

Supplementary Material

Spectroscopic Insights of an Emissive Complex between 4'-*N,N*-Diethylaminoflavonol in Octa-Acid Deep-Cavity Cavitand and Rhodamine 6G

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Summary

Additional photophysical data	2
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Additional photophysical data

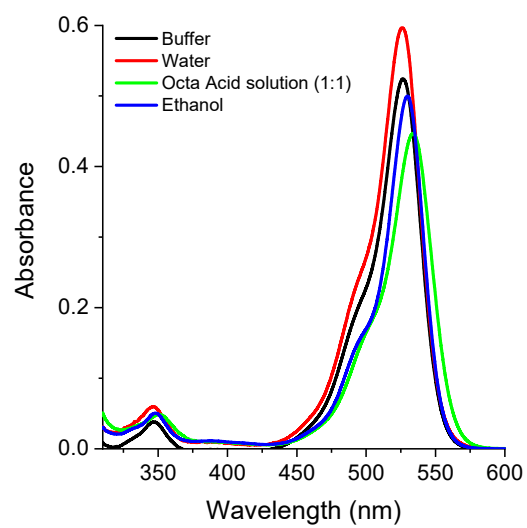


Figure S1. UV-Vis absorption spectra of R6G in different media.

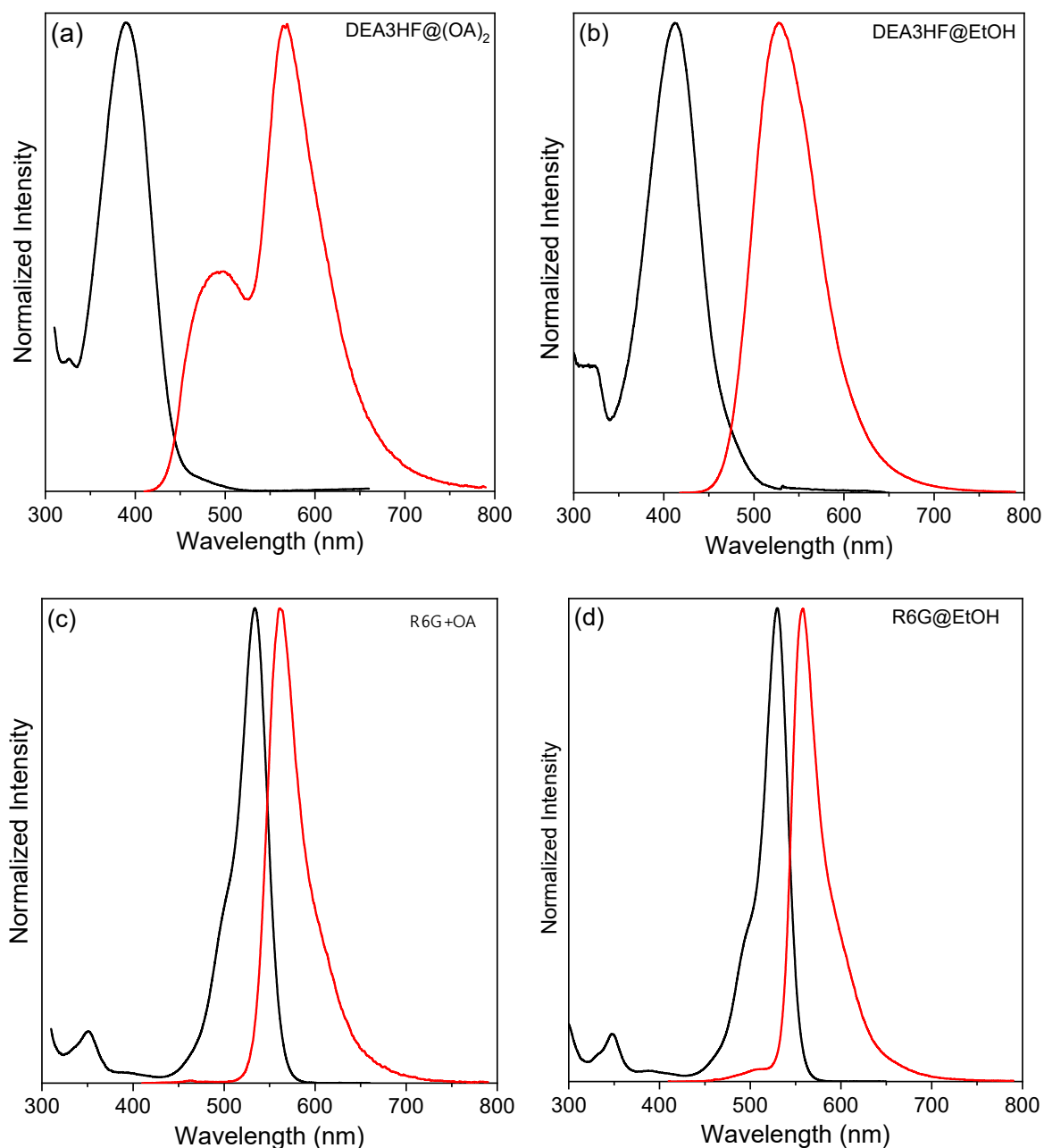


Figure S2. Normalized UV-Vis absorption (black line) and steady-state fluorescence emission (red line) spectra of (a) DEA3HF@ $(\text{OA})_2$ in sodium borate buffer, (b) DEA3HF in ethanol, (c) R6G in presence of OA in sodium tetraborate buffer, and (d) R6G in ethanol. The respective emission spectra were acquired using the absorption maxima as excitation wavelength.

Table S1. Relevant data from the time-resolved fluorescence spectroscopy from R6G in different media, where λ_{em} (nm) is the analyzed emission wavelength, B is the pre-exponential factor, τ (ns) is the fluorescence lifetime, Rel. (%) is relative contribution and χ^2 is the chi-square of the fit.

System	Molar Ratio	λ_{em}	B	τ	Rel.	χ^2
R6G in presence of OA	1.0	564	2136.7	4.735	100	1.087
R6G@EtOH	-	557	5998.3	4.387	100	1.075
R6G@Water Buffer	-	556	3563.1	4.256	100	1.104

Excitation Source: EPL405

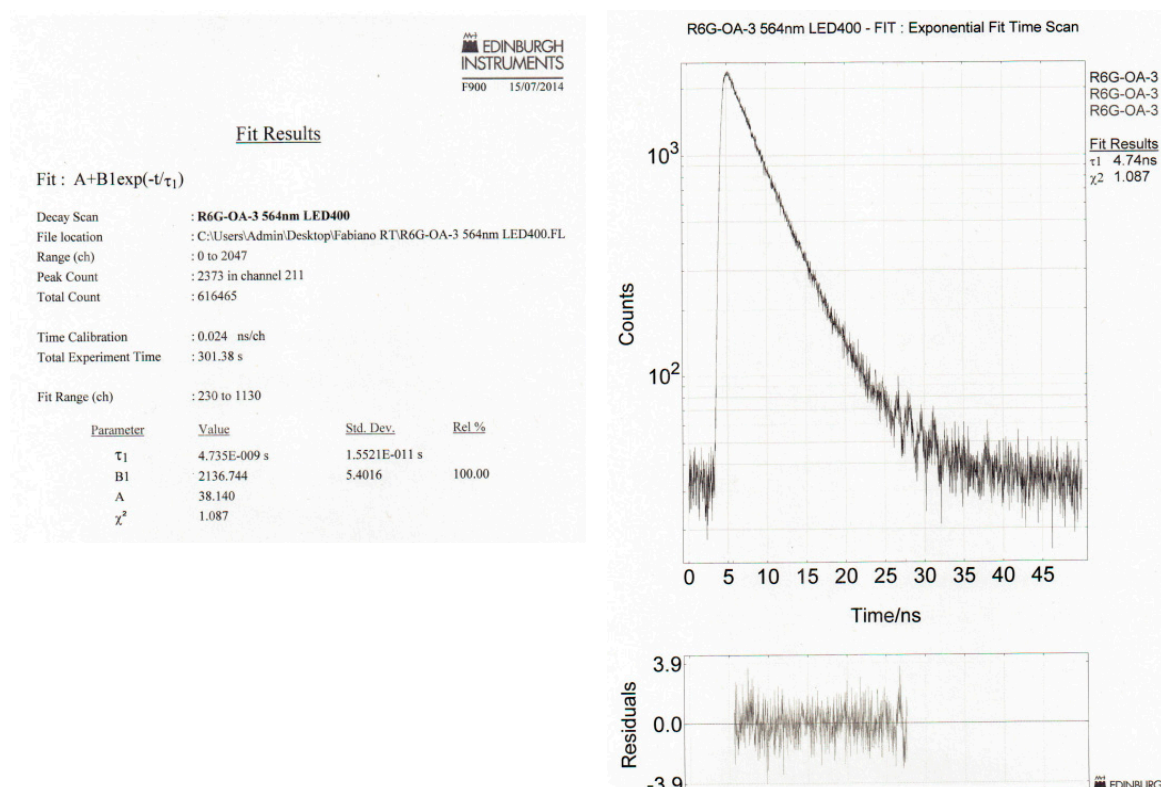


Figure S3. Relevant data from time-resolved fluorescence spectroscopy (left) and time decay curve and respective residuals from [R6G]:[OA]=1.0 (molar ratio). (Excitation wavelength: 405 nm; monitored emission wavelength: 564 nm).

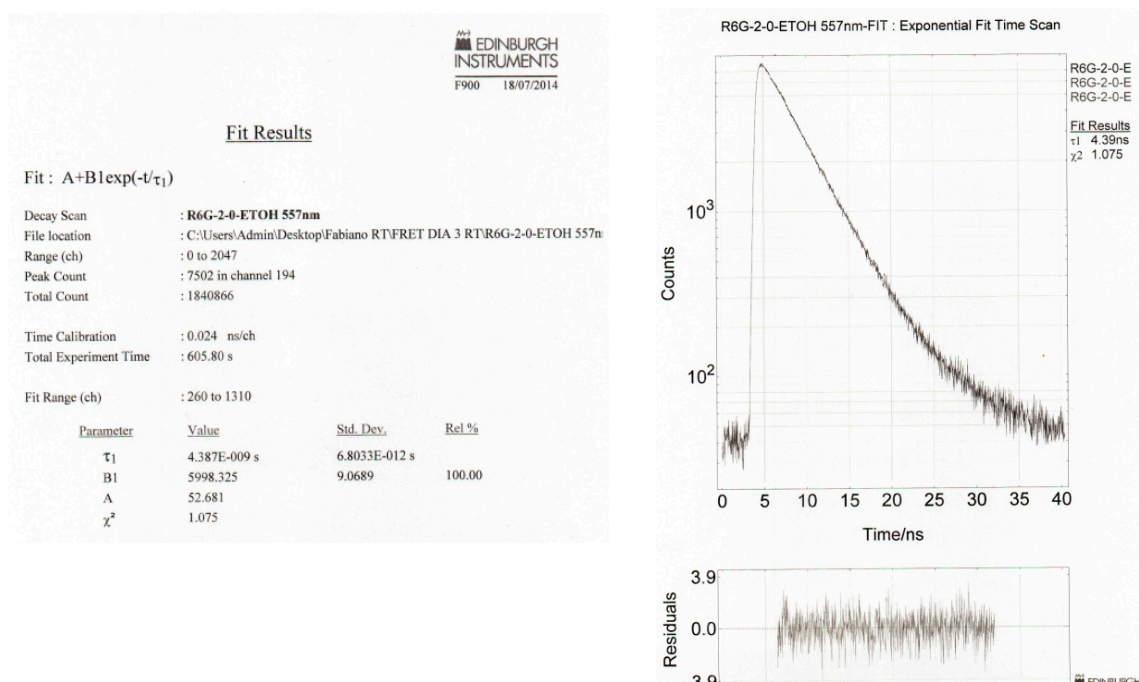


Figure S4. Relevant data from time-resolved fluorescence spectroscopy (left) and time decay curve and respective residuals from R6G in ethanol solution. (Excitation wavelength: 405 nm; monitored emission wavelength: 577 nm).

