

# Serinol-Based Versatile Disulfide-Reducing Reagent †

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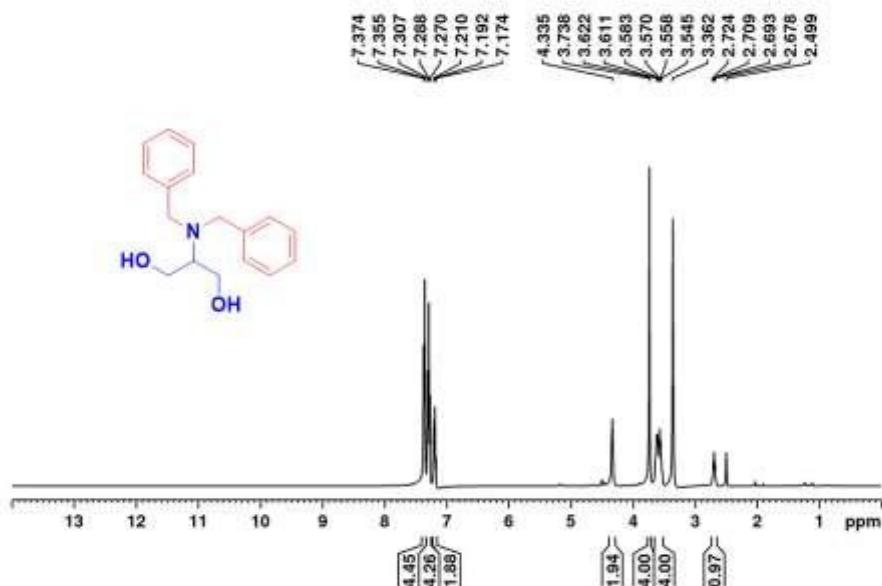
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† Honoring the Nobel Laureate in Chemistry Professor Morten Meldal, who is a continuous inspiration for all of us.

## Supporting information

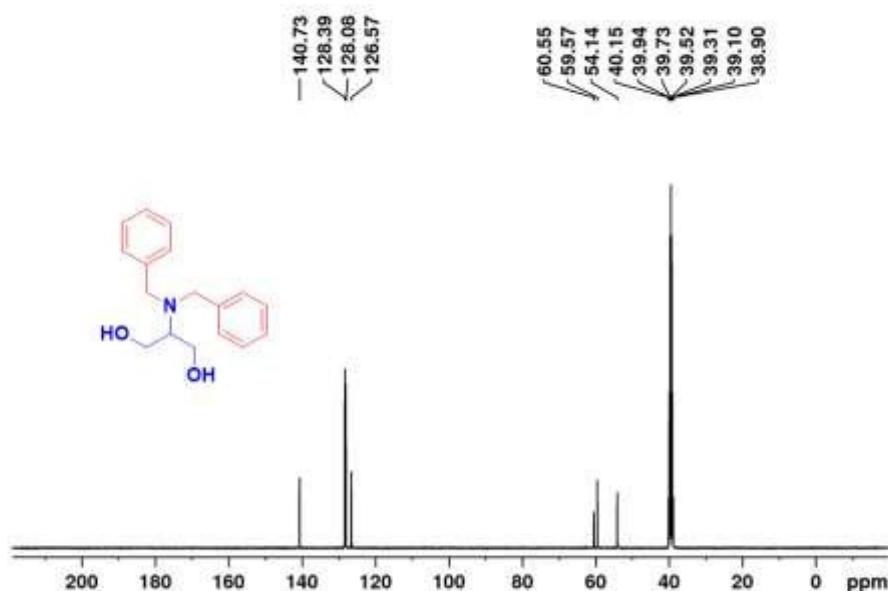
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**1. Copies of  $^1\text{H}$ ,  $^{13}\text{C}$ , HPLC and Mass spectra of synthesized compounds**



**Figure S1:**  $^1\text{H}$  NMR of Compound 3a (400 MHz,  $\text{DMSO}-d_6$ )



**Figure S2:**  $^{13}\text{C}$  NMR of Compound 3a (100 MHz,  $\text{DMSO}-d_6$ )

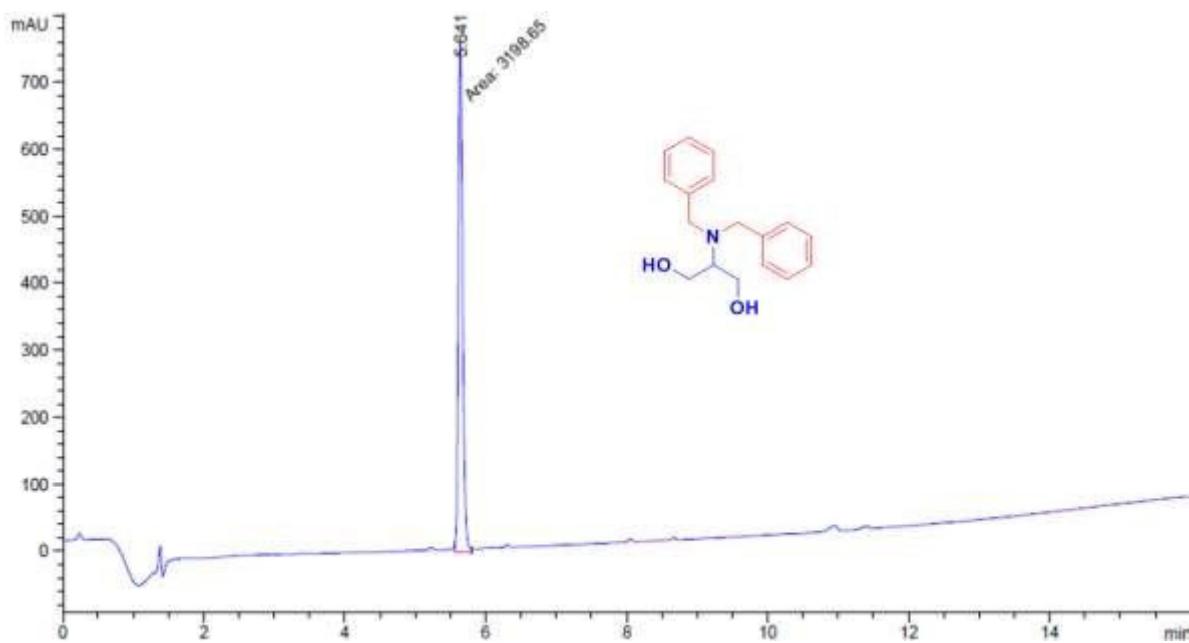


Figure S3: HPLC of Compound 3a

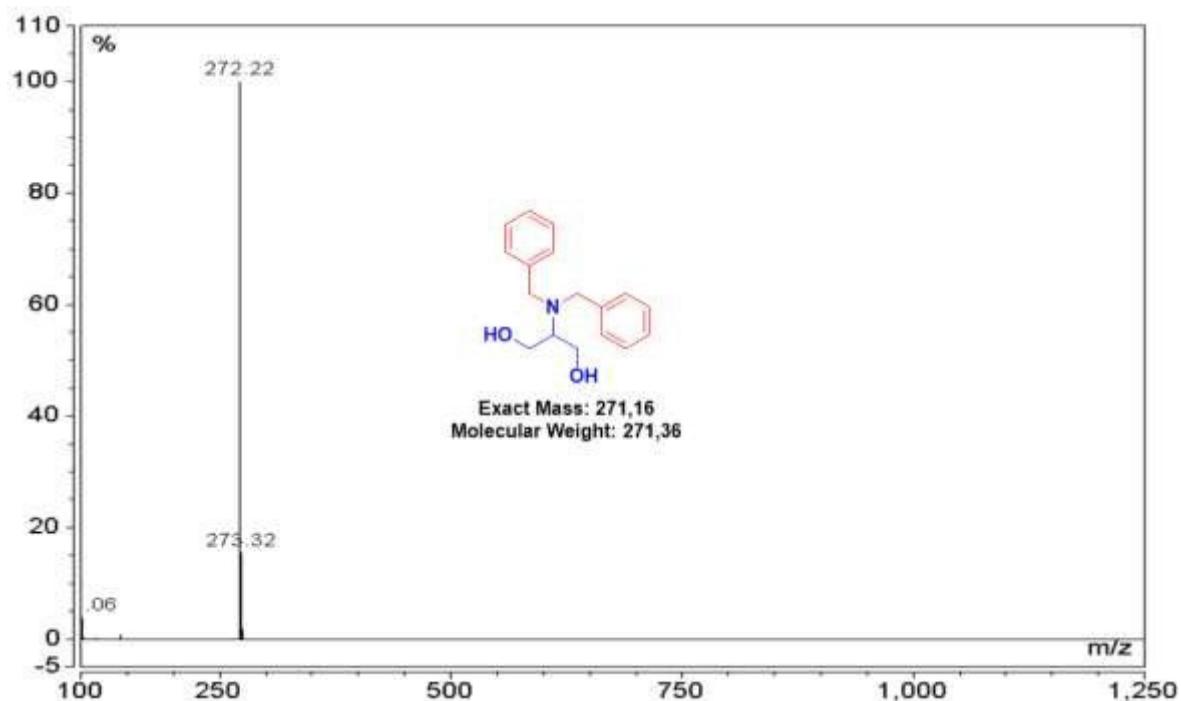
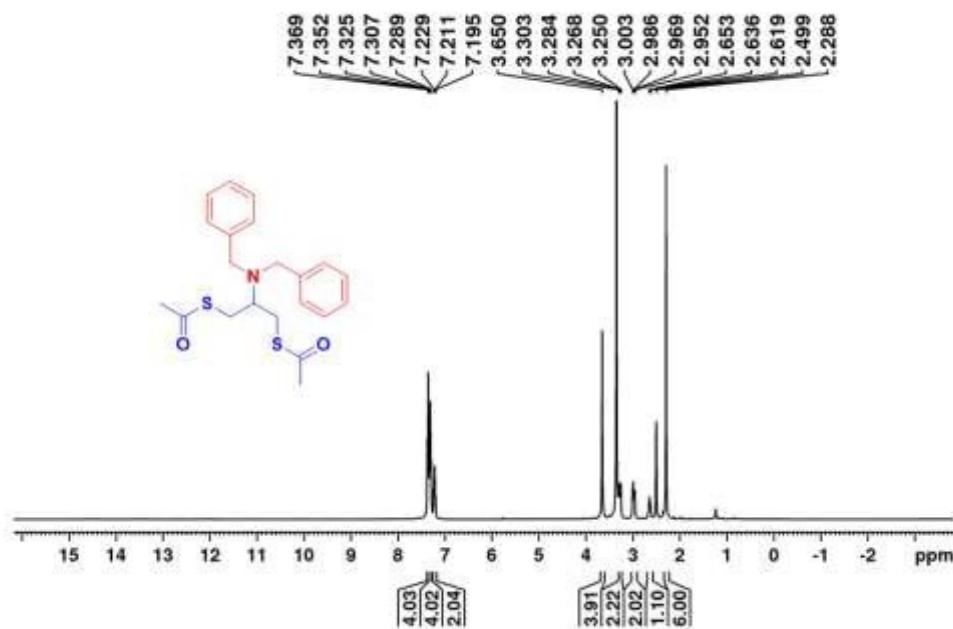
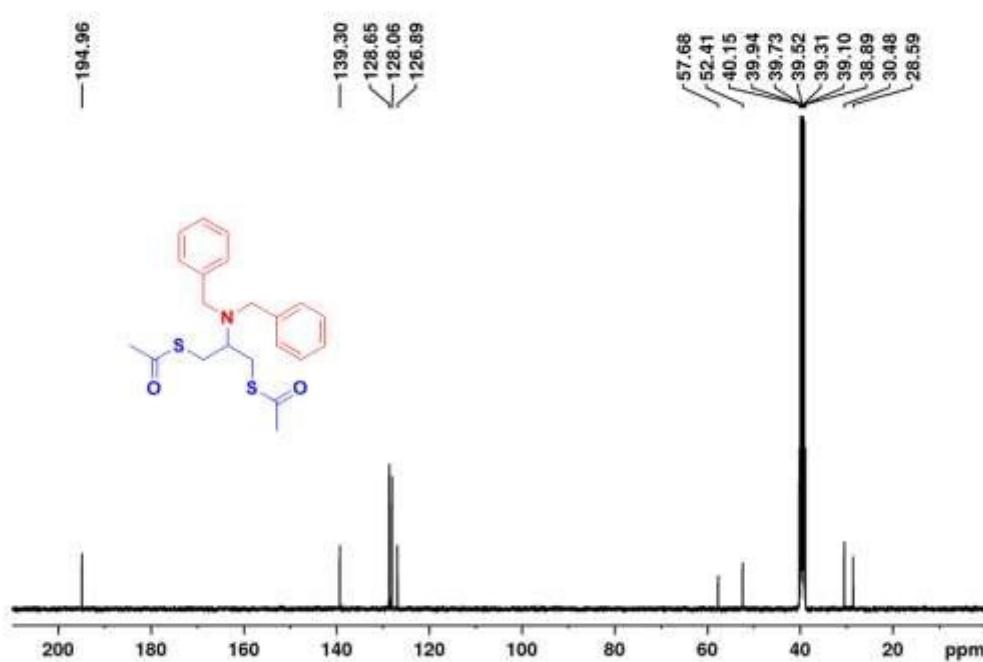


