

Fluorescent Dynamic Covalent Polymers for DNA Complexation and Templated Assembly

Clément Kotras,^{1,2,†} Maxime Leclercq,¹ Maxime Roger,² Camille Bouillon,³ Antonio Recupido,³ Aurélien Lebrun,⁴ Yannick Bessin,³ Philippe Gerbier,² Sébastien Richeter,² Sébastien Ulrich,^{3,*} Sébastien Clément^{2,*}, and Mathieu Surin^{1,*}

¹ Laboratory for Chemistry of Novel Materials, Center of Innovation and Research in Materials and Polymers (CIRMAP), University of Mons-UMONS, 7000 Mons, Belgium

² ICGM Institut Charles Gerhardt Montpellier, UMR 5253, CNRS, Université de Montpellier, ENSCM, 34095 Montpellier, France

³ IBMM, Université de Montpellier, CNRS, ENSCM, Montpellier, France

⁴ Laboratoire de Mesures Physiques, Montpellier, France

† Present address: IES Institut d'Electronique et des Systèmes, UMR 5214, Université de Montpellier 34095 Montpellier, France

Table of contents

Figure S1: FTIR-ATR spectrum of FT .	S3
Figure S2: ¹ H NMR spectrum (500 MHz) of FT in CDCl ₃ at 298K.	S3
Figure S3: ¹³ C{ ¹ H} NMR spectrum (126 MHz) of FT in CDCl ₃ at 298K.	S4
Figure S4: High resolution MALDI-TOF mass spectrum of FT in the positive mode	S4
Figure S5: FTIR-ATR spectrum of FT^c	S5
Figure S6: ¹ H NMR spectrum (500 MHz) of FT^c in DMSO-d ₆ at 298K.	S5
Figure S7: ¹³ C{ ¹ H} NMR spectrum (126 MHz) of FT^c in DMSO-d ₆ at 298K	S6
Figure S8: High resolution MALDI-TOF mass spectrum of FT^c in the positive mode	S6
Figure S9: FTIR-ATR spectrum of FTⁿ	S7
Figure S10: ¹ H NMR spectrum (500 MHz) of FTⁿ in CDCl ₃ at 298K	S7
Figure S11: ¹³ C{ ¹ H} NMR spectrum (126 MHz) of FTⁿ in CDCl ₃ at 298K	S8
Figure S12: High resolution ASAP ⁺ mass spectrum of FTⁿ in the positive mode	S8
Figure S13: Superimposition of DOSY-NMR spectra (600 MHz) of AFTⁿ at 1 mM (green), 10 mM (violet) and 50 mM (pink) compared to AFTⁿ (blue) in DMSO-d ₆ at 298K	S9

Figure S14: Superimposition of DOSY-NMR spectra (600 MHz) of AFT^c at 10 mM (blue) compared to FT^c (green) in DMSO- <i>d</i> ₆ at 298K.	S9
Figure S15: MALDI-TOF (HCCA matrix) mass spectrometry analysis of AFTⁿ , prepared by the self-assembly of FTⁿ and Ox-Arg-Hyd carried out at 100 mM in DMSO.	S10
Figure S16: ¹ H NMR spectrum (600 MHz) of AFTⁿ at 100 mM in DMSO- <i>d</i> ₆ at 298K.	S10
Figure S17: Synthesis of FTⁿ -based model compounds from L-Arg-Hyd and D-Arg-Hyd .	S11
Figure S18: LCMS chromatogram of L-1 .	S11
Figure S19: A/ UV-Visible absorption, B/ CD and C/ emission spectra ($\lambda_{\text{exc}} = 385$ nm) of AFT^c at 10 μ M in TE buffer after successive additions of guanidinium chloride.	S12
Figure S20: A/ UV-Visible absorption, B/ CD and C/ emission spectra ($\lambda_{\text{exc}} = 385$ nm) of AFT^c at 10 μ M in TE buffer after successive additions of ammonium sulfate.	S13
Figure S21: CD spectra of A/ AFT^c and B/ AFTⁿ solutions at 10 μ M in TE buffer recorded from 20°C to 86°C.	S14
Table S1: Name, length and sequence of the dsDNAs employed in this study	S14
Figure S22: UV-Vis absorption (A), CD (B) and emission (C) spectra of 10 μ M AFTⁿ solutions in Tris-EDTA buffer (pH 7.4) upon addition of calf thymus DNA.	S15
Figure S23: UV-Vis absorption (A), CD (B) and emission (C) spectra of 10 μ M AFTⁿ solutions in Tris-EDTA buffer (pH 7.4) upon addition of dsR(43) (left) and calf thymus DNA (right).	S16
Figure S24: CD spectra of a mixture of FTⁿ and OxArgHyd in TE buffer at 10 μ M associated with calf thymus DNA at N/P = 5 recorded between 0 and 72h A/ in absence and B/ presence of 100 equivalents of methoxyamine.	S17
Scheme S1: Formation of the oxime Ox-FTⁿ-Ox .	S17

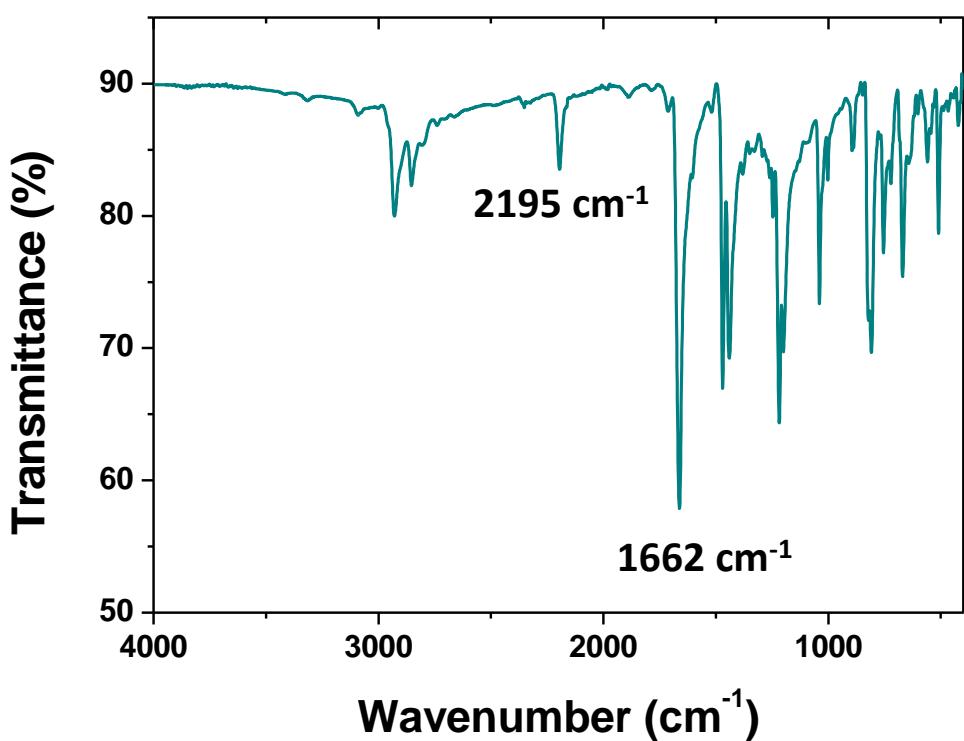


Figure S1: FTIR-ATR spectrum of **FT**.

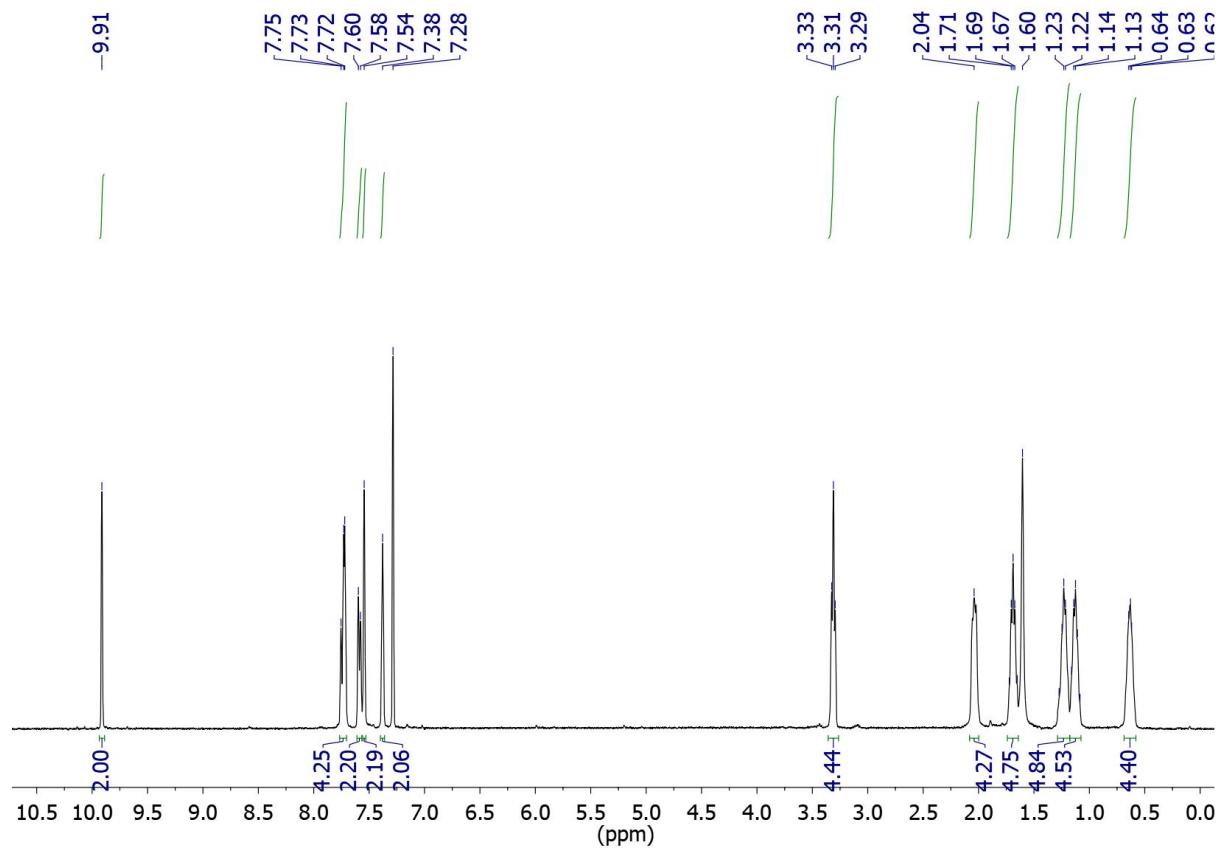


Figure S2: ^1H NMR spectrum (500 MHz) of **FT** in CDCl_3 at 298K.