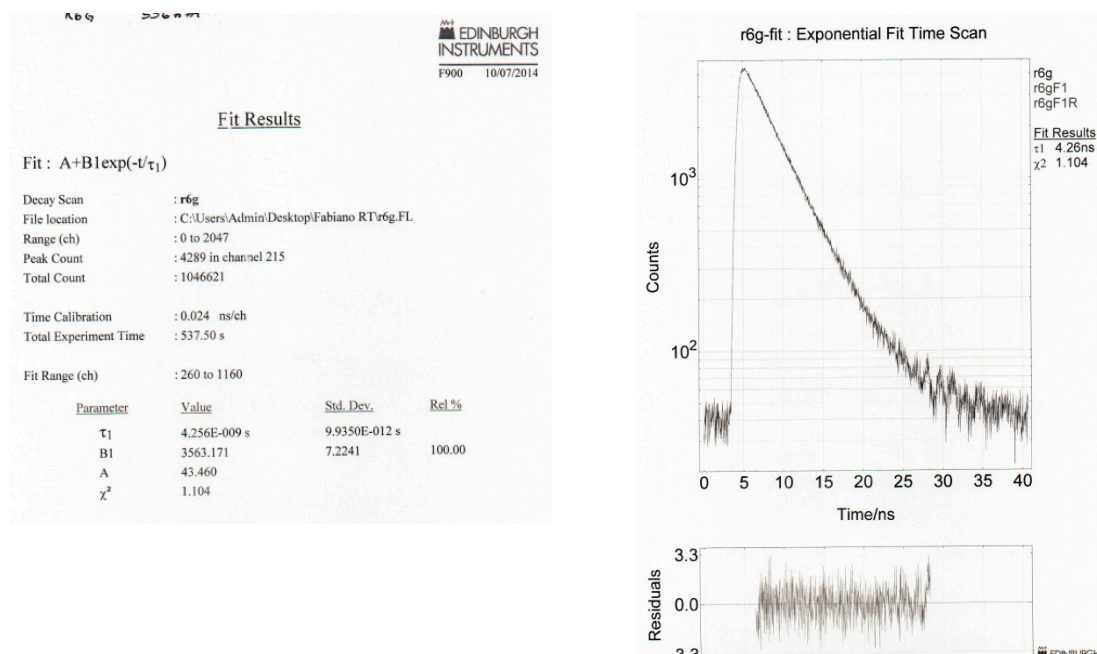


Figure S5. Relevant data from time-resolved fluorescence spectroscopy (left) and time decay curve and respective residuals from R6G in buffer solution. (Excitation wavelength: 405 nm; monitored emission wavelength: 556 nm).

Table S2. Working concentrations for the photophysical characterization.

Solution	Solvent	Concentration (mol·L ⁻¹)			
		DEA3HF (x10 ⁻⁵)	Octaacid (x10 ⁻⁵)	Phosphate (x10 ⁻³)	R6G (x10 ⁻⁵)
Buffer	Water	-	-	10	-
Stock 1	Water	1.56	6.24	10	-
Stock 2	Water	-	-	10	1.56
Solution 1	Water	0.78	3.12	10	-
Solution 2	Water	-	-	10	0.78
Solution 3	Water	0.78	3.12	10	0.78

Table S3. Time-resolved fluorescence spectroscopy data from DEA3HF@(OA)₂ in sodium tetraborate buffer in the presence of different amounts of R6G, where λ_{obs} is the analyzed emission wavelength, B is the pre-exponential factor, τ is the fluorescence lifetime, Rel. is relative contribution and χ^2 is the chi-square of the fit.

Molar Ratio DEA3HF@(OA)₂:R6G	λ_{obs} (nm)	B₁	τ_1 (ns)	Rel. %	B₂	τ_2 (ns)	Rel. %	χ^2	τ_{av} (ns)	τ_0/τ
0	492	958.436	1.179	16.94	1669.098	3.320	83.06	1.075	2.96	1.00
2.0	492	510.165	1.327	19.20	875.271	3.254	80.80	1.080	2.88	1.03
1.5	492	784.478	1.292	19.07	1378.171	3.122	80.93	1.029	2.77	1.07
1.0	492	689.508	1.443	22.80	1000.828	3.367	77.20	1.032	2.93	1.01
0.5	492	1608.641	1.725	29.71	1723.865	3.808	70.29	1.015	3.19	0.93
0.1	492	1837.309	1.570	24.37	2376.601	3.768	75.63	1.052	3.23	0.92

Excitation Source: EPL405

Table S4. Time-resolved fluorescence spectroscopy data from DEA3HF@(OA)₂ in sodium tetraborate buffer in the presence of different amounts of R6G, where λ_{obs} is the analyzed emission wavelength, B is the pre-exponential factor, τ is the fluorescence lifetime, Rel. is relative contribution and χ^2 is the chi-square of the fit.

Molar Ratio	λ_{obs}		τ_1	Rel.		τ_2	Rel.		τ_{av}	
DEA3HF@(OA)₂:R6G	(nm)	B₁	(ns)	%	B₂	(ns)	%	χ^2	(ns)	τ_0/τ
0	566	1980.91	1.21	21	2444.35	3.69	79	1.04	3.17	1.00
2.0	562	893.03	1.76	11	2551.97	5.15	89	1.07	4.79	1.51
1.5	564	1058.11	2.27	6	6859.45	5.18	94	1.08	5.00	1.58
1.0	567	5227.72	3.31	24	9950.59	5.54	76	1.09	5.01	1.58
0.5	569	3734.45	3.19	17	10648.18	5.37	83	1.04	4.99	1.58
0.1	571	5253.29	2.98	16	15957.70	5.32	84	1.05	4.96	1.56

Excitation Source: EPL405

Table S5. Time-resolved fluorescence spectroscopy data from DEA3HF in ethanol in the presence of different amounts of R6G, where λ_{obs} is the analyzed emission wavelength, B is the pre-exponential factor, τ is the fluorescence lifetime, Rel. is relative contribution and χ^2 is the chi-square of the fit.

Molar Ratio DEA3HF:R6G	λ_{obs} (nm)	B₁	τ_1 (ns)	Rel. %	B₂	τ_2 (ns)	Rel. %	χ^2	τ_{av} (ns)	τ_0/τ
0	529	11341.945	2.087	100	-	-	-	1.101	2.09	1.00
2.0	526	7651.191	2.030	100	-	-	-	1.105	2.03	1.03
1.5	529	9235.787	2.071	100	-	-	-	1.101	2.07	1.01
1.0	529	5526.172	2.195	100	-	-	-	1.118	2.20	0.95
0.5	529	7080.537	2.097	85.15	458.952	5.645	14.85	1.033	2.62	0.80
0.1	529	18793.586	2.131	76.92	2072.220	5.789	23.08	1.083	2.98	0.70

Excitation Source: EPL405

Table S6. Time-resolved fluorescence spectroscopy data from DEA3HF in ethanol in the presence of different amounts of R6G, where λ_{obs} is the analyzed emission wavelength, B is the pre-exponential factor, τ is the fluorescence lifetime, Rel. is relative contribution and χ^2 is the chi-square of the fit.

Molar Ratio	λ_{obs}	B_1	τ_1	Rel.	B_2	τ_2	Rel.	χ^2	τ_{av}	τ_0/τ
DEA3HF@(OA)₂:R6G	(nm)		(ns)	%		(ns)	%		(ns)	
0	557	7469.79	2.07	100	-	-	-	1.08	2.07	1.00
2.0	541	14030.72	2.14	100	-	-	-	1.09	2.14	1.03
1.5	553	7371.43	2.19	67	1798.74	4.52	33	0.96	2.97	1.43
1.0	556	4607.63	2.23	44	3079.30	4.39	56	1.08	3.46	1.67
0.5	557	6537.20	2.34	35	6206.55	4.54	65	1.07	3.77	1.82
0.1	559	4871.56	2.57	32	5442.68	4.98	68	1.03	4.22	2.04

Excitation Source: EPL405

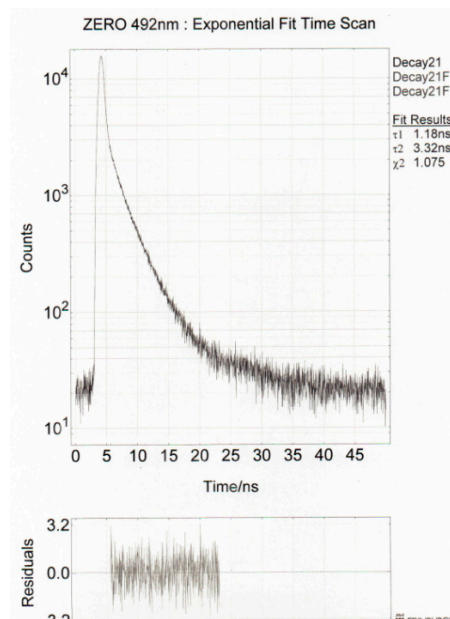
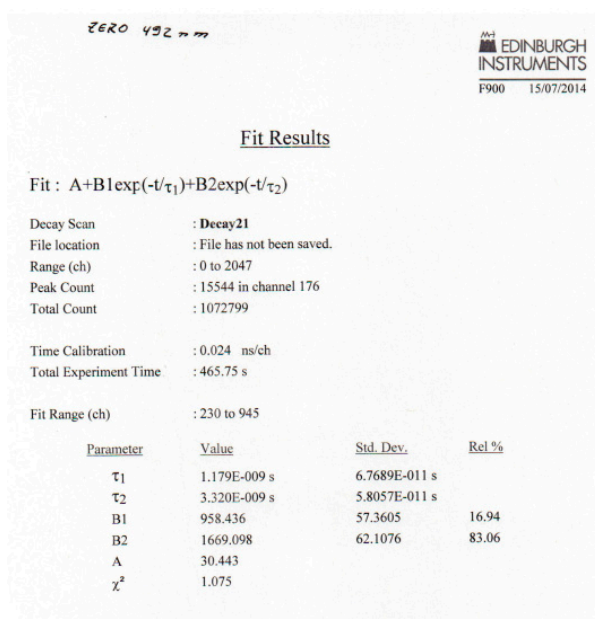


Figure S6. Relevant data from time-resolved fluorescence spectroscopy (left) and time decay curve and respective residuals from DEA3HF@(OA)₂ in sodium tetraborate buffer. (Excitation wavelength: 405 nm; monitored emission wavelength: 492 nm).