Figure S4: Mass of Compound 3a



**Figure S5:** <sup>1</sup>H NMR of Compound 4a (400 MHz, DMSO-*d*<sub>6</sub>)



**Figure S6:** <sup>13</sup>C NMR of Compound 4a (100 MHz, DMSO-*d*<sub>6</sub>)

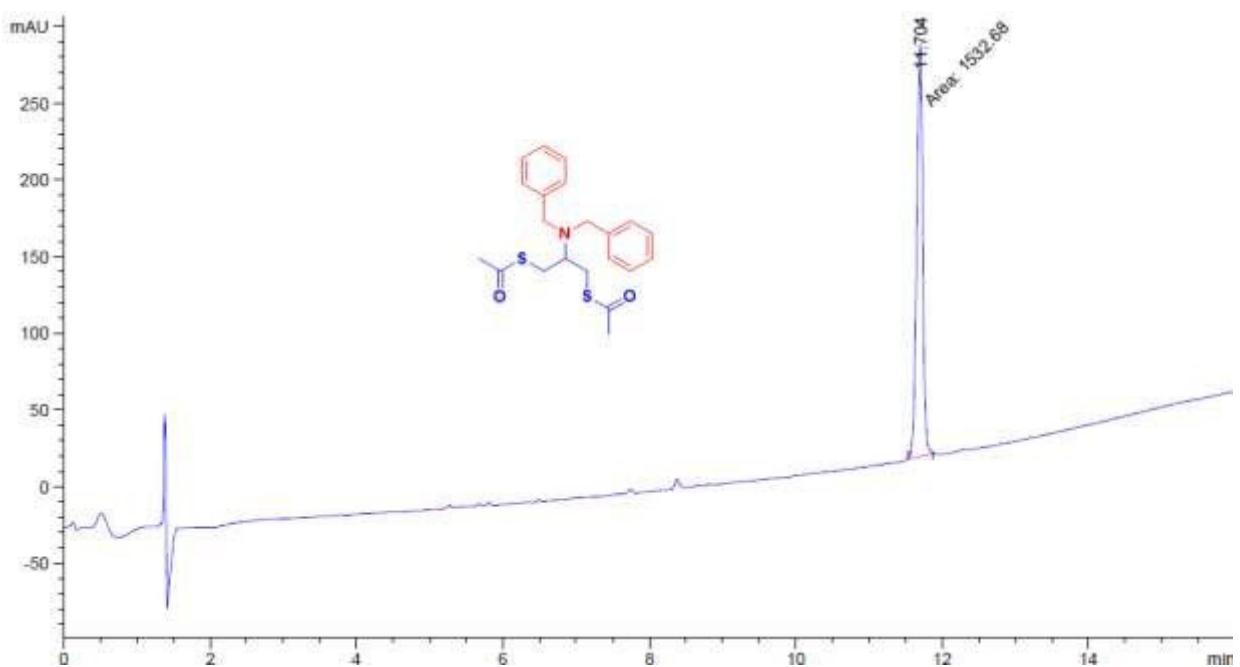


Figure S7: HPLC of Compound 4a

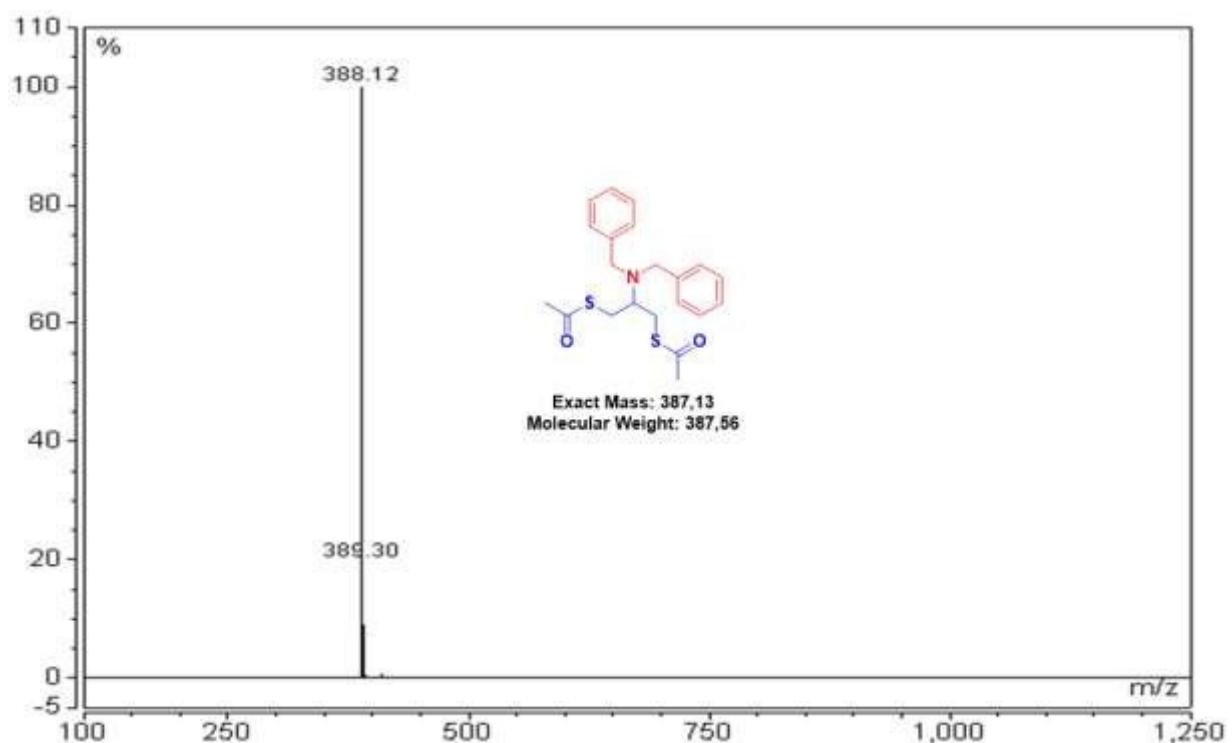
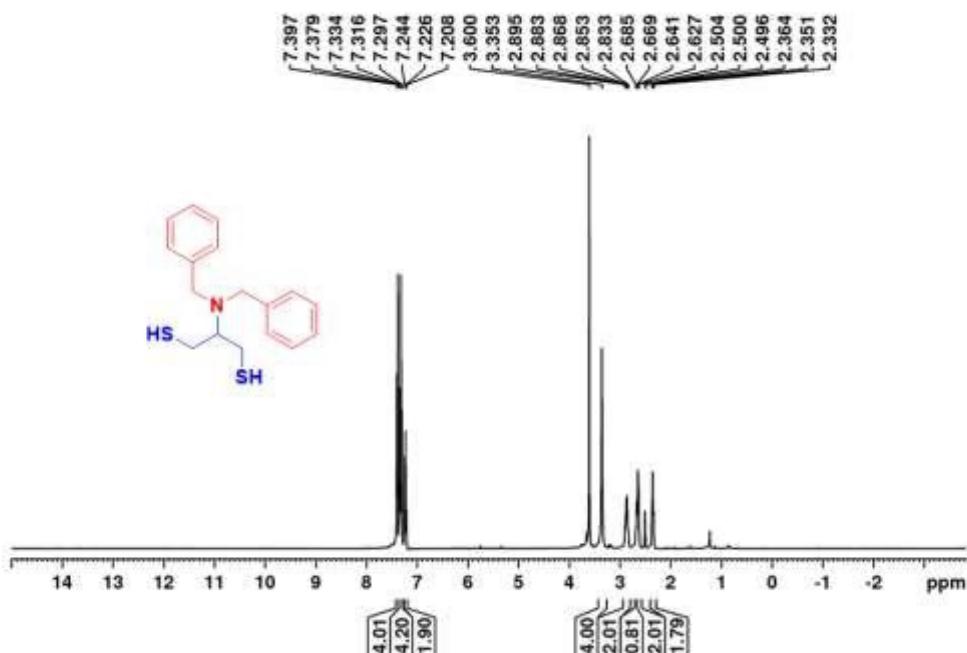
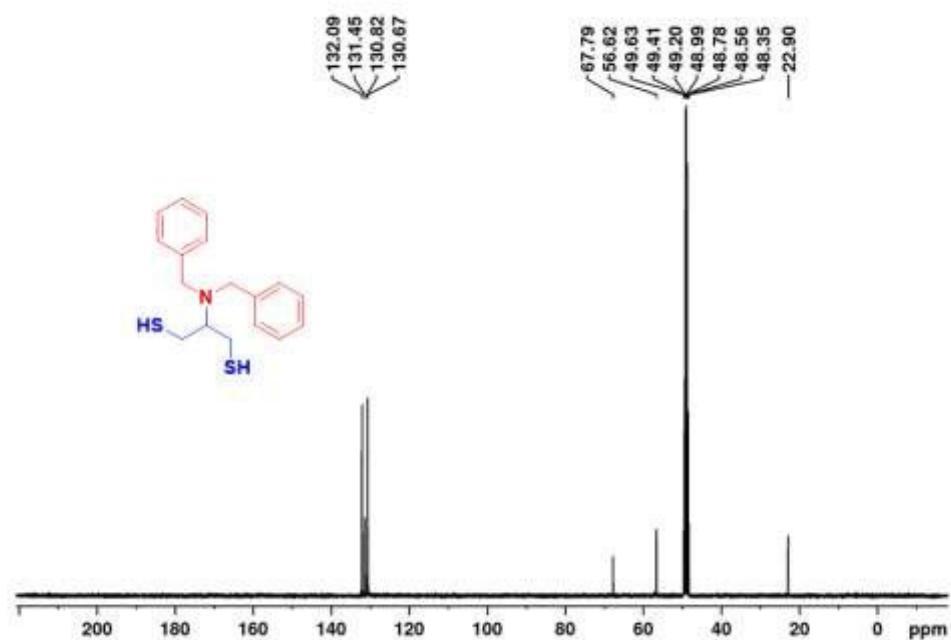