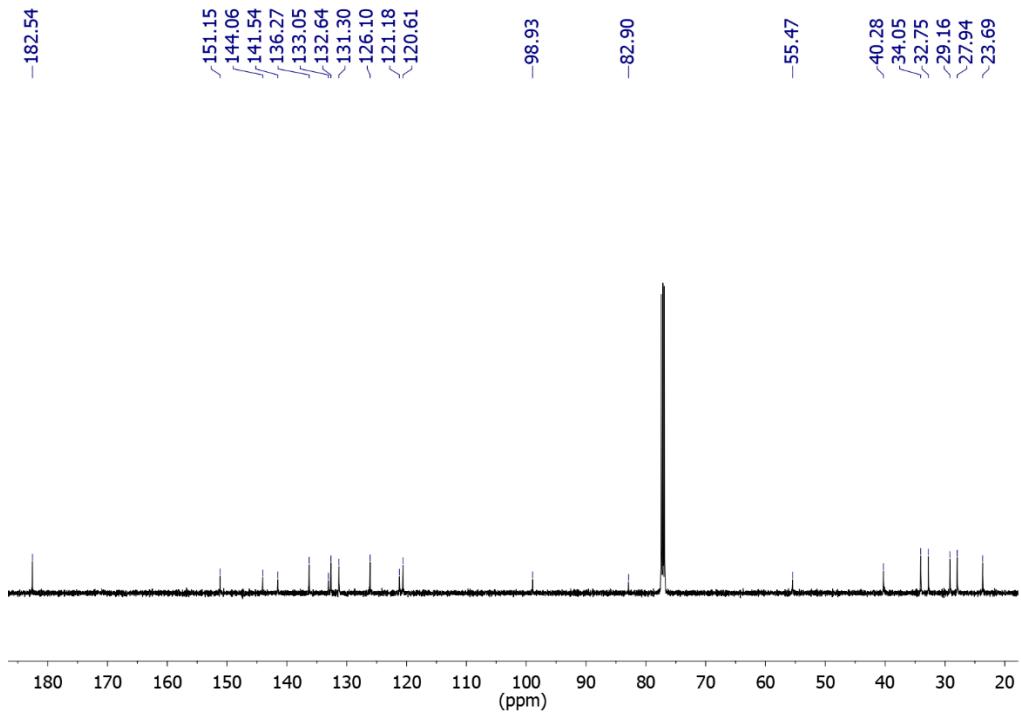
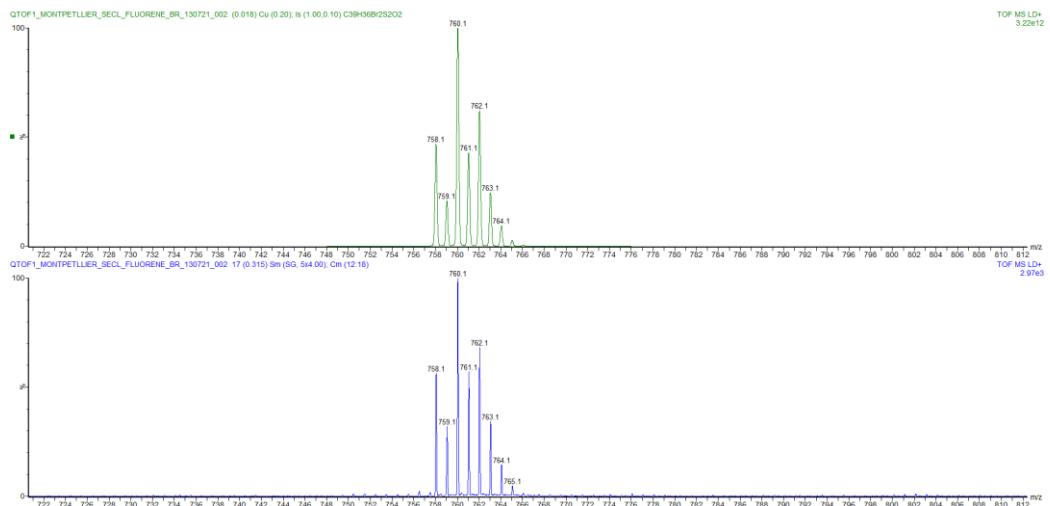


Figure S3: $^{13}\text{C}\{^1\text{H}\}$ NMR spectrum (126 MHz) of **FT** in CDCl_3 at 298K.



Elemental Composition Report

Single Mass Analysis

Tolerance = 25.0 PPM / DBE: min = -1.5, max = 150.0

Element prediction: Off

Number of isotope peaks used for i-FIT = 3

Monoisotopic Mass, Odd and Even Electron Ions

58 formula(e) evaluated with 4 results within limits (up to 50 closest results for each mass)

Elements Used:

C: 20-50 H: 0-60 O: 0-10 S: 2-2 Br: 2-2

Minimum:							-1.5	
Maximum:							150.0	
Mass	Calc. Mass	mDa	PPM	DBE	i-FIT	Norm	Conf(%)	Formula
758.0525	758.0523	0.2	0.3	21.0	78.0	0.254	77.53	C39 H36 O2 S2 Br2
	758.0582	-5.7	-7.5	12.0	79.8	1.995	13.61	C32 H40 O7 S2 Br2
	758.0430	9.5	12.5	8.0	81.3	3.500	3.02	C28 H40 O10 S2 Br2
	758.0371	15.4	20.3	17.0	80.6	2.840	5.84	C35 H36 O5 S2 Br2

Figure S4: High resolution MALDI-TOF mass spectrum of **FT** in the positive mode.

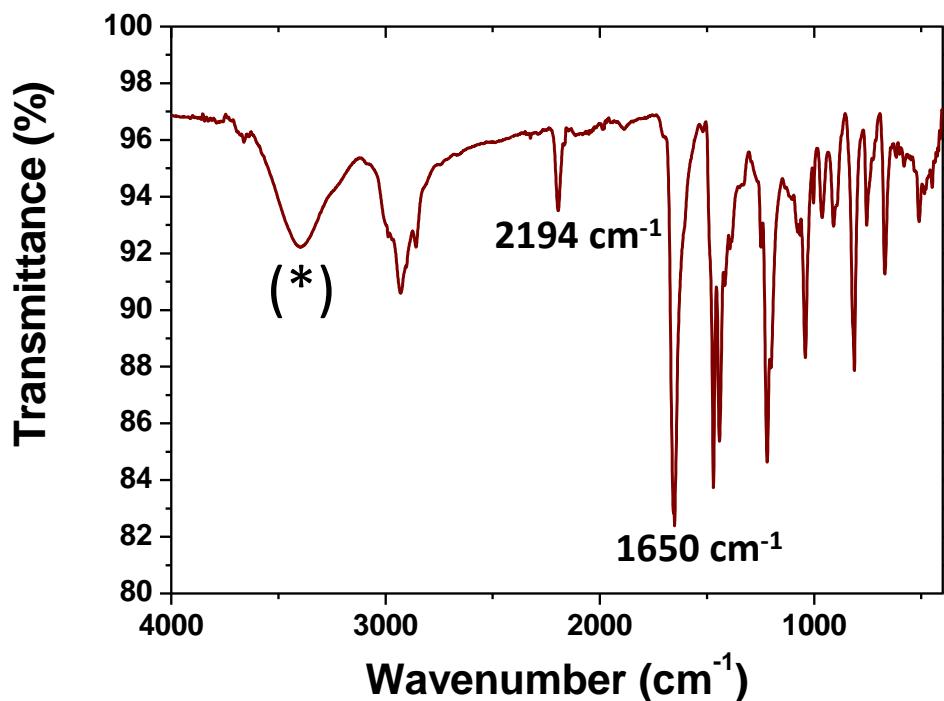


Figure S5: FTIR-ATR spectrum of FT^{c} . (*) Traces of water due to the strong hydrophilicity of FT^{c} .