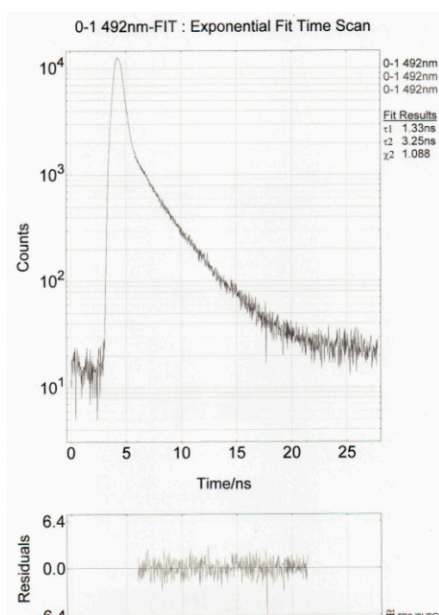
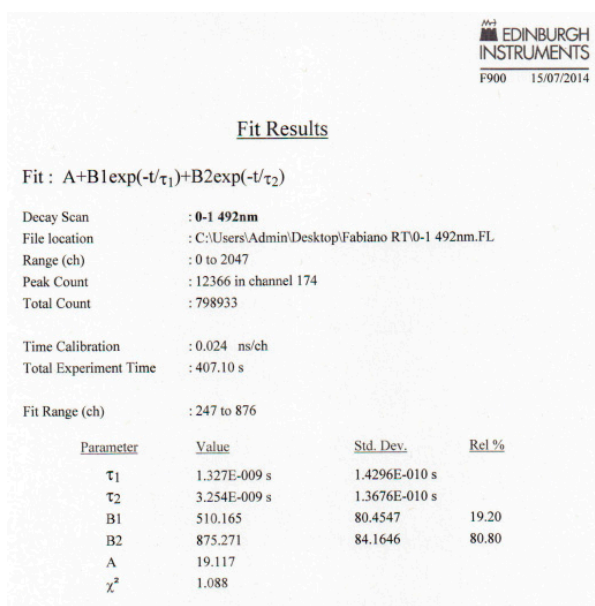


Figure S7. Relevant data from time-resolved fluorescence spectroscopy (left) and time decay curve and respective residuals from DEA3HF@(OA)₂:R6G molar ratio=2.0 in sodium tetraborate buffer. (Excitation wavelength: 405 nm; monitored emission wavelength: 492 nm).

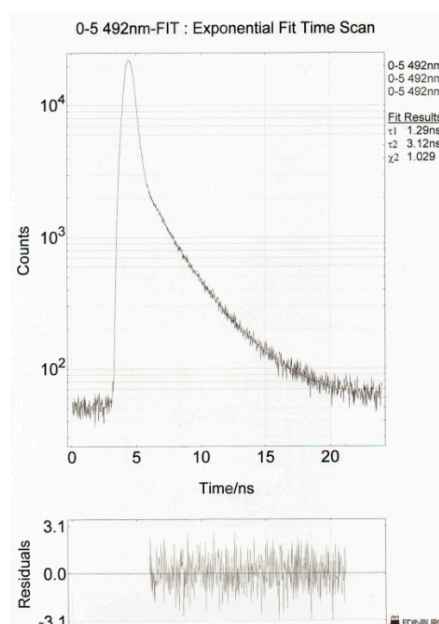
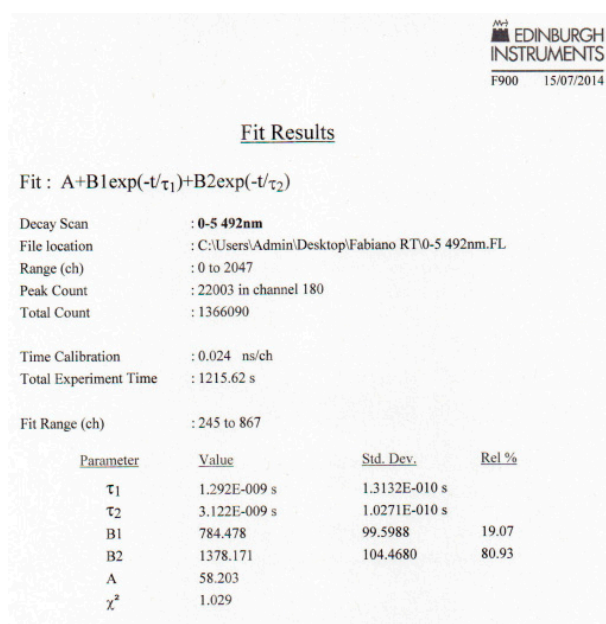


Figure S8. Relevant data from time-resolved fluorescence spectroscopy (left) and time decay curve and respective residuals from DEA3HF@(OA)₂:R6G molar ratio=1.5 in sodium tetraborate buffer @492 nm. (Excitation wavelength: 405 nm; monitored emission wavelength: 492 nm).

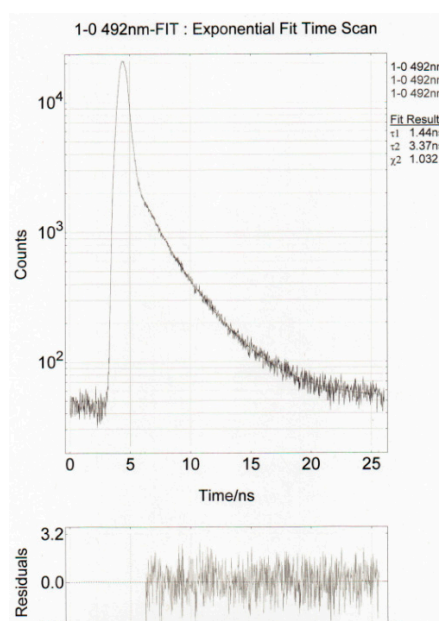
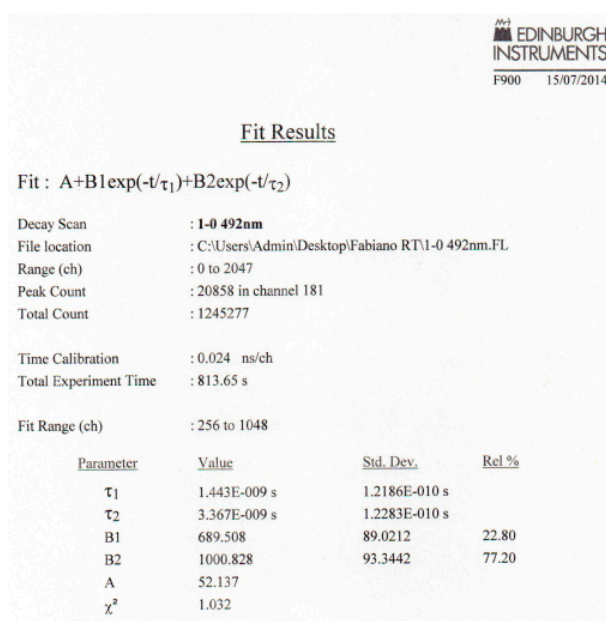


Figure S9. Relevant data from time-resolved fluorescence spectroscopy (left) and time decay curve and respective residuals from DEA3HF@(OA)₂:R6G molar ratio=1.0 in sodium tetraborate buffer. (Excitation wavelength: 405 nm; monitored emission wavelength: 492 nm).

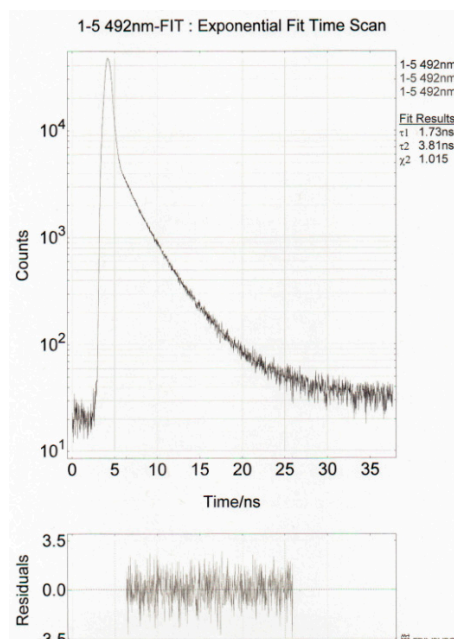
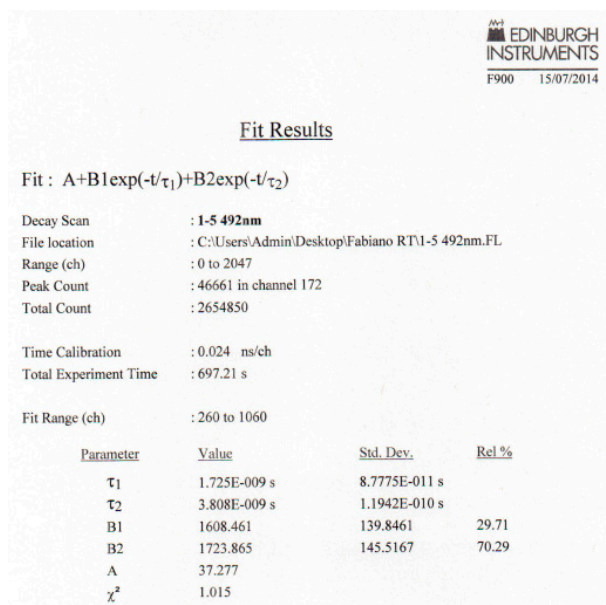


Figure S10. Relevant data from time-resolved fluorescence spectroscopy (left) and time decay curve and respective residuals from DEA3HF@(OA)₂:R6G molar ratio=0.5 in sodium tetraborate buffer. (Excitation wavelength: 405 nm; monitored emission wavelength: 492 nm).