Figure S8: Mass of Compound 4a



**Figure S9:** <sup>1</sup>H NMR of Compound 1a (DPDT) (400 MHz, DMSO-*d*<sub>6</sub>)



**Figure S10:** <sup>13</sup>C NMR of Compound 1a (DPDT) (100 MHz, MeOD-*d*<sub>4</sub>)

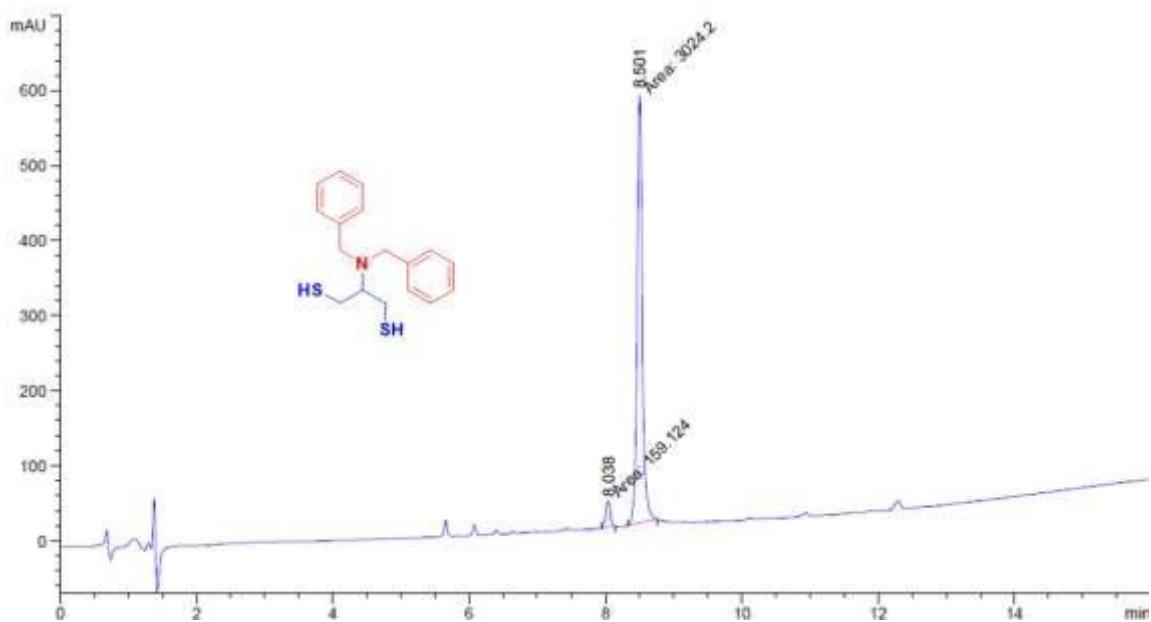


Figure S11: HPLC of Compound 1a (DPDT)

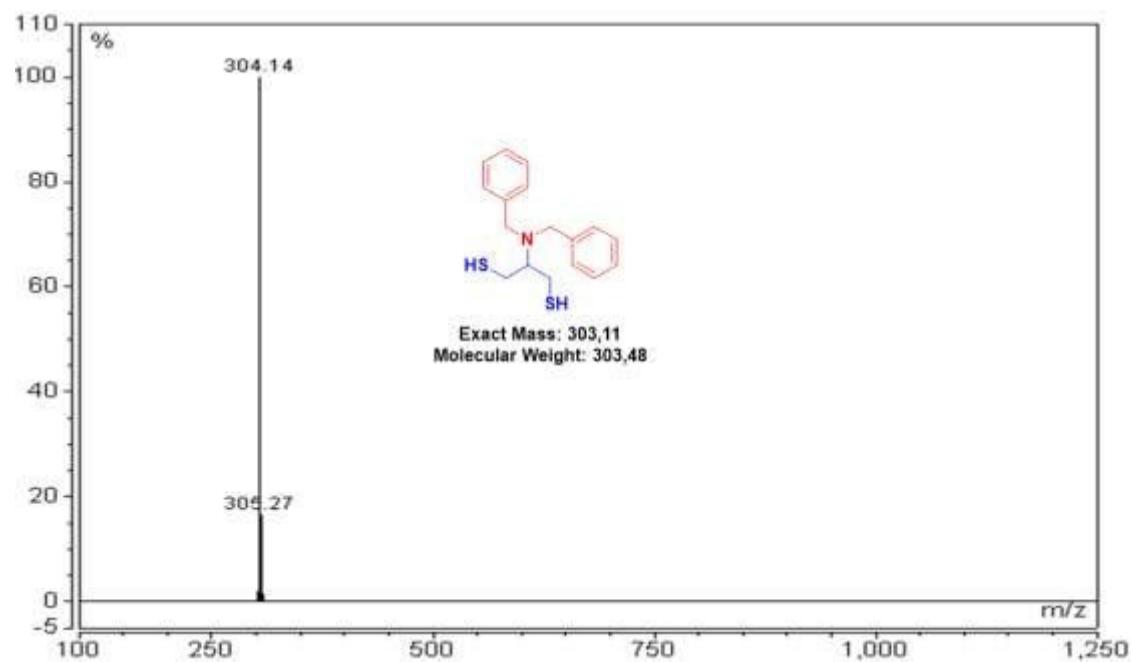
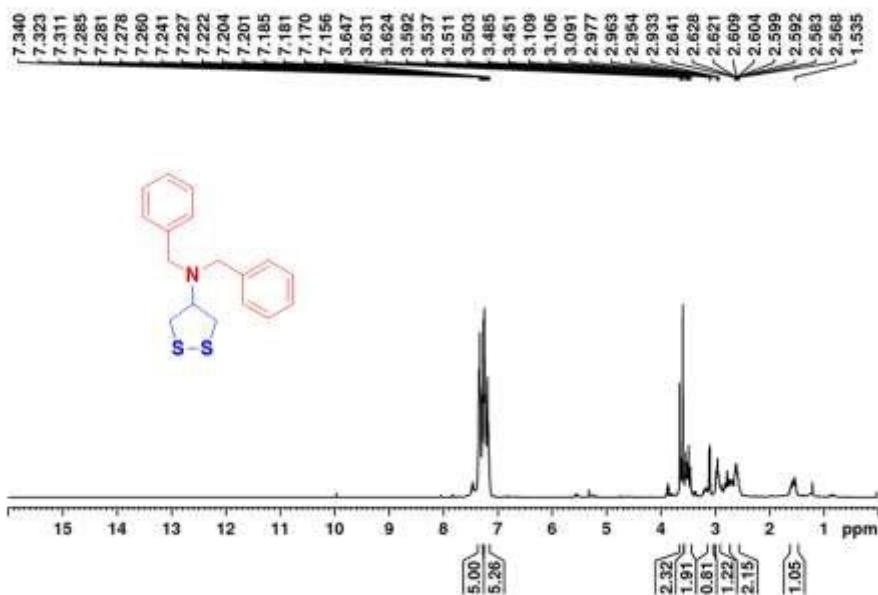
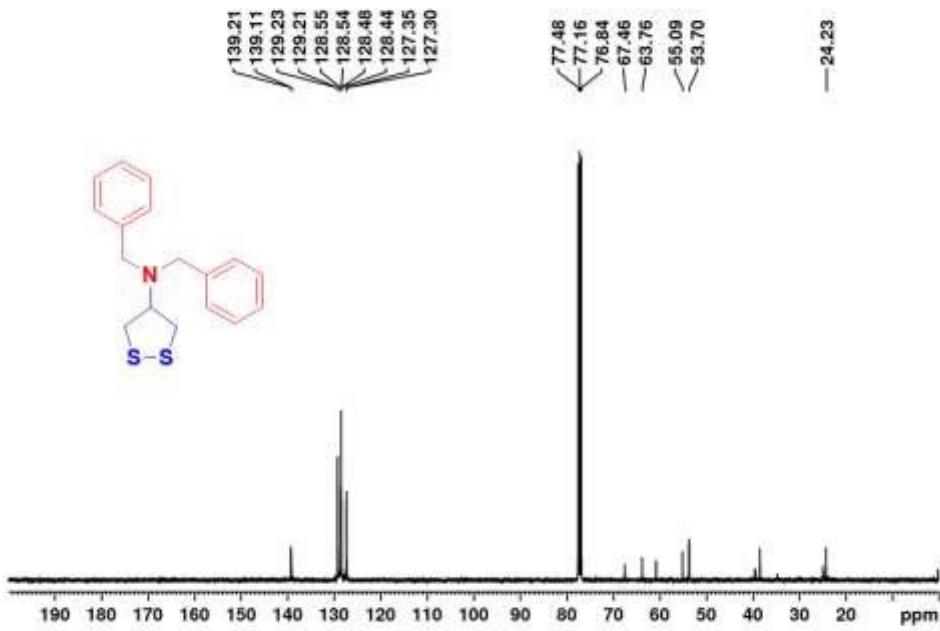


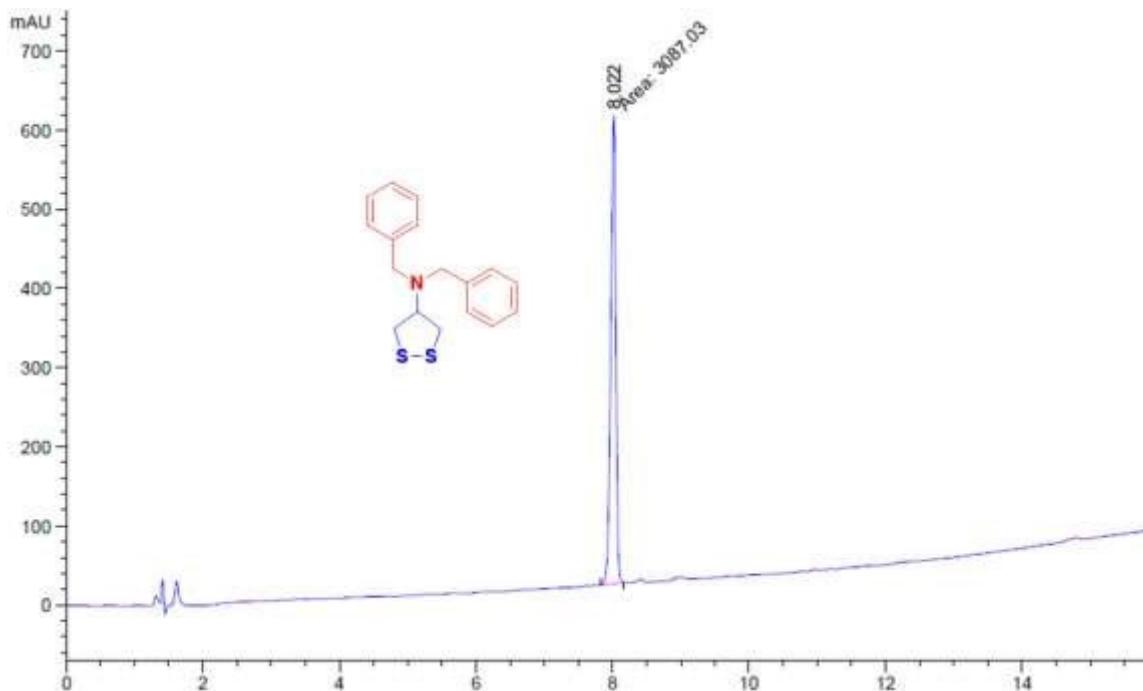
Figure S12: Mass of Compound 1a (DPDT)