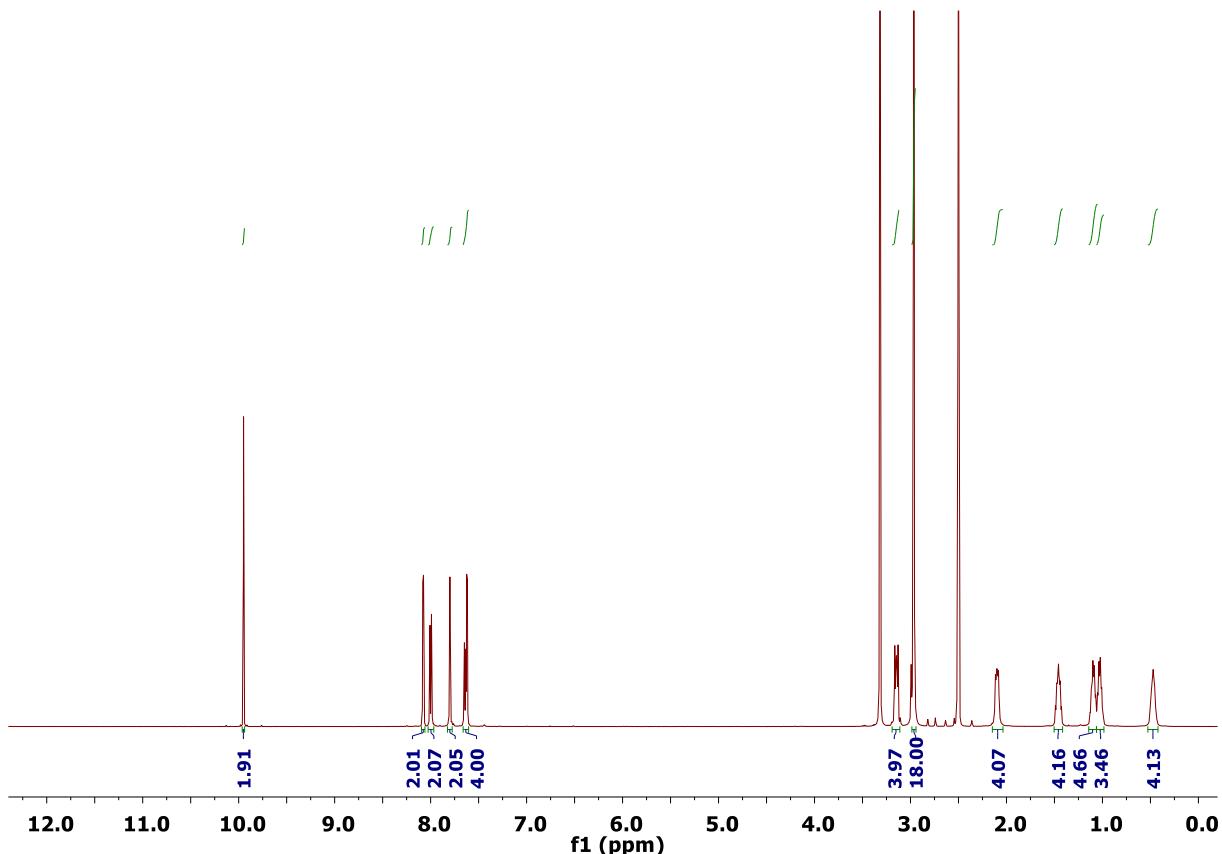


Figure S6: ^1H NMR spectrum (500 MHz) of FT^{c} in $\text{DMSO}-d_6$ at 298K.

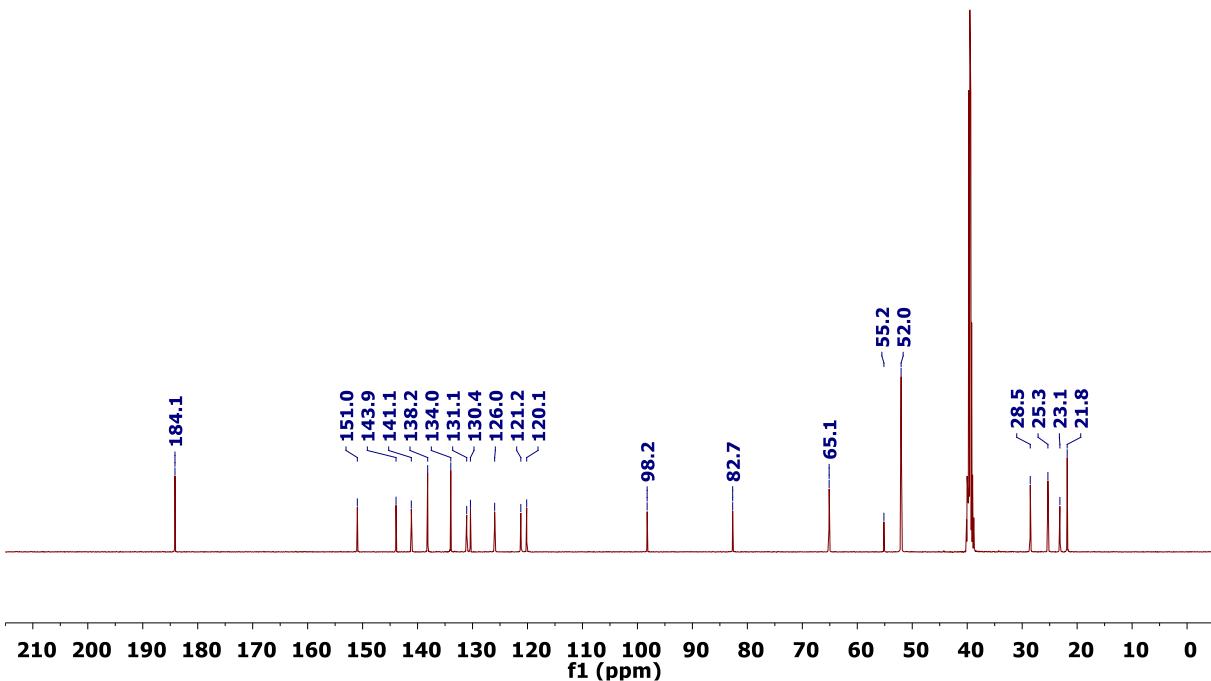
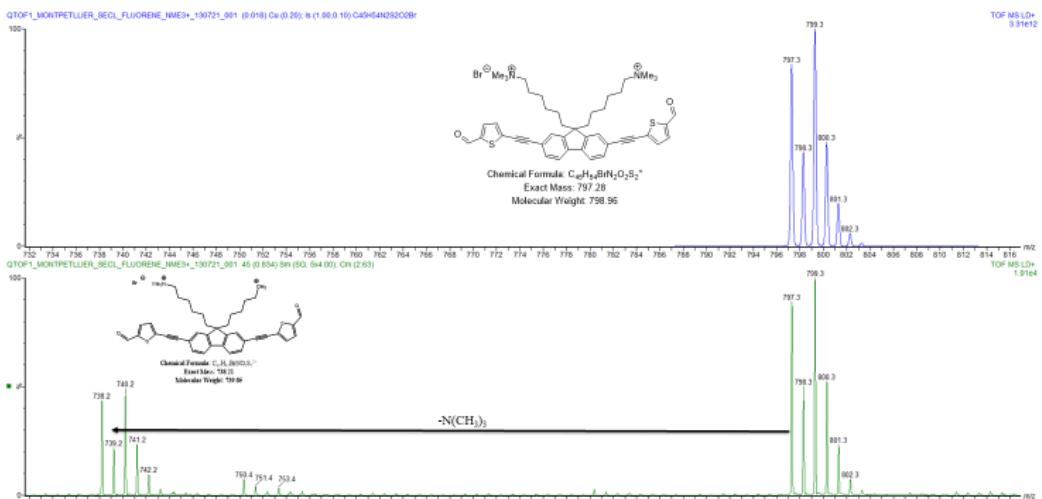


Figure S7: $^{13}\text{C}\{^1\text{H}\}$ NMR spectrum (126 MHz) of FT^c in $\text{DMSO}-d_6$ at 298K.



Elemental Composition Report

Single Mass Analysis

Tolerance = 25.0 PPM / DBE: min = -1.5, max = 150.0

Element prediction: Off

Number of isotope peaks used for i-FIT = 3

Monoisotopic Mass. Odd and Even Electron Ions

111 formula(e) evaluated with 4 results within limits (up to 50 closest results for each mass)

Elements Used:

C: 20-50 H: 0-60 N: 2-2 O: 0-10 S: 2-2 79Br: 1-2

Mass	Calc. Mass	mDa	PPM	DBE	i-FIT	Norm	Conf(%)	Formula
797.2805	797.2810	-0.5	-0.6	19.5	107.1	1.553	21.15	C45 H54 N2 O2 S2 79Br
	797.2869	-6.4	-8.0	10.5	106.7	1.214	29.71	C38 H58 N2 O7 S2 79Br
	797.2716	8.9	11.2	6.5	106.6	1.095	33.46	C34 H58 N2 O10 S2 79Br
	797.2658	14.7	18.4	15.5	107.4	1.852	15.68	C41 H54 N2 O5 S2 79Br

Figure S8: High resolution MALDI-TOF mass spectrum of FT^c in the positive mode.

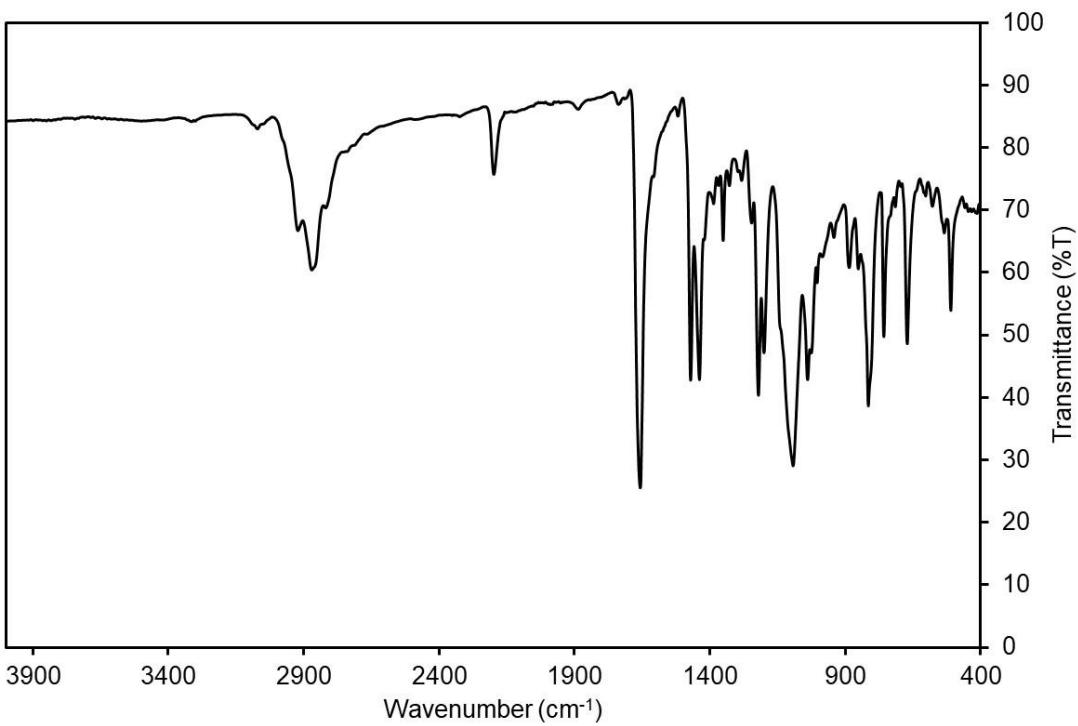


Figure S9: FTIR-ATR spectrum of **FTⁿ**.

