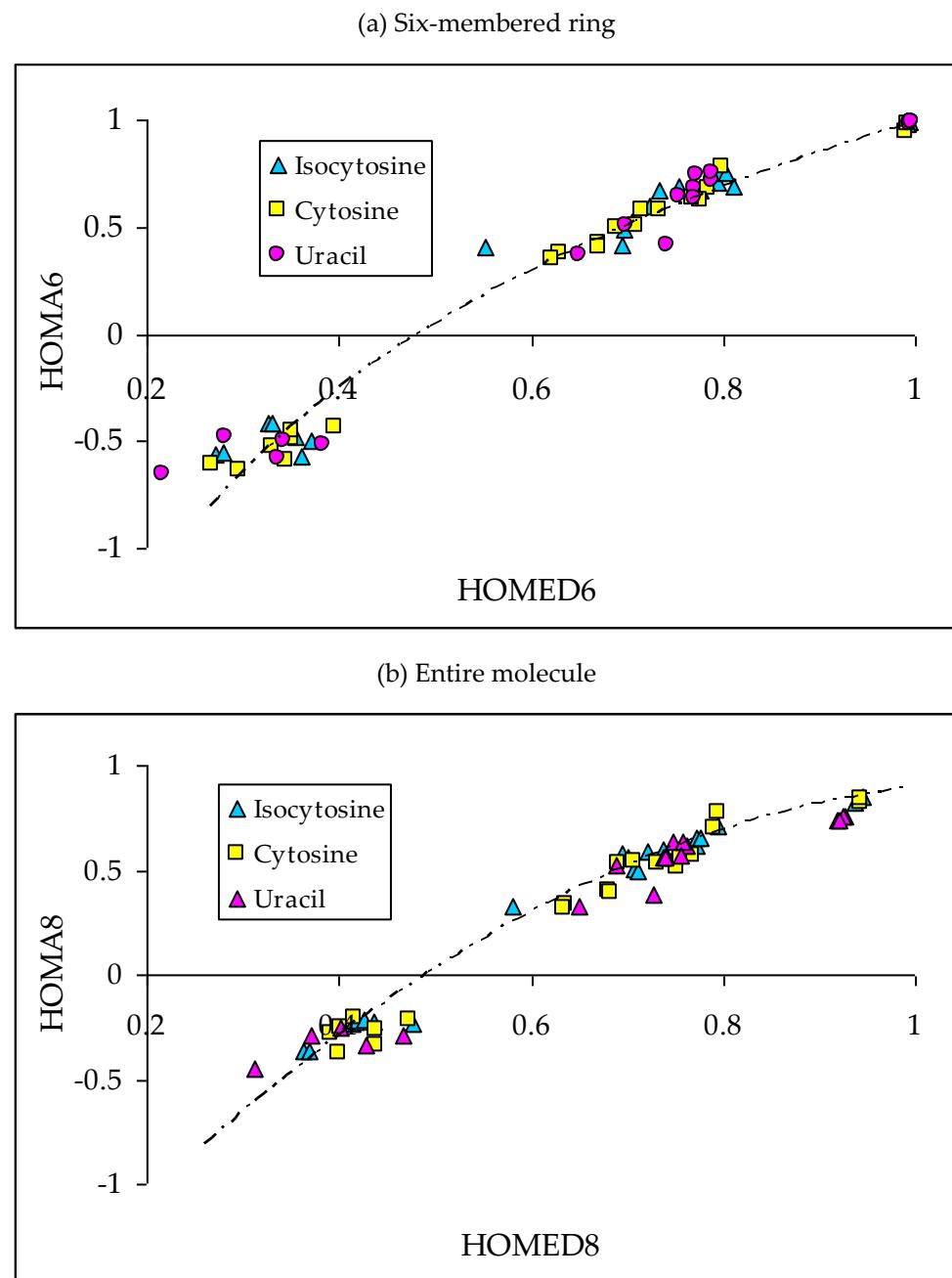
(b) Cytosine and isocytosine



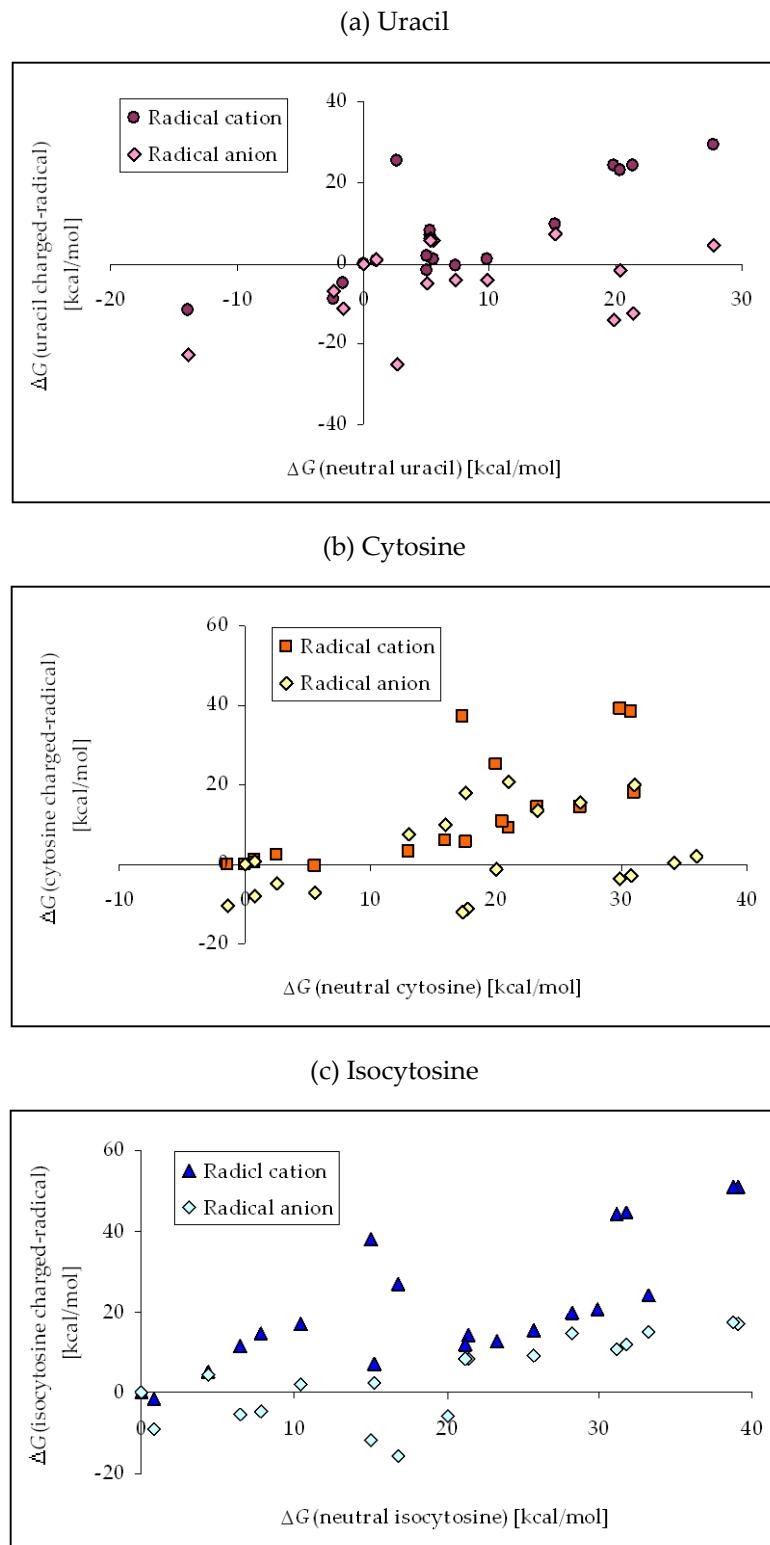
**Figure S4.** Plots between HOMED8s and  $\Delta G$ s of all tautomers-rotamers of neutral pyrimidine bases. DFT data taken from refs [62,64,65].