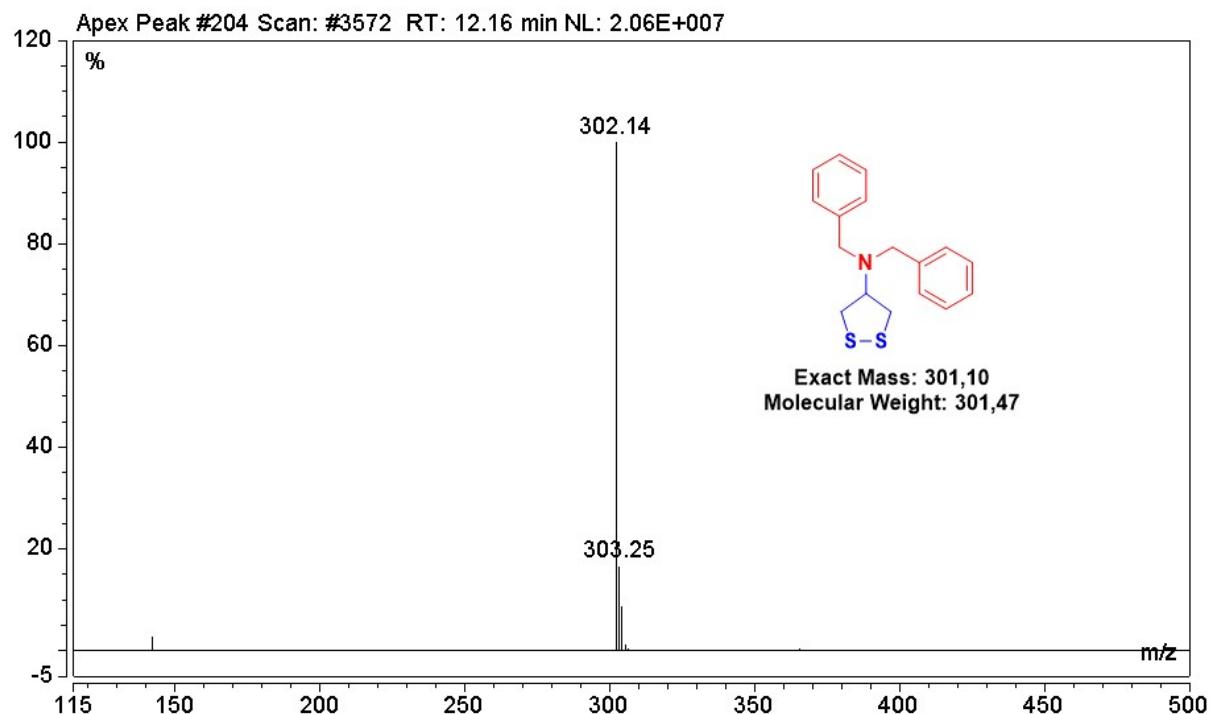
**Figure S13:**  $^1\text{H}$  NMR of Compound  $1\text{a}^{\text{OX}}$  ( $\text{DPDT}^{\text{OX}}$ ) (400 MHz,  $\text{CDCl}_3$ )



**Figure S14:**  $^{13}\text{C}$  NMR of Compound  $1\text{a}^{\text{OX}}$  ( $\text{DPDT}^{\text{OX}}$ ) (100 MHz,  $\text{CDCl}_3$ )



**Figure S15: HPLC of Compound 1a<sup>OX</sup> (DPDT<sup>OX</sup>)**



**Figure S16: Mass of Compound 1a<sup>OX</sup> (DPDT<sup>OX</sup>)**

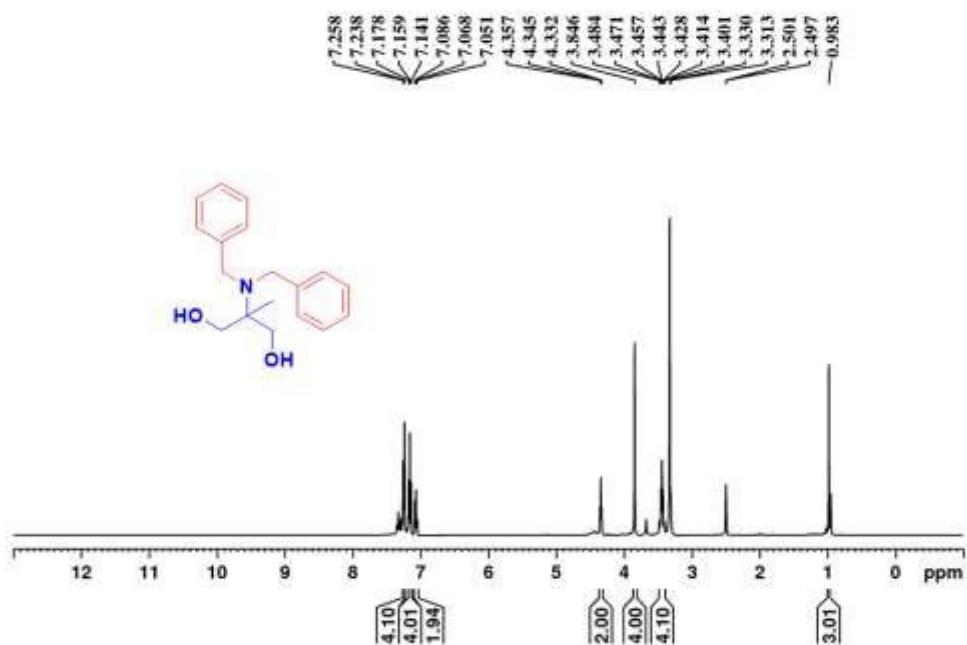


Figure S17: <sup>1</sup>H NMR of Compound 3b (400 MHz, DMSO-*d*<sub>6</sub>)

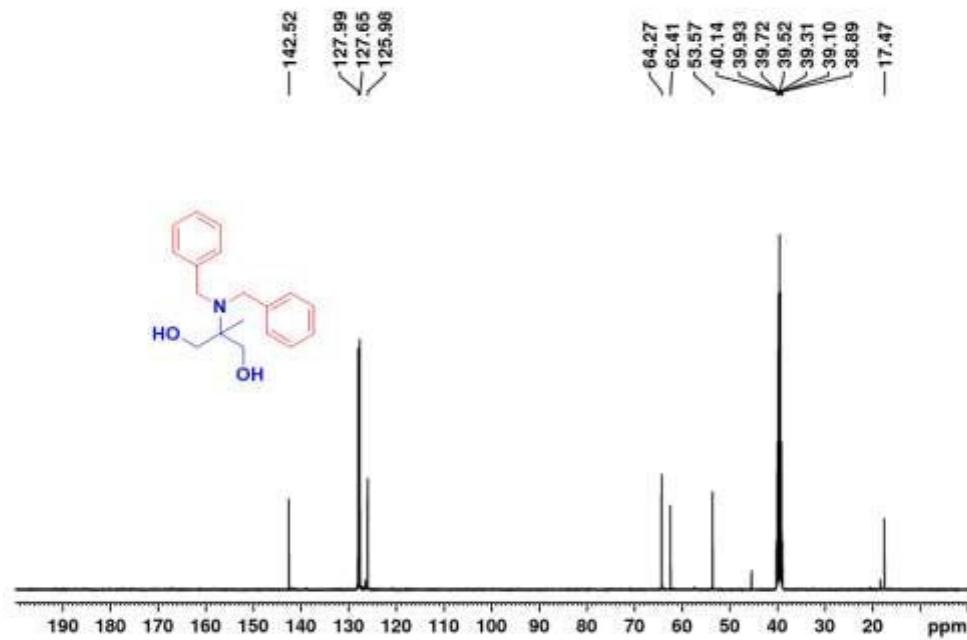
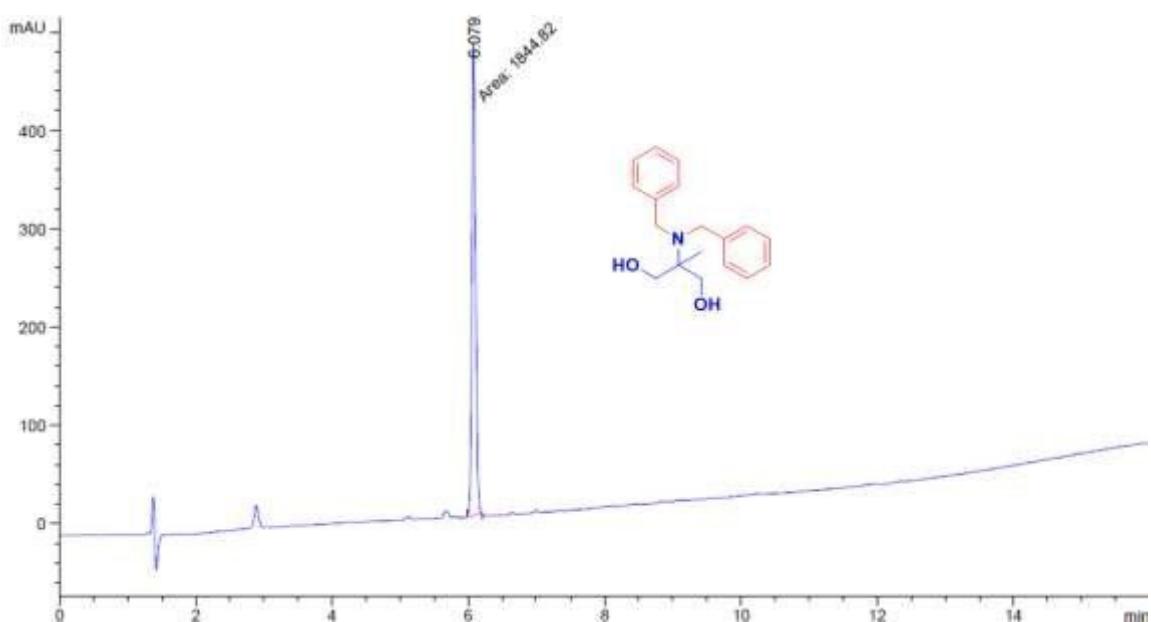
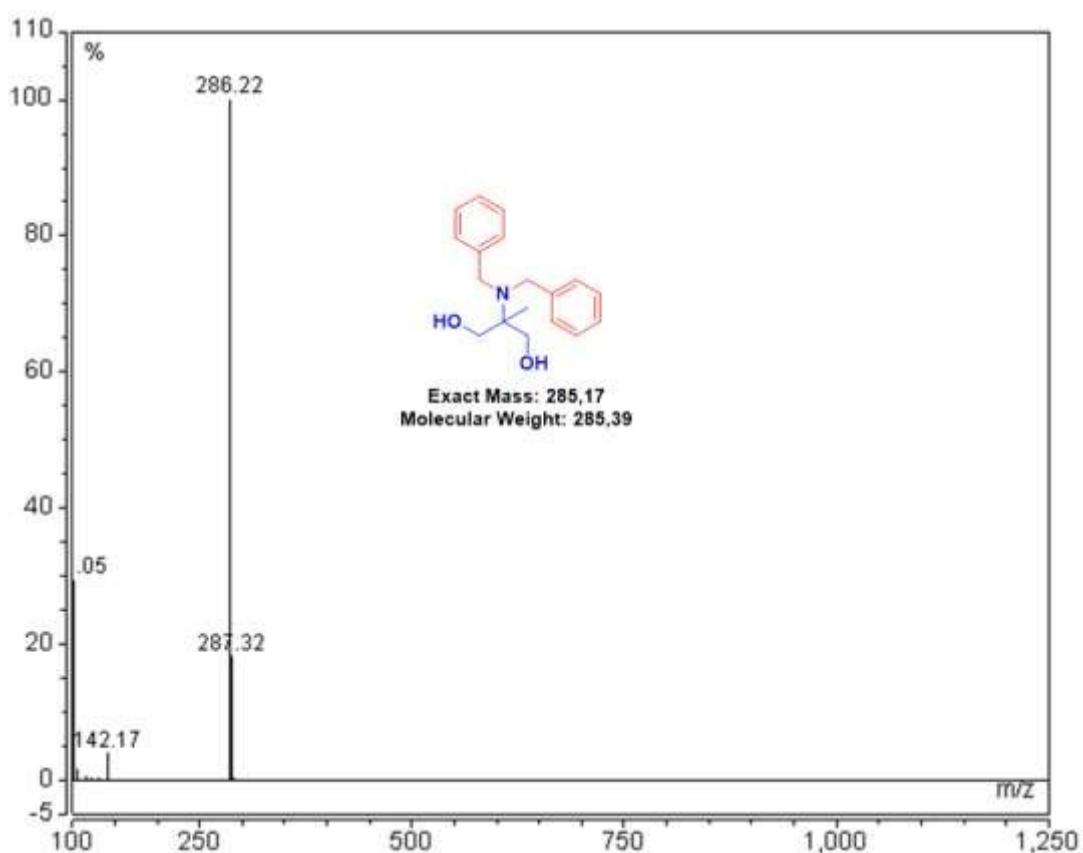