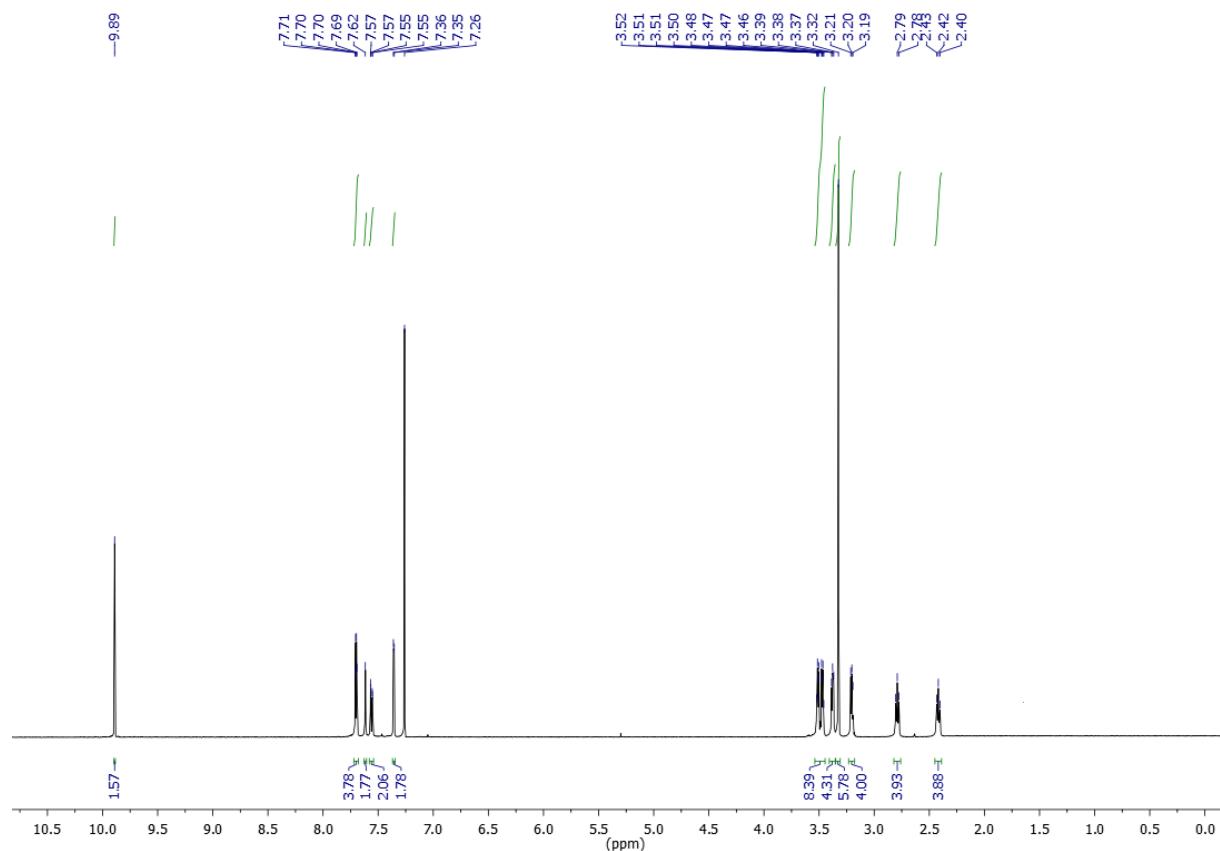


Figure S10: ^1H NMR spectrum (500 MHz) of **FTⁿ** in CDCl_3 at 298K.

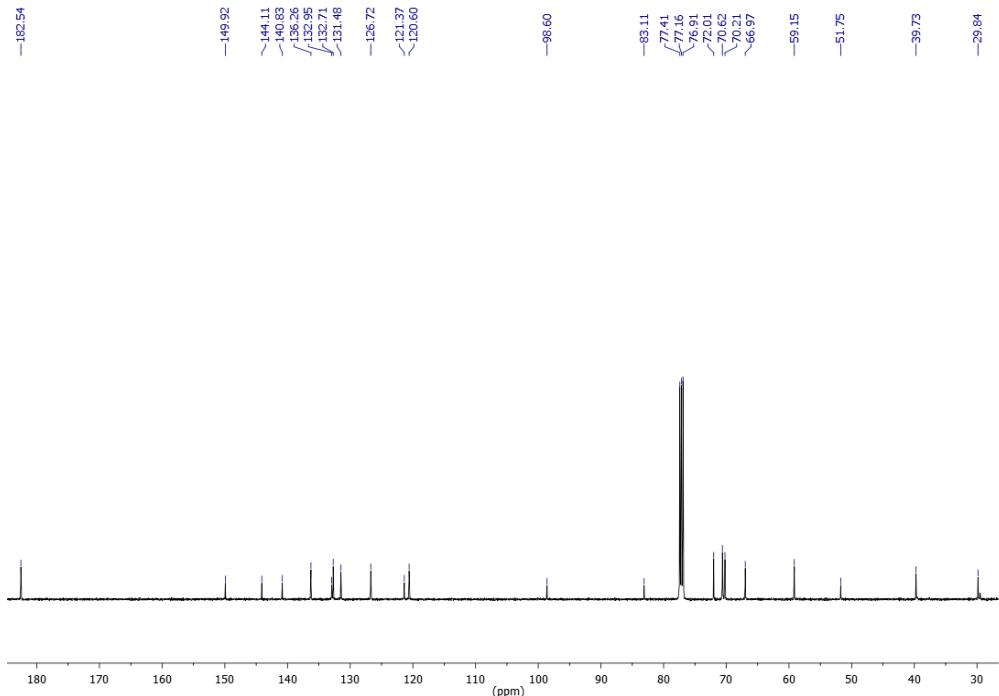


Figure S11: $^{13}\text{C}\{^1\text{H}\}$ NMR spectrum (126 MHz) of FT^n in CDCl_3 at 298K.

Single Mass Analysis

Tolerance = 3.0 PPM / DBE: min = -1.5, max = 100.0

Element prediction: Off

Number of isotope peaks used for i-FIT = 3

Monoisotopic Mass, Odd and Even Electron Ions

452 formula(e) evaluated with 2 results within limits (up to 50 best isotopic matches for each mass)

Elements Used:

C: 0-100 H: 0-100 O: 0-20 S: 0-2

SYNAPT G2-S#UEB205 Y-CMOS18010903 748 (2.957) Cm (696:759)

CLKO A 99

09-Jan-2018
1: TOF MS ASAP+
8.46e+003

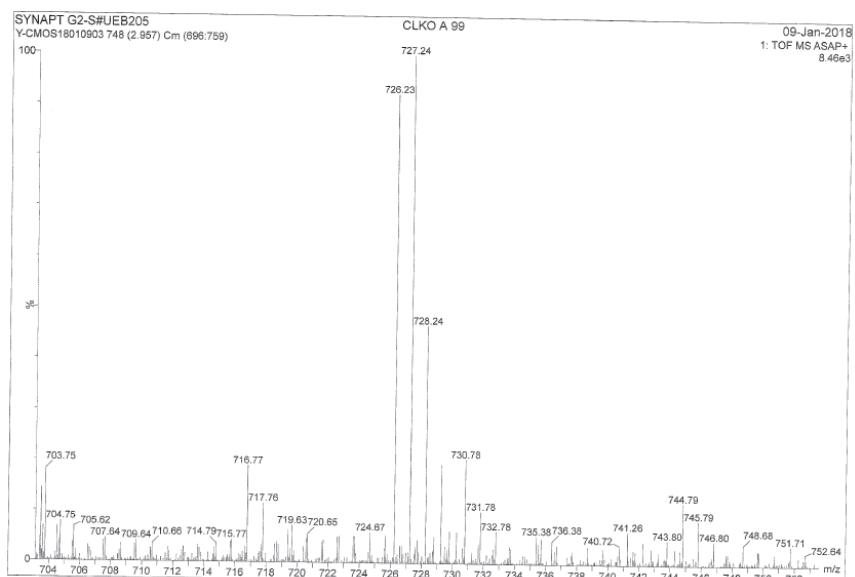
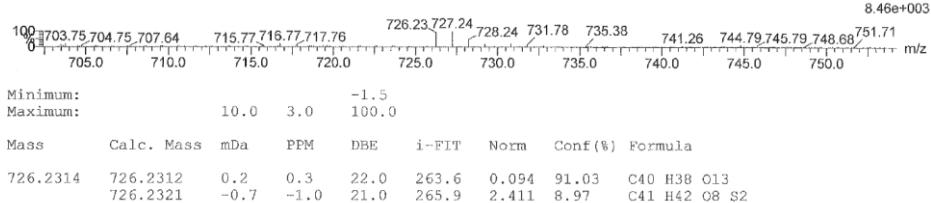


Figure S12: High resolution ASAP⁺ mass spectrum of FT^n in the positive mode.