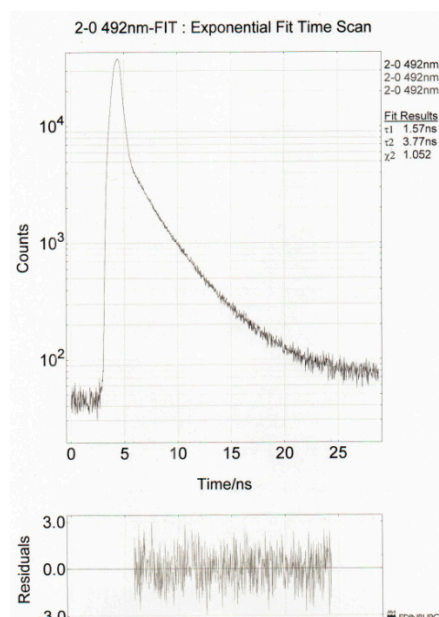
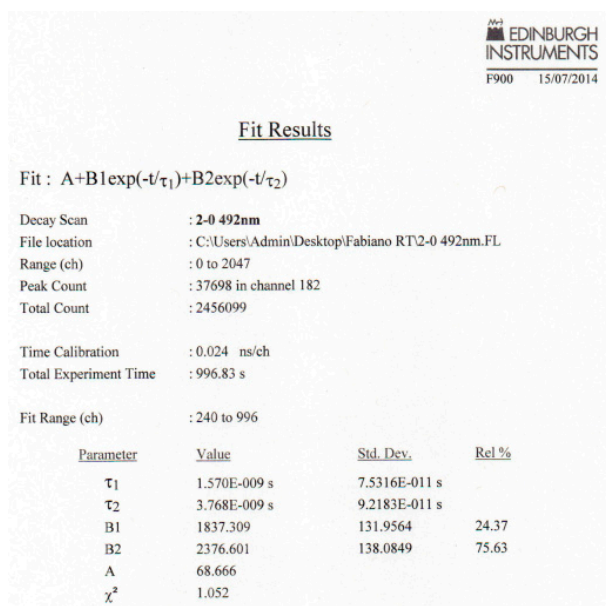


Figure S11. Relevant data from time-resolved fluorescence spectroscopy (left) and time decay curve and respective residuals from DEA3HF@(OA)₂:R6G molar ratio=0.1 in sodium tetraborate buffer. (Excitation wavelength: 405 nm; monitored emission wavelength: 492 nm).

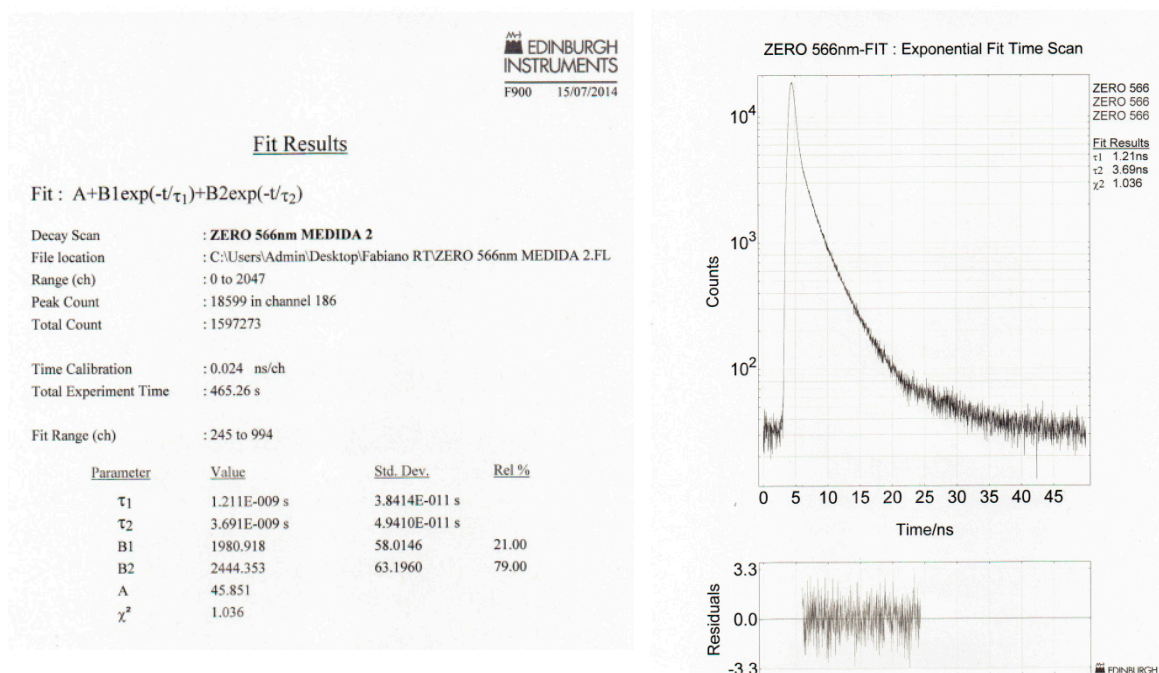


Figure S12. Relevant data from time-resolved fluorescence spectroscopy (left) and time decay curve and respective residuals from DEA3HF@(OA)₂ in sodium tetraborate buffer. (Excitation wavelength: 405 nm; monitored emission wavelength: 566 nm).

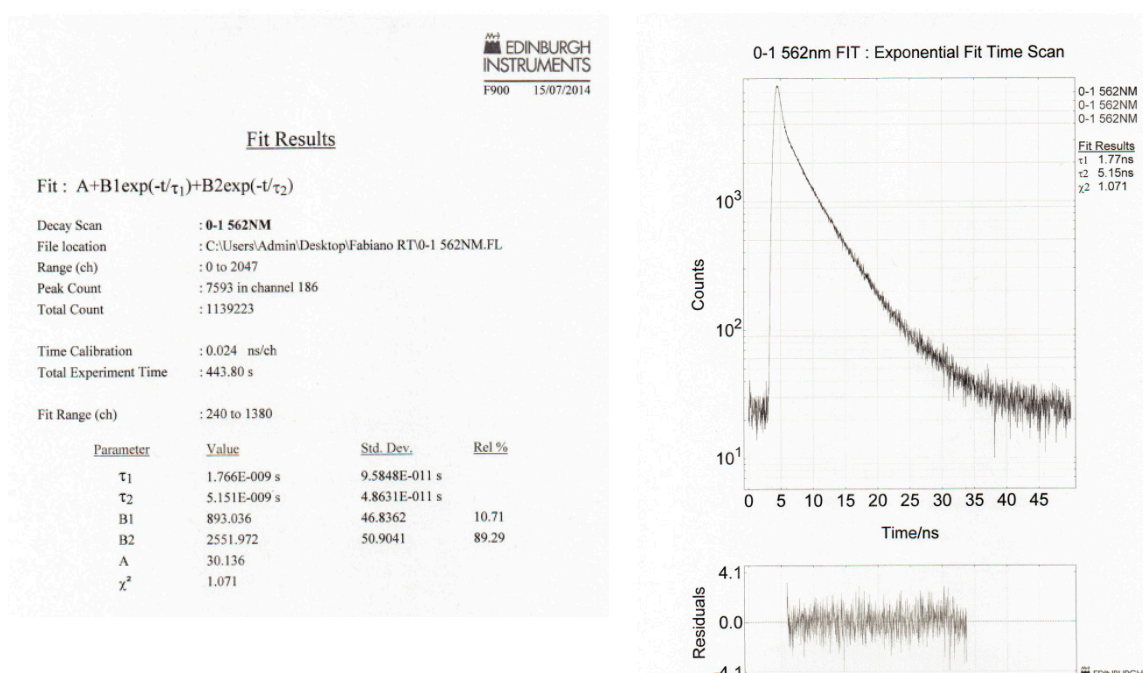


Figure S13. Relevant data from time-resolved fluorescence spectroscopy (left) and time decay curve and respective residuals from DEA3HF@(OA)₂:R6G molar ratio=2.0 in sodium tetraborate buffer. (Excitation wavelength: 405 nm; monitored emission wavelength: 562 nm).

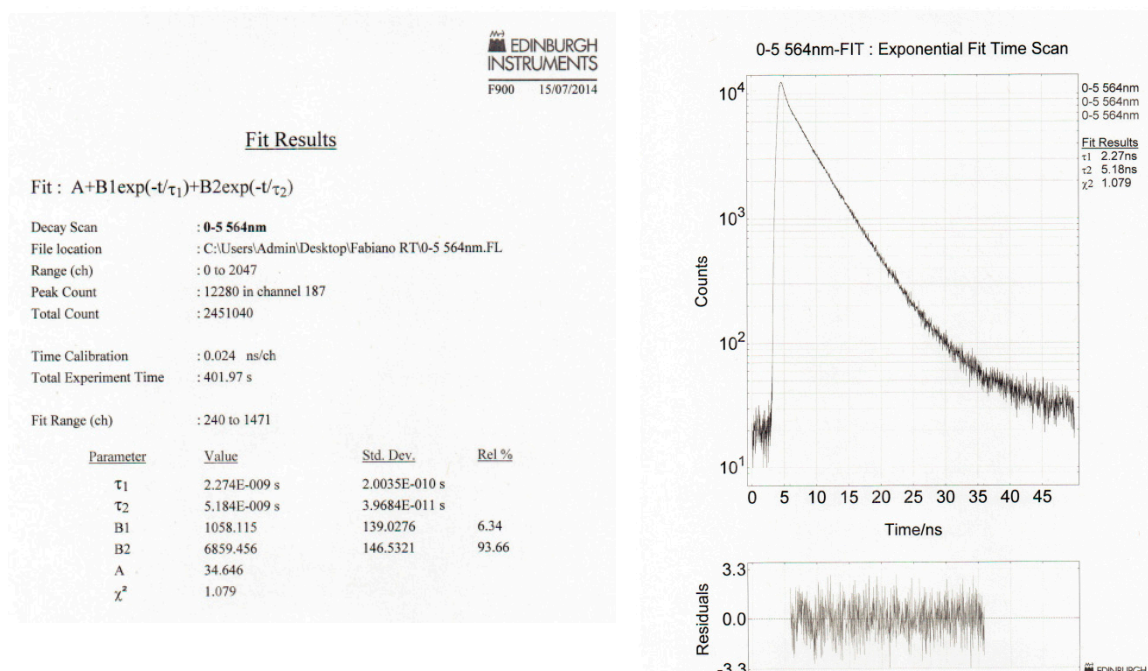


Figure S14. Relevant data from time-resolved fluorescence spectroscopy (left) and time decay curve and respective residuals from DEA3HF@(OA)₂:R6G molar ratio=1.5 in sodium tetraborate buffer. (Excitation wavelength: 405 nm; monitored emission wavelength: 564 nm).