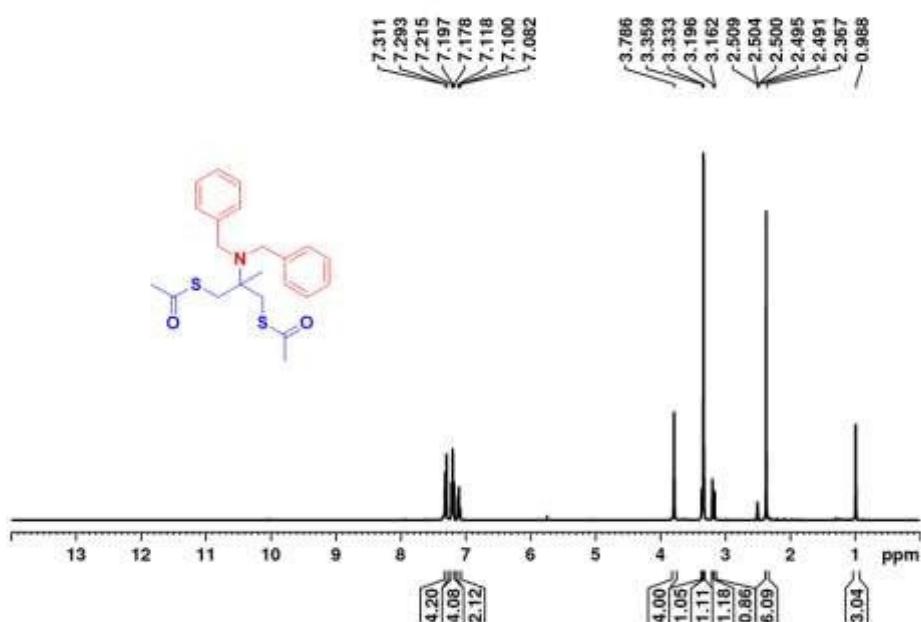
Figure S18: <sup>13</sup>C NMR of Compound 3b (100 MHz, DMSO-*d*<sub>6</sub>)



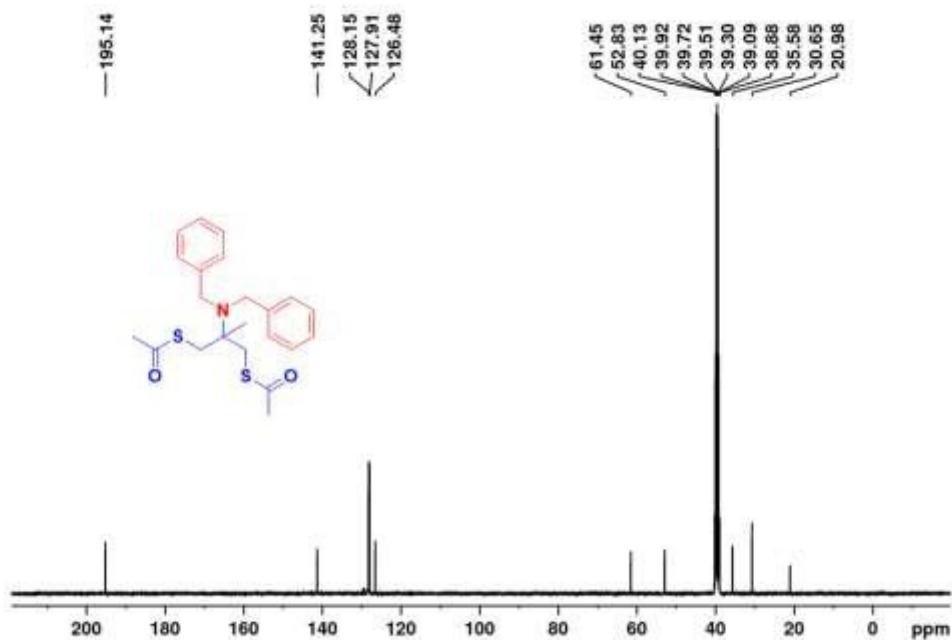
**Figure S19: HPLC of Compound 3b**



**Figure S20: Mass of Compound 3b**



**Figure S21:** <sup>1</sup>H NMR of Compound 4b (400 MHz, DMSO-*d*<sub>6</sub>)



**Figure S22:** <sup>13</sup>C NMR of Compound 4b (100 MHz, DMSO-*d*<sub>6</sub>)

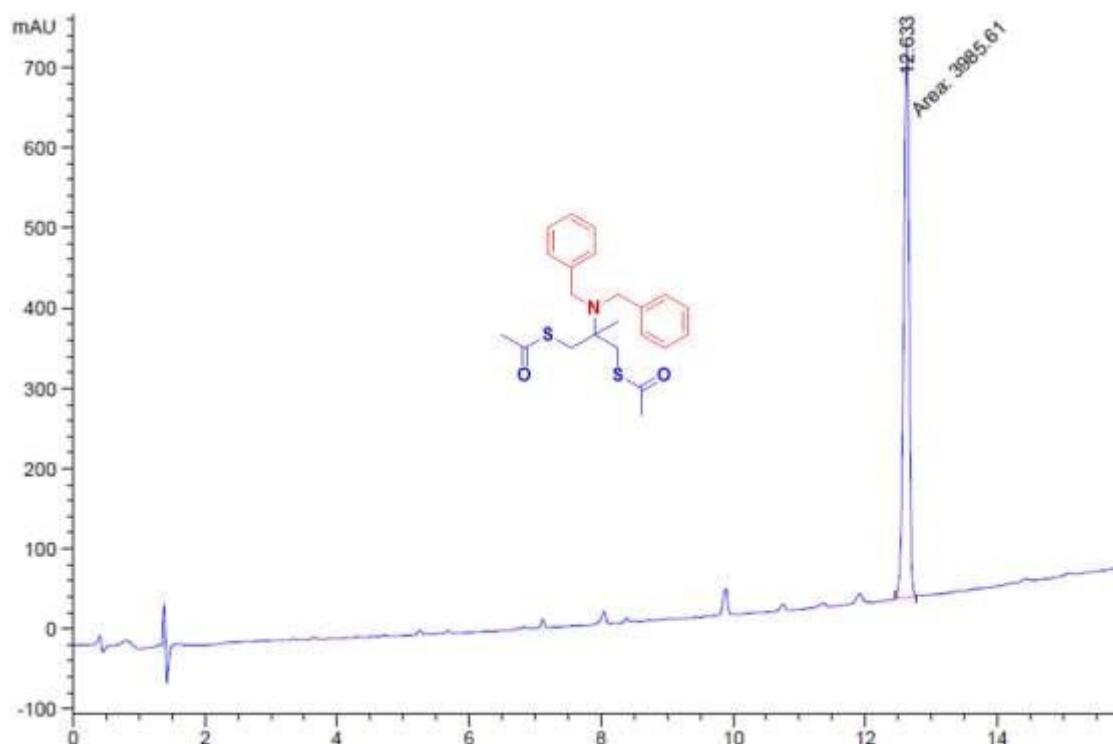


Figure S23: HPLC of Compound 4b

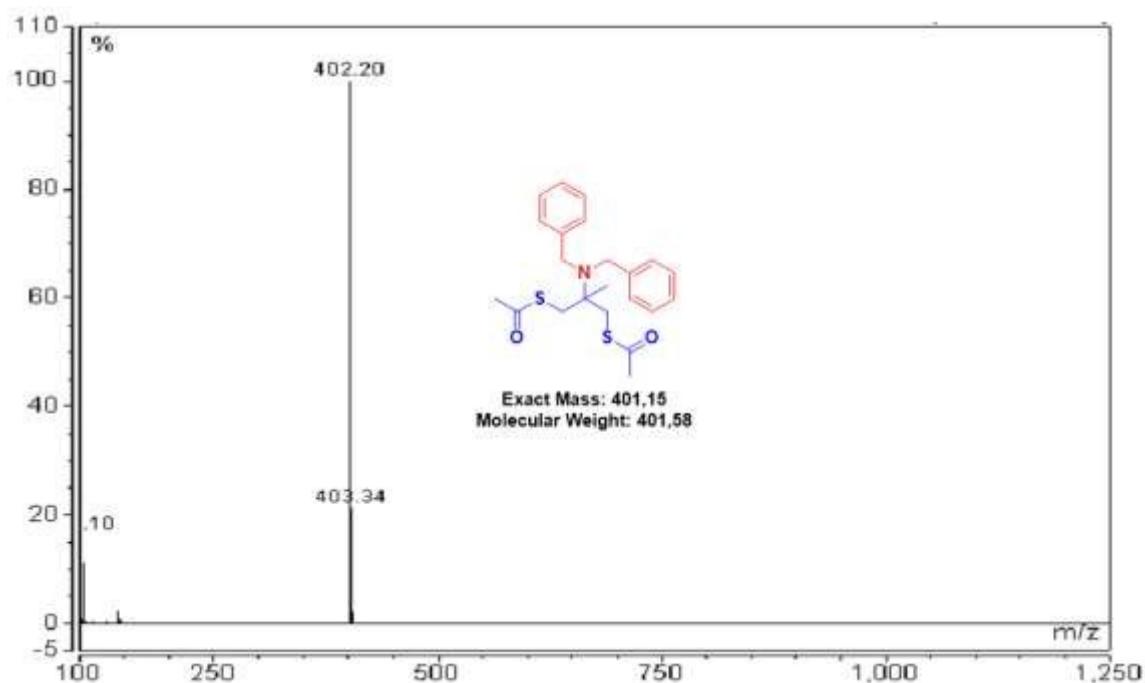
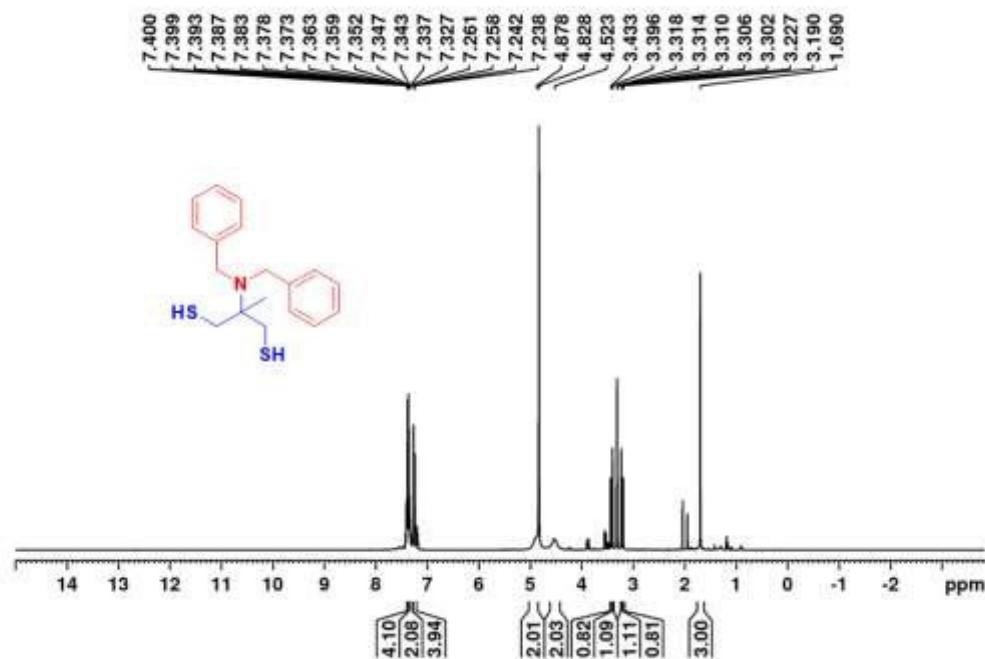
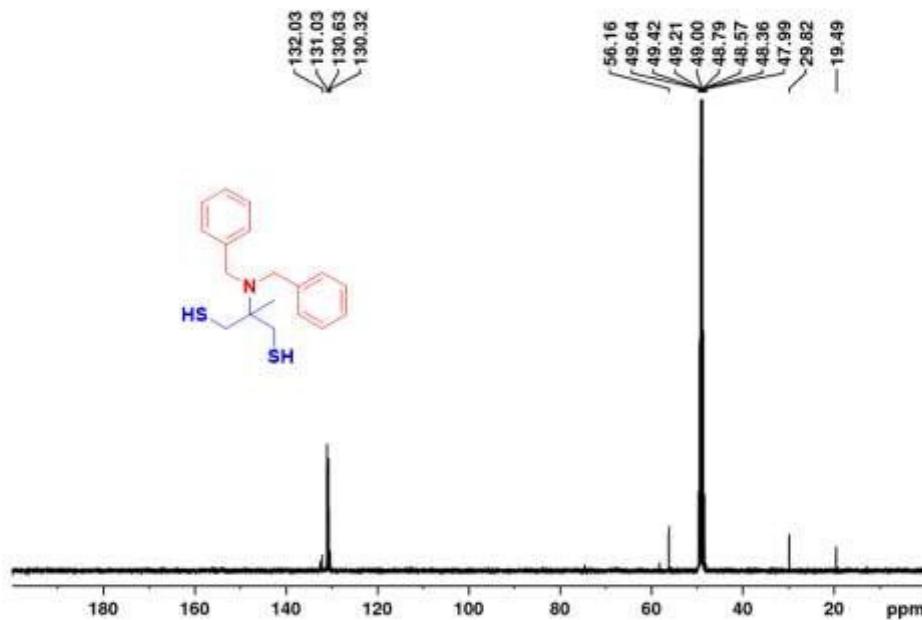