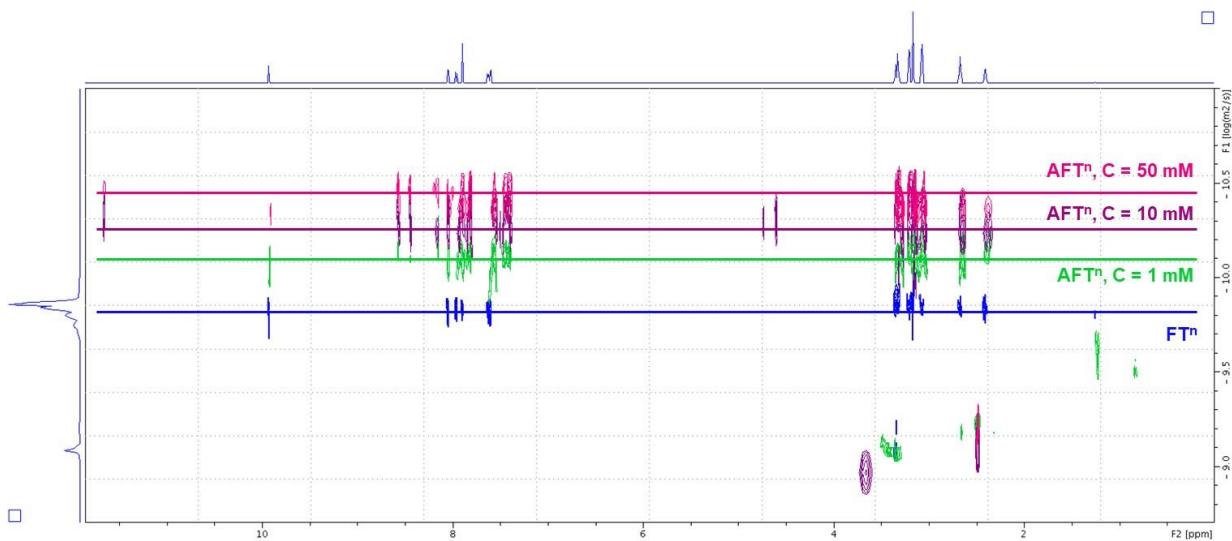


Figure S13: Superimposition of DOSY-NMR spectra (600 MHz) of **AFTⁿ** at 1 mM (green), 10 mM (purple) and 50 mM (pink) compared to **AFTⁿ** (blue) in DMSO-*d*₆ at 298K.

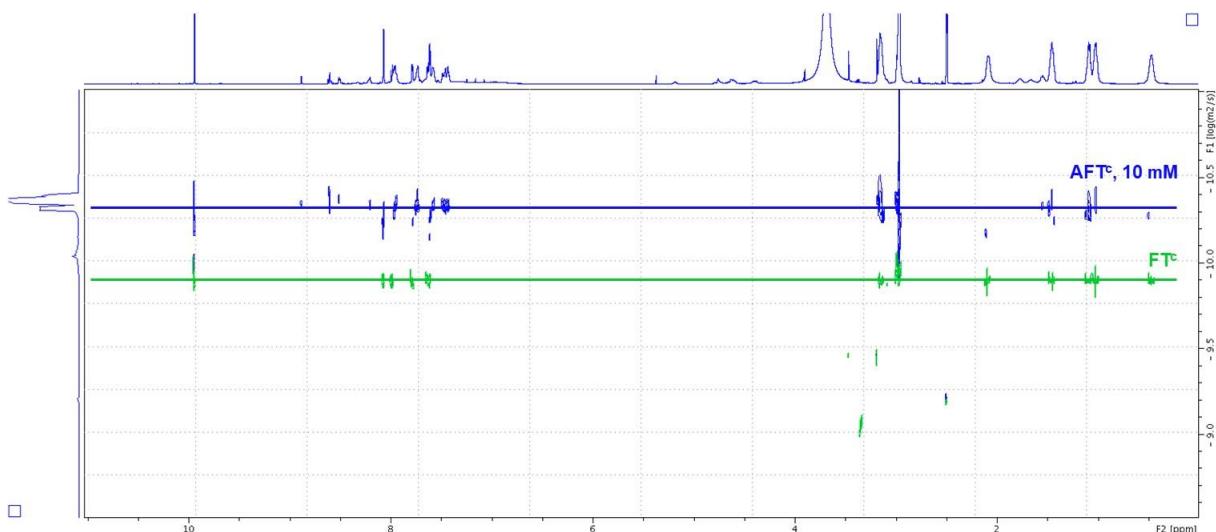


Figure S14: Superimposition of DOSY-NMR spectra (600 MHz) of **AFT^c** at 10 mM (blue) compared to **FT^c** (green) in DMSO-*d*₆ at 298K.

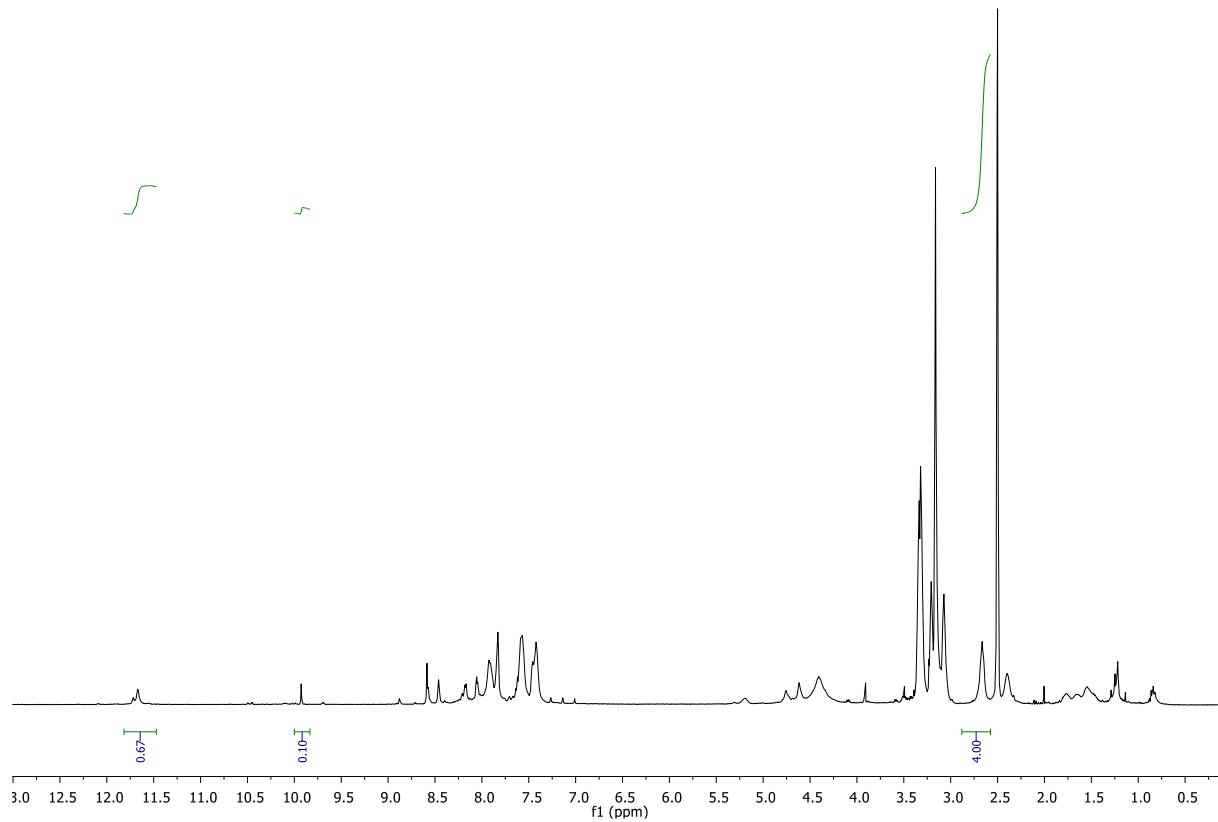


Figure S15: ^1H NMR spectrum (600 MHz) of AFT^n at 100 mM in $\text{DMSO}-d_6$ at 298K.

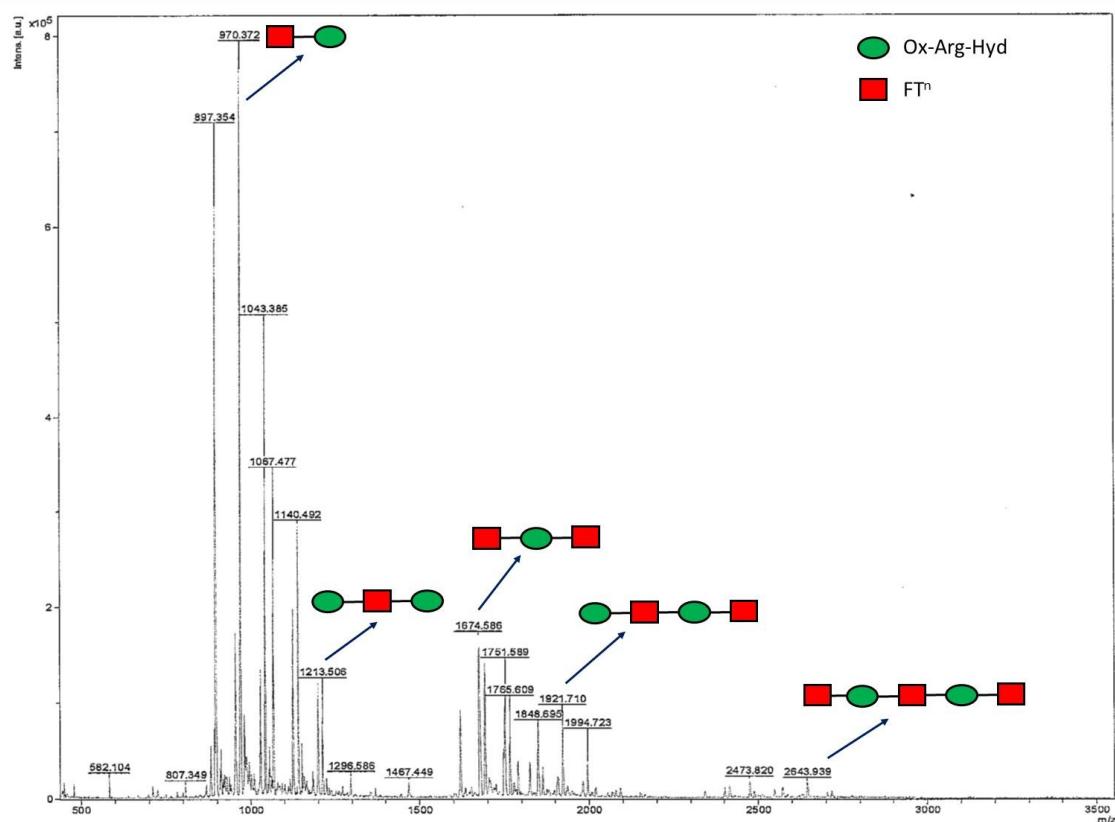


Figure S16: MALDI-TOF (HCCA matrix) mass spectrometry analysis of AFT^n , prepared by the self-assembly of FT^n and **Ox-Arg-Hyd** carried out at 100 mM in DMSO.