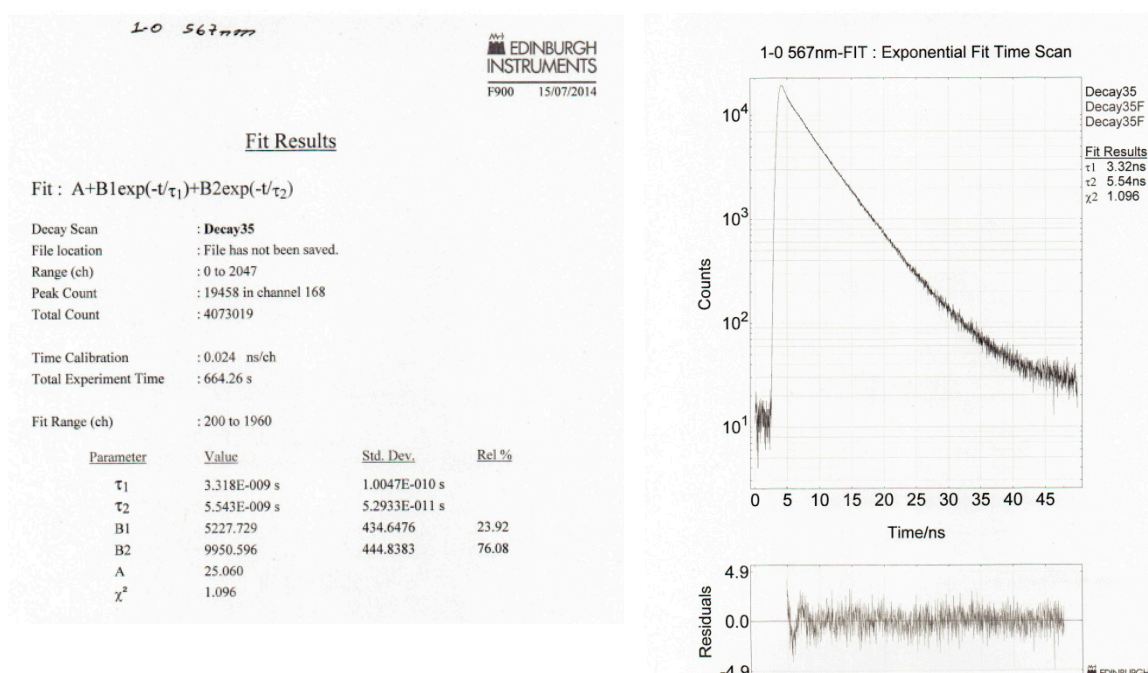


Figure S15. Relevant data from time-resolved fluorescence spectroscopy (left) and time decay curve and respective residuals from DEA3HF@(OA)₂:R6G molar ratio=1.0 in sodium tetraborate buffer. (Excitation wavelength: 405 nm; monitored emission wavelength: 567 nm).

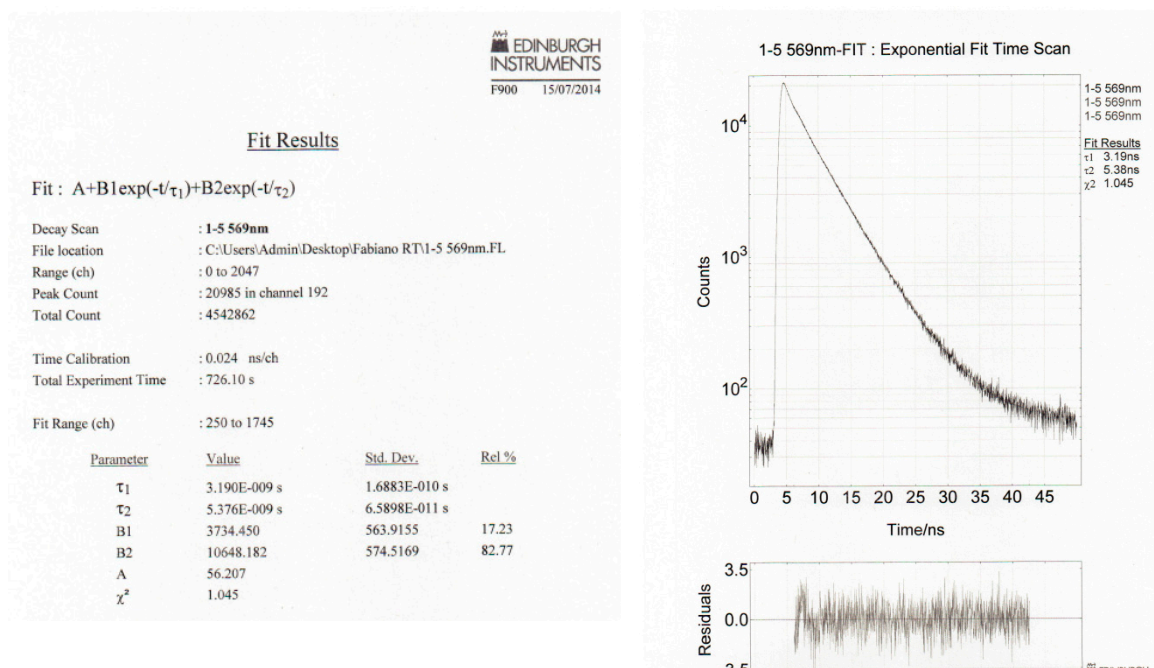


Figure S16. Relevant data from time-resolved fluorescence spectroscopy (left) and time decay curve and respective residuals from DEA3HF@(OA)₂:R6G molar ratio=0.5 in sodium tetraborate buffer. (Excitation wavelength: 405 nm; monitored emission wavelength: 569 nm).

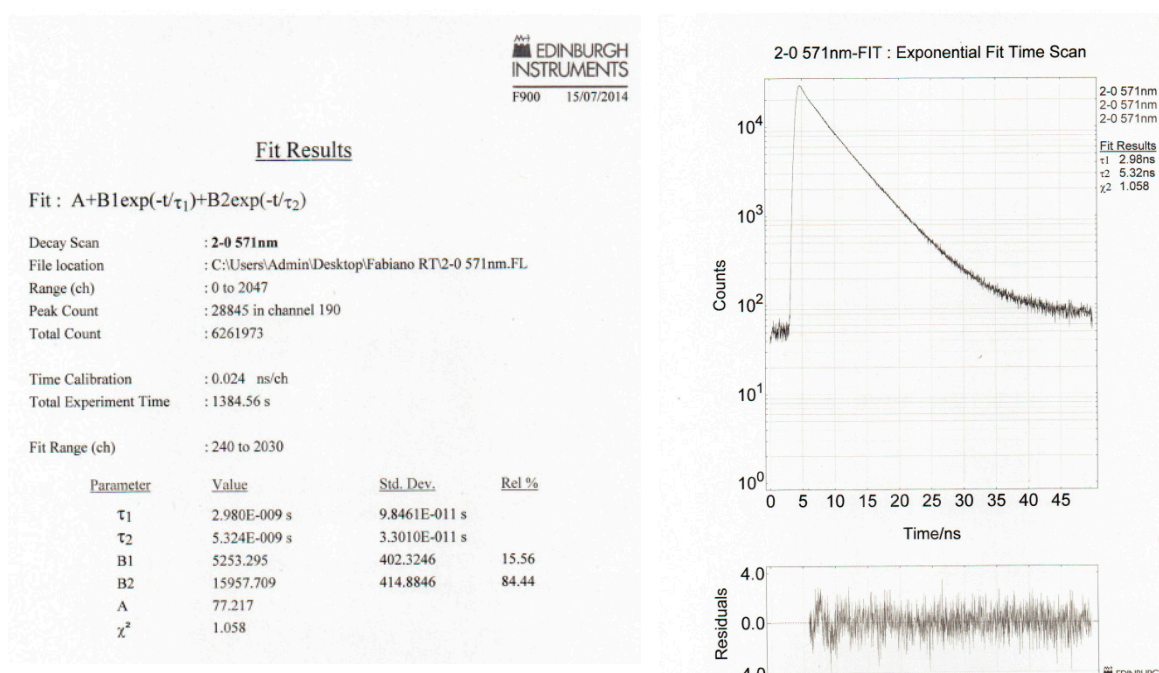


Figure S17. Relevant data from time-resolved fluorescence spectroscopy (left) and time decay curve and respective residuals from DEA3HF@(OA)₂:R6G molar ratio=0.1 in sodium tetraborate buffer. (Excitation wavelength: 405 nm; monitored emission wavelength: 571 nm).

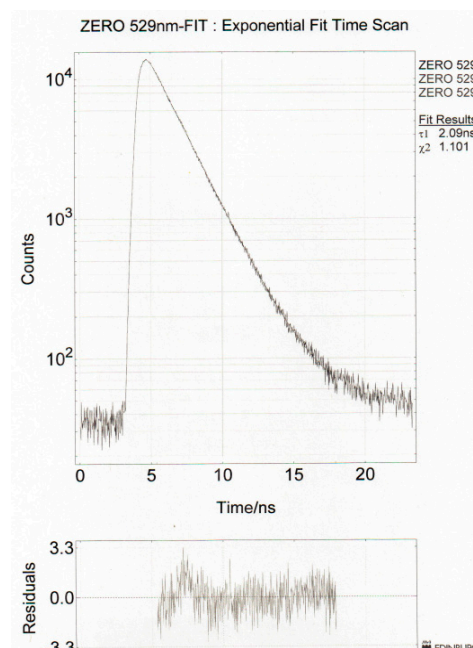
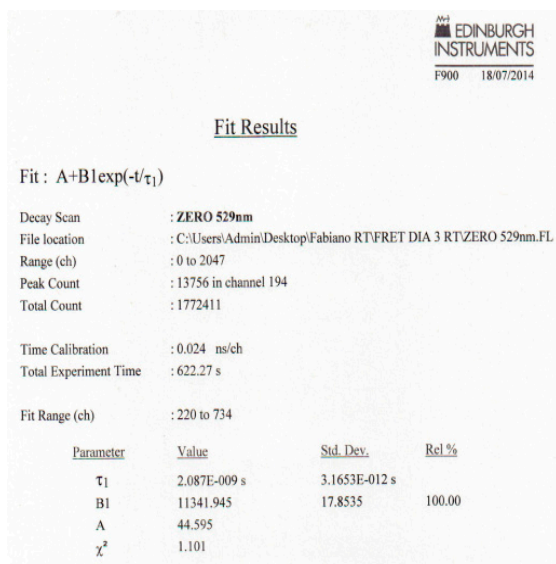


Figure S18. Relevant data from time-resolved fluorescence spectroscopy (left) and time decay curve and respective residuals from DEA3HF in ethanol. (Excitation wavelength: 405 nm; monitored emission wavelength: 529 nm).