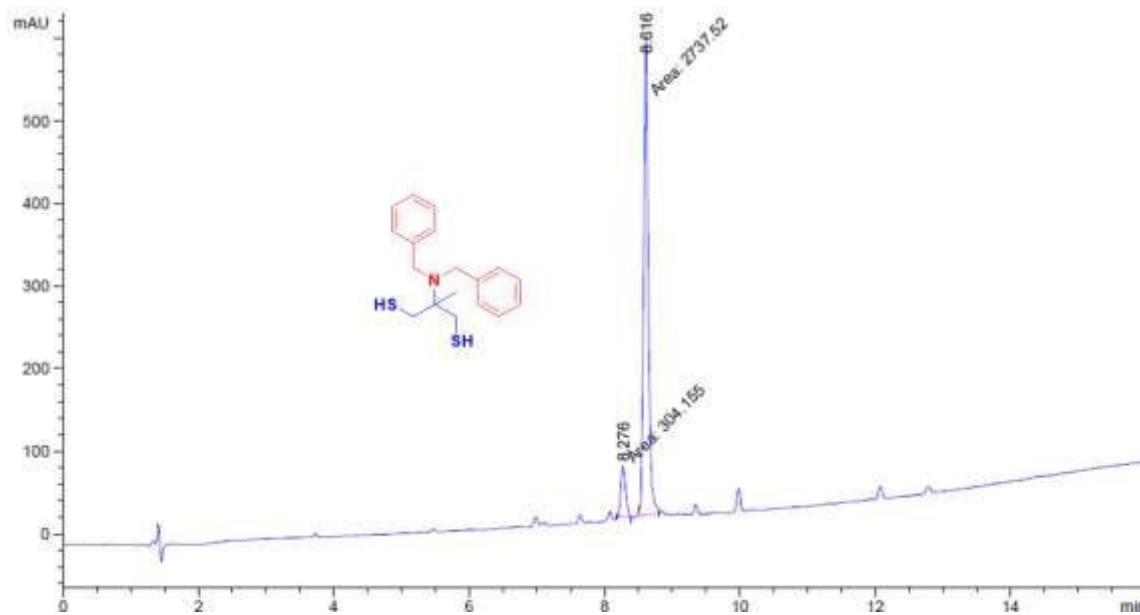
Figure S24: Mass of Compound 4b



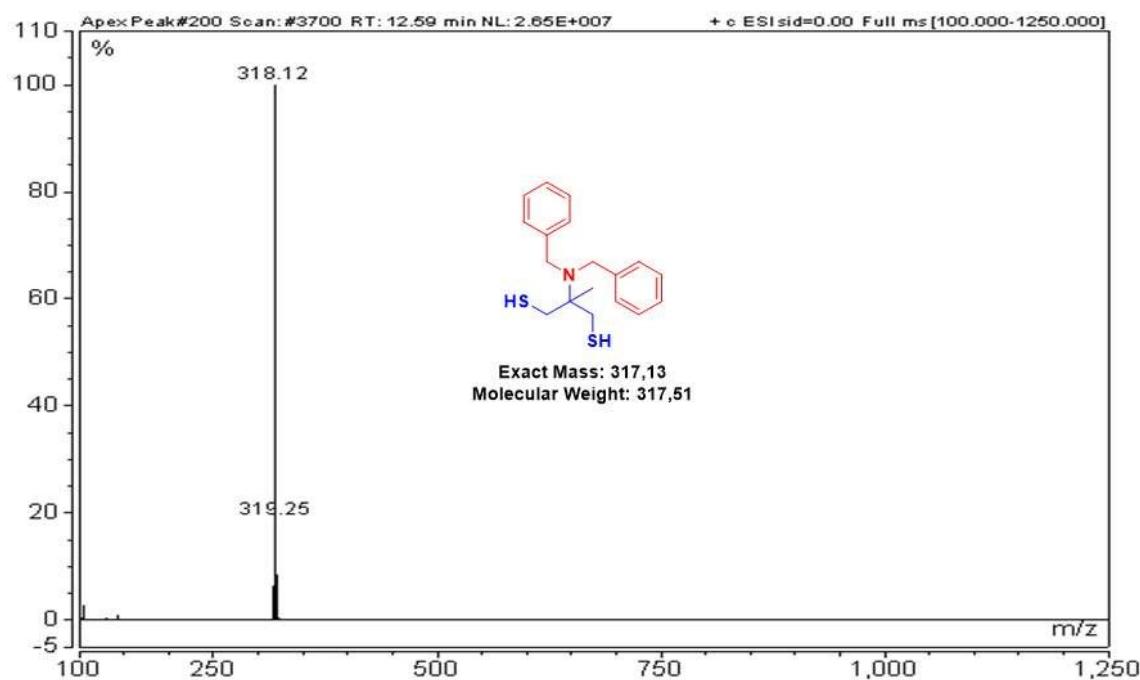
**Figure S25:**  $^1\text{H}$  NMR of Compound 1b (DMPDT) (400 MHz, MeOD- $d_4$ )



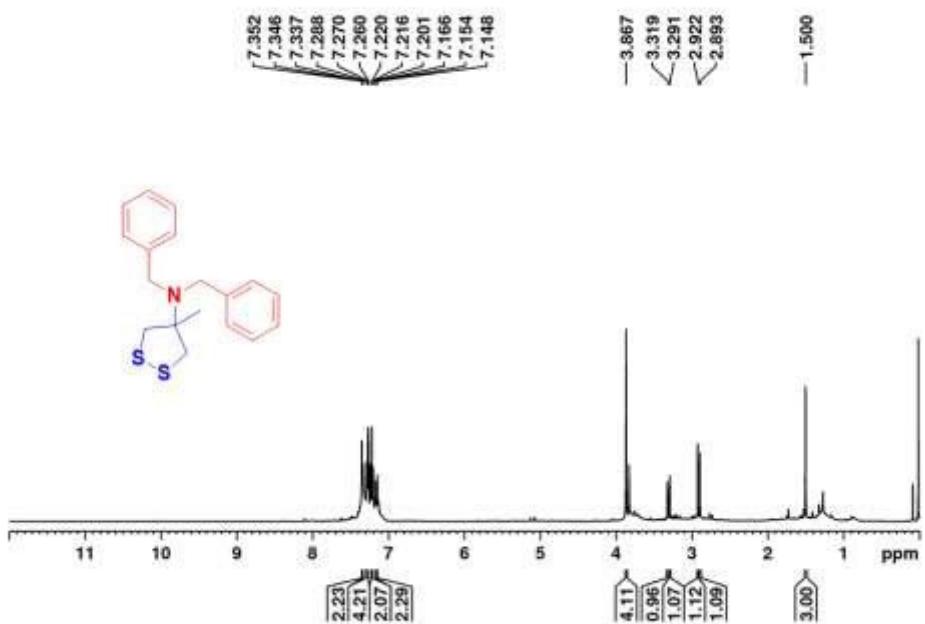
**Figure S26:**  $^{13}\text{C}$  NMR of Compound 1b (DMPDT) (100 MHz, MeOD- $d_4$ )



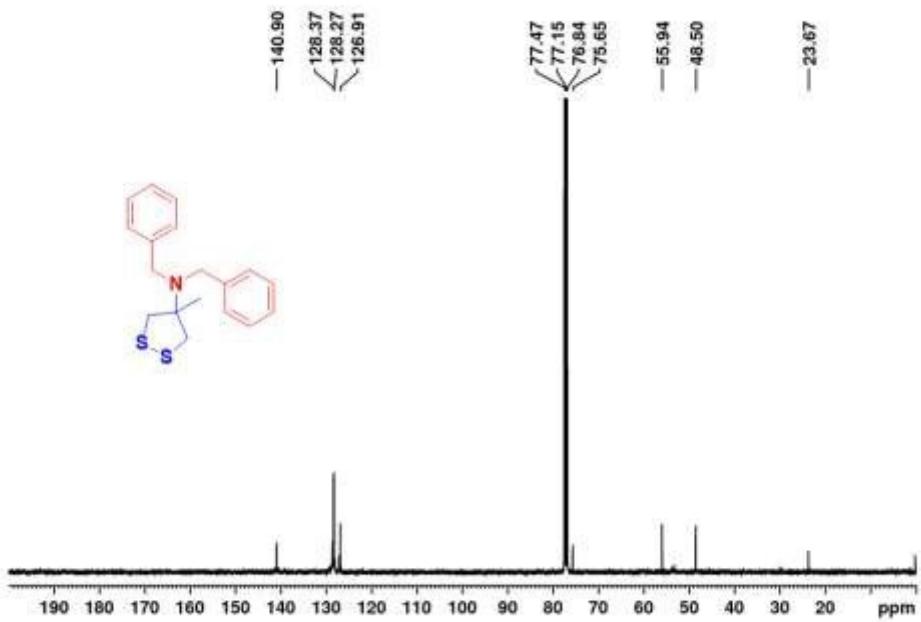
**Figure S27: HPLC of Compound 1b (DMPDT)**



**Figure S28: Mass of Compound 1b (DMPDT)**



**Figure S29:**  $^1\text{H}$  NMR of Compound  $1\text{b}^\text{OX}$  (DMPDT $^\text{OX}$ ) (400 MHz,  $\text{CDCl}_3$ )



**Figure S30:**  $^{13}\text{C}$  NMR of Compound  $1\text{b}^\text{OX}$  (DMPDT $^\text{OX}$ ) (100 MHz,  $\text{CDCl}_3$ )