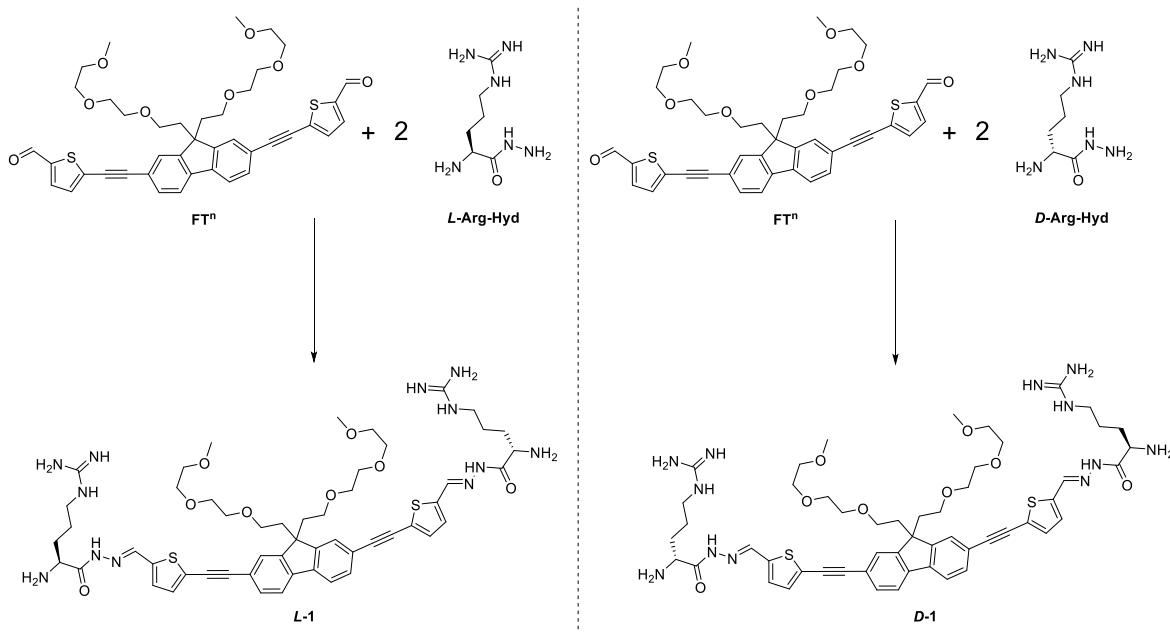


Figure S17: Synthesis of *FTⁿ*-based model compounds from *L*-Arg-Hyd and *D*-Arg-Hyd.

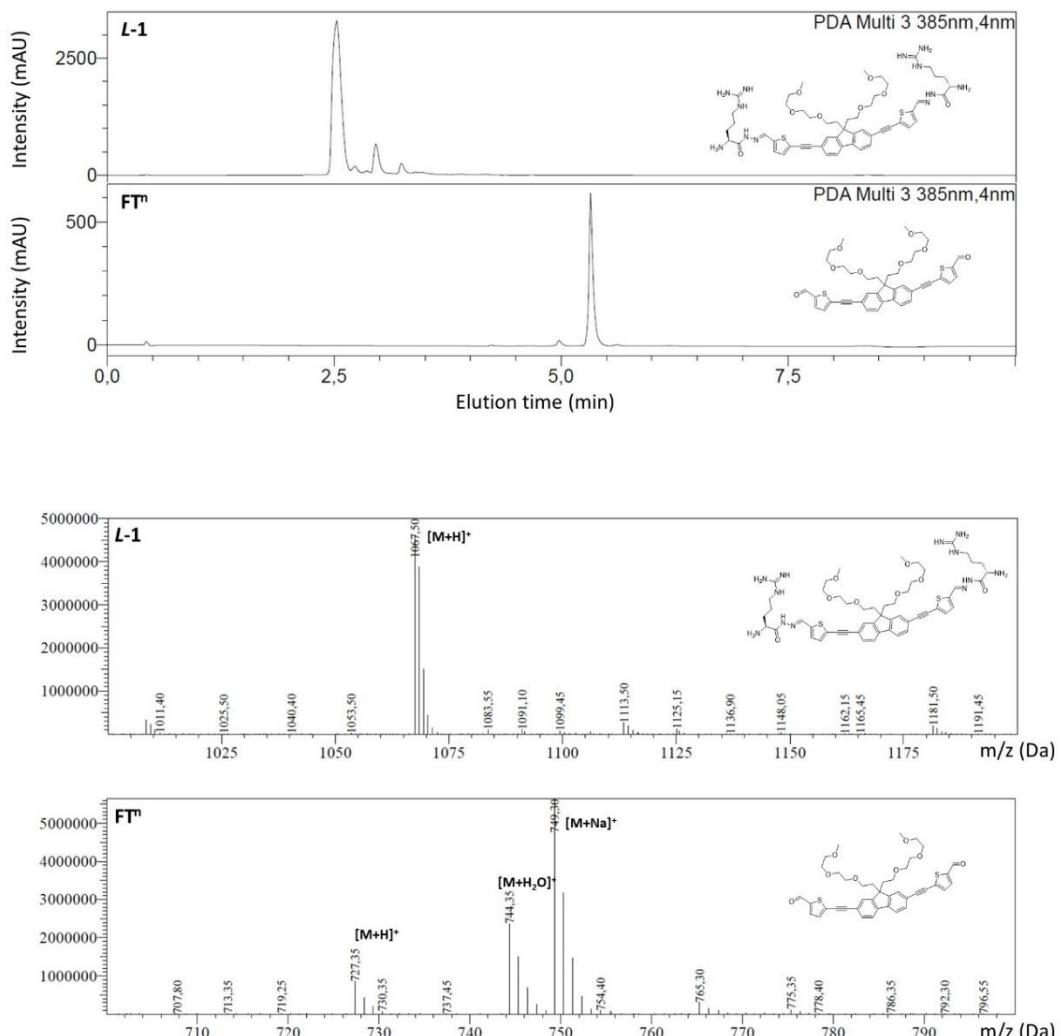


Figure S18: LCMS chromatogram of *L*-1.

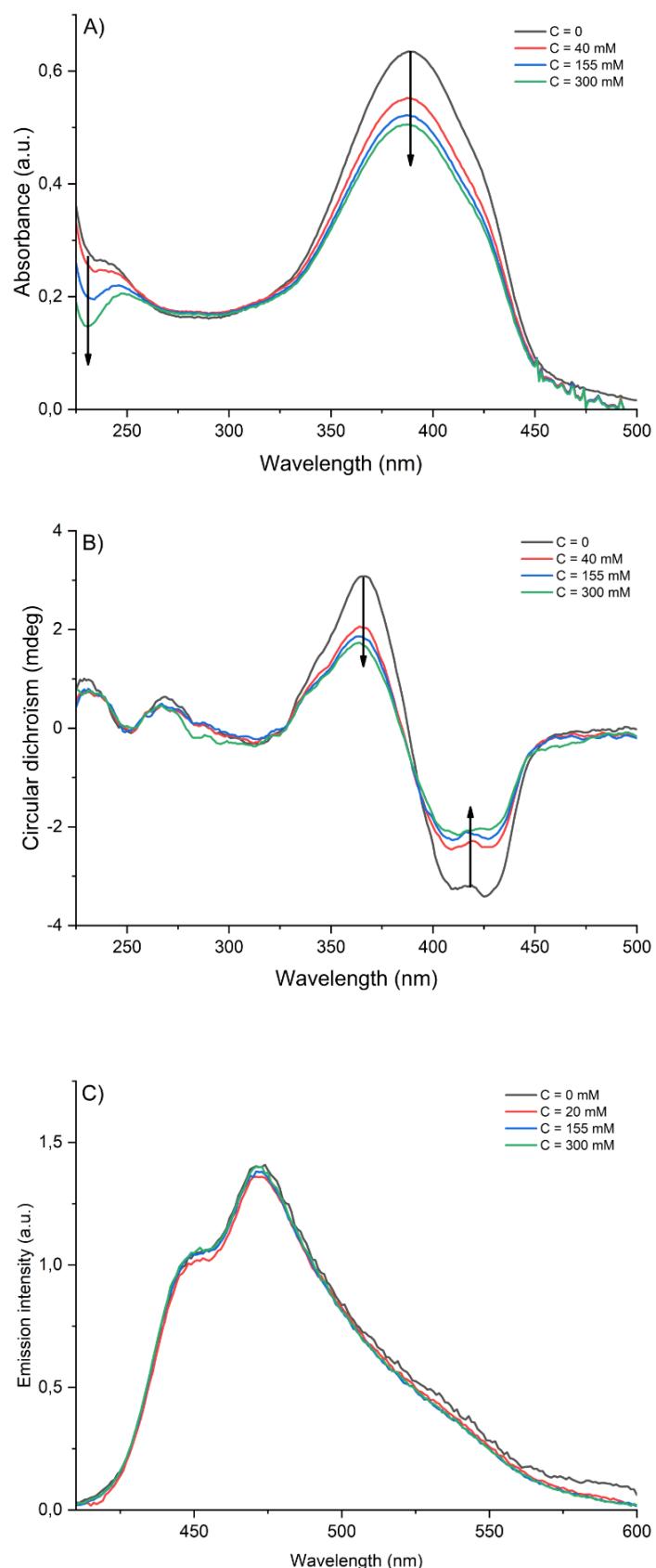


Figure S19: A) UV-Visible absorption, B) CD and C) emission spectra ($\lambda_{\text{exc}} = 385 \text{ nm}$) of **AFTc** at 10 μM in TE buffer after successive additions of guanidinium chloride.