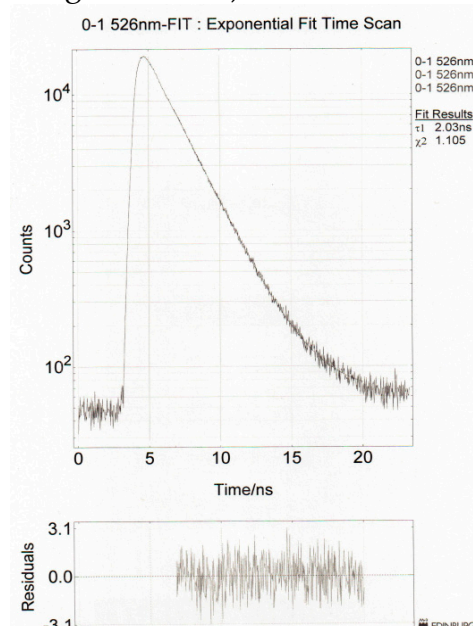
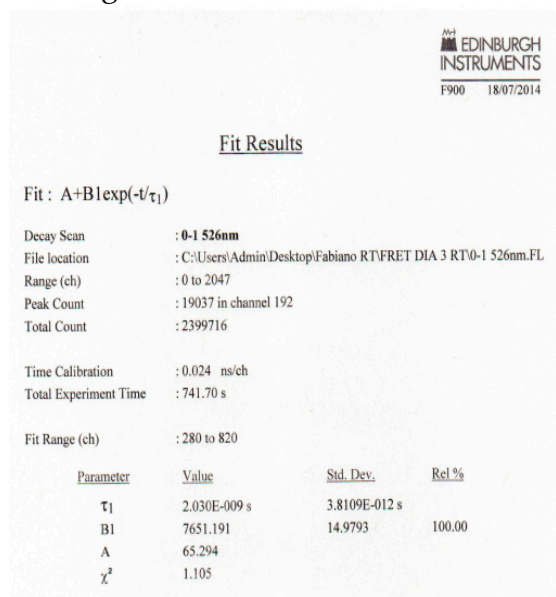


Figure S19. Relevant data from time-resolved fluorescence spectroscopy (left) and time decay curve and respective residuals from DEA3HF:R6G molar ratio=2.0 in ethanol. (Excitation wavelength: 405 nm; monitored emission wavelength: 526 nm).

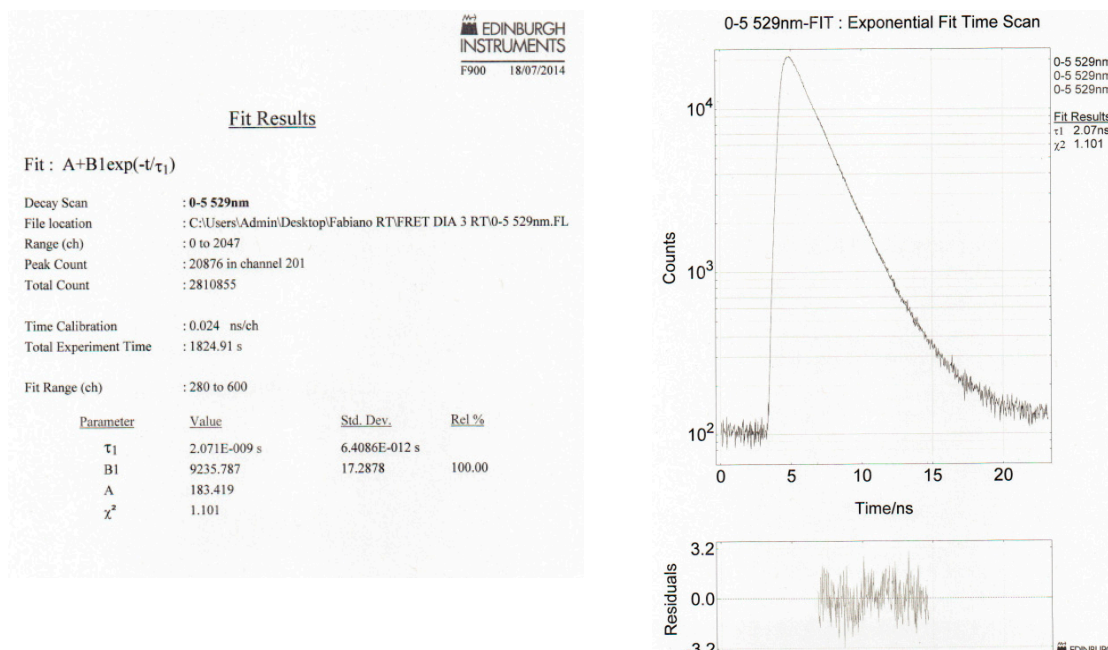


Figure S20. Relevant data from time-resolved fluorescence spectroscopy (left) and time decay curve and respective residuals from DEA3HF:R6G molar ratio=1.5 in ethanol. (Excitation wavelength: 405 nm; monitored emission wavelength: 529 nm).

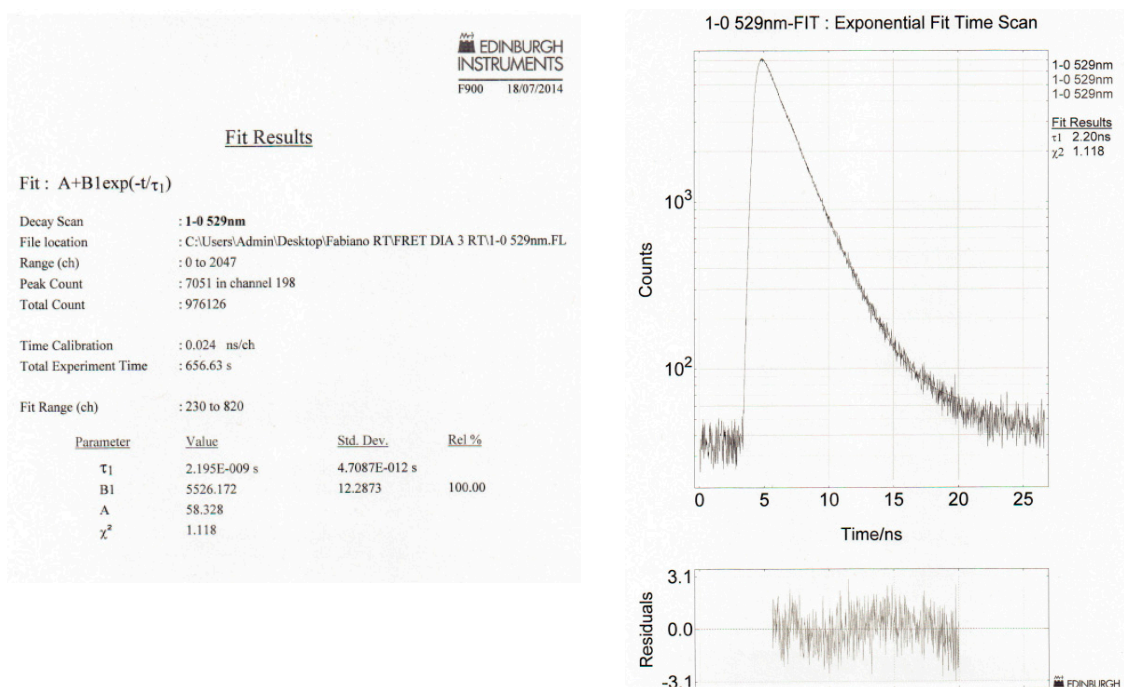


Figure S21. Relevant data from time-resolved fluorescence spectroscopy (left) and time decay curve and respective residuals from DEA3HF:R6G molar ratio=1.0 in ethanol. (Excitation wavelength: 405 nm; monitored emission wavelength: 529 nm).

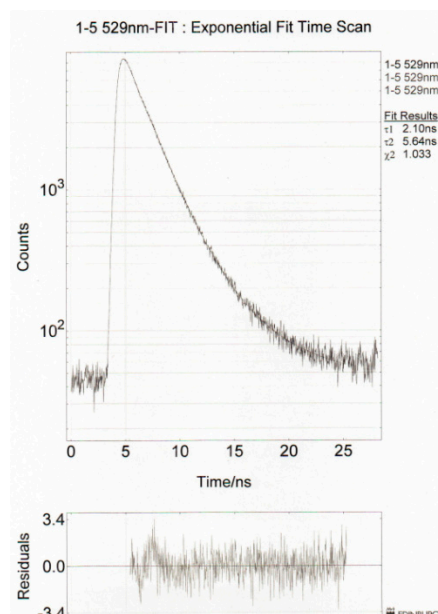
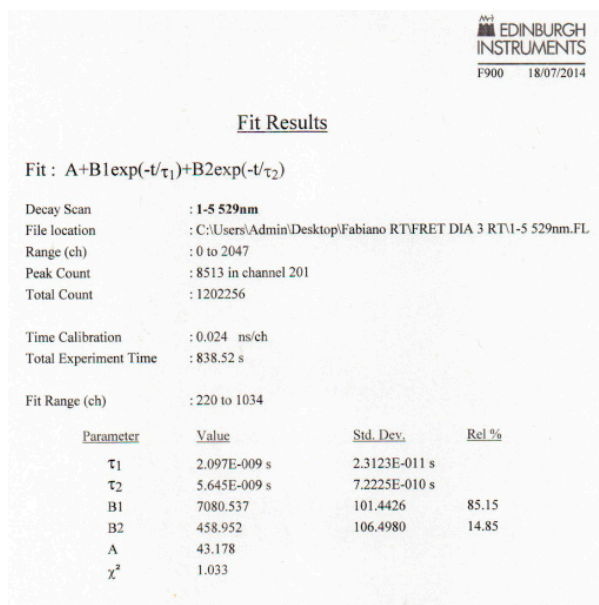


Figure S22. Relevant data from time-resolved fluorescence spectroscopy (left) and time decay curve and respective residuals from DEA3HF:R6G molar ratio=0.5 in ethanol. (Excitation wavelength: 405 nm; monitored emission wavelength: 529 nm).

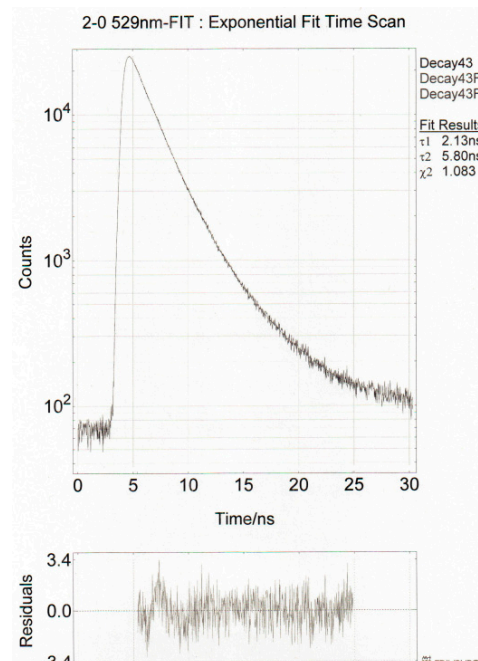
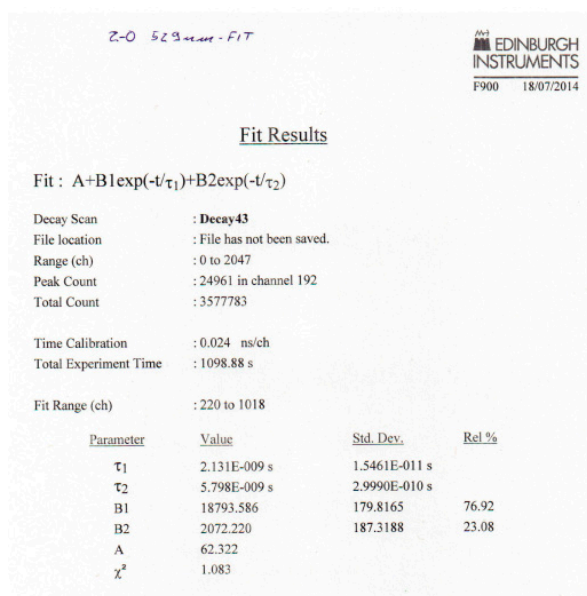


Figure S23. Relevant data from time-resolved fluorescence spectroscopy (left) and time decay curve and respective residuals from DEA3HF:R6G molar ratio=0.1 in ethanol. (Excitation wavelength: 405 nm; monitored emission wavelength: 529 nm).