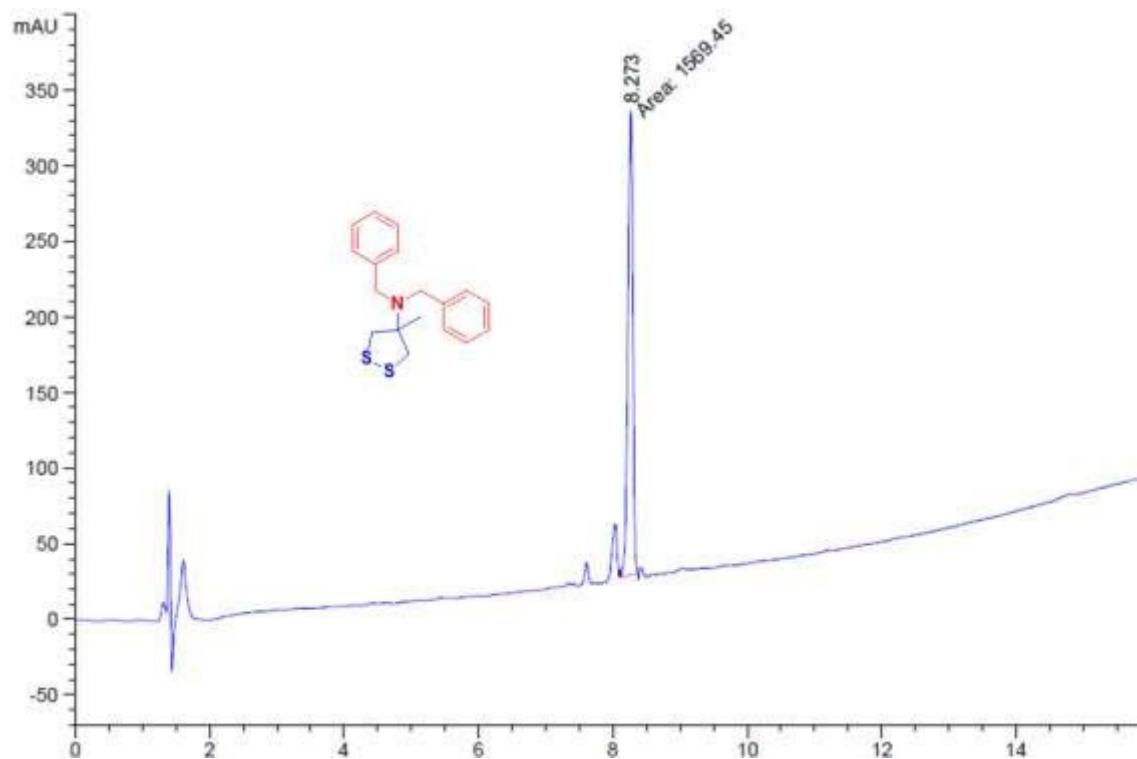


Figure S31: HPLC of Compound  $1b^{OX}$  (DMPDT $^{OX}$ )

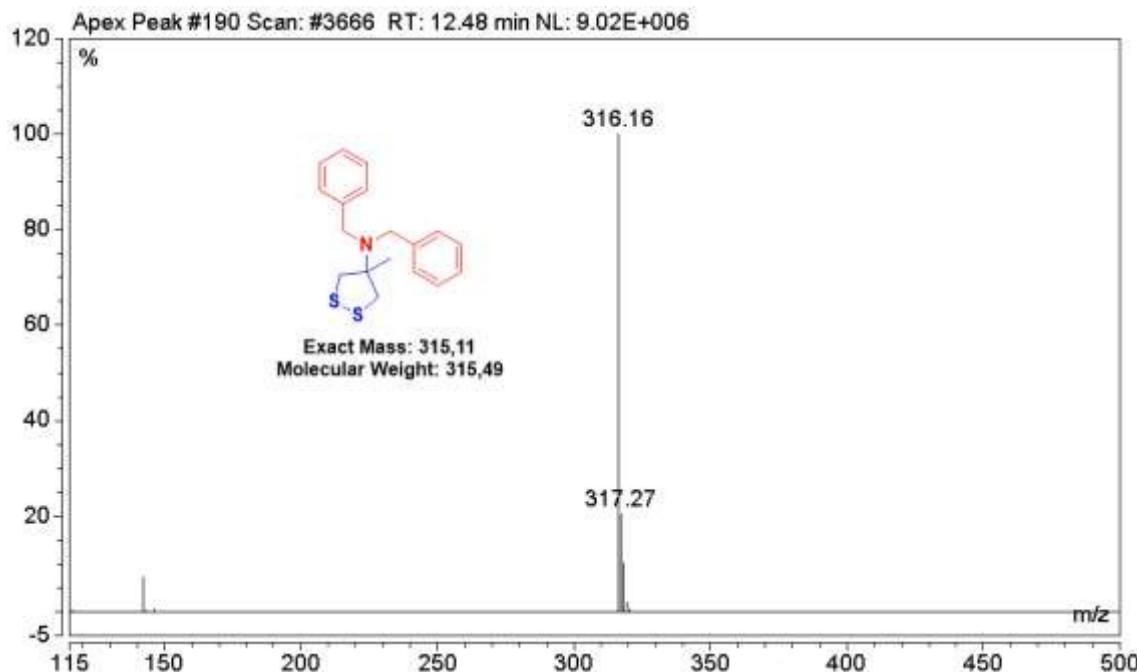
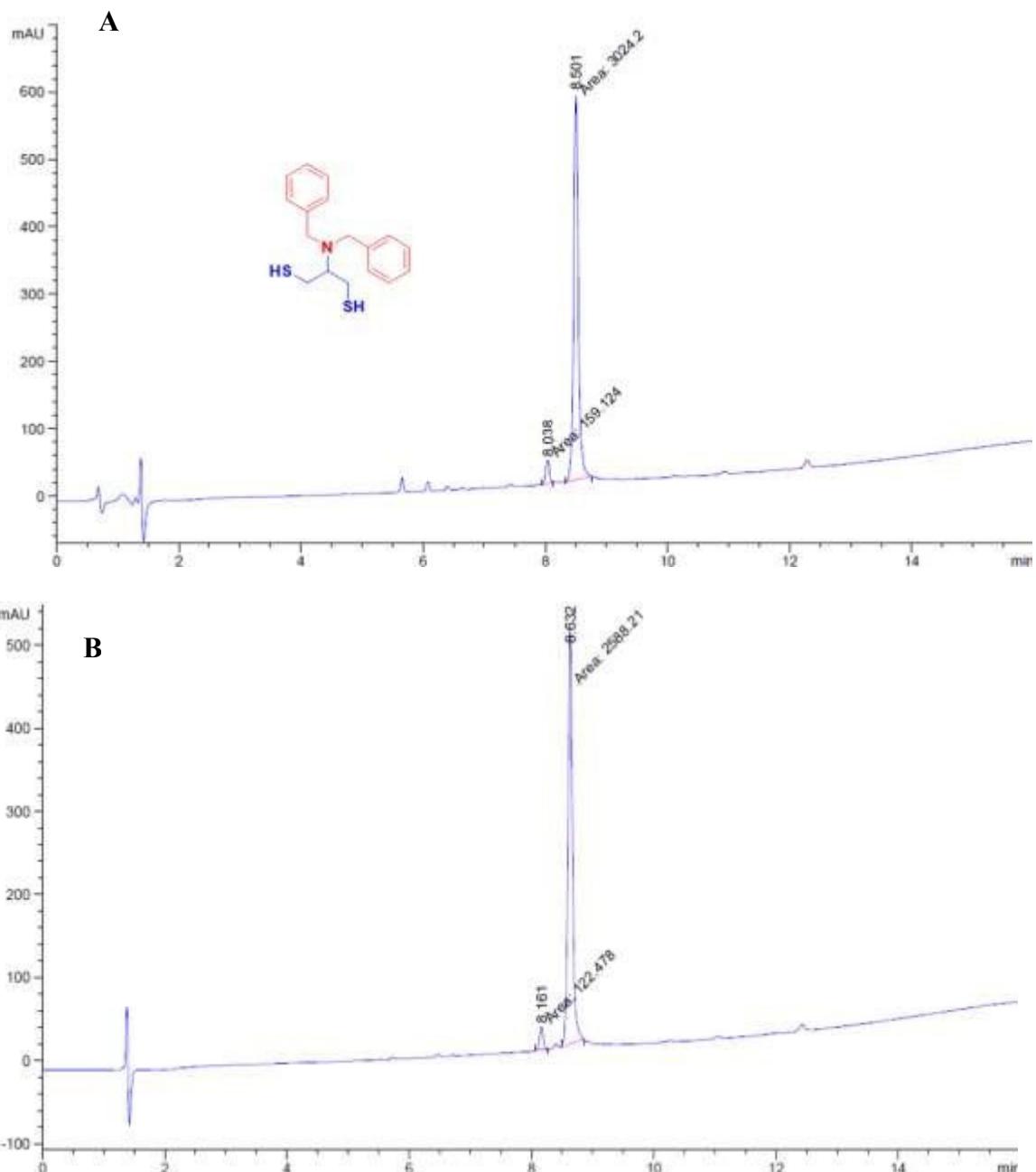
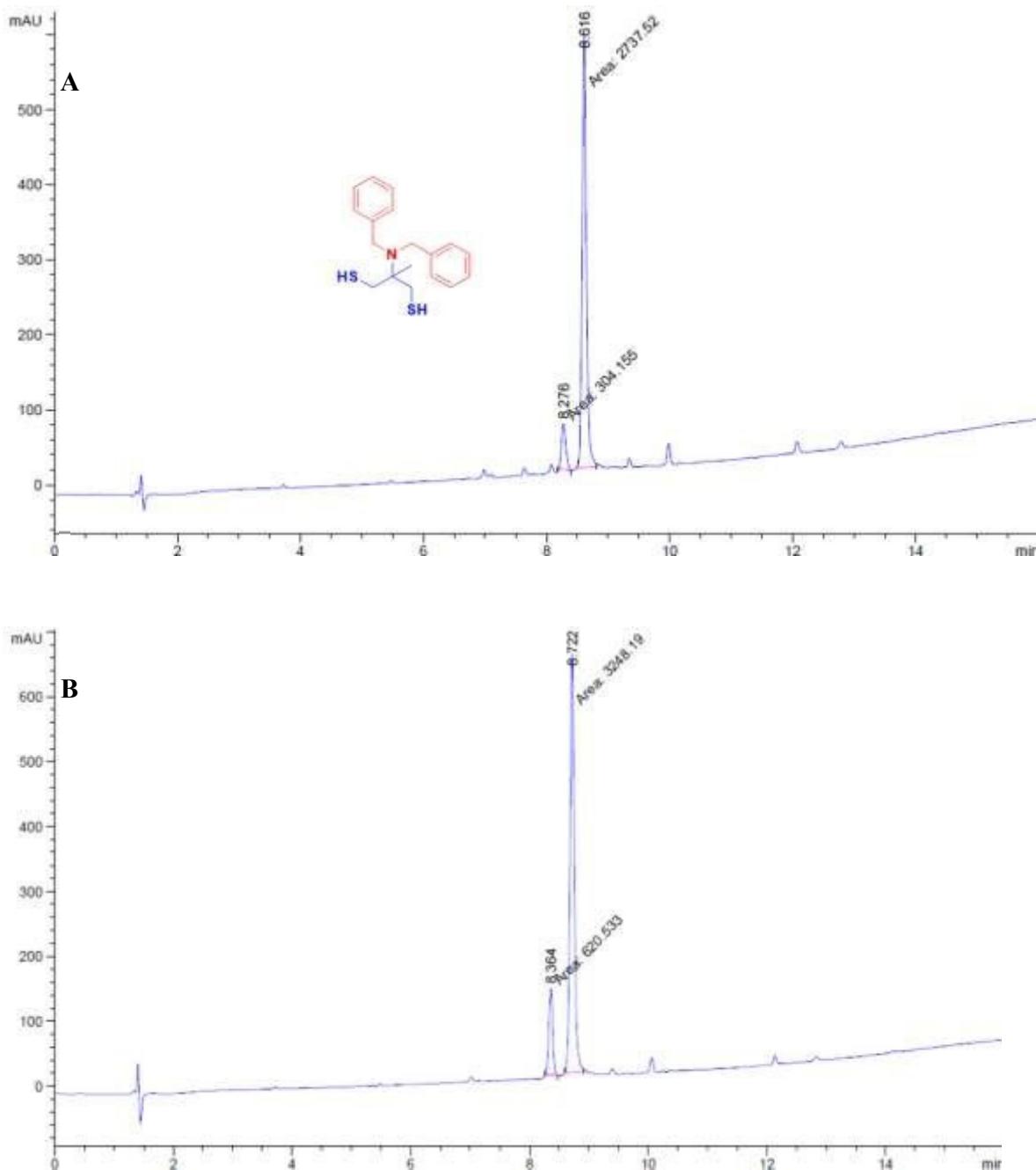