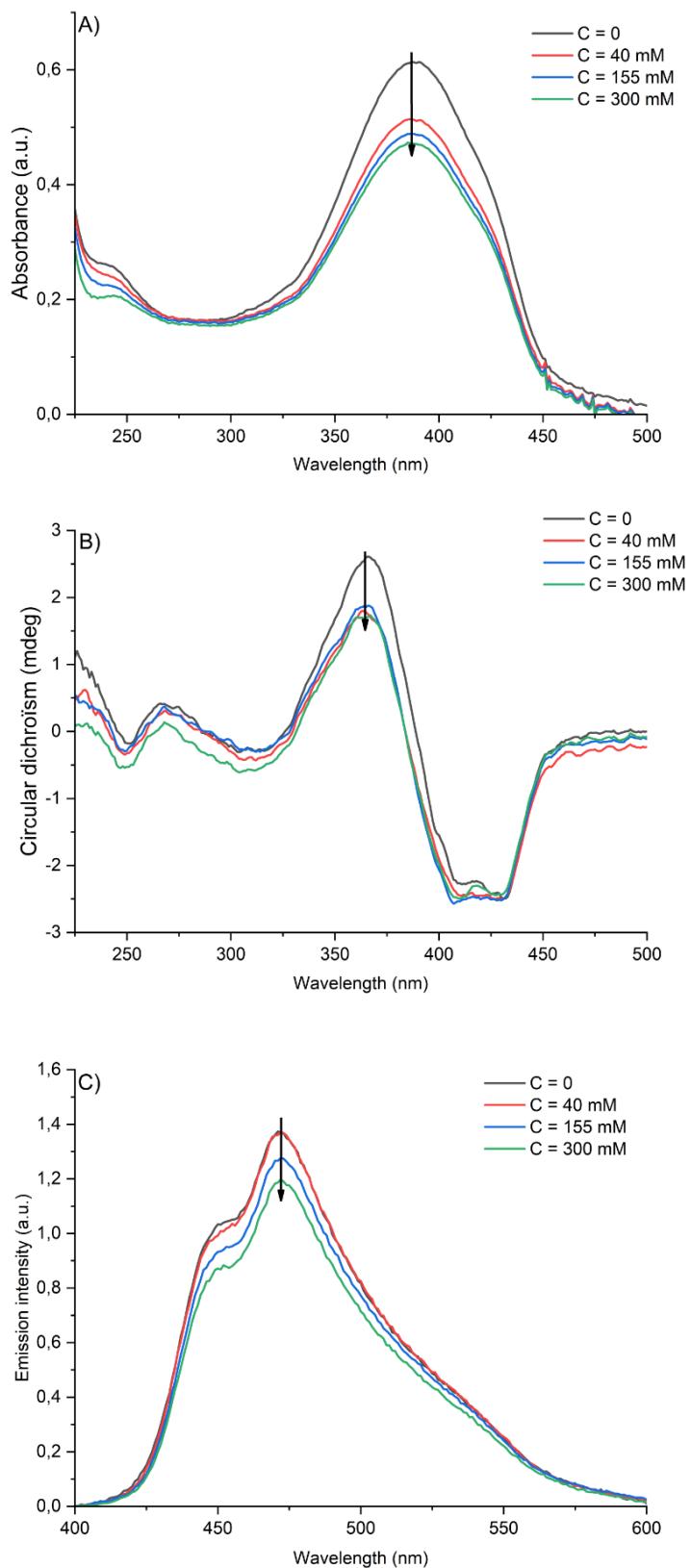


Figure S20: A) UV-Visible absorption, B) CD and C) emission spectra ($\lambda_{\text{exc}} = 385 \text{ nm}$) of **AFT^c** at 10 μM in TE buffer after successive additions of ammonium sulfate.

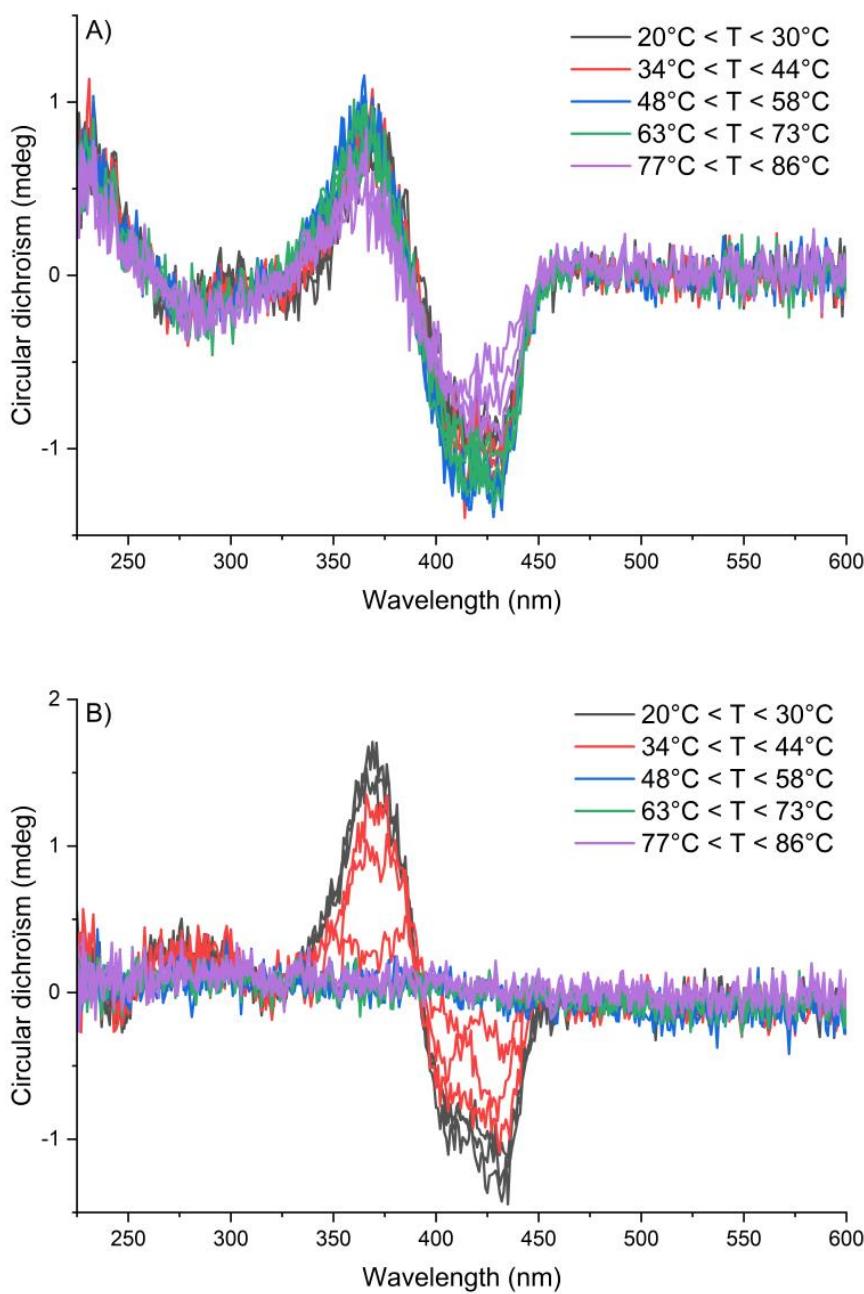


Figure S21: CD spectra of A) **AFT^c** and B) **AFTⁿ** solutions at 10 μ M in TE buffer recorded from 20°C to 86°C.

Name	Length	Sequence (5'-3')
dsR20	20	5'-CGT CAC GTA AAT CGG TTA AC-3'
dsR43	43	5'-CGT CAC GTA AAT CGG TTA ACA AAT GGC TTT CGA AGC TAG CTT C-3'

Table S1: Name, length and sequence of the dsDNAs employed in this study.

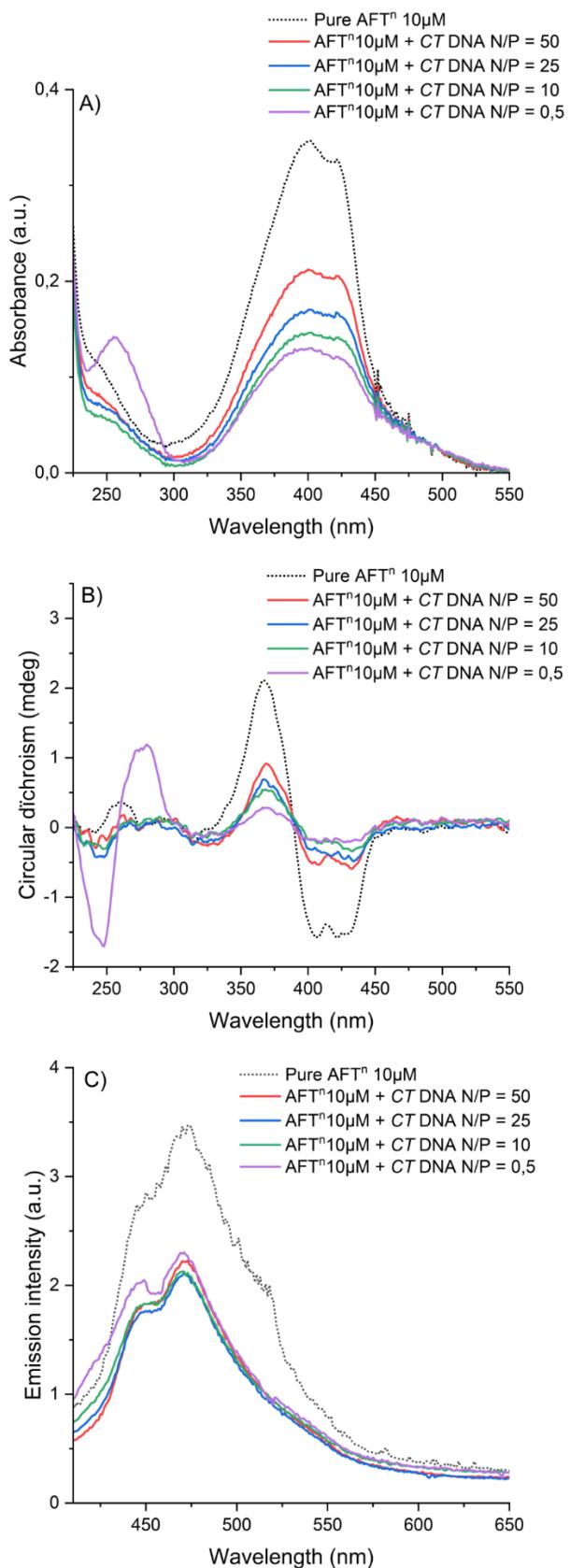


Figure S22: UV-Vis absorption (A), CD (B) and emission (C) spectra of 10 μM **AFTⁿ** solutions in TE buffer (pH 7.4) upon addition of calf thymus (CT) DNA.