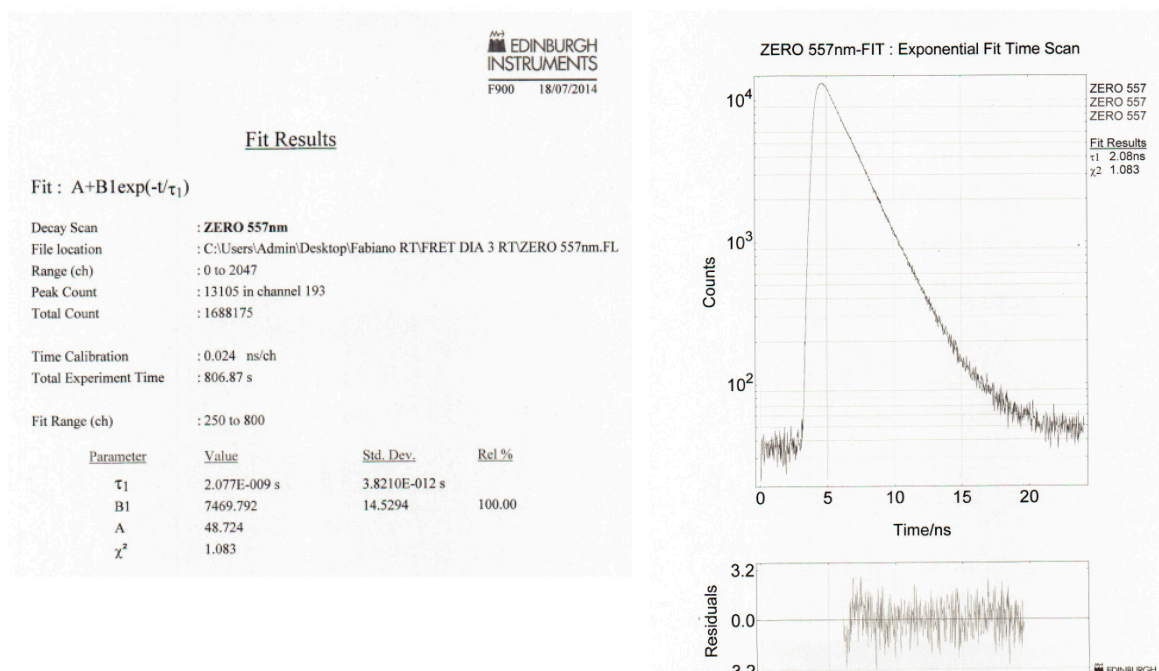


Figure S24. Relevant data from time-resolved fluorescence spectroscopy (left) and time decay curve and respective residuals from DEA3HF in ethanol. (Excitation wavelength: 405 nm; monitored emission wavelength: 557 nm).

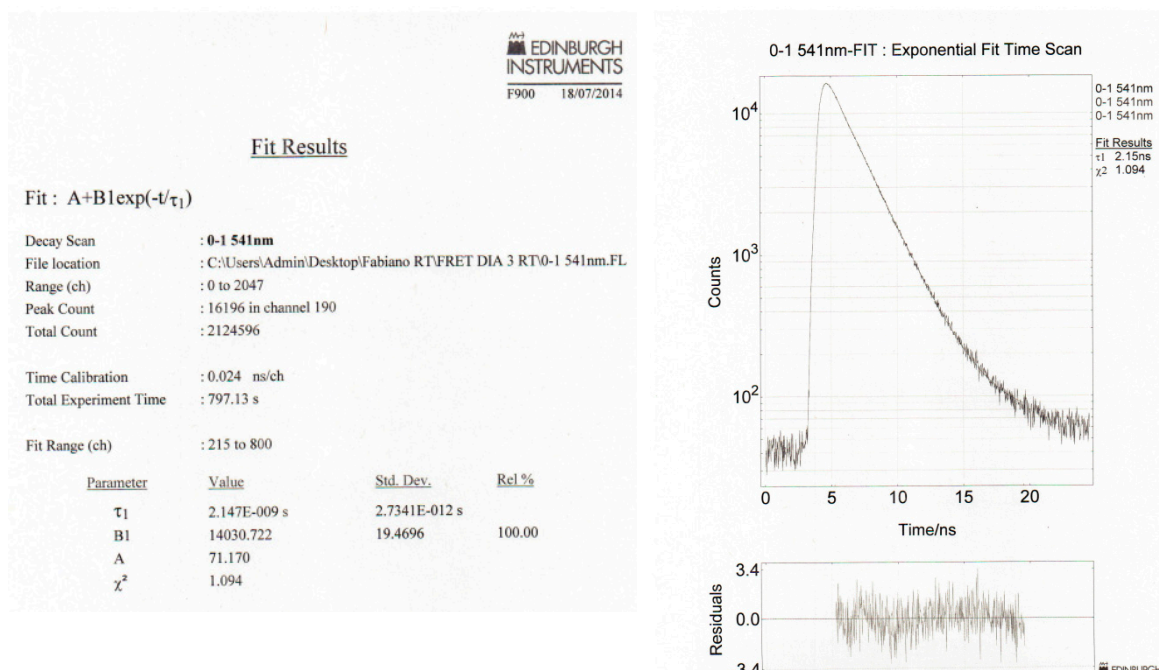


Figure S25. Relevant data from time-resolved fluorescence spectroscopy (left) and time decay curve and respective residuals from DEA3HF:R6G molar ratio=2.0 in ethanol. (Excitation wavelength: 405 nm; monitored emission wavelength: 541 nm).

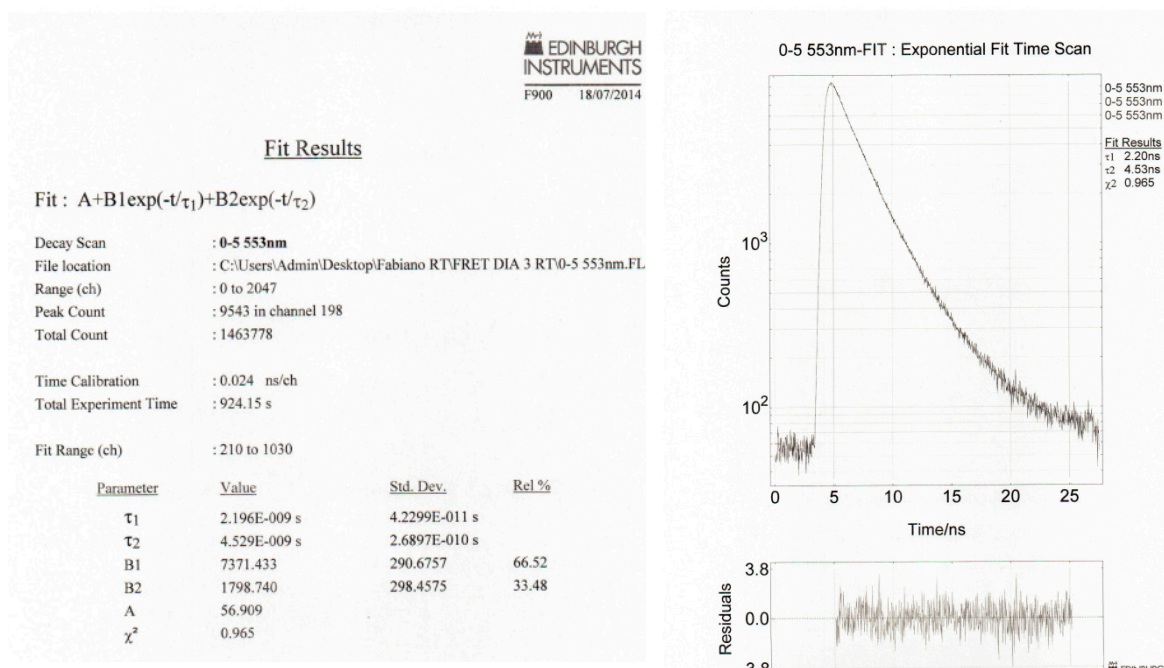


Figure S26. Relevant data from time-resolved fluorescence spectroscopy (left) and time decay curve and respective residuals from DEA3HF:R6G molar ratio=1.5 in ethanol. (Excitation wavelength: 405 nm; monitored emission wavelength: 553 nm).

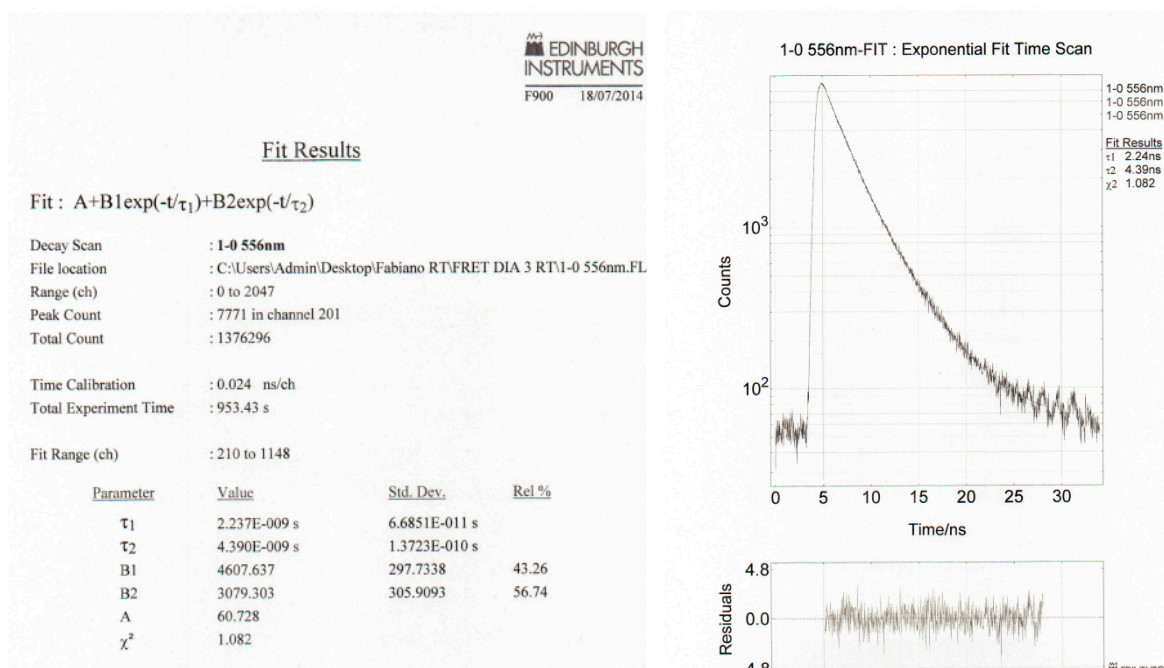


Figure S27. Relevant data from time-resolved fluorescence spectroscopy (left) and time decay curve and respective residuals from DEA3HF:R6G molar ratio=1.0 in ethanol. (Excitation wavelength: 405 nm; monitored emission wavelength: 556 nm).