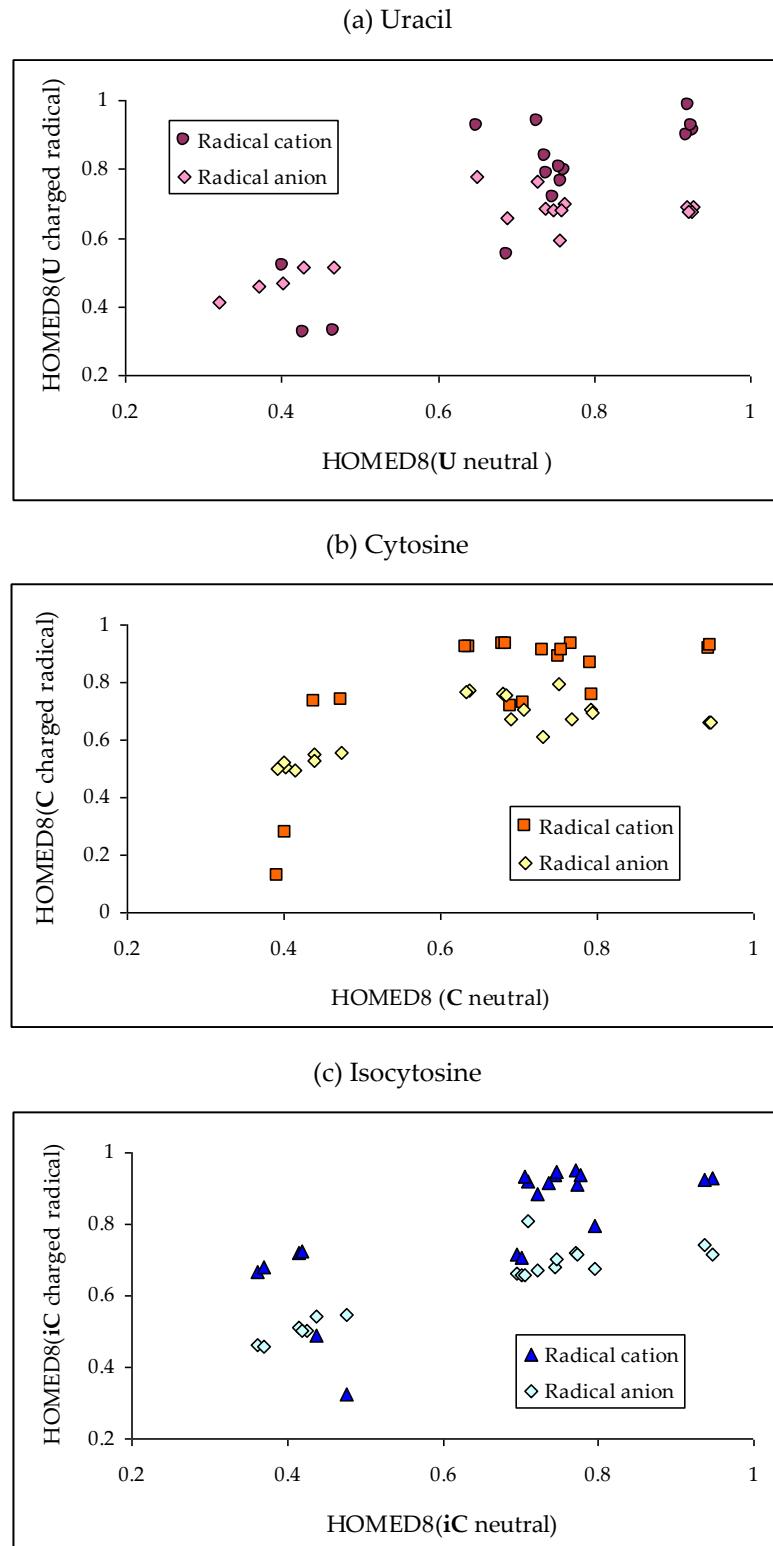
**Figure S5.** Lack of linear relations between the reformulated HOMA and HOMED indices estimated for all tautomers-rotamers of neutral pyrimidine bases in the six-membered ring (a) and in the entire molecule (b). DFT-calculated geometric parameters taken from refs [65,68].