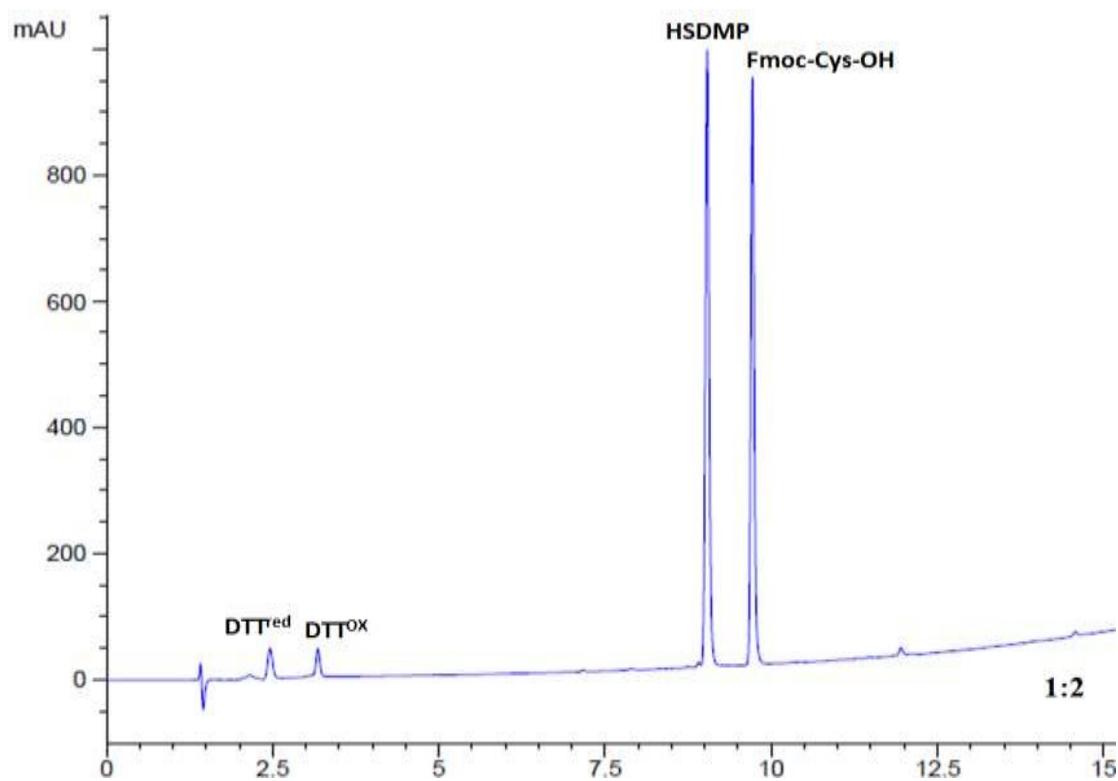
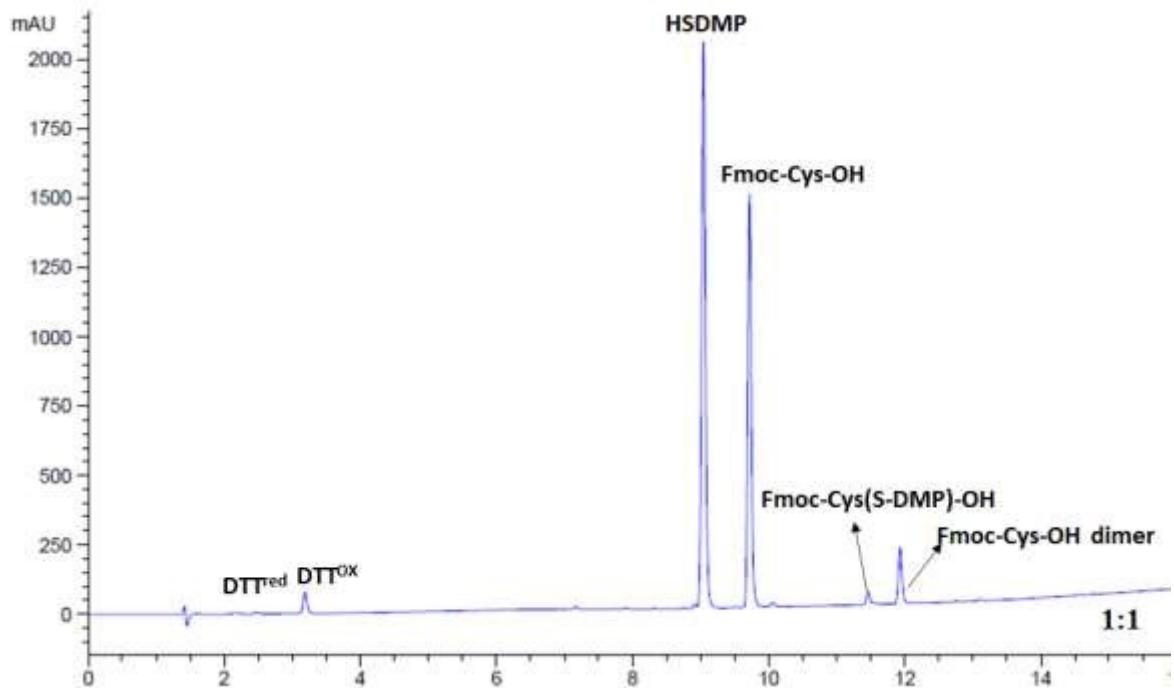
Figure S32: Mass of Compound  $1b^{OX}$  (DMPDT $^{OX}$ )



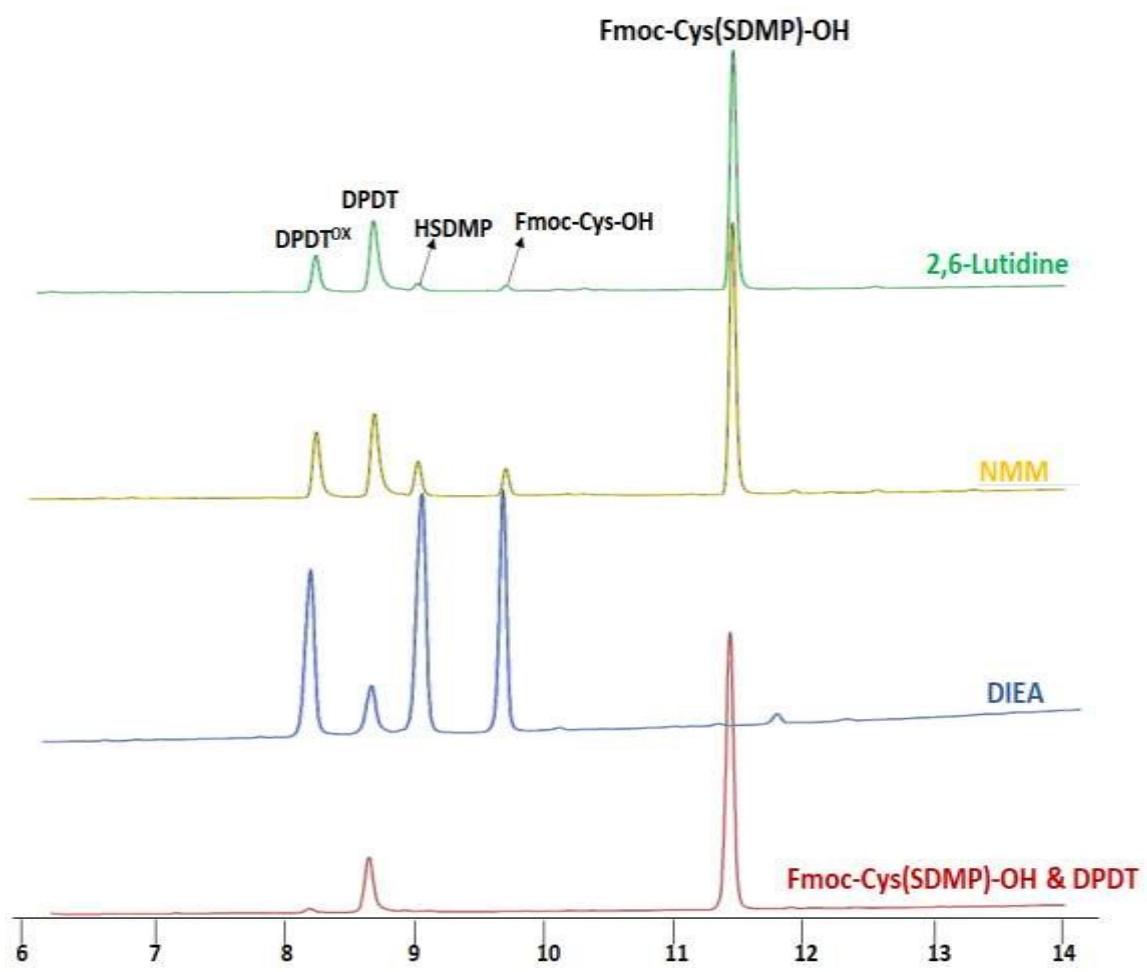
**Figure S33:** Stability test of DPDT in solid form. (A) freshly prepared; (B) after 60 days.



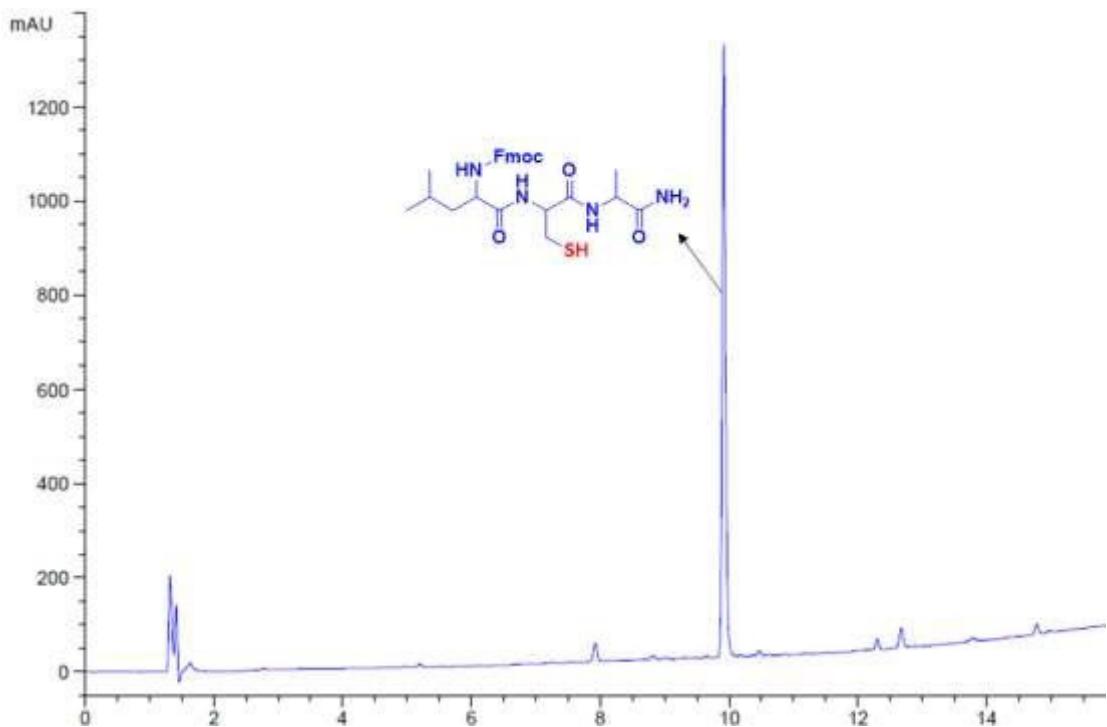
**Figure S34:** Stability test of DMPDT in solid form. **(A)** freshly prepared; **(B)** after 60 days.



**Figure S35:** HPLC chromatogram of Fmoc-Cys(SDMP)-OH with DTT (1:1 and 1:2 ratio) with 2.5% DIEA and 2.5% water at 0 min.



**Figure S36:** Effect of different bases in reduction of Fmoc-Cys(S-DMP)-OH using DPDT in ACN/base/H<sub>2</sub>O (95:2.5:2.5).



**Figure S37:** Fmoc-Ala-Cys(SIT)-Leu-NH-resin after treatment with DTT with 2.5% DIEA and 2.5% water in DMF.