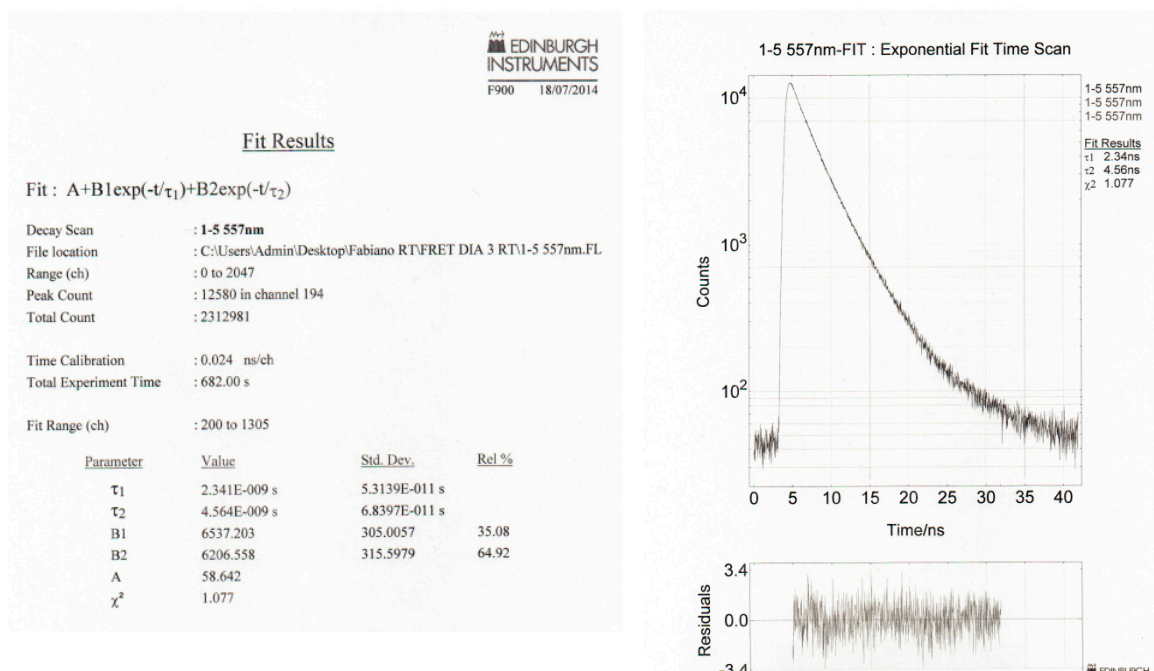


Figure S28. Relevant data from time-resolved fluorescence spectroscopy (left) and time decay curve and respective residuals from DEA3HF:R6G molar ratio=0.5 in ethanol. (Excitation wavelength: 405 nm; monitored emission wavelength: 557 nm).

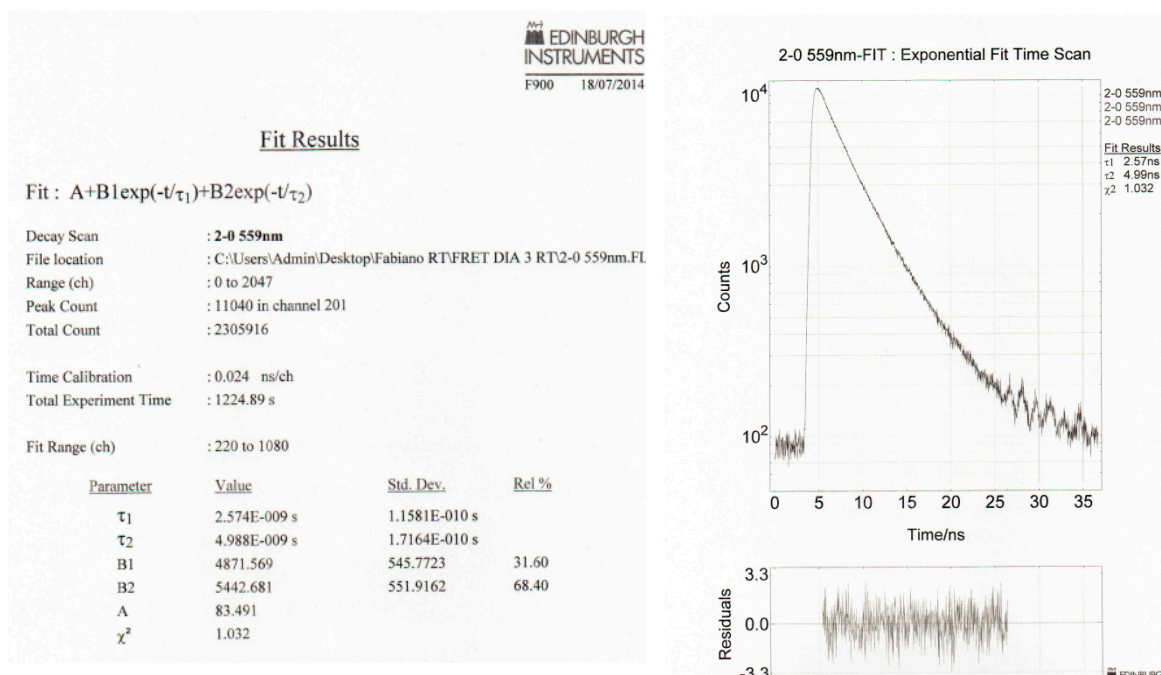


Figure S29. Relevant data from time-resolved fluorescence spectroscopy (left) and time decay curve and respective residuals from DEA3HF:R6G molar ratio=0.1 in ethanol. (Excitation wavelength: 405 nm; monitored emission wavelength: 559 nm).

Table S7. Working concentration for Stern-Volmer plot.

System	Molar Ratio	Concentration (10 ⁻⁶ mol/L)	
		Donor	Acceptor
		DEA3HF	R6G
DEA3HF@(OA) ₂	0	15.6	0
	2.0		1.58
	1.5		7.92
	1.0		15.8
	0.5		23.8
	0.1		31.7
DEA3HF in ethanol	0	5.20	0
	2.0		0.53
	1.5		2.63
	1.0		5.27
	0.5		7.90
	0.1		10.5

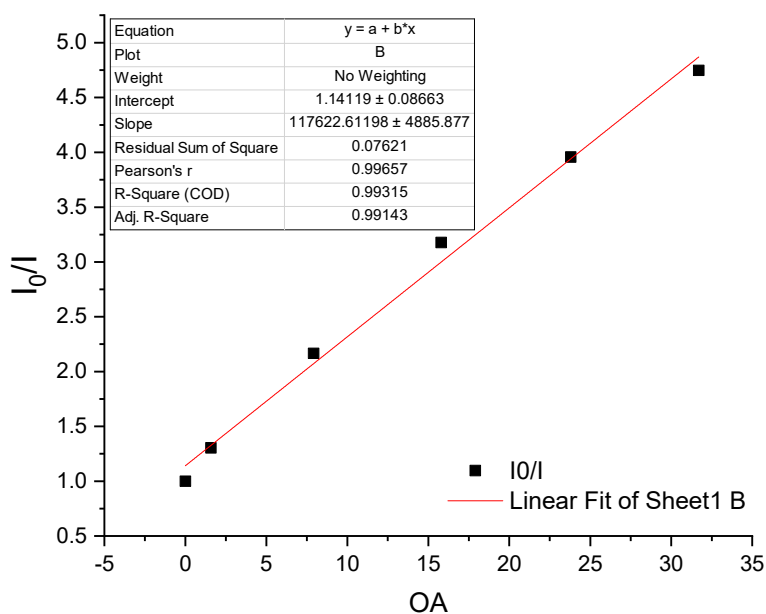


Figure S30. Stern-Volmer plot of DEA3HF@(OA)₂ in sodium tetraborate buffer in the presence of different amounts of R6G. The parameters from the linear fit are also presented for calculation purposes.

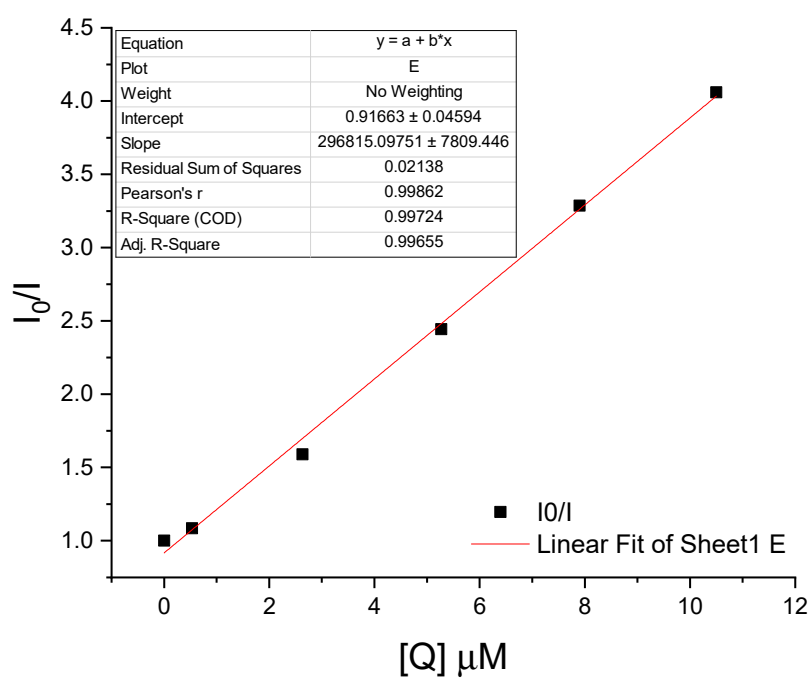


Figure S31. Stern-Volmer plot of DEA3HF in ethanol in the presence of different amounts of R6G. The parameters from the linear fit are also presented for calculation purposes.