**Figure S6.** Plots between  $\Delta G$ s of neutral and ionized tautomers-rotamers of uracil (a), cytosine (b), and isocytosine (c). DFT data taken from refs [28,57,62,63,64,65].



**Figure S7.** Plots between HOMED8s of neutral and ionized tautomers-rotamers of uracil (a), cytosine (b), and isocytosine (c). DFT data taken from refs [28,57,62,63,64,65].



### List of abbreviations applied in the main text

<b>2APM</b>	2-aminopyrimidine
<b>4APM</b>	4-aminopyrimidine
<b>5APM</b>	5-aminopyrimidine
<b>2APY</b>	2-aminopyridine
<b>3APY</b>	3-aminopyridine
<b>4APY</b>	4-aminopyridine
<b>2HOPM</b>	2-hydroxypyrimidine
<b>4HOPM</b>	4-hydroxypyrimidine
<b>5HOPM</b>	5-hydroxypyrimidine
<b>2HOPY</b>	2-hydroxypyridine
<b>3HOPY</b>	3-hydroxypyridine
<b>4HOPY</b>	4-hydroxypyridine
<b>A</b>	adenine
$\alpha$	normalization constant
AM1	Austin Model 1
B3LYP	Becke-style three-parameter hybrid exchange functional with non-local correlation functional of Lee, Yang, and Parr
<b>C</b>	cytosine
CASSCF	complete active space self-consistent field
CCSD(T)	coupled cluster method including single-, double- and triple-excitation
CID	collision-induced dissociation
DFT	density functional theory
<i>E</i>	energy
EA	electron affinity
ESR	electron spin resonance
FT-MW	Fourier transform microwave
<b>G</b>	guanine
<i>G</i>	Gibbs energy
G2	Gaussian-2 theory
G2(MP2)	MP2 variant of Gaussian-2 theory
G4	Gaussian-4 theory
G <i>n</i>	Gaussian- <i>n</i> theory
<b>HX</b>	hypoxanthine
<i>H</i>	enthalpy
HF	Hartree-Fock self-consistent field
HOMA	harmonic oscillator model of aromaticity
HOMED	harmonic oscillator model of electron delocalization
<b>HX</b>	hypoxanthine
<b>iC</b>	isocytosine
ICR	ion cyclotron resonance
IE	ionization energy
IR	infrared
IRMPD	infrared multiple-photon dissociation
IUPAC	International Union of Pure and Applied Chemistry

<b>K</b>	equilibrium constant
LA-MB-FT-MW	laser-ablation molecular-beam Fourier-transform microwave
LFER	linear free-energy relationship
<b>M</b>	molecule
MNDO	modified neglect of diatomic overlap
MP2	second-order Møller-Plesset (perturbation theory)
MP $n$	$n$ -order Møller-Plesset (perturbation theory)
MS	mass spectrometry
MW	microwave
$n$	number of bonds
NMR	nuclear magnetic resonance
PM3	parametric method 3
PES	photoelectron spectroscopy
QCISD(T)	quadratic configuration interaction method including single-, double- and triple-excitation
$R$	molar gas constant
REMPI	resonantly enhanced multiphoton ionization
$R_d$	double bond-length
$R_i$	bond-length in investigated compound
$R_o$	optimum bond-length
$R_s$	single bond-length
RNA	ribonucleic acid
$S$	entropy
<b>T</b>	thymine
$T$	temperature
TD-DFT	time-dependent density functional theory
<b>U</b>	uracil
<b>UA</b>	uric acid
UV	ultraviolet
UVPD	UV-vis photodissociation
<b>X</b>	xanthine
ZEKE	zero kinetic energy