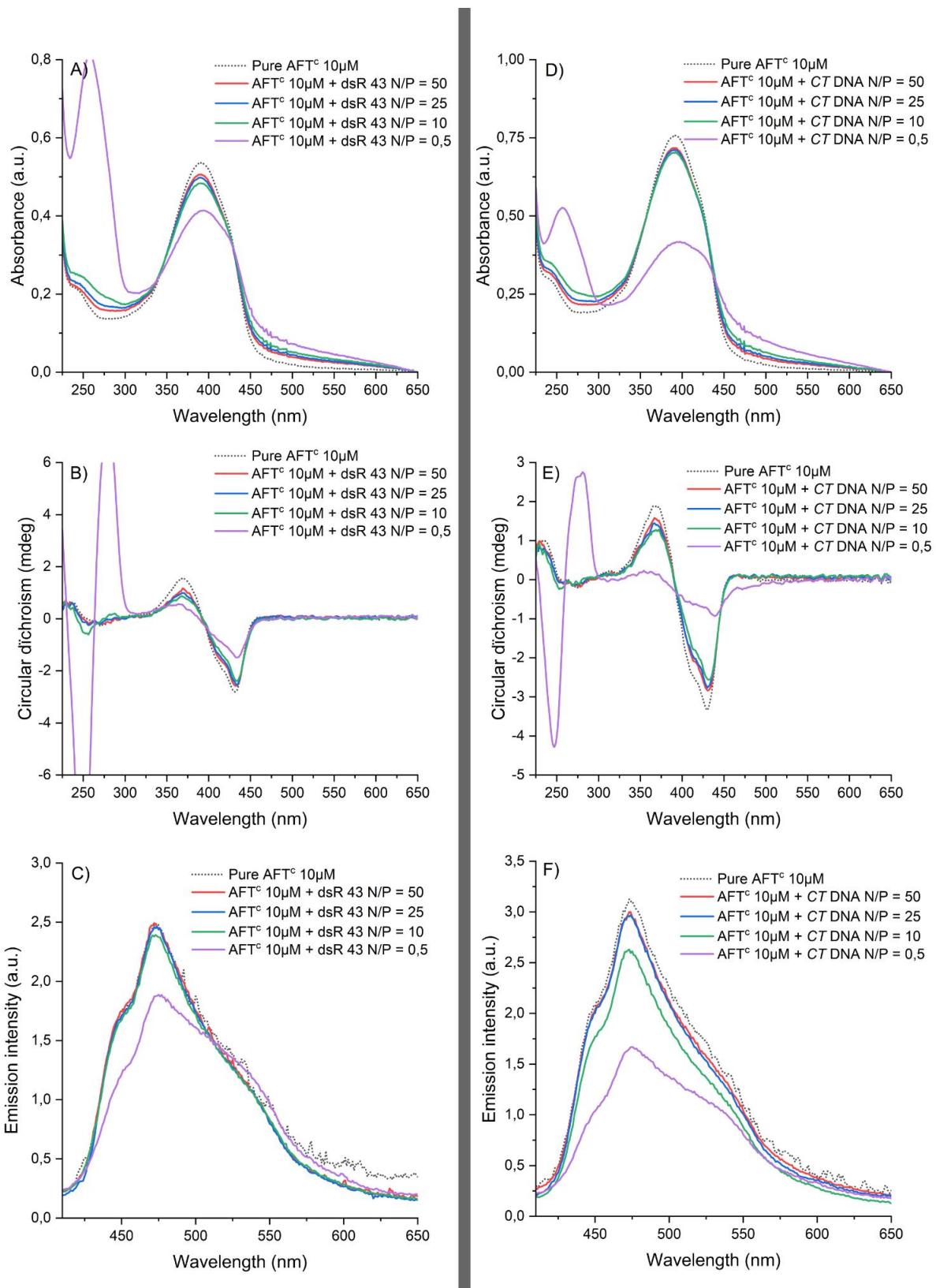


Figure S23: UV-Vis absorption (A), CD (B) and emission (C) spectra of 10 μM **AFT^c** solutions in TE buffer (pH 7.4) upon addition of dsR43 DNA ; UV-Vis absorption (D), CD (E) and emission (F) spectra of 10 μM **AFT^c** solutions in TE buffer (pH 7.4) upon addition of calf thymus (*CT*) DNA.

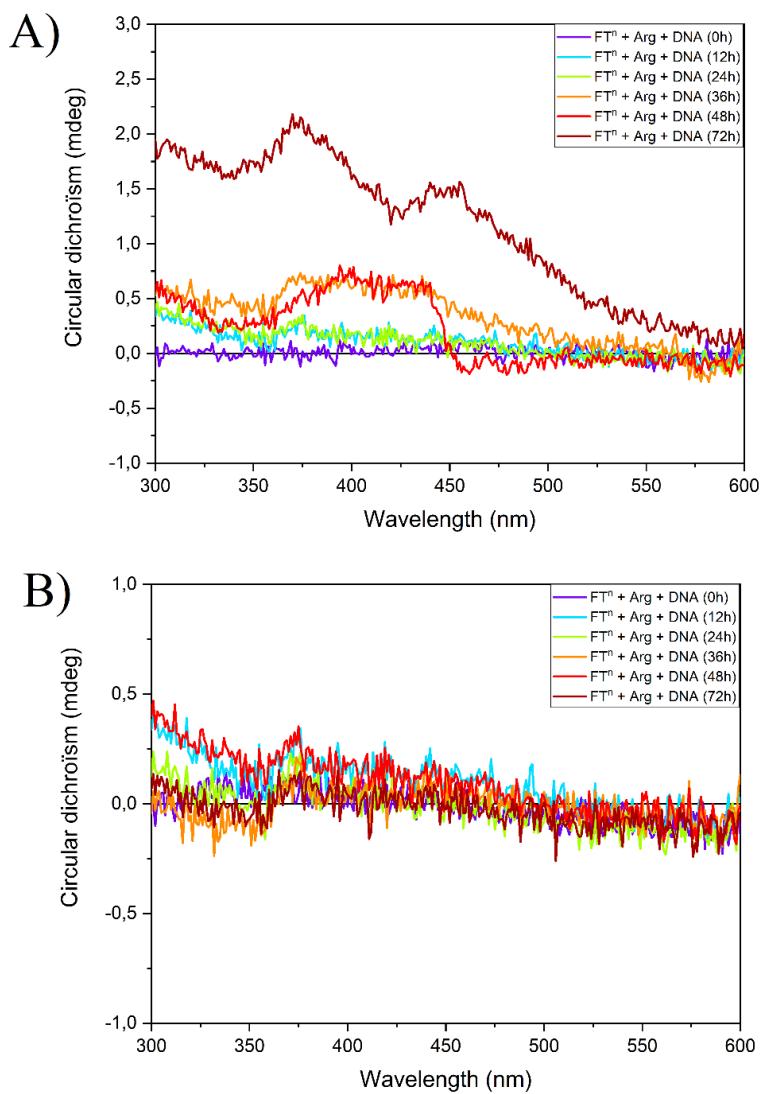
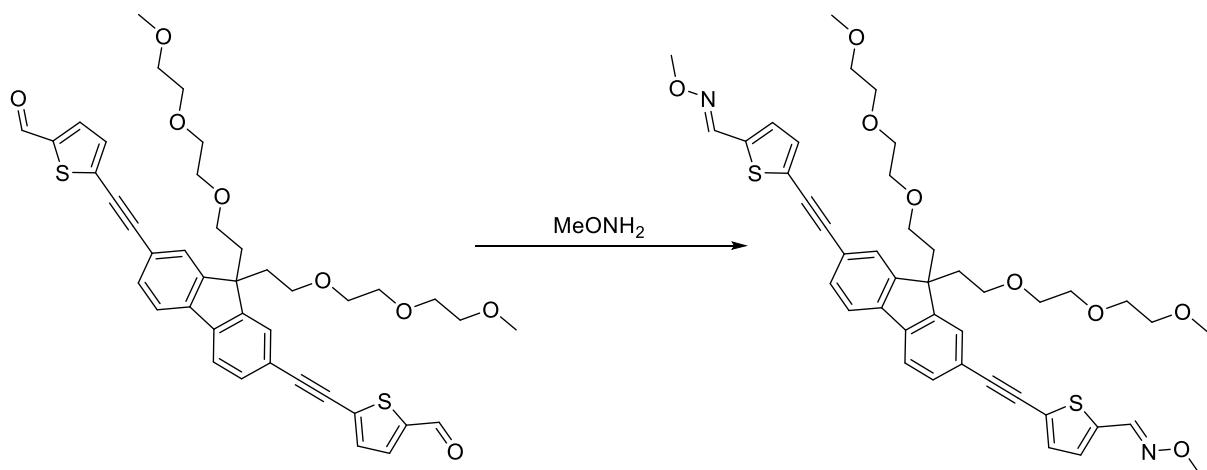


Figure S24: CD spectra of a mixture of **FTⁿ** and **OxArgHyd** in TE buffer at 10 μ M associated with calf thymus DNA at N/P = 5 recorded between 0 and 72h A/ in absence and B/ presence of 100 equivalents of methoxyamine.



Scheme S1: Formation of the oxime **Ox-FTⁿ-Ox**.